





North Eastern Region District SDG Index

Report 2023-24



















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Source of Maps: Survey of India. Boundaries shown in the map are as per the Political Map of India, Twelfth Edition (Newly created districts maps provided by respective states and not to scale).

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NORTH EASTERN REGION DISTRICT SDG INDEX

REPORT 2023-24









The collective resolve to address development challenges across social, economic, and environmental dimensions—while ensuring that no one is left behind—is more urgent today than ever before. India has demonstrated remarkable resilience and unwavering commitment in its pursuit of the Sustainable Development Goals. In this endeavour, our States and Union Territories have played an instrumental role, championing SDG initiatives and advancing a robust localisation model that reaffirms our belief in both cooperative and competitive federalism.

The States of the North-Eastern Region are central to SDG localisation, given their unique geography, rich cultural heritage, and intra-regional developmental disparities. Their commendable efforts have led to the formulation of SDG-aligned vision documents, the establishment of dedicated institutional frameworks, and the development of state-specific monitoring systems—ensuring alignment with our broader localisation efforts.

To accelerate SDG progress and promote holistic regional development, NITI Aayog, in partnership with the Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region and UNDP India, launched the first-ever District-level SDG Index for the region in 2021. This initiative, shaped through extensive consultation with all eight North-Eastern States, yielded invaluable insights into the challenges hindering progress, while also illuminating opportunities to advance sustainable development across the region. The positive reception of the 2021–2022 edition has rightfully paved the way for this second iteration.

The North Eastern Region District SDG Index marks a significant step forward in localising the global goals by translating them into region-specific targets and tracking progress at the district level. Through data-driven governance, targeted interventions, and the facilitation of peer learning among districts, this Index empowers States to respond more effectively to local development priorities. These collaborative efforts stand as a testament to India's unwavering commitment to deepening SDG localisation and accelerating progress throughout the region.

This initiative epitomises the spirit of cooperative federalism, bringing together the eight North-Eastern States, NITI Aayog, and MDoNER in a unified pursuit of sustainable and inclusive development. It also reflects the Honourable Prime Minister's vision of Sabka Saath, Sabka Vikas, Sabka Vishwas, Sabka Prayas.

We gratefully acknowledge the valuable contribution of the UNDP team in India, whose technical expertise, dedication, and consistent support have been integral to the design and implementation of this initiative. Their partnership has greatly enriched the process and is deeply appreciated.

Suman Bery

July, 2025 New Delhi, India



Shri B.V.R. Subrahmanyam Chief Executive Officer National Institution for Transforming India (NITI Aayog) Government of India



Sustainable Development Goals are at the top of India's development agenda and their importance has been repeatedly emphasised by Hon'ble Prime Minister, Shri Narendra Modi. With this vision, India has accentuated its efforts to realise the SDGs, bouncing back from the adverse effect the COVID-19 pandemic.

The SDG framework requires effective mechanisms and decentralisation to solve environmental, social and economic challenges. Sub-national entities have utilised the SDG India Index Report & Dashboard to strengthen their statistical systems and policy formulation. In the true spirit of cooperative federalism, the Centre and States are working in unison to realise the Agenda 2030. The first edition of the North East Region District SDG Index and Dashboard has steered districts of the North East Region towards better monitoring of achievement of SDGs and this edition would encourage them further.

The North Eastern Region is the country's most socially and ethnically diverse region, with each State having distinct traditions and cultures. This diversity is its strength and provides many opportunities for sustainable development. I am delighted that the Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region has taken the initiative to bring out the NER District SDG Index and Dashboard in collaboration with NITI Aayog. This monitoring tool enables States, Ministries and various stakeholders to measure progress and examine the impact at a granular level.

NITI Aayog has conducted state-level capacity-building workshops to better understand and realise SDGs. I applaud the remarkable progress reported by States and districts on SDG implementation with the development of the State Indicator Framework, District Indicator Framework, SDG Coordination Cells and review systems at the local level. These steps to localise SDGs are paramount for achieving the targets.

I compliment the Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region and UNDP India for their unrelenting support in bringing out this second edition of the NER District SDG Index and Dashboard. I congratulate the NITI Aayog team for their efforts in preparing this report. I thank all the State governments of the region for their cooperation and active contribution to the development of this Index.

B.V.R. Subrahmanyam

July, 2025 New Delhi, India



Shri Chanchal Kumar Secretary Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region Government of India New Delhi, India



The North Eastern Region, with its vibrant mosaic of communities, culture, and ecology, stands at a pivotal moment in its developmental journey. Despite longstanding challenges such as inadequate connectivity, difficult terrain, and developmental disparities, the region continues to move forward with resilience and purpose. It is in this context that the NER District SDG Index & Dashboard 2023–24 becomes a vital instrument of change.

This second edition of the Index, jointly developed by NITI Aayog, Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region and with technical support from UNDP India, reflects our sustained commitment to localizing the Sustainable Development Goals at the most granular level. It builds upon the momentum of the first edition and incorporates feedback, better data systems, and enhanced district-level coverage, with 121 of the 131 districts of the region now included. The Index now draws on 84 indicators sourced from both central and state data systems—a testimony to improved reporting and institutional collaboration.

The findings of this edition are encouraging. A remarkable 85% of districts now fall within the Front Runner category—a significant leap from 62% in the previous round. This progress is a direct result of targeted interventions, saturation-based approaches under flagship national schemes, and robust local efforts in SDG planning and implementation across the eight NER states. Many districts have shown notable improvement in critical sectors such as education, health, gender equity, and access to water and energy. The performance on Goal 5 (Gender Equality) and Goal 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation) is particularly commendable.

Yet, the journey is far from complete. Certain goals such as Goal 10 (Reduced Inequalities) and Goal 12 (Responsible Consumption and Production) still show marked disparities across districts. These require sustained focus and tailored strategies. The Index, by identifying such gaps, offers actionable insights to guide interventions and resource deployment more efficiently.

Importantly, the Index continues to foster a spirit of cooperative and competitive federalism among the States and districts of the NER. Its expanded coverage and methodological rigor make it not only a tool for benchmarking but also a roadmap for inclusive and sustainable regional development.

I express my sincere appreciation to NITI Aayog and UNDP India for their unwavering support in bringing out this updated edition. I also commend the efforts of the eight North Eastern States for their valuable cooperation in data collection, consultations, and feedback.

Chanchal Kumar

July, 2025 New Delhi, India







The 17 Sustainable Development Goals lay out a bold agenda—to end poverty in all its dimensions, drive inclusive economic growth, and protect the planet. These goals offer a comprehensive framework to address some of the most persistent and emerging challenges of our time, from climate change and inequality to public health and gender disparities.

For India, the SDGs are not just a global responsibility but a national priority. India's leadership in localizing the SDGs is a powerful example of translating global aspirations into local action. Through this approach, states and union territories are tailoring the SDG framework to their development needs—prioritizing goals, adopting relevant indicators, and implementing innovative solutions.

A key enabler of this effort is the SDG India Index and Dashboard, developed by NITI Aayog. It tracks and compares progress across all states and UTs, fostering evidence-based policymaking, transparency, and healthy competition.

India's commitment to hyper-local monitoring is equally commendable. The launch of the North East Region District SDG Index in 2021–22 brought district-level tracking to the eight northeastern states. By measuring each district's performance against specific targets, the Index equips policymakers with the insights needed to focus efforts where they are needed most.

This collaborative model between central and state governments has delivered meaningful progress in the region—in areas such as renewable energy, poverty reduction, and digital inclusion.

The latest NER District SDG Index 2023–24 builds on this foundation. It highlights achievements, uncovers emerging challenges, and provides a roadmap for action. It highlights progress, identifies new challenges, and offers data-driven insights to accelerate action. By spotlighting both high-performing districts and those needing more attention, it enables focused interventions, efficient resource allocation, and inter-district learning. It also reinforces how local efforts in the Northeast contribute to the national vision of Viksit Bharat.

We commend the Government of India for its exemplary leadership in advancing the SDG agenda. In particular, we thank the senior leadership of NITI Aayog and the Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region for their vision and partnership. We extend our appreciation to Shri Jyotiraditya M. Scindia, Union Minister for MDoNER; Shri Suman Bery, Vice Chairperson of NITI Aayog; Shri B.V.R. Subrahmanyam, CEO of NITI Aayog; and Shri Chanchal Kumar, Secretary of MDoNER.

I sincerely thank Shri Rajib Sen, Adviser to NITI Aayog, for steering this publication, and to the state governments of Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim, and Tripura for their strong commitment to sustainable development in the region.

At UNDP, we remain a steadfast partner to the Government of India, committed to supporting this journey through technical expertise, innovative investment, integrated solutions and institutional capabilities. Together, we can ensure that no district—and no one—is left behind in India's SDG journey.



July, 2025 New Delhi, India



Shri Rajib Kumar Sen

Programme Director (SDGs)
National Institution for Transforming India (NITI Aayog)
Government of India



NITI Aayog has been consistently engaging with States and UTs for the adoption, implementation, and monitoring of the Sustainable Development Goals at the national and sub-national levels. The 'Indian Model of SDG Localisation', anchored in the core SDG principle of 'leaving no one behind', reflects India's relentless efforts towards the '2030 Agenda'.

NITI Aayog's SDG India Index has become the primary tool for SDG monitoring at the national and sub-national levels. The North Eastern Region District SDG Index expands the model to the district level to address the growing needs for reliable and comparable data and supports evidence-based policymaking and targeted interventions. For a region with such cultural and socio-economically diversity, as well as disparities, the NER District SDG Index serves as a tool to fast-track the progress of SDGs at the districts in the region.

The second edition of the NER District SDG Index, developed collaboratively with the Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region, State Governments of the north eastern region and UNDP India, covers 15 SDGs and ranks 121 of 131 districts of the region. A notable achievement is the inclusion of 16 districts that were excluded last time due to data unavailability.

The Index is the first of its kind to measure regional progress through customised methodology and metrics, highlighting significant progress in district-level data reporting. It enables state-wise, district-wise, and SDG-wise comparisons and serves as a platform for peer learning, mid-course correction, and better resource allocation.

We extend our deepest gratitude to MDoNER and the State Governments of Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim, and Tripura for their continuous support, from consultations to data provision. The state-level workshops were instrumental in refining this edition.

Our sincere thanks to Shri Suman Bery, Hon'ble Vice Chairman, NITI Aayog, for his inspiring leadership, and to Shri B.V.R. Subrahmanyam, CEO, NITI Aayog, for his constant encouragement and support for localising efforts in the SDGs.

We are also thankful to Shri Chanchal Kumar, Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region, for entrusting us with this critical initiative, and to Dr. Angela Lusigi, Resident Representative, UNDP India, for her team's strong partnership.

Special acknowledgements are due to the entire SDG team at NITI Aayog for their commitment and dedication towards the development of the Report.

We sincerely hope that the NER District SDG Index will be a catalyst for inclusive and coordinated ground-level implementation of the SDGs in the region.

Rajib Kumar Sen

July, 2025 New Delhi, India

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

• • • • • • • • • • • • • •

AIDS Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome

ANC Antenatal Care

ANM Auxiliary Nurse Midwifery
ATMs Automated Teller Machines

AYUSH Ayurveda, Yoga and Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homoeopathy

BCG Bacillus Calmette-Guerin
BCs Business Correspondents

BPL Below Poverty Line

CMSGUY Chief Minister's Samagra Gramya Unnayan Yojana

COVID-19 Coronavirus Disease
CSCs Common Service Centres

CSDGs Centre for Sustainable Development Goals

CSOs Civil Society Organisations

CSSEIP Centre for Study of Social Exclusion and Inclusive Policy

DPC District Planning Committee

DPT Diphtheria, Pertussis and Tetanus

FPS Fair Price Shops
FRUs First Referral Units
FSI Forest Survey of India

FY Financial Year

GIZ Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit

GPI Gender Parity Indices
GPs Gram Panchayats
Hb Haemoglobin

HIV Human Immunodeficiency Virus

ICDS Integrated Child Development Services

IHHL Individual Household Latrines

IMR Infant Mortality Rate

JJM Jal Jeevan Mission

MDoNER Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region

MGNREGA Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act

MIS Management Information System

MoEFCC Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change

MoHFW Ministry of Health and Family Welfare

MoSPI Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation

MPI Multidimensional Poverty Index
MSMEs Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

MSW Municipal Solid Waste

NAS National Achievement Survey

NBCC Newborn Care Corner

NBSU Newborn Stabilization Unit

NCRB National Crime Records Bureau

NER North Eastern Region

NFHS National Family Health Survey

NFSA National Food Security Act

NGOs Non-governmental Organisations
NIF National Indicator Framework

NITI National Institution for Transforming India

ODF Open Defecation Free
OPV Oral Polio Vaccine

PDS Public Distribution System
PMAY Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana

PM-DevINE Prime Minister's Development Initiative for North East Region

PMGSY Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana
PMJAY Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana
PMJDY Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana
PMMVY Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana

PRIs Panchayati Raj Institutions

PTR Pupil-Teacher Ratio
PwD Persons with Disabilities
PWS Piped Water Supply
SBA Skilled Birth Attendant
SBM Swachh Bharat Mission

SBM(G) Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin)

SDGCAC Sustainable Development Goals Coordination and Acceleration Centre

SDGCC Sustainable Development Goals Coordination Centre

SDGs Sustainable Development Goals

SHGs Self-Help Groups

SIF State Indicator Framework SNCU Special Newborn Care Unit

SRB Sex Ratio at Birth

SSSG SDG Strategy Support Group

TB Tuberculosis

THR Take Home Ration

TRIPS Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights
U-DISE+ Unified-District Information System for Education - Plus

ULBs Urban Local Bodies
UN United Nations

UNDP United Nations Development Programme

UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

UNFPA United Nations Population Fund

USD United States Dollar
UTs Union Territories
VCs Village Councils

VEC Village Education Committee
WHO World Health Organization

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1. Overview

The North Eastern Region (NER) District SDG Index, a collaborative effort by Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region (MDoNER) and NITI Aayog - with technical support from UNDP, is the first of its kind progress tracking tool for the NER, which is of critical significance to the country's development trajectory. The Index measures the performance of the NER districts on the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). It is based on the methodology adopted by the NITI Aayog's SDG India Index, the principal and official tool for monitoring progress on the SDGs at the national and State/Union Territory levels. The NER District SDG Index is aimed at enhancing analytical understanding of sectoral issues as well as data gaps while assisting in designing future courses of action in the region. The first edition of the NER District SDG Index Report 2021-22 was released on 26 August 2021.

2. Introduction to the second edition

Enhanced coverage of districts: While the first edition of the index covered 103 of 120

(86 percent) districts of the North Eastern Region, this edition covers 121 out of 131 (92 percent) districts.

Data: The second edition of the index has 84 indicators. Out of 84 indicators, data for 41 indicators is from various ministries/departments of Union Government and data for 43 indicators is from State sources. A significant improvement in the district-level reporting to the Union Government has been noted in the index.

3. Key findings and results obtained from the second edition

Improvement in the overall performance of districts: In this edition of the index, 85 percent of the districts of the NER are in the Front Runner category (overall score 65–99) compared to the previous edition, where 62 percent of the districts were in this category.

District-wise performance: The scores for the 121 districts ranges from 58.71 in Longding [AR] to 81.43 in Hnahthial [MZ].

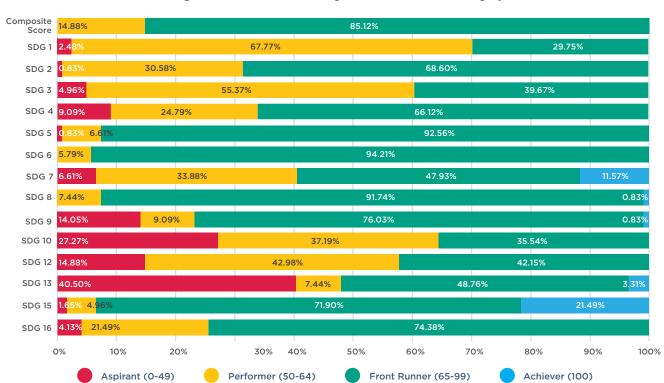


Figure A. Goal-Wise Percentage of Districts in Each Category

FIGURE B. PROGRESS BETWEEN NER DISTRICT SDG INDEX 2023-24 AND 2021-22

SDG 1 No Poverty

There has been an impressive improvement, with 36 districts (30 percent) in the Front Runner category (score of 65-99.99), up from 21 districts (20 percent). The Aspirant category (score of 0-49) has dropped from 20 districts (19.5 percent) to just 3 districts (2.5 percent).





SDG 2 Zero Hunger

There is significant progress, with Front Runner districts increasing from 49 (47.5 percent) to 83 (69 percent). Number of Aspirant districts have dropped from 21 (20 percent) to just 1.

SDG 3 Good Health and Well-being

There is a strong improvement in Front Runner districts increasing from 14 (14 percent) to 48 (40 percent). The Aspirant category has reduced from 18 (17.5 percent) to just 6 (5 percent) only.





SDG 4 Quality Education

There has been a significant growth in the Front Runner districts rising from 36 (35 percent) to 80 (66 percent). Only 11 districts (9 percent) remain in the Aspirant category.

SDG 5 Gender Equality

The region now has 112 districts (93 percent) in the Front Runner category, up from 71 districts (69 percent) in the last edition. The Aspirant category has nearly disappeared, dropping from 5 districts (5 percent) to just 1 district (<1 percent).





SDG 6 Clean Water and Sanitation

Over 114 districts (94 percent) are now in Front Runner category up from 81 districts (79 percent), reflecting the impact of Jal Jeevan Mission -Har Ghar Nal and Swachh Bharat Mission on access to piped water and improved sanitation facilities.

SDG 7 Affordable and Clean Energy

The number of Achiever districts (score of 100) has doubled from 7 to 14.
This goal tracks village electrification and the use of clean cooking fuel.





SDG 8 Decent Work and Economic Growth

There has been a substantial improvement, with Front Runner districts increasing from 69 (67 percent) to 111 (92 percent).

SDG 9 Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure

There has been significant progress in Front Runner districts, increasing from 55 (53 percent) to 92 (76 percent).





SDG 10 Reduced Inequalities

The number of Front Runner districts has gone down from 59 (57 percent) to 43 (35.5 percent). 33 districts (27 percent) remain in the Aspirant category (score of 0-49), up from 12 (12 percent), requiring focused attention on relevant indicators.

SDG 12 Responsible Consumption and Production

There is a decline in Front Runner districts from 67 (65 percent) to 51 (43 percent). 18 districts (15 percent) remain in the Aspirant category (score of 0-49).





SDG 13 Climate Action

4 districts (3.3 percent) have reached Achiever status (score of 100), and the number of Front Runner districts have gone up from 36 (35 percent) to 59 (49 percent), However, 49 districts (41 percent) still remain in the Aspirant category, indicating a need for targeted action across the North Eastern region.

SDG 15 Life on Land

There has been a significant improvement, with 26 districts (21.5 percent) achieving Achiever status, up from 12 districts (12 percent). Similarly, 87 districts (72 percent) are in the Front Runner category.





SDG 16 Peace. Justice and Strong Institutions

There is a positive trend with Front Runner districts increasing from 64 (62 percent) to 90 (74 percent). However, number of Aspirant districts have also increased from 1 (<1 percent) to 5 (4 percent).

Overall, there has been an increase in the proportion of districts in the Front Runner category from 62 percent in the last edition to 85 percent in this edition. This signifies

the impact of the national flagship schemes coupled with

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the localisation efforts of the states and saturation of benefits through initiatives like the Aspirational Districts Programme. The state wise performance based on the composite scores of SDGs is provided below:

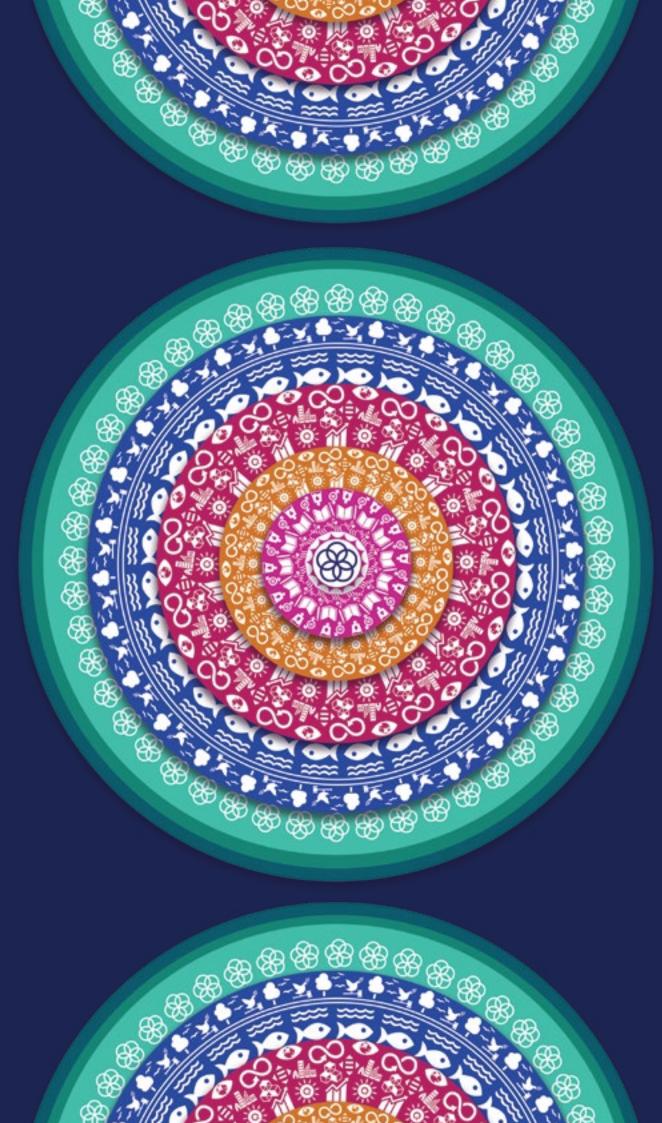


FIGURE C. STATE-WISE OVERALL PERFORMANCE COMPARED TO THE PREVIOUS EDITION

Significant improvements have been observed in the indicators linked to the National Family Health Survey (NFHS) in sectors such as access to clean cooking fuel, housing, electricity, sanitation, drinking water, bank accounts, child and maternal health services, schooling and attendance, birth registration, unmet need for family planning, health insurance, among others. This momentum will be key to closing the gap with the national

average in the short and medium term and for states to feature among the top states in the long term. In this context, indicator level analysis is crucial for identifying gaps and accelerating progress in the short term and beyond. It would also help in addressing intra-regional and inter-district disparities to ensure that performance is in line with or above the national average.





CONTEXT & OVERVIEW



CHAPTER

SDGs AND THE NORTHEASTERN REGION (NER)

1.1. Importance of SDGs in the NER

The SDG framework represents a comprehensive global consensus on sustainable development priorities, encompassing economic, environmental and social dimensions. It serves as a ready reckoner for countries to formulate policies for sustainable development with people and their quality and ease of living at the centre as priorities. For India's North Eastern Region, the SDGs hold particular significance given the region's distinctive ecological, cultural, and demographic characteristics. The eight states comprising the NER —Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim, and Tripura-feature unique geographical landscapes and are home to diverse tribal communities with rich cultural heritage. The central challenge for this region lies in fostering development that enhances living standards while preserving traditional knowledge systems, cultural practices, and indigenous lifestyles.

The NER District SDG Index measures the performance of the districts of the eight States on SDGs and their corresponding targets. The Index is based on NITI Aayog's SDG India Index – the principal and official tool for monitoring progress on the SDGs at the national and State/Union Territory levels and shares the common ethos of benchmarking performance and ranking on the SDGs to foster competition among the districts.

The implementation of the SDGs in the North Eastern Region faces significant challenges rooted in the region's unique geographic, economic, and social landscape. Economic vulnerability stands as a primary concern, with the incidence of poverty (National MPI NITI Aayog, 2023) in the region ranging from 2.6 percent in Sikkim to 27.79 percent in Meghalaya, while the national average is 24.85 percent. This economic fragility is compounded by heavy dependence on agriculture, particularly in

states like Nagaland and Arunachal Pradesh, where a significant proportion of the population depends on subsistence farming that offers little resilience against climate shocks. The limited access to advanced agricultural technology, quality inputs, and modern farming techniques further constrains agricultural diversification and productivity.

The geographical characteristics of the region -mountainous terrain, dense forests, and border proximity, create natural barriers to industrial development and infrastructure expansion, particularly in the eastern regions of Arunachal Pradesh. These constraints have led to a stagnation in progress toward SDG 9 (Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure) and limited employment opportunities in modern sectors. The interconnected nature of the SDGs becomes evident as these infrastructure and economic challenges directly impact the region's ability to advance on SDGs 2 (Zero Hunger), 3 (Good Health and Wellbeing), and 4 (Quality Education), areas where states like Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Meghalaya, and Nagaland show substantial room for improvement.

The social dimension reveals how these development gaps affect vulnerable populations disproportionately. Women and adolescent girls bear the heaviest burden of health inequities, with high rates of malnutrition and anaemia where poor socioeconomic conditions and difficult living environments compound health challenges. These health issues diminish cognitive capabilities and productivity, creating a cycle that hinders economic participation and advancement. These challenges directly impact progress on SDGs 3 (Good Health and Well-being) and 5 (Gender Equality). Addressing these gender-specific health inequities is essential not only for individual well-being but also for enabling full economic participation of women in the region's development.

The environmental aspects of sustainable development present perhaps the most nuanced challenge for the NER. The region represents an ecological treasure, accounting for 25 percent of the country's forest cover despite comprising just 7.98 percent of the geographical area and housing 43 percent of all plant species in India. However, this rich biodiversity is under increasing threat from unsustainable agricultural practices like Jhum cultivation, unplanned urbanisation and unscientific extraction of natural resources. The region is already witnessing alarming patterns of climate change with intensified rainfall, frequent floods, emerging resilient pest variants and steadily rising temperatures. According to the India State of Forest Report, 2023, the North Eastern Region recorded a decline of 327.30 square kilometres in forest cover. These environmental challenges directly impact the region's progress on SDG 13 (Climate Action), SDG 15 (Life on Land), and SDG 12 (Sustainable Consumption and Production). Preserving the region's unique ecosystems is not merely an environmental concern but has profound implications for sustainable livelihoods, water security, and disaster resilience. In response, all North Eastern states have established climate change monitoring cells, and states like Assam have introduced policy measures such as a "green tax" on old vehicles to encourage more sustainable practices.

The complexity of these interconnected challenges underscores why the SDG framework is particularly valuable for the NER, offering a comprehensive approach that addresses these multidimensional issues while recognizing the importance of preserving the region's unique cultural identity and environmental heritage.

1.2. State Initiatives to Accelerate and Localize SDGs in the North Eastern Region

2023-24

Arunachal Pradesh

Arunachal Pradesh prepared its draft SDG 2030 vision report in 2016, with targets for most SDGs to be achieved by 2019, 2022 and 2030. The document is a comprehensive plan of action to achieve the targets by setting baseline data and strategies to achieve the SDGs. Government of Arunachal Pradesh held its first SDG workshop in December 2018 with UNDP. The Planning and Investment Division of Finance, Planning and Investment Department is the nodal department for implementing and monitoring SDGs in the State, and the Secretary (Planning and Investment) is the state nodal officer.

The Arunachal Pradesh SDG Dashboard is an effort by the Department of Planning and Investment, Government of Arunachal Pradesh, to track and monitor the implementation of the different policies to achieve the SDGs. A geographic map and heatmap feature have been developed on the dashboard to facilitate the overall monitoring of the status of SDGs in each district of the State. The State has also launched the CM Dashboard with E-Jan Bhagidari – a web portal and mobile app for citizens' feedback and real-time monitoring of SDGs as part of the 2022 budgetary allocation.

The state's planned budget allocation is linked to the SDGs, and every year, an effort is made by the Finance, Planning & Investment Department to review the outcomes of the plan funds and necessary corrective measures are being made based on the outcomes visible in the reports.



Assam

Assam was one of India's first states to adopt the SDGs into its policy processes. In 2016, the Government of Assam established a Centre for Sustainable Development Goals (CSDGs), a dedicated think tank that provides research and technical support while also promoting awareness of SDGs among the stakeholders and across all levels of governance. It also guides all the departments of the State on matters related to SDGs. In 2016, the state launched "Vision 2030", outlining the state's aspirations for holistic development, with a strong emphasis on preserving biodiversity as a foundation for both sustainability and economic progress. Since May 2016, strategic and action plans were formulated for each department under the Transformation & Development Department's guidance, culminating in the publication of "Assam Agenda 2030" in April 2018. The document provided a framework to achieve Assam vision 2030 with the support of different stakeholders in the State, emphasizing the importance of the involvement of public servants, citizens, communities, different tiers of the local Government, and members of the civil society.

The Transformation and Development Department serves as the nodal department for monitoring the progress of the SDGs. To support this mandate, 10 working groups were constituted. Eventually, 10 working groups were formed to plan and follow through with achieving the SDGs within the specified time period. In February 2020, the state published its comprehensive State Indicator Framework and District Indicator Framework.

In January 2023, the T&D Department established a Project Management Unit (PMU) emphasizing the state's commitment to effective implementation. Throughout 2023, sensitization sessions, consultations, and data cleaning processes were conducted, culminating in the Assam SDG State Indicator Framework 1.0, offering a comprehensive strategy for monitoring progress and fostering holistic development aligned with Target 2030. The report encompasses data for the baseline year (2019-20) and the current year (2022-23) for 267 indicators with targets for 2030. It serves as a vital tool for the state to assess its progress across 16 out of 17 SDGs (excluding Goal 14) over the specified time period.

Assam has introduced many innovative schemes at the local level to accelerate the SDGs. For example, the Chief Minister's Atmanirbhar Asom Abhiyan aims to generate employment opportunities in the state through the setting up of new entrepreneurial ventures. The Chief Minister's Samagara Gramya Unnayan Yoajana Samagra Gramya Unnayan Yojana (CMSGUY, also known as the Integrated Village Development

Programme), is an initiative aimed at the holistic development of villages, and the programme is expected to help the State achieve several of the Global Goals.

The Government of Assam has identified 270 state indicators and 142 district indicators based on MoSPI's guidelines. An SDG Strategy Support Group (SSSG) was set up to support strategic thinking and integrated implementation and oversee SDG-related activities such as data collection and analysis. SSSG is chaired by the Chief Secretary of the State, with key state Government officials as members.

Manipur

Manipur developed its Vision 2030 document: "Ensuring no one is left behind", in 2019, by considering the developmental needs and aspirations of the State. Preparing the preliminary draft vision document for Manipur was entrusted to the Centre for Study of Social Exclusion and Inclusive Policy (CSSEIP) under Manipur Central University. The Planning Department is the nodal department for implementing SDGs in the State. UNDP also collaborated with the Government of Manipur on finalising the Vision Document.

Three committees have been constituted at the state and district levels to monitor and implement the policies and programmes to achieve the SDG vision. The Chief Secretary chairs the State Committee on SDGs, and it monitors the targets, goals and achievements of the SDGs biannually. The inter-departmental working group is chaired by the Administrative Secretary (Planning), and its role is to carry out mapping and re-aligning targets of the various centrally sponsored schemes in line with the goals of the SDGs, as well as to develop a suitable State Indicator Framework in line with the National Indicator Framework. The district-level working group is the third committee and is chaired by the Deputy Commissioner of each district. The function of this committee is to re-align targets and monitor achievements of the targets and goals at the field level.

The Planning department of the Government of Manipur has also developed the State Indicator Framework, which includes 15 SDGs with 108 indicators. The Government of Manipur has encouraged the participation of all relevant stakeholders in framing policies for achieving the vision of the SDGs in the State. Manipur University has organised state level consultations involving nodal officers from about 35 departments. Public consultations were also organised to bring on board members of civil society, academia and citizens to understand the needs of the people at the grassroots and to rank the SDGs in order of priority.

Meghalaya

The Government of Meghalaya formed an SDG cell at the State level in 2018 to coordinate the preparation of the draft "Meghalaya Vision 2030" document and the implementation of SDGs in the State. The nodal department for implementation and monitoring of the SDGs is the Planning Department. Meghalaya has developed its SDG monitoring framework along the lines of MoSPI's indicator framework. The State Indicator Framework consists of 195 indicators, of which data for 130 indicators are also included in the District Indicator Framework and 29 Block Level Indicators.

In November 2024, an SDG Localisation kick-off workshop was conducted in Meghalaya organized by NITI Aayog, the Government of Meghalaya and GIZ under the Green and Sustainable Development Partnership (GSDP) Support Project. The GSDP-NITI project aims to enhance the implementation and monitoring of SDGs at the subnational level through setting up SDG Acceleration Centre in States. In this event, the Government of Meghalaya has launched its application and data dashboard to facilitate sustainable way of data collection. The mobile application allows stakeholders to easily access and input SDG related data. Simultaneously, the collected data is available for further use through a well-designed district-wise dashboard. Integrated within the Chief Minister's overarching dashboard, it reflects progress and composite scores for all 12 districts. The Hon'ble Chief Minister of Meghalaya announced, "CM Catalytic Fund Phase 2" in November 2024 building on the success of Phase 1, which saw a yearly disbursement of INR 10 crores in financial support to districts for improvement of SDGs." This fund, designed to address financial constraints at the grassroots level, signifies a departure from the traditional tied-fund model. During phase II, districts that fall into the large and small district categories would receive a yearly allocation of ₹12 crores. This fund comes in the form of ₹4 crores in performance-based incentives and ₹ 8 crores in untied funds. It empowers DCs to initiate projects and interventions tailored to the needs of the districts. By doing so, the initiative aims not only to alleviate financial constraints but also to catalyze a bottom-up approach towards enhancing SDG performance. In 2022, the Government of Meghalaya set aside INR 9,182 crores for funding SDGs as part of its annual budget for 2022-23. The DC Connect platform has also been launched to track grassroots progress, address grievances, and monitor key development metrics through real-time dashboards. Districts are ranked quarterly, with top Performers receiving additional incentives of up to ₹ 25 lakh (large districts) and ₹ 12.5 lakh (small districts), ensuring accountability and fostering impactful interventions.

Mizoram

Mizoram adopted State Vision 2030, a document which outlines the targets, strategies and budgetary allocations

to achieve the SDGs in the State. The vision document has set targets for 2019-20, 2024-25 and 2029-30. The Planning & Programme Implementation Department is the Nodal Department for implementing the SDGs. The Government has set up different bodies and committees to monitor the implementation of the policies at different levels. The Chief Secretary chairs the high-level monitoring committee to review and monitor progress. The technical committee on SDGs is chaired by the Director of the Economics & Statistics Department to identify indicators and update data on the progress made on SDGs. All Nodal Officers of Line Departments are members of this technical committee. An SDG Cell has been set up in the Research & Development Branch of the Planning & Programme Implementation Department headed by the Principal Adviser.

The Government of Mizoram has developed the Consolidated Indicator Framework (CIF) comprising of 93 indicators to monitor the progress of 11 districts on SDGs. The District Planning Committee (DPC), chaired by the Deputy Commissioner, monitors and reviews the progress of implementation of the SDGs at regular intervals. The Village Level Monitoring Committee, chaired by the President/Chairperson of the Village Council or Local council, is the local layer of the monitoring framework in Mizoram and is responsible for monitoring the SDGs implementation at the village level.

The SDG website for Mizoram, under the Planning & Programme Implementation Department, is an online platform that allows users to access the SDG vision for the State, essential documents and state policies on SDGs, the latest state and district indicator frameworks and the initiatives undertaken by the Government to achieve the SDGs in the State. The state has released a report on 'Localisation of Sustainable Development Goals in Mizoram' in August 2023. The state government has partnered with UNDP and has developed an SDG Dashboard for monitoring of SDGs at state, village, ULB and village levels which was launched in 2024. In November 2024, the Government of Mizoram, in partnership with UNDP organised a consultation on accelerating sustainable development in Mizoram with CSOs and CSR entities in Bangalore to network and create partnerships with potential partners for fast-tracking sustainable development in the state. The Government in partnership with UNDP is also in the process of creating a CSR Matchmaking Platform to facilitate the same.

Nagaland

The Government of Nagaland launched the "Nagaland SDG vision 2030" and "District SDG Localisation and Integration Manual" in 2021. The document contains state-specific short, medium and long-term targets with measurable indicators and strategies that the State should adopt to meet the developmental aspirations of the State and

the needs of the people while embracing sustainability. It has also finalised the State Indicator Framework with 125 indicators and the District Indicator Framework with 130 indicators.

The Planning & Coordination Department is the nodal department for SDGs. The State has also established a High-Level Steering Committee headed by the Chief Secretary for monitoring, policy review and course correction. The State has set up a Sustainable Development Goals Coordination Centre (SDGCC) under the Planning and Coordination Department, with the support of UNDP, to streamline and coordinate the different departmental activities and provide a more holistic environment for the Government to carry out activities related to the SDGs. SDG cells have also been created in all the related departments, and a nodal officer has been nominated to monitor the progress.

The SDG Coordination Centre (SDGCC), under the Government of Nagaland has hosted 'SDG One Stop Destination' - an immersive experience for increased awareness on SDGs at the annual Hornbill Festival since 2021. The inclusion of 'Interaction with Differently Abled Children' as part Hornbill Festival 2023 significantly contributed to fostering inclusivity and deepening the understanding of diverse abilities. The state also hosts SDG Action Awards. This Award seeks individuals, organisations, and institutions that inspire, empower and connect people to drive action towards a more sustainable future through their actions. The state organises several events like SDG poster making, essay competitions and online quizzes to sensitise the youth on SDGs. The SDGCC Nagaland annually organises SDG Innovation and Participatory Action Research initiative to scale up grassroot innovations for strengthening SDG localisation. The SDGCC has also developed the Nagaland SDG Dashboard to track the progress of the state and its districts on the indicators under each SDG. In 2024, the SDGCC Nagaland released a coffee table book titled "Weaving Dreams-a tribute to the Inspiring Women of Nagaland", celebrating the contributions of 21 pioneering women of the state in various fields of development, showcasing Nagaland's commitment towards Gender Equality.

Sikkim

Sikkim has developed and adopted its SDG Vision 2030, which has identified the challenges, opportunities, and strategies to meet the SDGs. The paper draws attention to sustainable consumption, market expansion and livelihood development, with a particular emphasis on sustainable tourism, health and education.

The Planning and Development Department is the nodal Department for the implementation of the SDGs, and the Directorate of Economics, Statistics & Monitoring within the Planning and Development Department is the nodal Department for monitoring SDG implementation, reporting the progress on SDGs and identifying areas which require mid-course corrections. The State has prepared its State Indicator Framework based on 14 relevant SDGs. The Government of Sikkim has involved various stakeholders in discussions and consultations on SDG policies. Subsequently, it outlined the concerns of the community and industrialists and ways to mitigate and address them. The Government also released "The Sikkim Action Plan on Climate Change" report, which outlined the threats to Sikkim's biodiversity and rural communities because of climate change, and proposed actions to be taken to address the challenges.

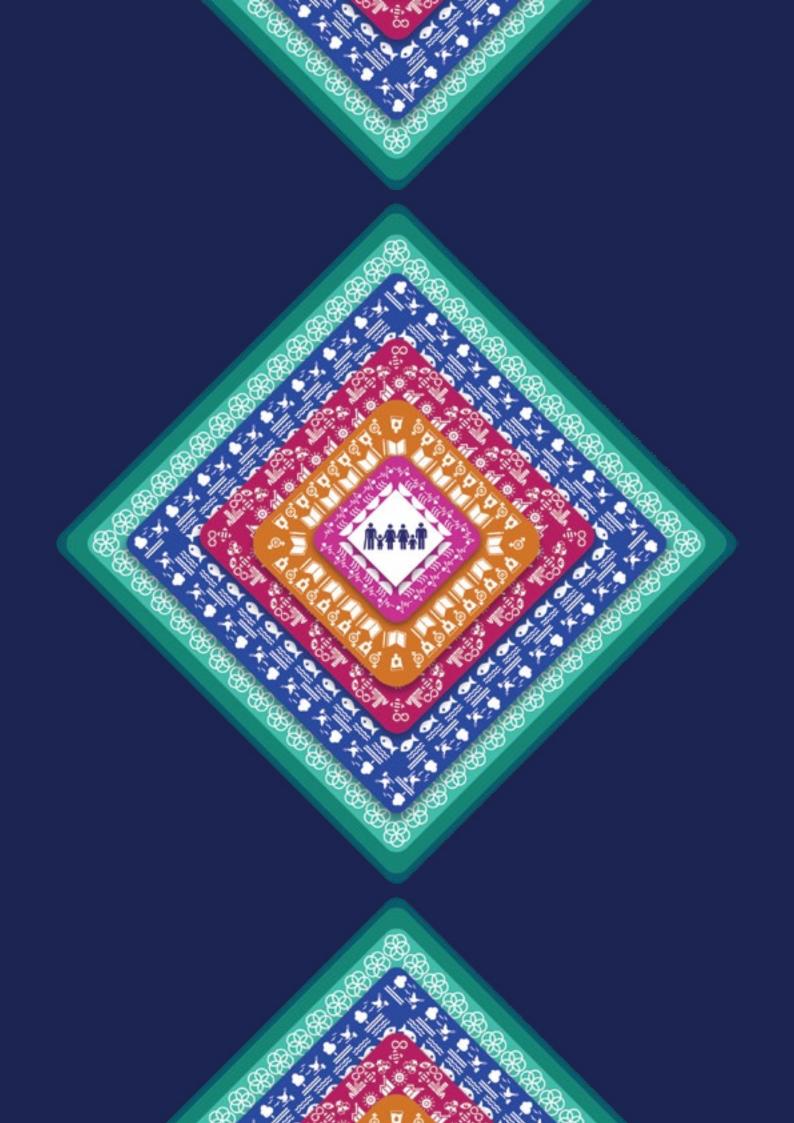
Tripura

In 2019, Tripura adopted its 2030 Vision Document. The Planning (Economics & Statistics) Department is the nodal agency in the State for SDG implementation in the State. Tripura has four Working Groups for SDGs – social; economic; environmental; peace, justice and partnership. The State government has accorded highest priority for development efforts in infrastructure, connectivity, agriculture, safe drinking water, power, health and education. The Planning Department is tasked to bring all departments together in achieving the Goals and targets.

Tripura finalised its State Indicator Framework comprising of 172 indicators and District Indicator Framework comprising of 79 indicators in February 2020. The highlevel monitoring committee chaired by the Chief Secretary streamlines the activities of all the State departments of the Government to achieve the SDGs. This reflects a "whole-of-government" approach for sustainable development in the State. The State has spread awareness about SDGs to the districts and panchayats. The Planning Department has compiled the best practices covering all major development sectors to achieve the SDGs. The State is also taking steps to set aside resources for SDG-based developmental projects. A vital feature of the vision document of the State of Tripura is its emphasis on "leaving no one behind", aligned with the foundational vision of the SDGs and is creating specific strategies for the scheduled tribe population in the State.







METHODOLOGY & RESULTS



METHODOLOGY AND FRAMEWORK OF THE NORTH EASTERN REGION DISTRICT SDG INDEX

CHAPTER

2

2.1. Introducing the second NER SDG Index - process, consultations with the States

The successful uptake of the first edition of the NER District SDG Index has resulted in the preparation of the second edition. Following the consultative process involving government officials from eight states for the first NER SDG Index, NITI Aayog took several steps to intensify engagement from all eight North East States for the second edition as well. These include:

- Actively sought feedback and clarifications on queries on the NER District Indicator Framework from all eight NER States;
- Organised eight in-person SDG consultations in collaboration with UNDP and the respective State Governments across State capitals of the NE States to address State specific challenges and to encourage greater engagement and discussion with various State departments; and
- Supported all the North-Eastern states in developing capacity to collate information and progress monitoring.

The consultations were highly participatory and chaired by the Chief Secretary or Additional Chief Secretary of the State with representatives from State Government departments and the district administration. During these consultations, officials were briefed on the NER District SDG Index and their State performance in the previous edition, highlighting data gaps, resolving data discrepancies and receiving feedback on the proposed

indicators. The state-wise consultations provided a space for direct interaction and deliberation between NITI Aayog, UNDP and the concerned State and district-level officials for fast resolution of any data-related issues to ensure quality and reliable data. It provided a space for the resolution of data issues, addressing State-specific data challenges, especially definitional challenges and data periodicity. As a result, States could provide reliable, timely and quality data.

Consequently, the States shared data, and the resolution of any challenge that arose was addressed by coordinating with the concerned departments of the State Government. Following this process, Goal-wise and composite district scores and rankings were computed. Subsequently, deliberations were held between NITI Aayog and MDoNER and the report writing, preparation, and review were undertaken.

The second edition of the NER District SDG Index adopts a more participatory and inclusive approach, fostering greater ownership of the SDGs among State departments and governments. This process has enabled better data reporting and timely data collection.

The Index provides an overall view of the social, economic and environmental aspects of the NER, while reflecting the progress made by the states and their districts. Despite a history of underdevelopment, political uncertainties, insurgency and emerging ecological concerns, the NER is striving to do well. The North-East focused SDG Index will closely monitor the efforts and achievements and highlight critical gaps in the region and

serve as a helpful trigger for ramping up targeted development initiatives by the Central and State Governments.

2.2. Objectives

The objectives of the NER SDG Index 2.0 are to:

- Rank the districts of the eight NER States based on their relative performance across the 15 SDGs (excluding Goal 14 which is not applicable and Goal 17 for its limited applicability at the district level).
- Identify critical gaps and challenges in performance and achievements to strategize necessary corrective measures.
- Highlight intra-state and inter-state disparities across the eight states, facilitating the design of suitable interventions.
- Promote competitive federalism by enabling state-wise, district-wise, and SDG-wise comparisons. The ranking system also serves as a valuable tool for peer learning and performance improvement.
- Create a platform for collaboration and enable districts to share and adopt best practices from their peers.
- Identify data gaps in the statistical system of the States and the sectors in which robust and more frequent data collection needs to be instituted.

2.3. Selection of indicators

As the first step, suitable indicators from the National Indicator Framework, SDG India Index, and the State Indicator Framework developed by each North Eastern State were identified and mapped with the targets. Guided by these indicator frameworks and based on extensive consultations with all eight NER States, NITI Aayog prepared a list of 84 indicators, refining them wherever needed to aid comparison. To determine suitable metrics for inclusion in the Index, technically sound indicators based on valid quantitative criteria were chosen that had:

- i. Relevance to the SDG targets
- ii. Alignment with the NIF, SDG India Index, and the SIFs of the NER States
- iii. Data availability at the district level for most

- of the 131 districts, from the official statistical systems
- iv. The consent of the respective State departments
- v. Data ownership, either administrative ministries/departments at the Centre, survey-derived, or by the line departments in the States
- vi. Due to prevailing data gaps, a threshold of data availability of at least 80 percent of the State-reported indicators for any given district was taken as the benchmark for the computation of scores. Districts that reported data for less than this number have been mentioned but not included in the ranking scheme, to avoid giving any undue advantage to them. Therefore, 121 out of the total 131 districts have been considered for computation and ranking. All the States, especially with newly created districts, are encouraged to report the data for all possible indicators in the future for maximum utility of the Index.
- vii. Sufficient data coverage, such as data for at least 70 percent of the districts is available for any given indicator based on its applicability.

2.4. Target setting

A suitable target value for 2030 was set for each indicator in one of the following ways:

- i. Identifying a quantifiable national target specified by the Government of India or
- ii. Selecting a quantifiable target specified under the SDG framework for 2030 or
- iii. Determining a quantifiable target accepted scientifically or set by technical standards or
- iv. Computing the average of the values from the top five scores of the base year (year 2015 or NER SDG Index 2021-22, whichever is available).

2.5. Normalisation of raw indicator values

Normalising indicator values to a standard scale of 0 to 100 was necessary to ensure comparability, as different indicators had different ranges of values. For instance, while Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) is per 1,000 live births, the poverty rate is measured as a percentage. In the normalised range of 0 to 100, where 0 indicates the lowest

performance and 100 implies that the target has been achieved.

For indicators where a higher value means better performance, for example, the proportion of institutional deliveries, the following formula was used:

$$x' = \frac{x - min(x)}{T(x) - min(x)} \times 100$$

Where, x = raw data value

min(x) = minimum observed value of the indicator in the dataset

T(x) = target value for the indicator

x' = normalised value after rescaling

For indicators where the higher value implies lower performance, for instance, IMR, the following formula was used:

$$x' = \left[1 - \frac{x - T(x)}{max(x) - T(x)}\right] \times 100$$

Where, x = raw data value

max(x) = maximum observed value of the indicator in the dataset

T(x) = target value for the indicator

x' = normalised value after rescaling

Where the districts had achieved beyond the target set, the normalised score was capped at 100.

2.6. Computation of district scores

Post normalisation of values, the district-wise score for each Goal was computed. According to the following formula, this was estimated as the arithmetic mean of the normalised values of all indicators under the Goal for each district. Equal weight was assigned to each indicator.

$$I_{ij}(N_{ij},I_{ijk}) = \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ij}} \frac{1}{N_{ij}}I_{ijk}$$

Where lij= Goal score for district i under SDG j

Nij= number of non-null indicators for district / under SDG j

 $\it lijk$ = normalised value for district $\it i$ of indicator $\it k$ under SDG $\it j$

The Goal score lij for district i under Goal j was then computed. Based on the Goal score, the districts were classified into four categories under each Goal. Achiever: when the Index score equals 100; Front Runner: when the Index score is between 65 and 100, excluding 100; Performer: when the Index score is between 50 and 65, excluding 65; Aspirant: when the Index score is less than 50.

2.7. Computation of composite score

The next step was the computation of composite score for every district. The composite score is the arithmetic mean of the Goal score for 14 Goals¹, for each district, assigning equal weight to each Goal. This score is indicative of the overall position of a district in its journey towards achieving the SDGs. The districts were again classified into the four categories based on their composite score according to the following formula:

$$I_{i}(N_{i},N_{ij},I_{ijk}) = \frac{1}{N_{i}} \sum_{j=1}^{N_{i}} I_{ij}(N_{ij},I_{ijk})$$

Where Ii= composite SDG index score of district i

Ni = number of Goal scores for which district / has non-null data

lij= goal score for district i under SDG j

lijk= normalised value for district i of indicator k under SDG j

2.8. Categorisation of districts

Given the reach of SDGs across a multitude of social, political and economic spheres of life as well as the depth of each Goal through the numerous varying targets and the complex inter-relation and interdependencies between each Goal, it is an extremely complicated task to set up scientific classes of performance for each Goal and to tie them together. Hence, a clean and simple mechanism of classification was adopted based on the score of each district across the SDGs. The districts were classified into the four categories namely, Achiever, Front Runner, Performer and Aspirant in accordance with their distance from target and the category-specific score range given above.

¹ Only districts with an Urban Local Body/Administration were considered for computing scores in Goal 11. As a result, Goal 11 scores were generated for only 79 of the 131 districts; therefore, this Goal is not part of the computation of the overall composite score of a district. The index is guided by India's National Indicator Framework (NIF) on SDGs. The NIF indicators on SDG 17 at present are relevant only at the national and state levels. Therefore, Goal 17 is not part of this quantitative exercise to measure district performance. Goal 14 pertains only to the marine ecosystem and is therefore not applicable.

Figure D. Methodology -5 Steps of Computation



2.9. Limitations of the Index

While the SDG NER Index is a useful instrument to measure the progress of NER districts in adopting and implementing the SDG agenda, the Index has the following limitations:

- i. There is limited comparability to the SDG India Index. The indicator sets used for the two indices are necessarily different since some indicators used in the NER index are specific to the region and are not highly relevant to other states of the country.
- ii. The indicators and data from non-government sources have not been included in the interest of data comparability and uniformity. Of the 84 indicators considered for computation-49 percent have been sourced from Union Ministries and national-level surveys, and 51 percent from State sources.
- iii. For some indicators, data for all districts are not available or applicable. In computing the Index, "null" value has been assigned to these indicators, which have not been included in the computation.
- iv. Some recently created districts in some states could not be included in the analysis due to the unavailability of data for most identified indicators.
- v. If district level data was furnished for at least 80 percent of State sourced indicators, it was considered for computation. Therefore, 121

- districts out of 131 were considered for ranking (Refer to the next page for the complete list of districts considered for ranking).
- vi. Only districts with an Urban Local Body/
 Administration were considered for computing scores in Goal 11. As a result, Goal 11 scores
 were generated for only 79 of the 131 districts;
 therefore, this Goal is not part of the computation of the overall composite score of a
 district. The index is guided by India's National
 Indicator Framework (NIF) on SDGs. The NIF
 indicators on SDG 17 at present are relevant
 only at the national and state levels. Therefore,
 Goal 17 is not part of this quantitative exercise
 to measure district performance.

2.10 Policy relevance and utility of the index

- The NER District SDG Index underscores the importance of embedding data-backed findings and analysis in the planning and decision-making processes at the level of states and districts for targeting geographies in closing sectoral developmental gaps.
- The index provide a tool for integrating databased decision making by providing information and insights which is horizontally expansive in terms of sectors (SDGs 1-16) and disaggregated at the level of the district to push for balanced regional planning.
- The index also brings focus to outcome-based targeting, which goes beyond measuring performance only as a function of the capacity

to spend allocated budgets for schemes. This would encourage the mapping of expenditure to identified gaps, and desired outcomes to plug those gaps in order to reach out to districts in need of budgetary allocation in a particular sector.

- The granular analysis provided by the NER District SDG Index enables states to identify specific sectors in which immediate improvements can be made. By leveraging existing government schemes and programmes, state administrations can address the challenges highlighted by the Index effectively. The Index can thus act as a critical tool to guide states in prioritising resources and directing their efforts towards reaching out to populations in need. States may take a regional approach to integrate the Index into their planning process, and identify which districts are performing well and which are lagging behind. This can help in devising targeted strategies to improve outcomes across the region.
- As a first step, at the NER or State level, the bottom performing districts (bottom 30

percent) can be filtered for further analysis. The goal level scores of districts, especially those in the Aspirant (0-49) category, would be critical to identify the broad sectors, for example, a score of 41 in Goal 4 would necessitate a closer look in the education sector for a district. In other words, identifying the goals in which a district has not performed well and then following it up with a deep dive analysis of individual indicators to truly show the gap. This approach can help in gaining a deeper understanding of the challenges faced by districts and enable targeted interventions to address the root cause of underperformance.

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By mapping the performance at the indicator level to existing government schemes and programmes, policymakers can assess the effectiveness of these programmes and chart a course of implementation-related action. This approach can help in identifying the gaps between the intended impact of government schemes and their actual outcomes on the ground. By addressing these gaps, policymakers can improve the effectiveness of the programmes and accelerate progress.



Udalguri West Karbi Anglong

TABLE A. 121 OUT OF 131 DISTRICTS CONSIDERED FOR COMPUTATION AND RANKING

•••••

Arunachal Pradesh (25)	Assam (33)	Manipur (16)	Meghalaya (11)	Mizoram (11)	Nagaland (11)	Sikkim (6)	Tripura (8)
Anjaw	Baksa	Bishnupur	East Garo Hills	Aizawl	Dimapur	Gangtok	Dhalai
Changlang	Barpeta	Chandel	East Jaintia Hills	Champhai	Kiphire	Gyalshing	Gomati
Dibang Valley	Biswanath	Churachandpur	East Khasi Hills	Hnahthial	Kohima	Mangan	Khowai
East Kameng	Bongaigaon	Imphal East		Khawzawl	Longleng	Namchi	North Tripura
East Siang	Cachar	Imphal West	North Garo Hills	Kolasib	Mokokchung	Pakyong	Sepahijala
Kamle	Charaideo	Jiribam	Ri Bhoi	Lawngtlai	Mon	Soreng	South Tripura
Kra Daadi	Chirang	Kakching	South Garo Hills	Lunglei	Peren		Unakoti
Kurung Kumey	Darrang	Kamjong	South West Garo Hills	Mamit	Phek		West Tripura
Leparada	Dhemaji	Kangpokpi	South West Khasi Hills	Saitual	Tuensang		
Lohit	Dhubri	Noney		Serchhip	Wokha		
Longding	Dibrugarh	Pherzawl	West Garo Hills	Siaha	Zunheboto		
	Dima Hasao	Senapati	West Jaintia Hills				
Lower Dibang Valley	Goalpara	Tamenglong	West Khasi Hills				
Lower Siang	Golaghat	Tengnoupal					
Lower Subansiri	Hailakandi	Thoubal					
Namsai	Hojai	Ukhrul					
Pakke Kessang	Jorhat						
Papum Pare	Kamrup						
Shi Yomi	Kamrup Metropolitan						
Siang	Karbi Anglong						
Tawang	Karimganj						
Tirap	Kokrajhar						
Upper Siang	Lakhimpur						
Upper Subansiri	Majuli						
West Kameng	Morigaon						
West Siang	Nagaon						
west stallg	Nalbari						
	Sivasagar						
	Sonitpur						
	South Salmara Mankachar						
	Tinsukia						

10 OUT OF 131 DISTRICTS NOT CONSIDERED FOR COMPUTATION

Arunachal Pradesh (2)	Assam (2)	Manipur	Meghalaya (1)	Mizoram	Nagaland (5)	Sikkim	Tripura
Bichom	Bajali	All districts included	Eastern West Khasi Hills	All districts included in computation and ranking	Chumoukedima	All districts included in computation and ranking	All districts included in computation and ranking
Keyi Panyor	Tamulpur	in computation and ranking			Niuland		
Keyi Faliyol		ranking		Idlikilig	Shamator	running	idiikiiig
					Tseminyu		
					Noklak		

Table B. Goal-wise Top* Districts

SDG 1 No Poverty

Mokokchung [NL], Gangtok [SK], Thoubal [MN], West Tripura [TR], Saitual [MZ], Imphal East [MN], South Tripura [TR]





SDG 2 Zero Hunger

Champhai [MZ], Phek [NL], Kakching [MN], South Tripura [TR], Lohit [AR], Siang [AR]

SDG 3 Good Health and Well-being

Upper Siang [AR], East Siang [AR], West Siang [AR], Champhai [MZ], Hnahthial [MZ], East Kameng [AR]





SDG 4 Quality Education

West Tripura [TR], Dimapur [NL], Gangtok [SK], Soreng [SK], East Siang [AR], Kohima [NL], Pakyong [SK]

SDG 5 Gender Equality

Saitual [MZ], Wokha [NL], Mokokchung [NL], Longleng [NL], Zunheboto [NL]





SDG 6 Clean Water and Sanitation

Saitual [MZ], Serchhip [MZ], Champhai [MZ], Lower Dibang Valley [AR], Soreng [SK], Lohit [AR], Leparada [AR]

SDG 7 Affordable and Clean Energy

Saitual [MZ], Soreng [SK], Leparada [AR], Pakyong [SK], Khawzawl [MZ], Hnahthial [MZ], Kakching [MN], Lower Siang [AR], Tengnoupal [MN], Noney [MN], Kangpokpi [MN], Kamjong [MN], Jiribam [MN], Pherzawl [MN]





SDG 8 Decent Work and Economic Growth

Lower Siang [AR], Kamrup Metropolitan [AS], Lower Subansiri [AR], Gangtok [SK], Dimapur [NL]

SDG 9 Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure

Hnahthial [MZ], Champhai [MZ], West Tripura [TR], Sepahijala [TR], Unakoti [TR], Nagaon [AS]





SDG 10 Reduced Inequalities

South West Khasi Hills [ML], Pakke Kessang [AR], East Kameng [AR], Dibang Valley [AR], Kra Daadi [AR], East Jaintia Hills [ML]

SDG 11 Sustainable Cities and Communities

Not considered in the composite ranking





SDG 12 Responsible Consumption and Production

South Tripura [TR], Unakoti [TR], Gomati [TR], Shi Yomi [AR], Kohima [NL]

SDG 13 Climate Action

Hnahthial [MZ], Mokokchung [NL], Khawzawl [MZ], Phek [NL], Senapati [MN]





SDG 15 Life on Land

Hnahthial [MZ], Lower Dibang Valley [AR], Saitual [MZ], Khawzawl [MZ], Longleng [NL], Peren [NL], Jiribam [MN], Dima Hasao [AS], Gyalshing [SK], Charaideo [AS], Tengnoupal [MN], Upper Siang [AR], West Jaintia Hills [ML], Dibang Valley [AR], Leparada [AR], Upper Subansiri [AR], Kamjong [MN], Kiphire [NL], Kamle [AR], Kangpokpi [MN], West Karbi Anglong [AS], Noney [MN], Lower Siang [AR], Anjaw [AR], Siang [AR], Pherzawl [MN]



SDG 16 Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions

Kamjong [MN], Noney [MN], Hnahthial [MZ], Pherzawl [MN], Kangpokpi [MN]

^{*}Districts classified as "Top" are those that fall within top five rankings or have attained a score of 100.

COMPOSITE RESULTS: NER DISTRICT SDG INDEX 2023-24

CHAPTER

3

The composite score for each district was computed by aggregating its performance across the Goals by taking the arithmetic mean of individual Goal scores. The composite score ranges from 0 to 100 and denotes the district's overall achievement in realising the targets under the Goals. A score of 100 implies that the district has achieved the targets set for identified indicators; a score of 0 implies that the district is at the bottom. Based on the score, each district is categorised into one of the four categories: i) Achiever: when the Index score equals 100; ii) Front Runner: when the Index score is between 65 and 100, excluding 100; iii) Performer: when the Index score is between 50 and 65, excluding 65; iv) Aspirant: when the Index score is less than 50.

3.1. Overall Performance

The index is computed for 121 districts – of which 103 districts are in the Front Runner category, and 18 districts are in the Performer category in the composite score and ranking.

- The score for the 121 districts ranges from 58.71 in Longding [AR] to 81.43 in Hnahthial [MZ].
- Top 5 districts of the SDG NER Index are:
 - » Hnahthial [MZ] (score of 81.43),
 - » Champhai [MZ] (score of 79.86),
 - » Gomati [TR] (score of 78.79),
 - » Mokokchung [NL] (score of 78.43) and
 - » West Tripura [TR] (score of 77.64).

All districts in Mizoram, Sikkim and Tripura fall in the Front Runner category, and there are no districts in the Aspirant or Achiever category.

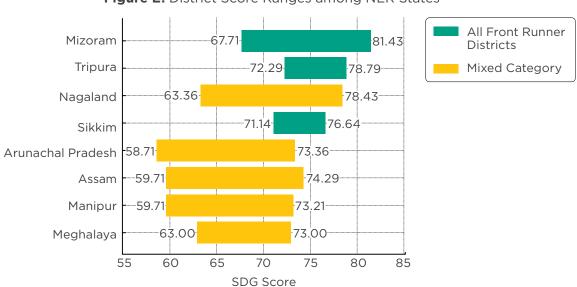


Figure E. District Score Ranges among NER States

••••••• NER DISTRICT SDG INDEX 2023-24

The districts with the highest and lowest ranks in each State are as follows:

- **Arunachal Pradesh:** Lower Dibang Valley (Rank 23), Longding (Rank 121)
- Assam: Dibrugarh (Rank 17), South Salmara-Mankachar (Rank 118)
- Manipur: Imphal West (Rank 24), Pherzawl (Rank 118)
- **Meghalaya:** East Khasi Hills (Rank 26), East Jaintia Hills (Rank 114)

- **Mizoram:** Hnahthial (Rank 1), Lawngtlai (Rank 86)
- Nagaland: Mokokchung (Rank 4), Zunheboto (Rank 110)
- **Sikkim:** Gangtok (Rank 8), Gyalshing (Rank 49)
- Tripura: Gomati (Rank 3), Dhalai (Rank 33)

3.2. Key Insights

- Mizoram has the highest-scoring district in the entire Northeast region (Hnahthial at 81.43) and Arunachal Pradesh has the lowest scoring district in the entire region (Longding at 58.71).
- Nagaland exhibits widest range (15.07 points between its highest and lowest performing districts) indicating the significant intra-state disparity. Sikkim has the narrowest range (5.5
- points), showing the most consistent performance across its districts.
- Tripura has the distinction of having some of the highest-scoring districts with minimum intra-state disparities (6.5 points).
- Mizoram and Nagaland have some of the highest-scoring districts but also show significant intra-state variation (ranges of 13.72 and 15.07, respectively).

Table C. Top 10 Districts in NER District SDG Index 2023-24

	Top 10 I	Districts	
State	District	Score	Rank
Mizoram	Hnahthial	81.43	1
Mizoram	Champhai	79.86	2
Tripura	Gomati	78.79	3
Nagaland	Mokokchung	78.43	4
Tripura	West Tripura	77.64	5
Nagaland	Kohima	76.93	6
Tripura	South Tripura	76.71	7
Sikkim	Gangtok	76.64	8
Mizoram	Kolasib	76.50	9
Nagaland	Dimapur	76.29	10

The top 10 districts have continued to perform well across SDG 9 (Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure), SDG 4 (Quality Education), SDG 15 (Life on Land), SDG 12 (Responsible Consumption and Production), SDG 8 (Decent Work and Economic Growth), and SDG 5 (Gender Equality), with opportunities to accelerate further in SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being) and SDG 10 (Reduced Inequalities).

Table D. Bottom 10 Districts in NER District SDG Index 2023-24

	Bottom 10	Districts	
State	District	Score	Rank
Arunachal Pradesh	Pakke Kessang	63.14	112
Arunachal Pradesh	Anjaw	63.07	113
Meghalaya	East Jaintia Hills	63.00	114
Manipur	Tamenglong	62.07	115
Arunachal Pradesh	Tirap	61.93	116
Arunachal Pradesh	Siang	61.71	117
Assam	South Salmara-Mankachar	59.71	118
Manipur	Pherzawl	59.71	118
Arunachal Pradesh	Kamle	58.86	120
Arunachal Pradesh	Longding	58.71	121

The challenges among the bottom 10 districts pertain to SDG 9 (Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure), SDG 10 (Reduced Inequalities), SDG 12 (Responsible Consumption and Production) and SDG 13 (Climate Change).

- While the index summarises SDG-wise relative performance results, a closer look at key indicators provides an in-depth view of the challenges.
 - » The NER falls behind the national average in the indicator on percentage of students in grade 8 achieving the minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes as per the National Achievement Survey (NAS) 2021. In the NER, 66 percent of the districts have reported values less than the national average (77 percent).
 - » Annual average dropout rate is an area which requires attention. As many as 100 districts have an annual average dropout rate at secondary level (Class 9-10) higher than the India average of 14.1 percent as per Unified- District Information System for Education (UDISE) 2023-24. School infrastructure remains a priority area with significant scope for improvement.
 - » The NER has experienced a continuous decline in forest area over the years, raising significant environmental concerns. As per the India State of Forest Report (ISFR) 2023, 72 districts reported a reduction in forest cover compared to the previous assessment in 2021.

» Access to clean cooking fuel as primary source of energy for households has significantly improved in the region, however about 75 percent of the districts fare below the national average.

Despite the challenges, significant improvements have been observed in the indicators linked to the National Family Health Survey (NFHS), such as access to clean cooking fuel, housing, electricity, sanitation, drinking water, bank accounts, child and maternal health services, schooling and attendance, birth registration, unmet need for family planning, health insurance, among others. This momentum will be key to closing the gap with the national average in the short and medium term and for states to feature among the top states in the long term. An Increase in the proportion of districts in the Front Runner category (overall score 65-99) from 62 percent in the last edition to 85 percent in this edition signifies the effect of national flagship schemes and overall momentum and direction of progress across goals and indicators in the NER. In this context, indicator-level analysis is crucial for identifying gaps and accelerating progress at par and in the long term beyond the national average, especially for targeting intra-region/state disparities among districts.

FIGURE E: COMPOSITE SCORE AND RANK OF DISTRICTS IN THE NORTH EASTERN REGION

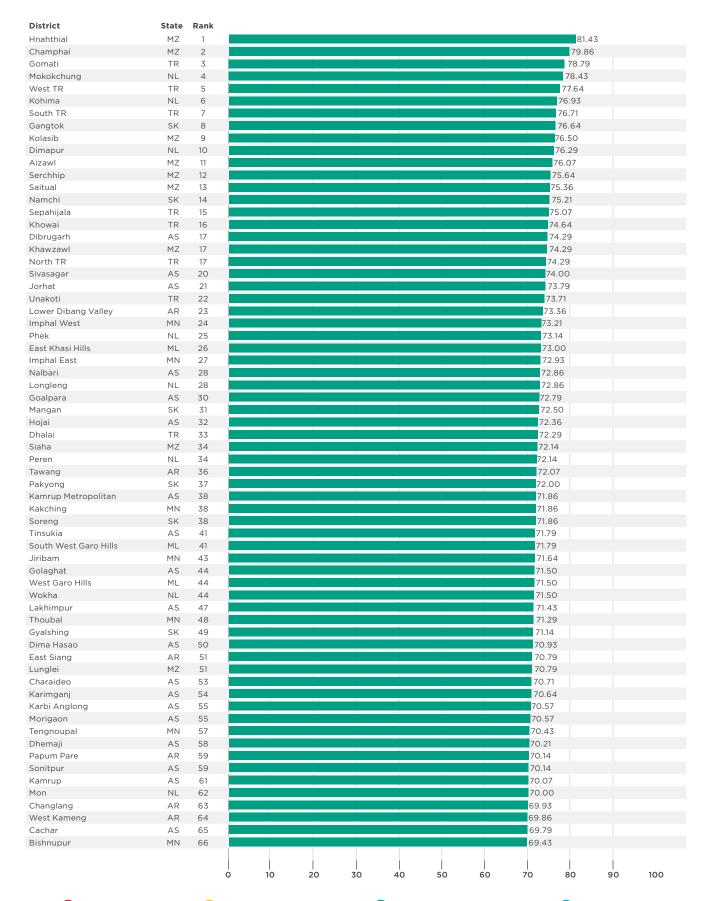
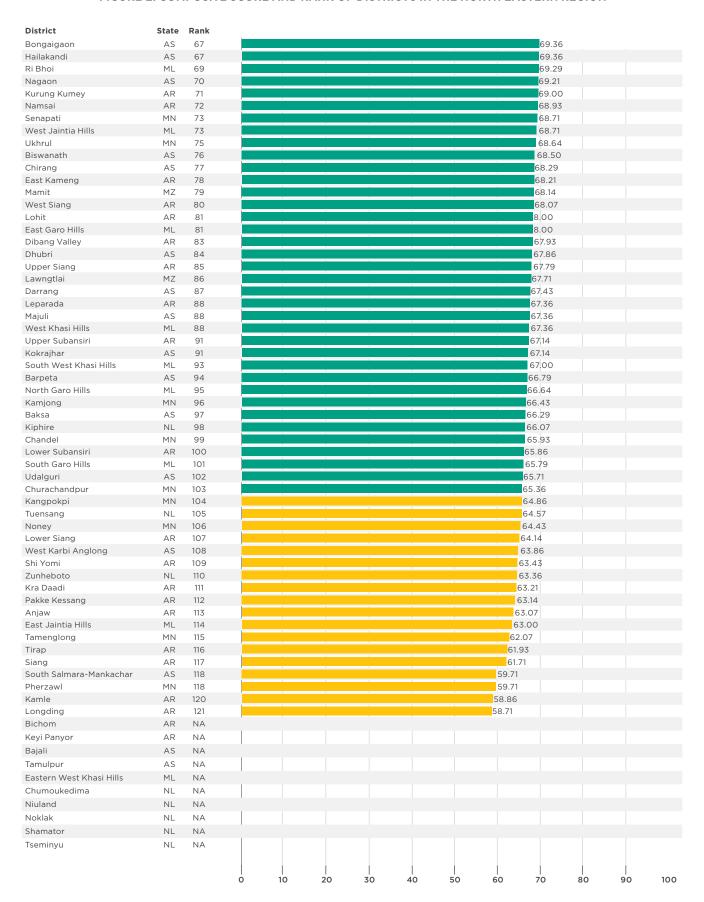
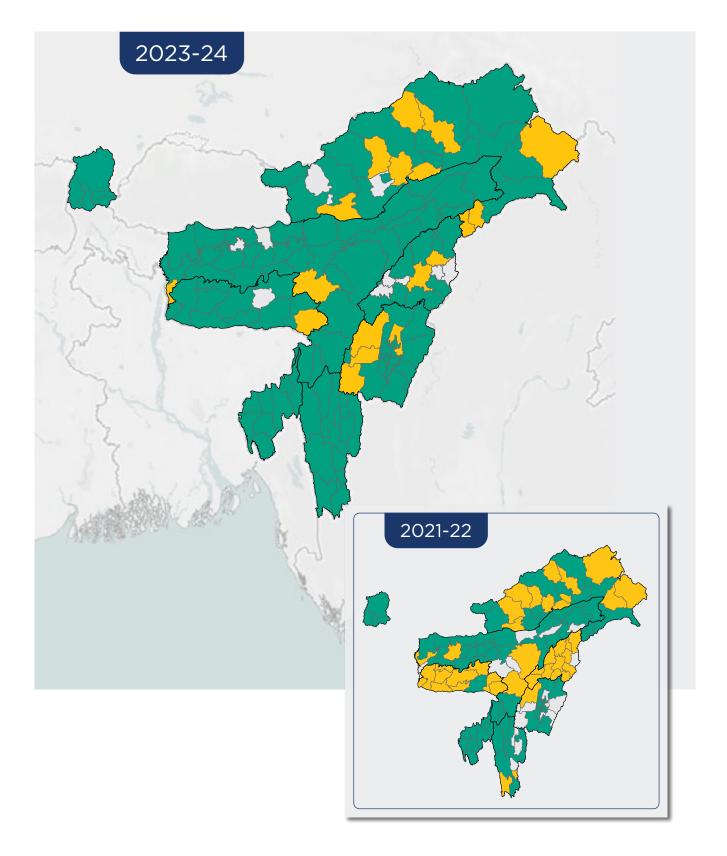


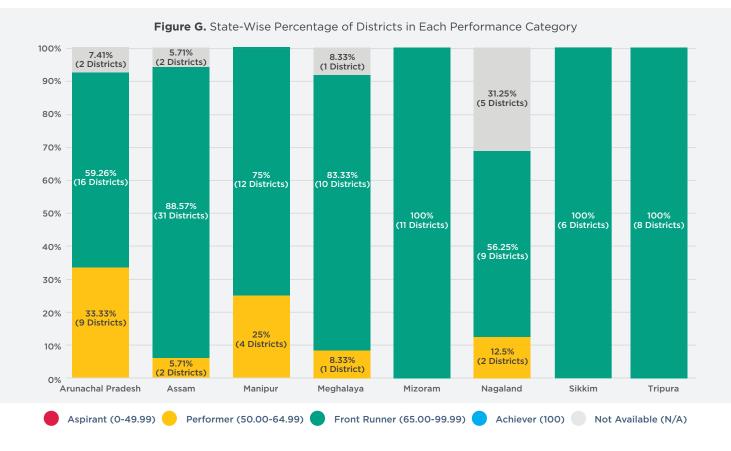
FIGURE E: COMPOSITE SCORE AND RANK OF DISTRICTS IN THE NORTH EASTERN REGION



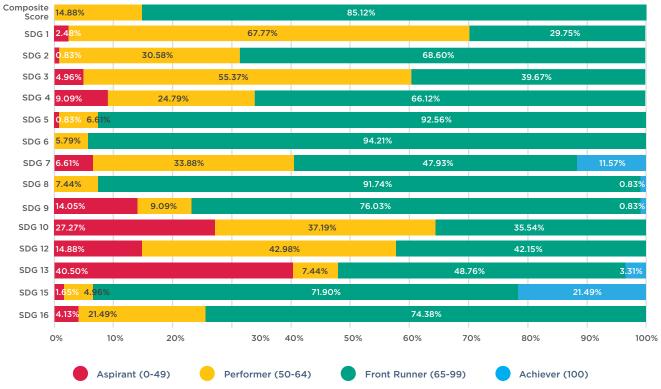
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FIGURE F: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN THE NORTH EASTERN REGION













Goal 1 encompasses the aim of eradicating poverty - not only in monetary terms but in all forms and dimensions by 2030. This involves targeting the most vulnerable, increasing basic resources and services, and supporting communities affected by conflict and climate-related disasters. It calls for continuous monitoring of progress in social protection and implementing nationally appropriate social protection systems. The importance of mobilizing resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, is also emphasized in this goal.

Targets

- 1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than USD 1.25 a day
- 1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions
- 1.3 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable

1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance

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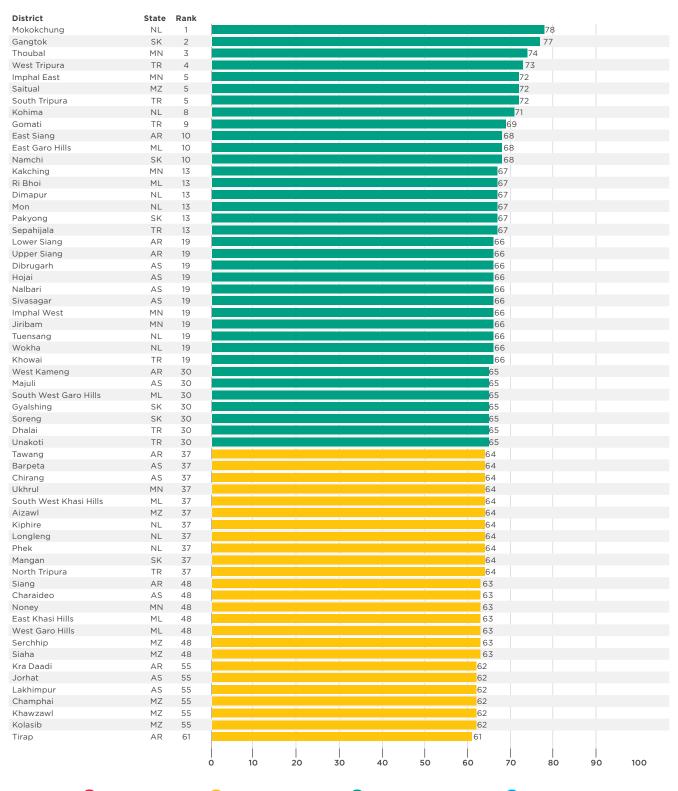
- 1.5 By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters
- 1.a Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions
- 1.b Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gendersensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions

NER District SDG Index: Goal 1

The score for Goal 1 ranges between 78 and 47 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. Mokokchung [NL], Gangtok [SK], and Thoubal [MN] are the top performing districts. 36 districts fall in the

category of Front Runners and 82 in the category of Performers, while 3 districts are in the category of Aspirants with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 1.1: SDG 1 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS



Aspirant (0-49)

Performer (50-64)

Front Runner (65-99)

Achiever (100)

FIGURE 1.1: SDG 1 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

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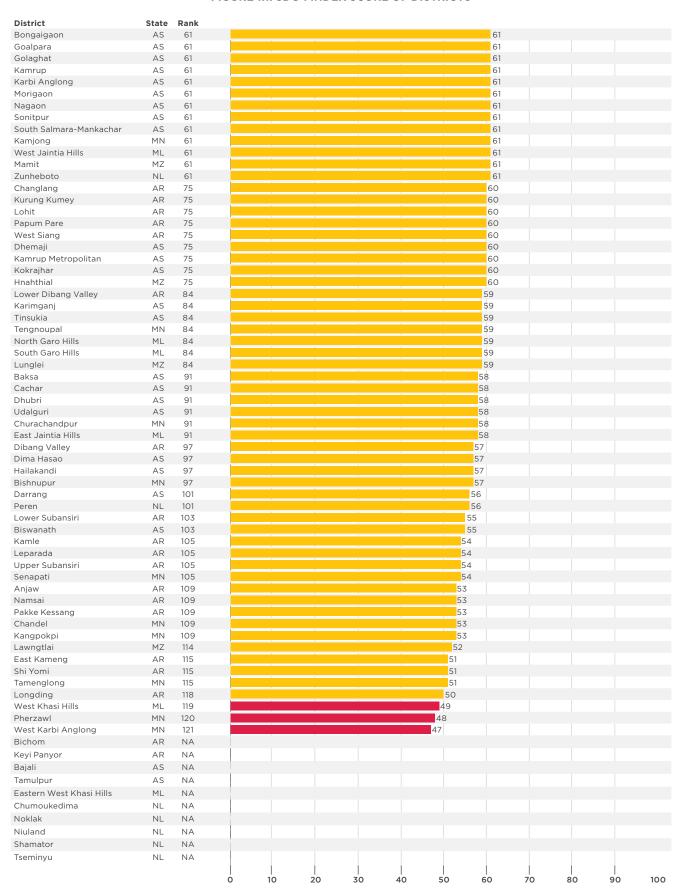
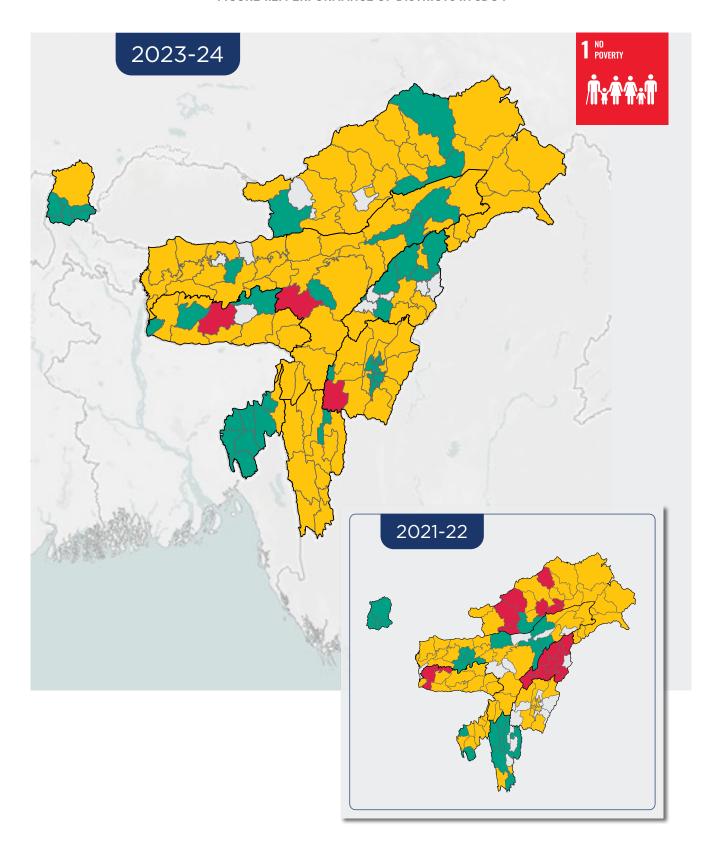


FIGURE 1.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 1



Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
1.3	Percentage of beneficiaries covered under National Food Security Act (NFSA), 2013	100	NFSA, 2013 is a Government of India Act that aims to provide food and nutritional security by ensuring access to an adequate quantity of quality food at affordable prices. It is aimed that all persons belonging to the eligible population under NFSA, 2013, benefit from the Act.
1.2	Headcount ratio as per the Multidimensional Poverty Index (%)	12.43	Global SDG target 1.2 aims to reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions. According to NITI Aayog's National MPI : A Progress Review 2023, the incidence of multidimensional poverty in India was 24.85% for the year 2015-16. Therefore, half of this value has been taken as the target.
1.3	Persons offered employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)	100	The mandate of the MGNREG Act is to provide at least 100 days of guaranteed wage employment in a financial year to every rural household whose adult members volunteer to do unskilled work at the time and place provided by a Program Officer. Taking into consideration possible attrition in the labour turnout due to reasons such as ill-health, availability of alternate employment, climatic factors etc., the target has been fixed to be the average of the 5 best performing districts.
1.3	Percentage of Self-Help Groups (SHGs) provided credit linkage	100	This target corresponds to global SDG targets 1.3 and 1.4 that aims to implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, and ensure equal rights to economic and financial resources including microfinance.
1.3	Percentage of women receiving benefits under Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana (PMMVY) or any other maternity related State schemes against target	100	PMMVY is a maternity benefit programme implemented in all districts of the country since 2017 for the welfare of pregnant women and lactating mothers. It is aimed that all persons belonging to the eligible population under PMMVY and other maternity related State schemes, benefit from the programme.
1.4	Percentage of affordable houses completed against sanctioned (rural +urban) under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) and related State schemes	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 1.4 that aims to ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services.
1.3	Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 1.3 which aims to implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all. Worldwide, the provision of some form of universal health coverage is regarded as a basic component of social security.
1.3	Hospital beds empanelled under Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (PMJAY) or related State schemes per 10,000 eligible population	196.89	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 1.3 which aims to implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all. The target has been set as the average of the best five scores

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	SDG Target	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	
	District	Percentage of beneficiaries covered under NFSA	Head count ratio as per the Multi- Dimensional Poverty Index	Persons offered employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under MGNREGA	Percentage of Self-Help Groups (SHGs) provided credit linkage	Percentage of women receiving benefits under PM- MVY or any other maternity related State schemes against target	Percentage of affordable houses completed against sanctioned (rural +urban) under PMAY and related State schemes	Percentage of households with any usual mem- ber covered by a health scheme or health insurance	Hospital beds empanelled under PMJAY or related State schemes per 10,000 eligible population	SDG 1
	East Garo Hills	100.00	14.96	99.92	34.75	166.76	38.07	71.9	25.58	68
	East Jaintia Hills	100.00	43.79	100.00	59.66	73.02	27.59	74.1	16.19	58
	East Khasi Hills	100.00	24.10	100.00	56.95	72.50	23.90	47.1	71.66	63
	Eastern West Khasi Hills	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	North Garo Hills	100.00	13.26	99.96	40.72	42.26	29.16	60.8	11.67	59
alaya	Ri Bhoi	100.00	31.67	99.95	76.46	113.86	34.28	66.8	20.13	67
Meghalaya	South Garo Hills	100.00	9.77	100.00	58.16	14.03	12.64	79.5	20.48	59
_	South West Garo Hills	100.00	18.27	99.98	41.74	95.67	22.97	75.1	12.36	65
	South West Khasi Hills	100.00	40.98	99.99	64.26	216.44	37.57	72.3	19.52	64
	West Garo Hills	100.00	8.00	99.98	37.89	47.88	30.17	77.9	30.97	63
	West Jaintia Hills	100.00	52.08	99.99	74.53	236.31	34.47	65.6	26.35	61
	West Khasi Hills	100.00	52.48	99.98	69.71	6.17	47.15	60.1	21.79	49
	Aizawl	100.00	0.87	100.00	7.74	59.55	95.65	37.5	39.25	64
	Champhai	100.00	1.51	99.90	16.52	35.64	79.40	64.9	15.24	62
	Hnahthial	100.00	Null	100.00	4.17	0.00	83.73	Null	141.19	60
	Khawzawl	100.00	Null	100.00	15.14	16.98	59.66	Null	160.43	62
E a	Kolasib	100.00	5.25	99.98	12.72	22.79	95.18	61.1	17.27	62
Mizoram	Lawngtlai	100.00	21.63	100.00	5.42	11.98	80.02	31.3	23.65	52
_	Lunglei	100.00	5.15	99.98	4.87	18.21	93.01	46.5	22.91	59
	Mamit	100.00	9.29	100.00	12.87	33.74	72.55	61.7	13.65	61
	Saitual	100.00	Null	100.00	19.82	38.39	75.29	Null	216.88	72
	Serchhip	99.12	3.30	99.99	16.18	46.74	82.91	58.8	21.15	63
	Siaha	99.92	6.90	100.00	10.94	49.58	89.51	44.2	28.91	63
	Chumoukedima	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dimapur	100.00	7.23	99.35	92.54	104.98	19.86	5.7	80.06	67
	Kiphire	100.00	28.19	99.30	95.55	100.00	51.23	8.8	41.65	64
	Kohima	100.00	6.50 26.90	99.65 99.91	100.00 96.62	124.14 95.61	13.38 7.66	26.7 38.3	82.45 28.08	71 64
	Longleng	100.00	7.22	99.93	100.00	146.90	87.26	22.3	47.34	78
	Mon	100.00	22.95	99.85	85.54	75.43	59.35	39.3	21.59	67
P	Noklak	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Nagaland	Niuland	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
z	Peren	100.00	17.46	98.85	77.20	79.90	12.98	5.4	34.67	56
	Phek	100.00	17.28	99.30	96.33	100.80	11.59	24.9	32.07	64
	Shamator	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tseminyu	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tuensang	100.00	29.21	99.89	100.00	78.37	62.14	22.0	38.12	66
	Wokha	100.00	11.99	100.00	100.00	80.43	16.01	20.6	40.06	66
	Zunheboto	100.00	20.31	99.97	91.44	77.95	16.88	18.1	22.90	61
	Gangtok	100.00	2.12	99.98	15.09	Null	96.20	29.9	592.12	77
	Gyalshing	100.00	2.77	99.99	19.73	Null	98.88	19.9	44.52	65
Sikkim	Mangan	100.00	5.17	99.87	12.59	Null	100.00	24.5	33.14	64
Sik	Namchi	100.00	2.90	99.99	29.16	Null	94.85	20.8	66.50	68
	Pakyong	100.00	Null	100.00	27.72	Null	95.74	Null	20.79	67
	Soreng	100.00	Null	99.99	26.28	Null	99.75	Null	4.36	65
	Dhalai	100.00	21.89	99.99	63.34	34.72	94.15	44.2	29.89	65
	Gomati	100.00	9.06	100.00	71.08	50.68	91.96	29.9	20.65	69
	Khowai	100.00	17.27	99.99	53.25	41.58	93.39	44.1	23.12	66
Tripura	North Tripura	100.00	17.85	99.99	52.93	45.14	97.59	28.7	20.06	64
투	Sepahijala	100.00	12.27	99.99	55.42	53.25	95.70	31.6	16.35	67
	South Tripura	100.00	11.89	99.99	80.52	55.31	90.22	37.3	28.32	72
	Unakoti	100.00	24.92	99.99	68.99	50.58	98.00	28.0	20.54	65
	West Tripura	100.00	6.00	99.99	58.02	65.24	94.98	28.1	84.79	73
	Target	100	12.43	100.00	100.00	100	100.00	100	196.89	100



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SDG 2



ZERO HUNGER

End hunger, achieve food security, improve nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

The SDGs aim to end all forms of hunger and malnutrition by 2030, making sure all people - especially children - have sufficient and nutritious food all year. This involves promoting sustainable agriculture, supporting small-scale farmers, and equal access to land, technology and markets. It also requires international cooperation to ensure investment in infrastructure and technology to improve agricultural productivity. The goal also focuses at - doubling agricultural productivity, maintaining genetic diversity of seeds, plants and farmed animals, and strengthening capacity for climate change adaptive agriculture.

Targets

- 2.1 By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round
- 2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons
- 2.3 By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment
- 2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural

practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and progressively improve land and soil quality

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- 2.5 By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed
- 2.a Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries
- 2.b Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round
- 2.c Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility

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NER District SDG Index: Goal 2

The score for Goal 2 ranges between 83 and 40 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. Champhai [MZ], Phek [NL] and Kakching [MN] are the top performing districts. 83 districts fall in the category

of Front Runners and 37 in the category of Performers, while 1 district is in the category of Aspirant with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 2.1: SDG 2 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

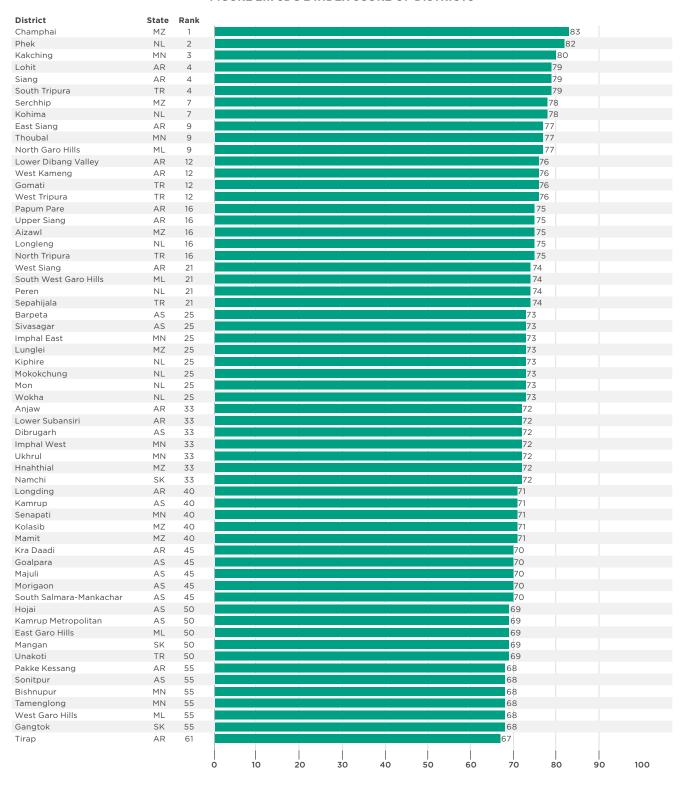




FIGURE 2.1: SDG 2 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

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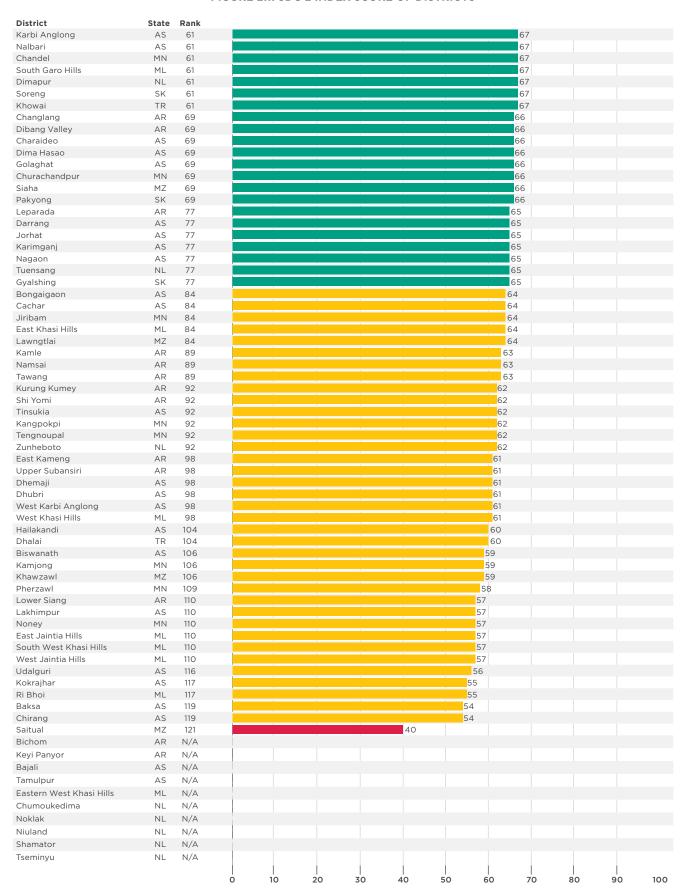
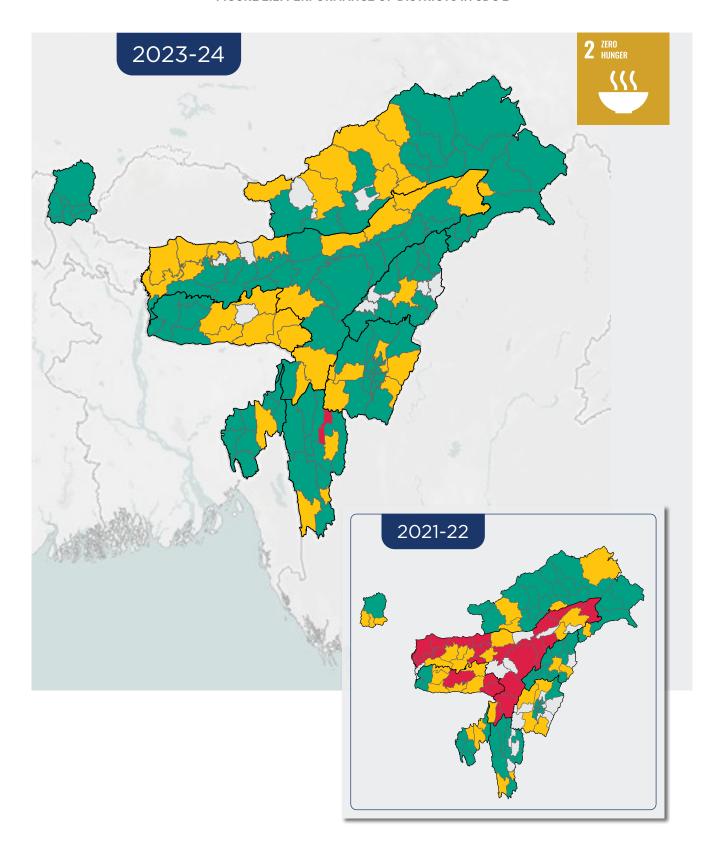


FIGURE 2.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 2



Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
2.1	Percentage of Fair Price Shops (FPS) covered under online transaction system for PDS in the district	100	Global SDG target 2.1 aims to end hunger and ensure access to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round, by all. The Public Distribution System in India facilitates the supply of food grains and essential commodities at subsidized price to a large number of poor people through a network of FPS. Automation of FPS is critical for having greater transparency in the overall PDS value chain. To encourage FPS automation, the target has been set to be the average of the best five scores, rounded to the nearest whole number.
2.2	Percentage of anganwadi centres in the district with anthropometric measurement devices (height, weight measurement)	100	Global SDG target 2.2 aims to end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age. Availability of anthropometric measurement devices is important to identify cases of stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age.
2.2	Percentage of anganwadis with own buildings	100	Under the ICDS scheme, anganwadis function as the centre for health, nutrition and early learning. To carry out their activities effectively, all anganwadis must necessarily have their own buildings that meet the guidelines specified by the Ministry of Women and Child Development.
2.2	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted	23.7	The target has been set to 23.7 percent as per the WHO Global Nutrition Targets tracking tool
2.2	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are underweight	2.6	The target has been set to 2.6 per cent as this the corresponding percentage of children under five years who are underweight in upper middle-income countries as per the 2019 database of the World Bank.
2.2	Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	25.2	The WHO targets a 50 percent reduction of anaemia in women of reproductive age by 2025 (Global Nutrition Targets 2025, Policy Brief Series). Hence, 50 percent reduction from base year (2015-16) has been set to be the target.
2.2	Percentage of children aged 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	21	The target has been set to 21 per cent as this is the corresponding prevalence of anaemia in children aged 6-59 months in upper middle-income countries as per the 2019 database of the World Bank.
2.3	Average yield of rice (kg/ha)	4114	Global SDG target 2.3 aims to double the agricultural productivity by 2030. Hence, target is to double the agricultural productivity of the North Eastern Region from the base year (2015-16).
2.3	Productivity of fruits and vegetables (kg/ha)	16919.3	Global SDG target 2.3 aims to double the agricultural productivity by 2030. The target has been set as the average of the 5 best scores, after removing the outliers.

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	SDG Target	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	
	District	Percentage of Fair Price Shop (FPS) covered under online transaction system for PDS in the District	Percentage of anganwadi centres in the district with anthropometric measurement devices (height, weight measurement)	buildings	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are underweight	Percentage of pregnant wom- en aged 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	Percentage of children aged 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	Average yield of rice (kg/ha)	Productivity of fruits and vegetables (kg/ha)	SDG 2
	Anjaw	100.00	100.00	77.84	23.6	16.0	19.7	57.1	1683.89	3705.05	72
	Bichom	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Changlang Dibang Valley	98.06 100.00	100.00 100.00	70.70 94.12	26.3 16.9	25.0 16.0	60.6 39.0	65.3 88.6	3368.05 1800.94	6139.40 3885.71	66 66
	East Kameng	53.81	100.00	53.93	35.7	14.2	13.1	51.7	2024.78	4502.53	61
	East Siang	95.70	100.00	86.10	24.6	10.3	32.8	51.5	2783.91	5573.62	77
	Kamle	82.61	100.00	57.69	Null	Null	Null	Null	2900.90	3681.61	63
	Keyi Panyor	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Kra Daadi Kurung Kumey	82.61 66.67	100.00 100.00	62.92 53.85	28.8 29.2	14.5 13.9	2.0 Null	62.0 62.4	3005.98 3000.00	3777.14 3651.01	70 62
	Leparada	97.44	100.00	54.79	Null	Null	Null	Null	2514.31	4373.24	65
esh	Lohit	100.00	100.00	88.24	24.5	12.9	33.2	52.5	3199.41	5920.86	79
Prad	Longding	82.81	100.00	46.88	15.8	13.8	19.1	38.4	2639.53	1932.37	71
la	Lower Dibang Valley	90.91	100.00	79.89	14.3	9.7	19.6	51.5	2472.24	5121.27	76
Arunachal Pradesh	Lower Siang Lower Subansiri	74.36 85.19	100.00 100.00	47.39 54.95	Null 30.7	Null 8.1	Null 22.1	Null 52.4	2358.63 3098.48	4992.58 4777.39	57 72
Ā	Namsai	85.19	100.00	61.88	28.7	17.7	52.6	59.2	3418.56	662.69	63
	Pakke Kessang	100.00	100.00	80.18	Null	Null	Null	Null	2046.63	4379.12	68
	Papum Pare	97.70	100.00	68.77	29.7	15.6	18.6	53.4	3028.31	5366.88	75
	Shi Yomi	92.00 74.26	100.00 100.00	53.96	Null 21.3	Null 8.8	Null	Null 24.9	2501.28	3435.48 5343.79	62 79
	Siang Tawang	100.00	100.00	63.01 68.53	30.4	9.0	15.4 57.4	89.6	3220.38 2966.39	5343.79	63
	Tirap	91.89	100.00	61.60	38.6	16.0	24.1	48.4	2189.17	4322.86	67
	Upper Siang	97.06	100.00	71.79	30.4	12.0	22.4	51.0	2947.19	4673.12	75
	Upper Subansiri	74.65	100.00	56.18	36.8	19.2	37.9	60.4	3164.85	2704.78	61
	West Kameng	89.33 88.44	100.00 100.00	100.00 69.92	24.2	13.4	18.2	66.6	2775.30	5041.80 4750.00	76 74
	West Siang Bajali	Null	Null	Null	24.5 Null	16.2 Null	16.8 Null	45.6 Null	2529.14 Null	4750.00 Null	*
	Baksa	100.00	100.00	41.25	41.2	34.0	65.3	78.6	2575.83	11695.27	54
	Barpeta	100.00	100.00	86.74	29.8	26.2	47.6	63.5	2812.09	13548.74	73
	Biswanath	100.00	100.00	58.51	42.7	41.0	45.1	79.8	2549.22	13290.68	
	Bongaigaon Cachar	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	96.13 46.33	46.2 28.7	35.3 38.2	51.2 44.0	77.2 61.8	2845.85 2094.97	12922.07 13818.73	64 64
	Charaideo	100.00	100.00	90.87	39.0	34.8	61.6	69.7	2539.76	16601.31	66
	Chirang	100.00	100.00	16.50	42.7	39.7	54.1	70.4	2715.01	12335.75	54
	Darrang	100.00	100.00	79.52	42.0	33.1	51.6	66.8	2872.11	12639.94	65
	Dhemaji Dhubri	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	67.44 93.44	37.2 48.5	25.7 37.8	61.7 69.7	73.1 73.1	2176.94 3102.67	13281.69 14978.67	
	Dibrugarh	100.00	100.00	96.51	27.3	32.0	47.2	66.4	2762.68	12054.57	72
	Dima Hasao	100.00	100.00	34.26	30.6	21.7	43.3	73.1	2258.64	16296.44	66
	Goalpara	100.00	100.00	98.47	38.9	35.4	49.2	60.7	2949.61	13992.90	70
	Golaghat Hailakandi	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	83.04 52.98	26.3 42.9	25.5 42.4	76.7 58.7	75.1 59.5	2764.54 2728.63	14632.76 15746.56	66 60
_	Hojai	100.00	100.00	60.26	39.3	28.4	51.4	56.8	3407.33	14419.93	69
Assam	Jorhat	100.00	100.00	76.98	38.7	33.2	56.4	74.1	2911.88	15206.28	65
<	Kamrup	100.00	100.00	85.44	22.6	19.7	66.5	72.9	2959.47	13682.38	71
	Kamrup Metropolitan Karbi Anglong	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	65.89 40.31	25.4 31.6	25.0 28.2	56.4 42.1	80.4 67.5	2988.20 2577.77	14834.21 15147.70	69 67
	Karoi Angiong Karimganj	100.00	100.00	81.77	29.1	52.9	42.1	64.1	2050.85	13147.70	65
	Kokrajhar	100.00	100.00	26.44	34.6	35.2	59.5	74.7	2120.06	13083.62	
	Lakhimpur	100.00	100.00	30.76	38.5	34.4	42.3	69.3	1962.78	10865.45	57
	Majuli	100.00	100.00	79.26	35.4	22.2	Null	73.0	2523.87	12931.75	70
	Morigaon Nagaon	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	88.54 99.73	43.2 38.9	30.5 32.4	48.0 62.4	53.3 68.6	2853.50 2515.29	14410.95 13193.33	70 65
	Nalbari	100.00	100.00	59.23	27.5	26.7	53.2	71.0	2681.43	12661.17	67
	Sivasagar	100.00	100.00	90.72	26.1	25.9	54.3	67.5	2644.51	15750.14	73
	Sonitpur	100.00	100.00	73.67	36.7	21.9	47.3	69.4	2940.93	10301.63	68
	South Salmara-Mankachar Tamulpur	100.00 Null	100.00 Null	73.45 Null	38.9 Null	27.9 Null	37.6 Null	69.6 Null	3012.01 Null	13865.11 Null	70 *
	Tinsukia	100.00	100.00	91.29	32.8	32.2	71.7	66.4	1805.51	12559.03	62
	Udalguri	100.00	100.00	30.73	33.8	32.5	63.9	77.6	2594.00	11806.95	
	West Karbi Anglong	100.00	100.00	39.79	40.9	31.1	38.8	79.0	2523.54	14336.27	61
	Bishnupur Chandel	100.00	100.00	32.92	15.5	11.7	39.0	42.4	1983.48	5260.54	68
	Churachandpur	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	13.47 27.53	34.0 25.1	14.7 9.8	20.3 51.8	42.4 41.1	1621.35 1208.40	9914.79 10859.68	67 66
	Imphal East	100.00	100.00	19.55	18.4	14.4	27.4	50.3	2208.89	13080.38	73
	Imphal West	100.00	100.00	26.62	15.6	10.2	39.5	41.8	1646.39	12573.50	72
	Jiribam	100.00	100.00	10.61	Null	Null	Null	Null	1528.74	19490.64	
JII.C	Kakching Kamjong	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	41.48 15.83	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	4642.79 1517.41	10839.97 11494.34	80 59
Manipur	Kangpokpi	100.00	100.00	17.89	Null	Null	Null	Null	1772.37	12411.14	
_	Noney	100.00	100.00	35.16	Null	Null	Null	Null	798.67	9397.21	
	Pherzawl	100.00	100.00	18.06	Null	Null	Null	Null	1285.84	11664.23	58 71
	Senapati Tamenglong	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	27.80 31.77	27.3 27.1	12.9 19.3	18.3 31.4	48.5 37.0	1771.54 783.92	10814.56 11224.13	71 68
	Tengnoupal	100.00	100.00	23.87	Null	Null	Null	Null	1620.33	11441.45	62
	Thoubal	100.00	100.00	26.29	31.5	14.9	32.0	39.7	4561.63	11236.48	77
	Ukhrul	100.00	100.00	26.57	27.1	16.0	25.7	34.6	1528.23	10433.22	72

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	SDG Target	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2,2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	
	District	Percentage of Fair Price Shop (FPS) covered under online transaction system for PDS in the District	Percentage of anganwadi centres in the district with anthropometric measurement devices (height, weight measurement)	Percentage of anganwadis	Percentage of children under	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are underweight	Percentage of pregnant wom- en aged 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	Percentage of children aged 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	Average yield of rice (kg/ha)	Productivity of fruits and vegetables (kg/ha)	SDG 2
	East Garo Hills	99.68	100.00	29.61	39.7	26.5	29.1	28.0	1939.82	13378.64	69
	East Jaintia Hills	100.00	100.00	46.55	49.8	23.6	46.5	47.2	2201.00	5071.60	57
	East Khasi Hills	90.20	100.00	52.80	44.6	23.8	43.7	39.0	1947.01	12177.38	64
	Eastern West Khasi Hills	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
_	North Garo Hills	100.00	100.00	67.56	35.6	15.8	40.8	30.2	2741.71	12229.38	77
alaya	Ri Bhoi	25.00	100.00	64.23	42.5	29.6	65.0	45.7	3369.22	12465.73	55
Meghalaya	South Garo Hills	76.62	100.00	31.72	29.8	20.8	33.7	33.6	2174.54	9537.71	67
	South West Garo Hills	100.00	100.00	49.53	32.2	26.4	37.8	35.5	3345.28	10163.92	74
	South West Khasi Hills	100.00	100.00	70.95	51.4	27.6	63.2	61.3	1870.11	12106.56	57
	West Garo Hills	51.68	100.00	64.18	39.5	26.3	26.7	30.2	3018.02	9266.21	68
	West Jaintia Hills	98.67	100.00	75.23	48.7	28.3	64.6	54.6	1885.88	9414.23	57
	West Khasi Hills	100.00	100.00	75.49	59.0	31.1	49.6	56.2	1910.90	18165.16	61
	Aizawl	99.31	100.00	100.00	25.3	9.6	33.4	44.0	1216.48	5895.38	75
	Champhai	100.00	100.00	100.00	27.2	13.1	15.7	38.3	2994.00	5689.78	83
	Hnahthial	100.00	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	1283.55	35993.36	72
	Khawzawl	100.00	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	1792.29	8034.36	59
am	Kolasib	100.00	100.00	100.00	30.4	12.6	43.8	53.8	1865.34	4783.73	71
Mizoram	Lawngtlai	89.93	100.00	100.00	32.7	16.9	46.5	55.3	1775.52	418.94	64
_	Lunglei	89.19	100.00	100.00	26.5	11.1	27.5	45.7	1521.99	2729.03	73
	Mamit	100.00	100.00	100.00	26.4	13.9	29.9	45.5	1279.82	47.22	71
	Saitual	100.00	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	1417.27	3.11	40
	Serchhip	100.00	100.00	100.00	31.8	14.4	43.4	43.2	1667.22	14927.13	78
	Siaha	92.31	100.00	100.00	43.8	17.6	30.0	46.4	1504.39	2306.73	66
	Chumoukedima	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dimapur	100.00	100.00	51.62	28.3	29.8	32.9	48.9	3063.15	1274.50	67
	Kiphire	100.00	100.00	82.84	36.9	25.0	19.5	55.2	2354.49	10058.10	73
	Kohima Longleng	100.00	100.00	64.97	28.3	22.1	3.9	38.4 40.4	2922.86 2375.19	8920.65 14054.25	78 75
	Mokokchung	100.00	100.00	52.00	31.4	22.9	11.5	35.5	2462.85	7945.12	73
	Mon	100.00	100.00	63.03	35.5	23.3	27.0	39.4	2286.04	9398.80	73
pue	Noklak	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Nagaland	Niuland	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Z	Peren	100.00	100.00	61.83	34.9	20.7	26.4	51.0	2825.79	10968.16	74
	Phek	100.00	100.00	74.49	28.0	15.6	18.2	44.9	2981.26	11699.58	82
	Shamator	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tseminyu	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tuensang	100.00	100.00	59.56	37.1	34.2	20.0	38.8	2413.69	1805.22	65
	Wokha	100.00	100.00	51.68	26.3	28.0	29.8	45.4	2554.75	10163.72	73
	Zunheboto	100.00	100.00	60.57	44.0	44.5	40.8	34.9	2412.06	7469.68	62
	Gangtok	97.44	100.00	61.24	17.8	13.0	Null	49.8	1817.76	3581.95	68
	Gyalshing	97.47	100.00	71.60	25.2	19.3	Null	67.1	1974.68	4089.92	65
Sikkim	Mangan	94.52	100.00	91.05	31.8	15.3	26.9	53.5	1511.38	3314.35	69
Si	Namchi	99.42	100.00	79.52	24.8	7.2	Null	56.5	1968.03	4116.24	72
	Pakyong	95.81	100.00	83.02	Null	Null	Null	Null	1872.17	3614.61	66
	Soreng	95.63	100.00	85.06	Null	Null	Null	Null	1971.43	3674.09	67
	Dhalai	100.00	100.00	87.21	45.7	27.6	75.4	81.2	2882.80	14227.35	60
	Gomati	100.00	100.00	94.88	22.7	29.0	52.8	70.7	3334.59	15358.73	76
	Khowai	100.00	100.00	91.61	47.0	24.7	63.7	73.4	3314.31	16965.56	67
Tripura	North Tripura	100.00	100.00	88.88	26.2	32.2	55.3	52.5	3011.20	15956.84	75
Έ	Sepahijala	100.00	100.00	93.35	34.5	21.0	55.8	72.1	3497.02	15611.76	74
	South Tripura	100.00	100.00	94.63	25.5	21.6	57.1	59.6	3455.88	16590.63	79
	Unakoti	100.00	100.00	91.78	31.8	32.0	76.7	62.8	3263.63	17362.30	69
	West Tripura	100.00	100.00	86.05	30.3	21.2	56.2	54.5	3386.43	14992.47	76
	Target	100	100	100	23.7	2.6	25.2	21	4114	16919.32	100



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GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

Good health is essential to sustainable development and the 2030 Agenda reflects the complexity and interconnectedness of the two. It takes into account widening economic and social inequalities, rapid urbanization, threats to the climate and the environment, the continuing burden of HIV and other infectious diseases, and emerging challenges such as non-communicable diseases. It calls for a renewed focus on mental health issues as well. Universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health care services and access to safe, effective, quality, and affordable medicines are integral to this goal.

Targets

- 3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births
- 3.2 By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births
- 3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases
- 3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being
- 3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol
- 3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents
- 3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for

- family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes
- 3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all
- 3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination
- 3.a Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate
- 3.b Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all
- 3.c Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States
- 3.d Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks

NER District SDG Index: Goal 3

The score for Goal 3 ranges between 84 and 39 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. Upper Siang [AR], East Siang [AR] and West Siang [AR] are the top performing districts. 48 districts fall in

the category of Front Runners and 67 in the category of Performers, while 6 districts are in the category of Aspirants with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 3.1: SDG 3 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

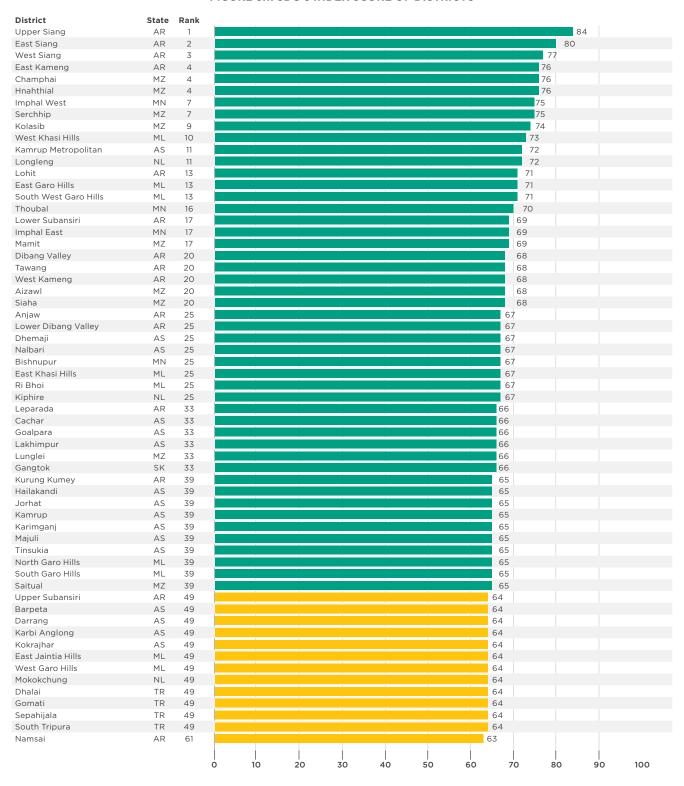


FIGURE 3.1: SDG 3 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

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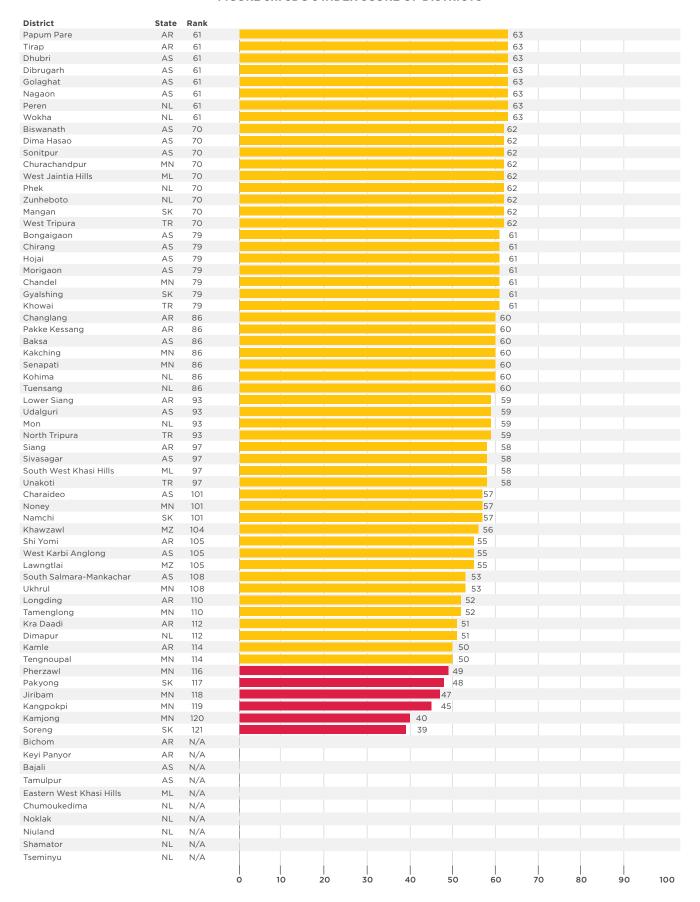
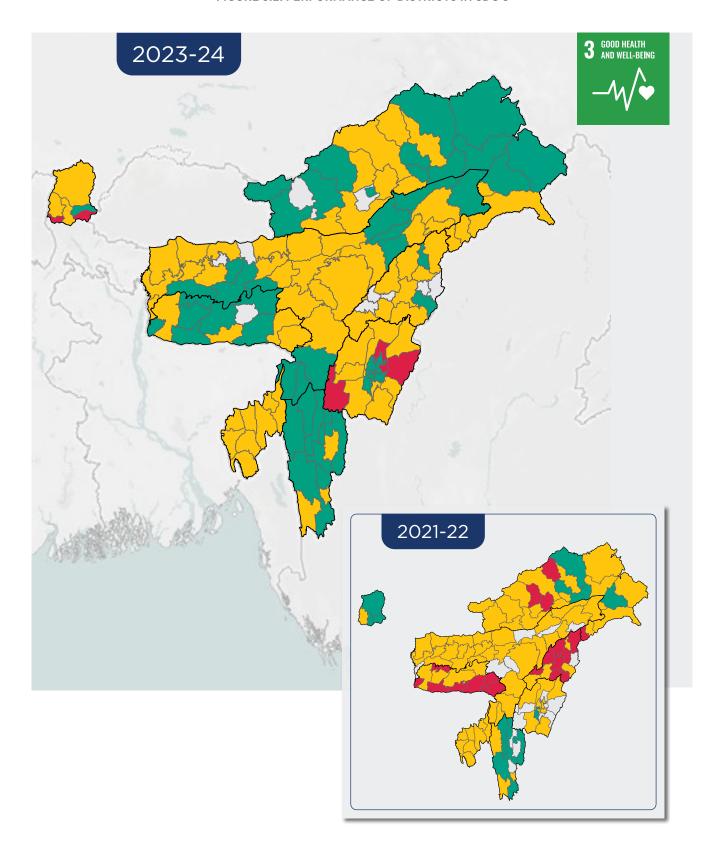


FIGURE 3.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 3



Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
3.1	Percentage of pregnant women who completed 4 Antenatal Cares (ANC) in the district	100	This target corresponds to global SDG target 3.1 that aims to reduce maternal mortality. The antenatal period presents opportunities for reaching pregnant women with interventions that may be vital to their health and wellbeing and that of their infants. The WHO recommends receiving antenatal care at least four times to increase the likelihood of receiving effective maternal health interventions during the antenatal period.
3.1	Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel	100	This target corresponds to global SDG target 3.1 that aims to reduce maternal mortality. All women should have access to skilled care during pregnancy and childbirth to ensure prevention, detection and management of complications. Assistance by competent health personnel working within an enabling environment is key to lowering maternal and newborn deaths.
3.2	Percentage of children aged 9-11 months fully immunized	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 3.2 which aims to end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age. 100 percent immunization coverage (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of polio and DPT) is a prerequisite to achieve this global target.
3.2	Infant Mortality Rate	11	The target has been set to 11 per cent as this is the corresponding rate of infant mortality in upper middle-income countries as per the 2019 database of the World Bank.
3.8	Number of functional new born facilities (SNCU, NBSU, NBCC) per 10,000 population	3.13	Global SDG target 3.8 aims to achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all. The target has been set as the average of the 5 best scores.
3.3	Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population	0	The target is aligned with the global SDG target 3.3 that aims to end the epidemic of AIDS by 2030.
3.8	Percentage of TB cases successfully treated among TB cases notified to the national health authorities	100	The target is aligned with the global SDG target 3.8 that aims to provide access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all. It is also aligned to global SDG target 3.3.
3.4	Number of suicide deaths reported per 1,00,000 population	3.5	Global SDG target 3.4 aims to reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being, by 2030. Hence, the target has been set to reduce by a third from the base year (2015) figures.
3.5	Number of de-addiction centres (public and private) per 10,000 population	5.7	Global SDG target 3.5 aims to strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol. The target has been set as the average of the 5 best scores.
3.8	First Referral Units (FRUs) per 10,000 population	3.7	The target is aligned with the global SDG target 3.8 that aims to provide access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all. The target has been set as the average of the 5 best scores.
3.c	Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population	45	Global SDG target 3.c aims to substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce. The WHO, in its report "Monitoring Health in the Sustainable Development Goals: 2017, World Health Organization, Regional Office for South East Asia", lays out a target to have a skilled health professionals density (physicians/nurses/midwives per 10,000 population) of 44.5.

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	SDG Target	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.8	3.3	3.8	3.4	3.5	3.8	3.c	
	District	Percentage of pregnant women who completed 4 ANCs in the district	Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel	Percentage of children aged 9-11 months fully immunized	Infant Mortality Rate	Number of functional new born facilities (SNCU, NBSU, NBCC) per 10,000 population	Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population	Percentage of TB cases suc- cessfully treated among TB cases notified to the national health authorities	Number of suicide deaths reported per 1,00,000 population	Number of de-addiction centres (public and private) per 1,00,000 population	First Referral Units (FRUs) per 1,00,000 population	Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population	SDG 3
	Anjaw	41.91	78.33	65.85	0.00	1.89	0.00	Null	4.72	4.72	0.00	28.35	67
	Bichom	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Changlang	43.91	90.87	83.64	0.97	1.01	0.51	120.72	8.77	0.67	0.00	12.55	60
	Dibang Valley	3.03	93.75	76.74	0.00	3.75	0.00	102.74	12.49	0.00	0.00	66.22	68
	East Kameng	111.39	99.39	93.18	0.00 12.35	2.06	0.08	179.52	1.59 30.62	0.00	1.59 2.78	19.38	76 80
	East Siang Kamle	86.86 23.53	100.00 76.12	98.72 38.78	0.00	1.95 1.80	0.49	88.10 Null	9.02	1.39 0.00	0.00	47.88 21.20	50
	Keyi Panyor	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Kra Daadi	70.55	80.46	31.61	0.00	0.86	0.00	Null	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.70	51
	Kurung Kumey	72.36	100.00	90.77	0.00	0.88	0.00	425.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.44	65
	Leparada	41.76	98.96	89.37	0.00	2.48	0.05	Null	4.96	0.00	0.00	28.78	66
esh	Lohit	76.87	99.15	98.74	19.13	1.61	1.05	83.10	20.09	2.01	2.01	21.50	71
rad	Longding	36.76	75.49	87.51	5.25	0.53	0.00	Null	1.77	0.00	0.00	12.89	
hal	Lower Dibang Valley	51.50	99.30	86.99	2.16	1.48	0.52	Null	7.40	0.00	1.85	24.78	67
Arunachal Pradesh	Lower Siang	32.00	98.99	61.90	12.66	2.30	0.14	Null	27.57	0.00	0.00	36.76	59
Aru	Lower Subansiri	38.08	98.04	32.27	10.91	1.89	0.02	102.70	2.36	0.00	2.36	40.14	69
	Namsai	80.43	97.92	105.11	7.61	0.83	3.76	96.67	6.25	1.04	1.04	13.76	
	Pakke Kessang Papum Pare	15.00 45.88	100.00 99.96	36.04 113.06	0.00 4.62	3.31 1.81	0.00 1.57	Null 54.17	16.53 31.71	0.00 0.57	0.00 0.57	41.33 41.40	
	Shi Yomi	18.79	84.21	83.02	22.22	1.50	0.00	Null	7.51	0.00	0.00	23.29	
	Siang	21.90	78.33	70.44	0.00	2.19	0.00	Null	9.40	0.00	0.00	32.89	
	Tawang	44.85	81.37	72.60	15.22	2.20	0.02	115.15	2.00	0.00	2.00	22.60	68
	Tirap	64.46	81.02	80.66	0.00	0.90	0.52	89.51	7.23	1.81	0.00	21.86	63
	Upper Siang	67.61	99.22	85.58	11.17	2.27	0.06	90.24	0.00	2.83	2.83	40.77	84
	Upper Subansiri	71.85	100.00	39.12	0.00	1.04	0.29	194.34	10.45	0.00	1.31	24.17	64
	West Kameng	68.78	99.08	79.75	2.60	1.53	0.09	118.18	12.75	0.00	1.27	20.14	68
	West Siang	74.44	99.74	89.66	8.22	1.52	0.17	113.27	1.90	1.90	1.90	26.47	77
	Bajali	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Baksa	87.16 91.49	99.98	68.65 85.11	28.66 9.92	0.59	0.00	116.07	5.89 6.55	0.00	0.11	8.14	60 64
	Barpeta Biswanath	95.01	99.76 99.96	100.84	9.10	0.59	0.03	111.60 Null	21.22	0.18	0.18	8.44 10.53	
	Bongaigaon	90.96	99.93	72.78	7.61	0.69	0.09	112.72	25.04	0.14	0.27	7.35	
	Cachar	91.06	99.72	106.97	4.16	0.40	0.02	112.22	4.66	0.63	0.12	7.22	66
	Charaideo	92.22	100.00	66.73	13.35	0.35	0.01	Null	16.57	0.44	0.22	7.92	57
	Chirang	84.41	91.32	78.43	9.06	0.83	0.04	106.93	18.25	0.00	0.21	8.15	
	Darrang	95.08	99.99	77.27	6.70	0.59	0.06	110.34	13.46	0.65	0.32	9.99	64
	Dhemaji	90.36	99.96	82.40	7.50	0.64	0.03	111.24	10.06	1.46	0.44	9.11	67
	Dhubri	92.52	85.33	95.21	9.72	0.49	0.01	107.10	11.33	0.14	0.14	7.66	
	Dibrugarh	91.57	99.96	81.23	5.85	0.34	0.05	115.61	10.56	0.23	0.15	8.60	
	Dima Hasao Goalpara	62.32 92.35	83.89 99.92	68.32 86.12	8.39 9.07	0.98	0.01	112.74 113.75	2.34 8.23	0.47	0.47	17.33 8.90	62 66
	Golaghat	93.17	99.94	72.98	16.98	0.78	0.06	114.13	6.47	0.28	0.30	8.45	63
	Hailakandi	90.10	98.57	99.74	6.65	0.65	0.05	116.07	9.86	0.15	0.15	7.95	65
	Hojai	96.07	97.24	96.83	4.87	0.35	0.03	Null	8.70	0.21	0.32	4.08	61
Assam	Jorhat	84.22	99.99	93.73	11.62	0.48	0.05	117.04	8.00	0.22	0.22	10.68	65
<	Kamrup	93.51	99.95	87.41	10.83	0.49	0.12	119.28	18.19	0.59	0.66	9.68	65
	Kamrup Metropolitan	132.48	99.78	121.98	4.39	0.26	0.31	121.44	24.48	5.26	0.32	9.72	72
	Karbi Anglong	71.85	97.01	93.93	6.61	0.86	0.05	112.20	0.00	0.15	0.00	9.20	64
	Karimganj	92.37	97.31	88.91	7.10	0.47	0.05	119.83	3.42	0.49	0.08	6.44	65
	Kokrajhar	86.44	99.03	76.57	10.81	0.56	0.04	112.38	1.69	0.00	0.23	10.26	64
	Lakhimpur Majuli	94.91 92.96	99.99 99.29	84.67 108.48	6.68 17.05	0.58	0.02	111.52 Null	5.66 4.78	1.06 0.00	0.10	8.89 14.29	66 65
	Morigaon	82.90	99.29	85.12	9.12	0.78	0.02	111.23	25.28	0.00	0.60	8.18	61
	Nagaon	89.44	98.44	80.10	5.24	0.41	0.24	107.67	6.13	0.21	0.21	8.60	
	Nalbari	91.99	100.00	91.23	7.67	0.48	0.06	110.23	1.30	0.13	0.39	12.23	67
	Sivasagar	92.73	99.97	65.42	14.16	0.35	0.13	113.69	38.13	0.29	0.43	11.65	58
	Sonitpur	83.89	98.11	73.46	4.97	0.27	0.03	112.83	0.00	0.46	0.15	5.79	
	South Salmara-Mankachar	83.19	75.34	70.60	8.76	0.34	0.00	Null	3.06	0.18	0.00	3.73	53
	Tamulpur	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tinsukia	95.82	99.45	79.29	6.44	0.48	0.01	120.15	7.61	1.05	0.38	6.21	65
	Udalguri West Karbi Anglong	86.28 62.27	99.72 69.45	65.32 87.29	22.29 7.25	0.57 0.95	0.02	112.38 Null	14.43 3.05	0.00	0.24	8.39 7.89	
	WEST VAIDI AUBIONS	02.27	09.45	01.29	1.25	0.95	0.01	INUII	3.05	0.00	0.34	7.89	55











	SDG Target	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.8	3.3	3.8	3.4	3.5	3.8	3.c	
	District	Percentage of pregnant women who completed 4 ANCs in the district	Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel	Percentage of children aged 9-11 months fully immunized	Infant Mortality Rate	Number of functional new born facilities (SNCU, NBSU, NBCC) per 10,000 population	Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population	Percentage of TB cases suc- cessfully treated among TB cases notified to the national health authorities	Number of suicide deaths reported per 1,00,000 population	Number of de-addiction centres (public and private) per 1,00,000 population	First Referral Units (FRUs) per 1,00,000 population	Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population	SDG 3
	Bishnupur	118.63	98.04	94.99	3.03	0.29	0.09	61.54	2.53	2.53	0.42	10.07	67
	Chandel	23.42	96.80	83.23	16.00	0.48	0.36	80.49	0.00	1.20	1.20	20.70	61
	Churachandpur	50.38	95.66	118.64	34.97	0.17	0.76	87.69	0.00	1.29	1.72	13.01	62
	Imphal East	27.11	99.89	84.25	4.85	0.29	0.33	84.90	0.73	5.09	0.97	23.09	69
	Imphal West	135.12	99.93	81.62	3.52	0.15	0.47	62.33	1.93	5.60	1.35	26.29	75
	Jiribam	3.25 43.38	68.75 82.84	27.05 84.28	0.00	0.46 0.27	0.07 0.05	95.45 79.81	4.56 0.69	2.28	0.00	6.16 12.48	47 60
<u> </u>	Kakching Kamjong	40.55	57.07	43.50	20.73	0.21	0.08	11.11	0.09	2.06	0.09	6.01	40
Manipur	Kangpokpi	22.21	74.87	39.90	2.68	0.21	0.10	70.50	0.52	0.52	0.00	5.88	45
Σ	Noney	64.39	66.86	65.14	0.00	0.59	0.02	81.82	0.00	1.97	0.00	11.20	57
	Pherzawl	60.92	85.50	20.89	15.38	0.24	0.00	Null	0.00	2.42	0.00	6.05	49
	Senapati	38.28	88.65	201.65	0.49	0.35	0.16	90.73	0.00	0.70	0.35	8.97	60
	Tamenglong	35.39	62.36	94.39	29.98	0.45	0.01	68.75	0.00	0.00	1.11	10.03	52
	Tengnoupal	34.12	92.67	30.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	67.57	3.30	1.65	0.00	13.53	50
	Thoubal	73.92	99.30	94.13	0.00	0.25	0.08	81.87	0.36	3.26	0.36	23.70	70
	Ukhrul	37.72	84.09	63.61	0.00	0.22	0.49	70.83	0.00	0.74	0.74	11.42	53
	East Garo Hills	71.41	77.97	101.73	16.43	0.89	0.05	87.01	2.06	0.00	6.86	19.14	71
	East Jaintia Hills	43.34	82.16	110.35	22.99	0.73	1.70	92.82	4.07	0.00	6.51	14.15	64
	East Khasi Hills	90.68	81.59	76.55	28.81	0.44	0.85 Null	85.04 Null	6.42	0.61	4.60	18.50	67 *
-	Eastern West Khasi Hills North Garo Hills	Null 84.65	Null 66.74	Null 85.61	Null 25.14	Null 0.76	0.01	81.88	Null 2.32	Null 0.00	Null 6.97	Null 10.81	65
laya	Ri Bhoi	83.42	65.13	95.64	20.86	0.78	0.01	89.50	7.34	0.00	5.02	10.74	67
Meghalaya	South Garo Hills	64.25	55.58	104.32	20.24	0.91	0.02	88.15	7.03	0.00	5.62	13.77	65
Me	South West Garo Hills	92.67	87.75	109.04	29.16	0.68	0.02	92.61	9.01	0.00	6.20	12.50	71
	South West Khasi Hills	60.54	39.09	104.94	33.91	0.50	0.06	81.55	14.12	0.00	17.14	14.52	58
	West Garo Hills	72.94	68.41	85.16	24.31	0.45	0.07	88.11	7.52	0.21	4.08	12.65	64
	West Jaintia Hills	34.38	74.26	124.69	17.55	0.51	1.66	87.00	9.92	0.37	6.25	16.24	62
	West Khasi Hills	91.22	70.23	106.81	19.98	1.37	0.14	92.99	11.12	0.65	5.89	17.73	73
	Aizawl	89.72	99.92	135.26	17.61	0.33	1.49	85.55	16.87	1.91	0.54	34.78	68
	Champhai	77.01	98.28	97.09	10.32	2.78	0.77	91.72	5.56	1.39	1.39	22.39	76
	Hnahthial	75.98	97.91	99.70	16.74	2.81	0.35	Null	28.08	0.00	3.51	29.14	76
	Khawzawl	66.88	98.51	77.58	18.59	1.36	0.49	Null	32.55	0.00	0.00	22.78	56
am	Kolasib	69.12	97.07	99.23	14.23	0.95	0.18	93.33	9.53	2.38	2.38	19.53	74
Mizoram	Lawngtlai	46.14	73.30	74.20	17.31	1.70	0.14	71.43	13.57	0.00	0.85	11.62	55 66
_	Lunglei Mamit	62.54 60.11	82.97 79.08	87.93 85.92	10.42 7.85	1.59 1.85	0.08	88.81 225.58	4.55 8.11	0.00	0.76 2.32	23.76 19.57	69
	Saitual	64.15	99.74	92.52	12.79	0.99	0.09	Null	15.81	0.00	1.98	19.57	65
	Serchhip	61.39	99.76	97.80	11.93	0.53	0.18	88.89	6.12	1.53	3.06	27.53	75
	Siaha	51.64	87.68	91.10	25.29	2.83	0.46	95.20	14.14	0.00	1.77	19.09	68
	Chumoukedima	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dimapur	36.09	95.86	106.54	13.15	0.88	4.72	Null	22.02	1.96	0.98	14.29	51
	Kiphire	53.39	89.04	42.63	6.56	1.89	0.47	Null	1.35	2.70	2.70	19.05	67
	Kohima	36.06	97.50	74.55	13.64	1.47	1.32	Null	5.21	1.89	0.47	18.61	60
	Longleng	25.44	95.00	47.42	3.01	1.58	0.32	98.04	0.00	7.92	1.98	20.40	72
	Mokokchung	53.86	98.53	64.43	7.83	1.23	0.54	57.82	1.54	3.60	0.51	18.24	64
pu	Mon	17.99	77.15	57.86	1.23	1.92	0.32	83.28	0.00	2.80	0.40	10.83	59
Nagaland	Noklak	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Na	Niuland Peren	Null 19.74	Null 74.66	Null 48.78	Null 6.17	Null 1.68	Null 0.60	Null 75.40	0.00	Null 4.20	Null 2.10	Null 14.91	63
	Phek	23.44	89.31	46.40	4.53	1.41	0.39	96.64	0.61	3.06	0.61	18.48	62
	Shamator	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tseminyu	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tuensang	15.44	94.65	47.68	4.02	1.31	1.84	79.52	9.33	4.67	0.93	19.69	60
	Wokha	29.25	97.89	50.04	3.91	0.96	0.30	93.65	0.60	3.01	1.20	14.25	63
	Zunheboto	25.05	96.89	46.08	1.20	0.71	0.23	92.00	0.00	3.55	0.71	16.70	62
	Gangtok	70.10	99.84	73.65	2.51	0.68	0.15	92.72	37.82	2.28	0.00	60.29	66
_	Gyalshing	85.75	99.49	59.30	35.71	2.09	0.07	88.74	53.02	0.00	1.40	28.74	61
Sikkim	Mangan	81.05	96.55	48.08	86.21	1.83	0.09	86.08	16.02	0.00	2.29	41.41	62
Si	Namchi	85.38 NII	99.32	63.32	18.06	0.75	0.03	82.69	48.35	0.68	0.00	26.22	57
	Pakyong Soreng	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	0.00	0.00	0.11	86.15 82.97	63.93 46.32	3.12 0.00	1.56 0.00	0.78 0.15	48 39
	Dhalai	71.07	94.48	106.59	9.35	0.00	0.03	119.15	16.13	0.00	0.00	16.21	64
	Gomati	85.21	99.32	93.14	7.63	0.69	0.33	153.27	15.61	0.00	0.53	15.47	64
	Khowai	82.53	98.51	84.68	6.79	0.42	0.44	92.58	19.23	0.00	0.47	12.00	61
Ira	North Tripura	91.86	97.62	121.60	6.77	0.48	0.28	41.69	11.98	0.00	0.24	10.85	
Tripura	Sepahijala	80.69	98.14	111.62	3.17	0.44	0.27	269.23	17.08	0.00	0.42	13.29	
	South Tripura	79.21	99.49	92.55	3.92	0.65	0.14	93.96	19.25	0.00	0.45	16.25	
	Unakoti	75.52	93.61	112.91	10.65	0.40	0.24	49.69	14.47	0.00	0.36	14.10	
	West Tripura	134.55	99.91	83.35	21.98	0.39	0.94	111.45	26.03	0.11	0.33	24.52	62
	Target	100	100	100	11	3.13	0	100	3.5	5.7	3.70	45	100





QUALITY EDUCATION

Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all.

Achieving inclusive and quality education for all reaffirms the belief that education is one of the most powerful and proven vehicles for sustainable development. This goal is aimed at ensuring that all girls and boys complete primary and secondary schooling by 2030 and are provided equal access to affordable vocational training, to eliminate gender and wealth disparities, and achieve universal access to a quality higher education. Additionally, it emphasizes on lifelong learning opportunities, so as to achieve substantial adult literacy and numeracy, and on building and upgrading existing education facilities that are child, disability and gender-sensitive.

Targets

- 4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes
- 4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education
- 4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university
- 4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship
- 4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations

4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy

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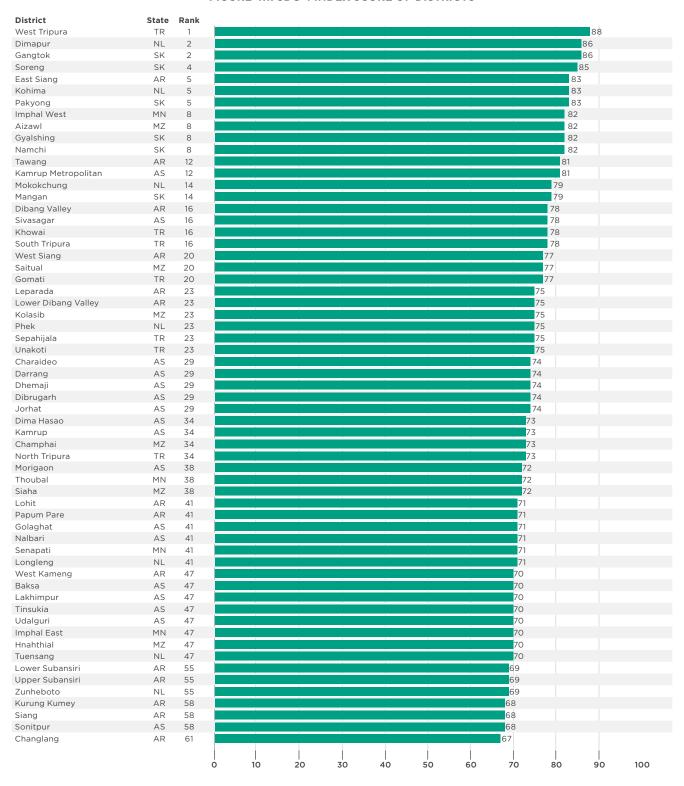
- 4.7 By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development
- 4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all
- 4.b By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular, least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries
- 4.c By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States

NER District SDG Index: Goal 4

The score for Goal 4 ranges between 88 and 38 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. West Tripura [TR], Dimapur [NL] and Gangtok [SK] are the top performing districts. 80 districts fall in the

category of Front Runners and 30 in the category of Performers, while 11 districts are in the category of Aspirants with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 4.1: SDG 4 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS



Aspirant (0-49)

Performer (50-64)

Front Runner (65-99)

Achiever (100)

FIGURE 4.1: SDG 4 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

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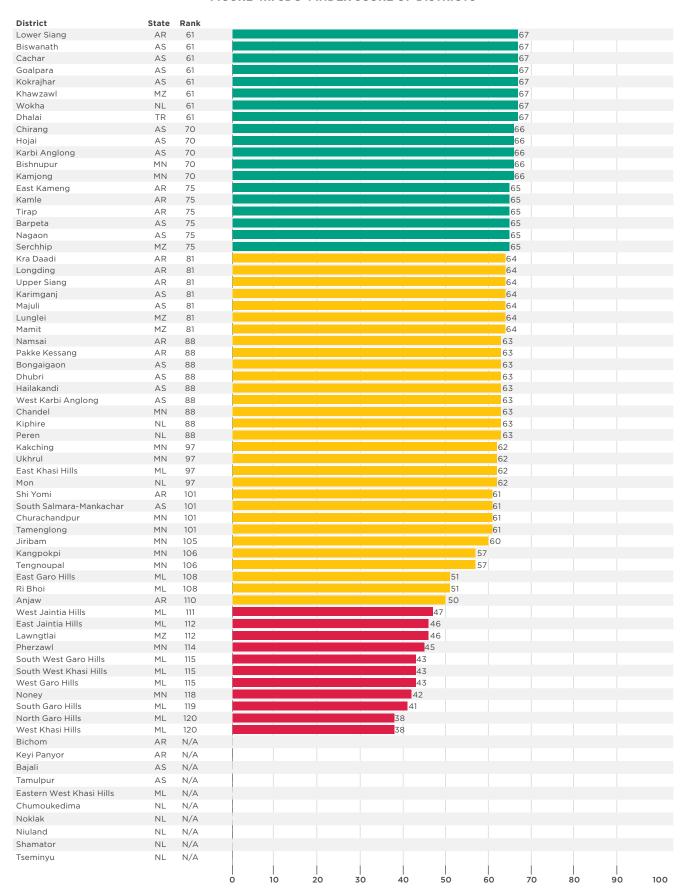
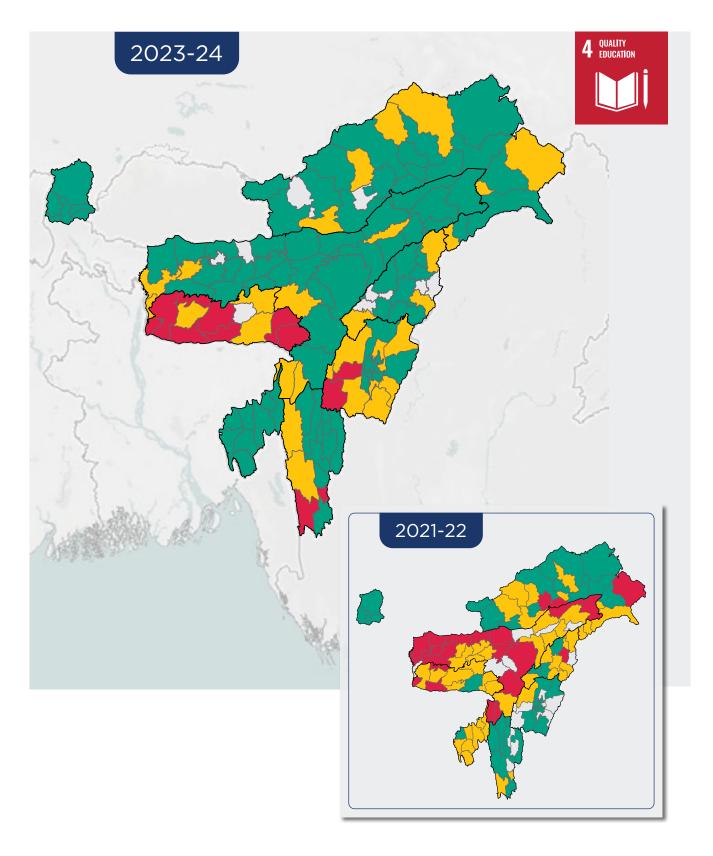


FIGURE 4.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 4



Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
4.1	Average annual dropout rate at secondary level (Class 9-10)	3.21	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 4.1 which aims to ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education. The National Education Policy, 2020 also aims to curtail drop-out rates with a goal to achieve 100 per cent Gross Enrolment Ratio in preschool to secondary level by 2030. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
4.5	Ratio of female to male enrolment at secondary level (Class 9-10)	1	This target is aligned with the global SDG target 4.5 which aims to eliminate gender disparities in education.
4.1	Percentage of students in grade VIII achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained at the end of the grade	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 4.1 which aims to ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education with relevant and effective learning outcomes.
4.a	Percentage of schools with computers available	100	The National Education Policy 2020 aims to provide effective and sufficient infrastructure so that all students have access to safe and engaging school education at all levels from pre-primary school to Grade 12. It aims to take special care to ensure that no school remains deficient on infrastructure support.
4.a	Percentage of schools with access to electricity	100	The National Education Policy 2020 aims to provide effective and sufficient infrastructure so that all students have access to safe and engaging school education at all levels from pre-primary school to Grade 12. It aims to take special care to ensure that no school remains deficient on infrastructure support.
4.c	Percentage of trained teachers at secondary level (Class 9-10)	100	This target is aligned with global SDG target 4.c which aims to substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers.
4.c	Pupil Teacher Ratio at secondary level (Class 9-10)	30	The National Education Policy 2020 proposes to ensure a pupil-teacher ratio (PTR) of under 30:1 at each level of school education.

	SDG Target	4.1	4.5	4.1	4.a	4.a	4.c	4.c	
	District	Average annual drop-out rate at secondary level (Class 9-10)	Ratio of female to male enrolment at secondary level (Class 9-10)	Percentage of students in grade 8 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained at the end of the grade	Percentage of schools with computers available	Percentage of schools with functional electricity	Percentage of trained teachers at secondary level (Class 9-10)	Pupil Teacher Ratio at secondary level (Class 9-10)	SDG 4
	Anjaw	35.62	0.85	69.5	16.22	91.89	91.67	7.70	
	Bichom	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Changlang	27.33	1.09	60	35.84	88.55	89.11	13.72	67
	Dibang Valley	17.14	1.18	81.5	34.78	86.96	100.00	3.24	78
	East Kameng	20.93	1.01	66.5	33.53	45.29	95.80	9.04	65
	East Siang	10.22	1.01	83.5	51.85	97.53	93.37	7.97	83
	Kamle	27.49	1.36	85	22.78	39.24	97.96	9.07	65
	Keyi Panyor	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	64
	Kra Daadi Kurung Kumey	20.75 34.99	1.29	74.5 69	18.80 36.36	48.87 88.89	91.44	7.24 4.74	68
	Leparada	11.81	1.04	73	42.86	63.49	97.32	5.77	75
ے	Lohit	17.25	1.20	68	49.06	69.81	88.06	11.58	71
Arunachal Pradesh	Longding	14.37	1.02	57.5	36.79	42.45	90.39	12.98	64
nal Pr	Lower Dibang Valley	20.65	0.96	81	67.00	79.00	94.26	8.04	75
ınacı	Lower Siang	20.62	0.98	70	50.00	59.46	89.96	5.49	67
Arı	Lower Subansiri	16.79	0.91	82	56.52	87.68	87.17	6.26	69
	Namsai	21.08	0.95	75.5	28.44	69.19	88.14	10.47	
	Pakke Kessang	27.52	1.84	70	20.75	43.40	100.00	10.61	63
	Papum Pare	29.31	1.08	80	51.68	63.03	94.73	8.38	71
	Shi Yomi	23.16	1.50	64.5	28.21	33.33	95.45	12.17	61
	Siang	16.85	1.05	80	25.00	50.93	91.86	5.22	68
	Tawang	15.26	1.76 0.96	80	71.19	79.66	92.58	10.37	81
	Tirap Upper Siang	20.39	0.89	72.5	40.28 37.80	61.11 76.38	92.49 95.45	10.37 7.58	65 64
	Upper Subansiri	8.09	1.08	70.5	41.60	29.20	94.62	13.74	69
	West Kameng	26.02	1.11	71.5	52.92	67.92	92.65	9.94	70
	West Siang	18.92	1.06	79	38.78	97.28	92.84	5.94	77
	Bajali	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Baksa	25.39	1.06	78.5	84.84	88.35	62.12	7.82	70
	Barpeta	29.42	1.30	79	58.71	83.89	65.32	12.12	65
	Biswanath	31.45	1.18	69	59.26	88.21	78.59	14.10	67
	Bongaigaon	31.96	1.24	65	65.36	88.19	65.61	14.67	63
	Cachar	27.06	1.13	64.5	67.19	90.20	69.97	18.03	67
	Charaideo	23.29	1.19	79	95.20	98.44	61.98	9.22	74
	Chirang	27.24	1.16	64	61.43	83.87	73.70	13.07	66
	Darrang	18.87	1.26	70	80.66	90.68	73.12	10.63	74 74
	Dhemaji Dhubri	11.24 24.55	1.06 1.29	76 72.5	59.05 49.60	90.83	72.29 69.59	10.00 18.15	63
	Dibrugarh	19.43	1.08	69.5	75.74	97.23	74.57	10.34	74
	Dima Hasao	14.94	1.03	77	55.37	89.37	72.48	8.30	73
	Goalpara	29.02	1.40	67.5	64.17	89.13	72.86	15.91	67
	Golaghat	23.57	1.09	67.5	77.33	91.25	71.00	9.45	71
	Hailakandi	22.71	1.25	69	49.95	69.99	68.96	15.08	63
E	Hojai	28.25	1.48	62	79.34	91.07	63.53	15.17	66
Assam	Jorhat	22.65	1.04	80.5	63.69	95.68	76.05	7.64	74
4	Kamrup	34.85	1.13	79.5	83.31	92.70	79.47	10.02	73
	Kamrup Metropolitan	13.82	1.02	85	70.85	96.53	80.26	8.24	81
	Karbi Anglong	25.78	1.07	63.5	76.02	86.41	65.99	10.77	66
	Karimganj	26.72	1.43	60.5	64.43	82.74	69.57	17.16	64
	Kokrajhar	20.28	1.08	71.5	67.36	68.32	69.28	13.89	67
	Lakhimpur	21.39	1.10 0.90	73.5 79.5	58.54	88.49 89.64	71.99 67.88	7.71 5.97	70 64
	Majuli Morigaon	16.59 29.39	1.39	79.5	69.86 79.88	90.22	76.33	14.32	72
	Nagaon	30.05	1.53	68.5	64.25	88.18	69.36	10.16	65
	Nalbari	18.80	1.10	84.5	53.67	87.99	67.84	7.91	71
	Sivasagar	20.02	1.03	86	94.63	97.73	65.19	6.22	78
	Sonitpur	31.51	1.26	69	73.63	85.58	75.99	13.50	68
	South Salmara-Mankachar	27.24	1.55	73.5	55.28	73.93	62.01	14.03	61
	Tamulpur	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tinsukia	30.68	1.13	69	73.30	94.88	75.48	13.25	70
	Udalguri	16.89	1.17	71	67.28	90.51	63.97	11.85	70
	West Karbi Anglong	33.80	1.13	62	58.68	88.08	72.07	12.30	63



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	SDG Target	4.1	4.5	4.1	4.a	4.a	4.c	4.c	
	District	Average annual drop-out rate at secondary level (Class 9-10)	Ratio of female to male enrolment at secondary level (Class 9-10)	Percentage of students in grade 8 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained at the end of the grade	Percentage of schools with computers available	Percentage of schools with functional electricity	Percentage of trained teachers at secondary level (Class 9-10)	Pupil Teacher Ratio at secondary level (Class 9-10)	SDG 4
	Bishnupur	20.01	0.96	74.5	40.92	75.25	83.79	10.80	66
	Chandel	25.92	1.09	80.5	14.35	93.48	69.64	9.12	63
-	Churachandpur Imphal East	33.43 18.17	1.02 0.98	84 82	30.37 43.95	67.56 77.34	76.38 83.27	10.94 7.22	61 70
	Imphal West	0.00	1.00	85.5	55.56	86.48	83.51	7.73	82
	Jiribam	21.78	1.19	52.5	29.63	100.00	67.39	14.34	60
_	Kakching	30.47	0.94	80	50.60	76.79	80.04	9.39	62
Manipur	Kamjong	1.92	1.08	78	9.94	27.95	93.18	10.82	66
Ma	Kangpokpi Noney	24.64 32.22	0.97 0.91	80.5	20.75 18.57	56.98 36.43	74.66 70.23	9.81 11.70	57 42
	Pherzawl	41.93	0.91	76	17.69	23.08	81.88	5.62	45
	Senapati	4.92	0.98	81	26.70	73.86	81.92	9.56	71
	Tamenglong	16.88	1.09	70.5	16.61	36.90	89.55	9.83	61
	Tengnoupal	29.75	1.02	72	21.71	69.74	69.42	9.18	57
	Thoubal Ukhrul	8.18 22.51	0.96 1.07	74.5	49.11 42.73	77.22 51.98	86.26 73.71	11.21 9.55	72 62
	East Garo Hills	14.57	1.15	43.5	24.44	23.04	76.86	17.05	51
	East Jaintia Hills	38.61	1.46	59.5	16.43	30.26	76.36	11.33	46
	East Khasi Hills	11.16	1.26	72	34.26	53.69	68.58	9.33	62
	Eastern West Khasi Hills	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Meghalaya	North Garo Hills Ri Bhoi	44.01 16.93	1.26 1.39	43 61.5	14.43 20.24	21.53 34.38	75.68 65.39	13.42 10.82	38 51
ghal	South Garo Hills	30.70	1.22	46	9.80	13.76	76.11	8.82	41
Me	South West Garo Hills	29.25	1.13	50	12.71	14.38	73.67	10.01	43
	South West Khasi Hills	26.30	1.29	53	10.43	21.59	66.50	7.46	43
	West Garo Hills	25.36	1.20	53	15.23	24.08	61.70	9.77	43
	West Jaintia Hills	20.56	1.50	63.5	17.81	28.02	60.96	11.88	47
	West Khasi Hills Aizawl	32.13 0.00	1.30 1.11	78.5	10.32 67.34	17.02 99.21	69.97 78.36	11.97 10.64	38 82
	Champhai	20.26	1.13	62.5	79.03	98.13	74.81	10.04	73
	Hnahthial	32.50	1.21	Null	46.38	93.48	83.20	8.43	70
	Khawzawl	24.73	1.14	Null	41.35	95.49	67.36	8.53	67
аш	Kolasib	23.34	1.15	66.5	45.04	98.58	95.28	9.22	75
Mizoram	Lawngtlai	29.45 24.57	0.92 1.02	57 63.5	16.44 40.45	56.40 78.47	78.44 78.50	10.76 6.51	46
-	Lunglei Mamit	39.96	1.06	68	40.45	79.53	92.59	7.07	64 64
	Saitual	29.85	1.10	Null	63.05	99.51	87.21	7.15	77
	Serchhip	23.13	0.92	69	43.04	96.96	87.68	8.12	65
	Siaha	0.00	0.98	63	27.99	95.90	82.08	10.18	72
-	Chumoukedima	Null 0.37	Null 1.05	Null 80	Null 94.83	Null 96.49	Null 74.98	Null 8.78	* 86
	Dimapur Kiphire	27.88	1.15	66.5	72.18	72.93	65.61	10.99	63
	Kohima	0.00	1.04	80	86.91	89.09	74.86	7.05	83
	Longleng	14.63	1.22	71.5	94.50	44.04	73.77	7.10	71
	Mokokchung Mon	14.22 26.68	0.96 1.16	82.5 66.5	92.19 82.84	94.14 69.97	79.33 57.36	5.35 9.91	79
pue	Noklak	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Nagaland	Niuland	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Ž	Peren	15.99	0.92	75	69.36	75.72	69.06	8.34	63
	Phek	25.52	1.10	78	88.46	91.88	74.24	5.45	75 *
	Shamator Tseminyu	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	*
	Tuensang	21.88	1.21	64.5	87.24	68.31	77.50	9.07	70
	Wokha	33.56	1.07	77	72.97	57.84	82.35	6.05	67
	Zunheboto	26.74	1.08	77	67.28	81.99	71.74	5.93	69
-	Gangtok	14.40	1.03	79	91.77	100.00	88.44	7.22	86
E	Gyalshing Mangan	19.66 22.41	1.01 1.05	69 76	94.30 80.00	96.37 97.27	88.03 85.49	4.58 5.33	82 79
Sikkim	Namchi	18.83	1.03	71	91.44	99.17	87.03	5.54	82
"	Pakyong	24.07	0.98	Null	93.72	98.95	89.63	4.72	83
	Soreng	22.86	1.02	Null	96.13	100.00	84.34	3.69	85
	Dhalai	11.89	1.05	62	28.02	57.29	91.82	11.77	67
	Gomati Khowai	11.98 14.12	0.99 1.01	76 76	42.67 53.89	94.95 96.61	90.16 85.46	13.86 9.67	77 78
ra La	North Tripura	13.86	1.14	76	44.65	68.82	89.66	10.78	73
Tripura	Sepahijala	13.21	1.00	77.5	50.31	71.23	88.36	9.03	75
	South Tripura	11.60	1.00	84.5	40.75	82.84	91.34	12.60	78
	Unakoti	13.33	1.10	70.5	55.17	81.96	86.66	14.94	75
	West Tripura	3.52	1.00	81.5	86.69	91.03	88.64	10.30	88
	Target	3.21	1	100	100	100	100	30	100













Ending all discrimination against women and girls is a basic human right and is a prerequisite for sustainable development. Goal 5 calls for ending all forms of violence, trafficking and sexual exploitation of women and girls. Recognising and valuing unpaid care and domestic work is a key component of this goal, with emphasis on the importance of full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life for women.

Targets

- 5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere
- 5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation
- 5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation
- 5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate

5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life

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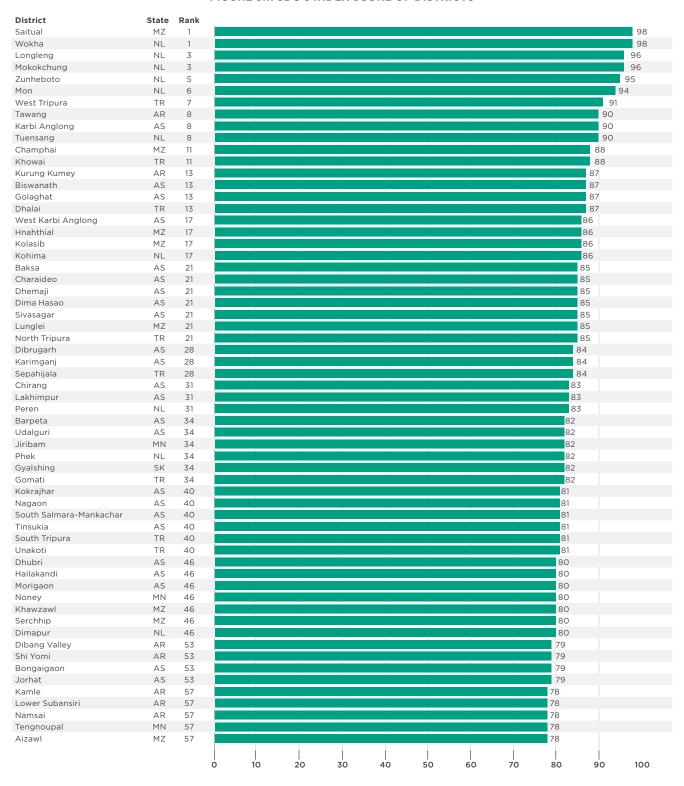
- 5.6 Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences
- 5.a Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws
- 5.b Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women
- 5.c Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels

NER District SDG Index: Goal 5

The score for Goal 5 ranges between 98 and 45 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. Saitual [MZ], Wokha [NL] and Longleng [NL] are the top performing districts. 112 districts fall in the category

of Front Runners and 8 in the category of Performers, while 1 district is in the category of Aspirant with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 5.1: SDG 5 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS



Aspirant (0-49)

Performer (50-64)

Front Runner (65-99)

Achiever (100)

FIGURE 5.1: SDG 5 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

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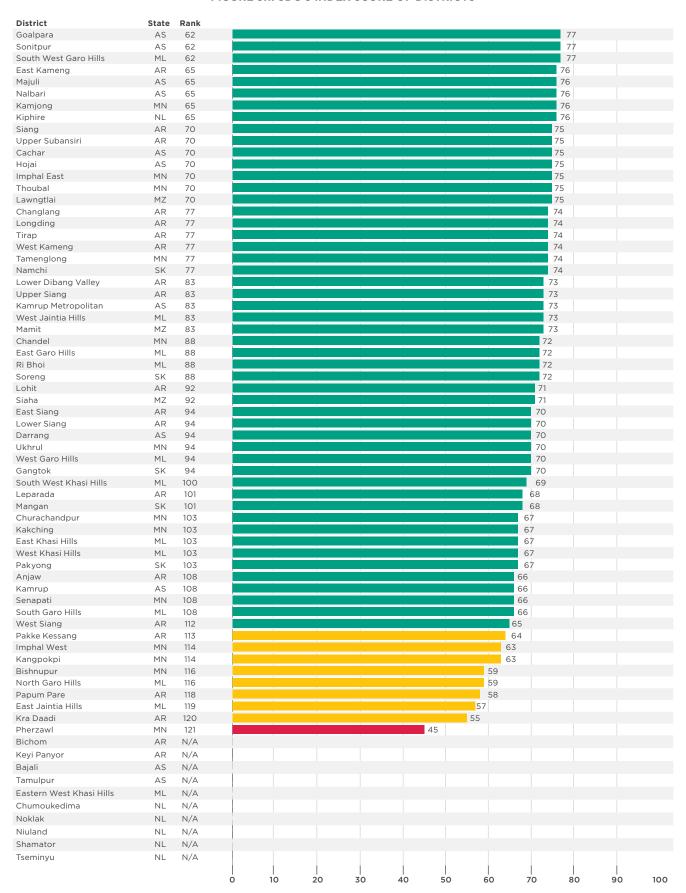
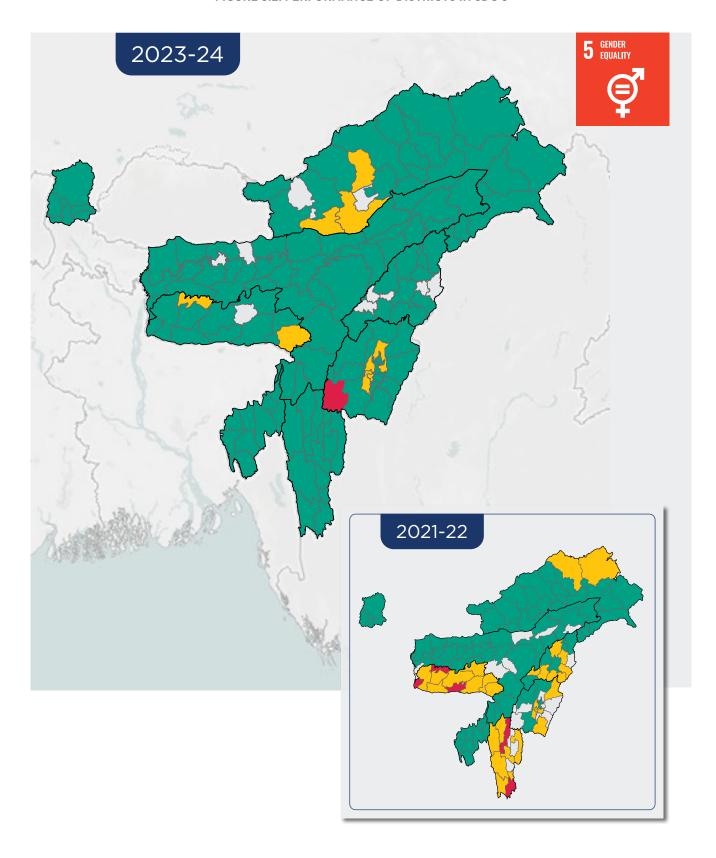


FIGURE 5.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 5



Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
5.2	Crimes against women per 10,000 female population	0	This target is aligned with the global SDG target 5.2 that aims to eliminate all forms of violence against women and girls in the public and private spheres.
5.1	Sex ratio at birth	950	The 2019 UNFPA report on "Sex Ratio at Birth in India: Recent trends and patterns" observes that in the absence of sex selection the Sex Ratio at Birth (SRB) is around 105 male births per 100 female births or around 950 female births per 1,000 male births.
5.2	Percentage of sexual crimes against women to total crimes against women	0	This target is aligned with the global SDG target 5.2 that aims to eliminate all forms of violence against women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation.
5.6	Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years	0	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 5.6 that aims ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights.
5.a	Exclusive women Self Help Groups (SHGs) in bank linked SHGs	99.4	Global SDG target 5.a aims to undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to financial services. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.

TABLE 5.1: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 5

	SDG Target	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.6	5.a	
	District	Crimes against women per 10,000 female population	Sex ratio at birth	Percentage of sexual crimes against women to total crimes against women	Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years	Exclusive women SHGs in bank linked SHGs	SDG 5
	Anjaw	4.14	818	50.00	6.8	47.4	66
	Bichom	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Changlang	2.24	962	68.75	6.7	45.3	74
	Dibang Valley	0.00	778	0.00	4.6	61.9	79
	East Kameng	4.37	1189	100.00	9.7	91.4	76
	East Siang	6.74	931	80.95	17.6	94.2	70
	Kamle	0.90	1161	100.00	Null	78.6	78
	Keyi Panyor	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Kra Daadi	0.42	636	100.00	16.5	87.7	55
	Kurung Kumey	0.00	971	0.00	16.4	86.3	87
_	Leparada	8.18	920	80.00	Null	77.1	68
dest	Lohit	5.98	992	64.29	14.6	70.8	71
Prac	Longding	1.42	867	50.00	7.3	55.6	74
Arunachal Pradesh	Lower Dibang Valley	4.23	901	90.91	4.9	74.5	73
nac	Lower Siang	5.62	923	66.67	Null	58.4	70
An	Lower Subansiri	3.33	966	71.43	8.5	Null	78
	Namsai	1.52	1002	80.00	8.7	71.4	78
	Pakke Kessang	6.51	833	100.00	Null	89.7	
	Papum Pare	17.74	980	34.67	20.3	72.8	58
	Shi Yomi	3.08	1192	100.00	Null	94.2	79
	Siang	1.96	871	100.00	5.0	86.0	75
	Tawang	1.44	1029	0.00	14.6	99.3	90
	Tirap	0.38	934	100.00	10.6	66.4	74
	Upper Siang	4.21	1056	85.71	11.9	77.6	73
	Upper Subansiri	2.62	895	33.33	17.3	80.2	75
	West Kameng	2.28	910	50.00	17.0	78.6	74
	West Siang	9.87	914	72.00	15.5	83.4	65 *
	Bajali	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	85
	Baksa	2.65 7.15	929 965	24.19	12.5	100.0	82
	Barpeta	6.34			5.3	100.0	87
	Biswanath Bongaigaon	7.77	961 943	19.90 19.86	16.1	99.9	79
	Cachar	11.92	969	20.02	15.6	100.0	75
	Charaideo	6.78	949	22.37	8.3	100.0	85
	Chirang	6.83	962	24.07	9.8	99.7	83
	Darrang	16.53	953	21.63	14.8	100.0	70
	Dhemaji	5.97	966	32.50	7.1	99.8	85
	Dhubri	9.04	971	23.00	11.5	100.0	80
	Dibrugarh	6.08	918	16.20	8.7	100.0	84
	Dima Hasao	2.90	924	33.33	9.7	100.0	85
	Goalpara	13.60	941	19.47	7.4	100.0	77
	Golaghat	3.82	939	13.00	10.9	100.0	87
	Hailakandi	9.40	944	33.11	8.6	100.0	80
	Hojai	13.13	959	16.92	13.2	99.9	75
Assam	Jorhat	7.54	914	34.50	10.4	100.0	79
¥	Kamrup	16.47	967	38.13	17.6	100.0	66
	Kamrup Metropolitan	16.15	935	24.41	8.8	100.0	73
	Karbi Anglong	1.80	976	20.69	9.3	100.0	90
	Karimganj	7.90	953	17.02	8.6	99.5	84
	Kokrajhar	7.99	961	31.12	10.0	99.9	81
	Lakhimpur	7.79	950	18.55	9.8	100.0	83
	Majuli	8.20	890	28.36	11.6	100.0	76
	Morigaon	11.64	961	21.72	6.5	99.9	80
	Nagaon	8.39	969	20.26	12.3	100.0	81
	Nalbari	9.69	923	30.49	13.2	100.0	76
	Sivasagar	6.69	980	18.14	8.3	99.3	85
	Sonitpur	12.71	905	17.61	5.8	100.0	77
	South Salmara-Mankachar	10.40	953	17.25	8.0	99.6	81
	Tamulpur	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tinsukia	6.98	941	28.98	11.0	100.0	81
	Udalguri	6.27	956	17.12	14.6	100.0	82
	West Karbi Anglong	2.77	901	25.00	7.1	99.4	86



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	SDG Target	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.6	5.a	
	District	Crimes against women per 10,000 female population	Sex ratio at birth	Percentage of sexual crimes against women to total crimes against women	Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years	Exclusive women SHGs in bank linked SHGs	SDG 5
	Bishnupur	1.69	808	65.00	20.0	51.0	59
	Chandel	0.25	931	0.00	11.0	1.3	72
	Churachandpur	0.87	949	80.00	8.7	16.1	67
	Imphal East	2.11	908	75.00	16.7	97.4	75
	Imphal West	3.27	930	55.81	12.5	9.0	63
	Jiribam	1.41	1196	66.67	Null	76.9	82
5	Kakching	2.33	1096	82.35	Null	28.4	67
Manipur	Kamjong	0.00	1193	0.00	Null Null	3.6	76
ž	Kangpokpi Noney	0.00	976 988	100.00	Null	14.3	63 80
	Pherzawl	0.98	781	100.00	Null	0.0	45
	Senapati	0.15	934	100.00	8.5	20.0	66
	Tamenglong	0.23	914	0.00	8.4	8.3	74
	Tengnoupal	1.69	962	20.00	Null	34.2	78
	Thoubal	2.82	881	69.23	6.0	70.3	75
	Ukhrul	0.76	1005	80.00	12.7	40.3	70
	East Garo Hills	4.35	890	36.84	21.0	87.8	72
	East Jaintia Hills	6.97	1050	146.67	26.0	92.2	57
	East Khasi Hills	4.84	937	37.18	33.0	89.1	67
	Eastern West Khasi Hills	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
aya	North Garo Hills	2.81	998	166.67	25.2	88.8	59 72
Meghalaya	Ri Bhoi South Garo Hills	5.15 3.47	954 926	32.14 92.31	27.0 25.3	87.3 87.6	72 66
Me	South West Garo Hills	1.17	955	25.00	30.4	99.7	77
	South West Khasi Hills	3.06	980	75.00	26.2	85.5	69
	West Garo Hills	6.27	916	41.76	19.7	79.6	70
	West Jaintia Hills	3.86	974	27.78	29.3	92.4	73
	West Khasi Hills	7.47	956	68.42	25.8	93.9	67
	Aizawl	3.25	967	35.48	24.0	99.8	78
	Champhai	2.51	972	21.05	11.2	100.0	88
	Hnahthial	2.10	889	37.50	Null	97.1	86
	Khawzawl	6.05	906	50.00	Null	100.0	80
am	Kolasib	2.68	1040	12.50	15.6	99.8	86
Mizoram	Lawngtlai	2.86	967	90.91	17.3	100.0	75
Σ	Lunglei	1.73	970	33.33	15.4	100.0	85
	Mamit	2.89	923	100.00	17.0	99.9	73
	Saitual	1.60	1037	0.00	Null	100.0	98
	Serchhip Siaha	3.72 2.14	1096 838	50.00 50.00	15.9 22.5	100.0	80 71
	Chumoukedima	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dimapur	0.72	902	54.55	14.3	92.5	80
	Kiphire	0.28	887	66.67	17.3	95.5	76
	Kohima	0.97	915	40.00	9.1	100.0	86
	Longleng	0.85	971	0.00	4.3	96.6	96
	Mokokchung	0.32	973	0.00	6.4	100.0	96
ъ	Mon	0.51	967	0.00	3.7	85.5	94
Nagaland	Noklak	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Nag	Niuland	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Peren	0.70	976	66.67	6.2	77.2	83
	Phek	0.38	841	50.00	6.5	96.3	82
	Shamator	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tseminyu Tuensang	Null 0.51	Null 930	Null 0.00	Null 12.9	Null 100.0	90
	Wokha	0.12	996	0.00	3.2	100.0	98
	Zunheboto	0.12	930	0.00	2.8	91.4	95
	Gangtok	6.92	964	94.74	17.7	100.0	70
	Gyalshing	5.51	1018	75.00	4.3	100.0	82
ë	Mangan	6.32	871	100.00	12.8	100.0	68
Sikkim	Namchi	5.98	852	78.57	5.2	100.0	74
	Pakyong	7.11	Null	100.00	Null	100.0	67
	Soreng	4.42	Null	100.00	Null	100.0	72
	Dhalai	3.59	925	40.91	4.0	100.0	87
	Gomati	5.90	977	33.87	12.1	100.0	82
_	Khowai	2.37	943	50.00	4.1	100.0	88
Tripura	North Tripura	5.42	1001	46.85	6.1	100.0	85
Ë	Sepahijala	3.25	1013	23.68	15.3	100.0	84
	South Tripura Unakoti	3.75 7.85	948 954	36.59 38.32	17.3 9.7	100.0 100.0	81 81
	West Tripura	3.25	954	33.33	2.5	100.0	91
	west inhald	3.25	961	33.33	2.5	100.0	91
	Target	0	950	0	0	99.4	100









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SDG 6



CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION

Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

Goal 6 calls for access to safe and affordable drinking water, sanitation facilities, and hygiene for all by 2030. Water resources are also critical for agriculture and industrial use, and therefore protecting and restoring water-related ecosystems is essential. The goal is aimed at -improving water quality by reducing pollution, substantially increasing water-use efficiency across all sectors, and strengthening the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management.

Targets

- 6.1 By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all
- 6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations
- 6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally

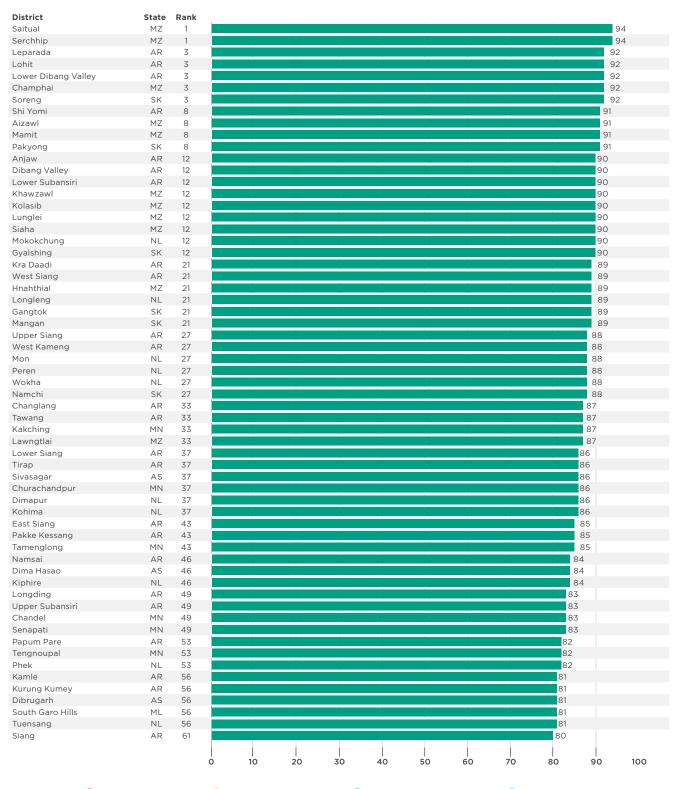
- 6.4 By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity
- 6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate
- 6.6 By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes
- 6.a By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies
- 6.b Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management

NER District SDG Index: Goal 6

The score for Goal 6 ranges between 94 and 52 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. Saitual [MZ] and Serchhip [MZ] are the top performing districts. 114 districts fall in the category of Front

Runners and 7 in the category of Performers, while no district is in the category of Aspirants with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 6.1: SDG 6 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS



Aspirant (0-49)

Performer (50-64)

Front Runner (65-99)

Achiever (100)

FIGURE 6.1: SDG 6 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

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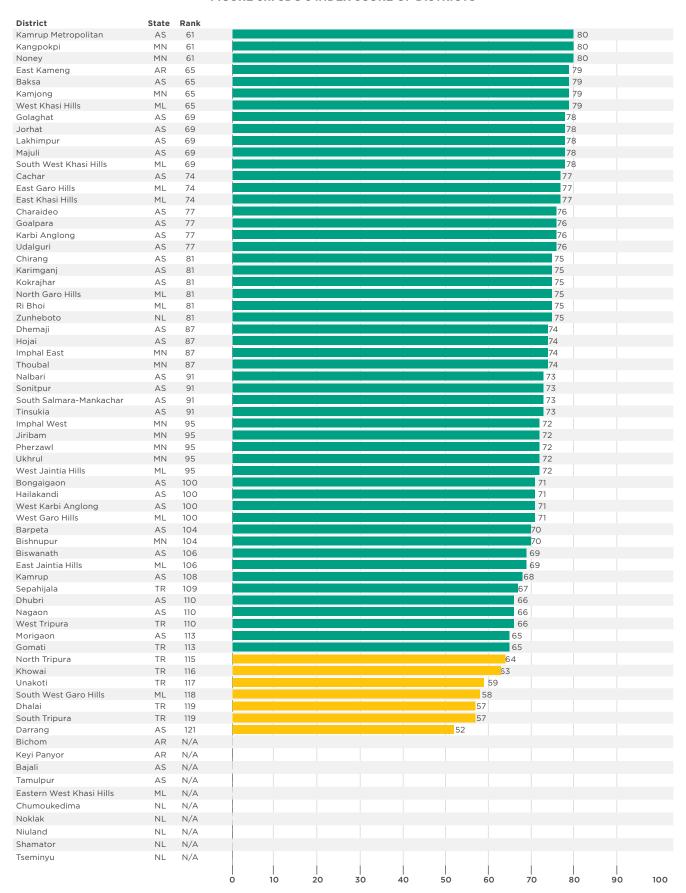
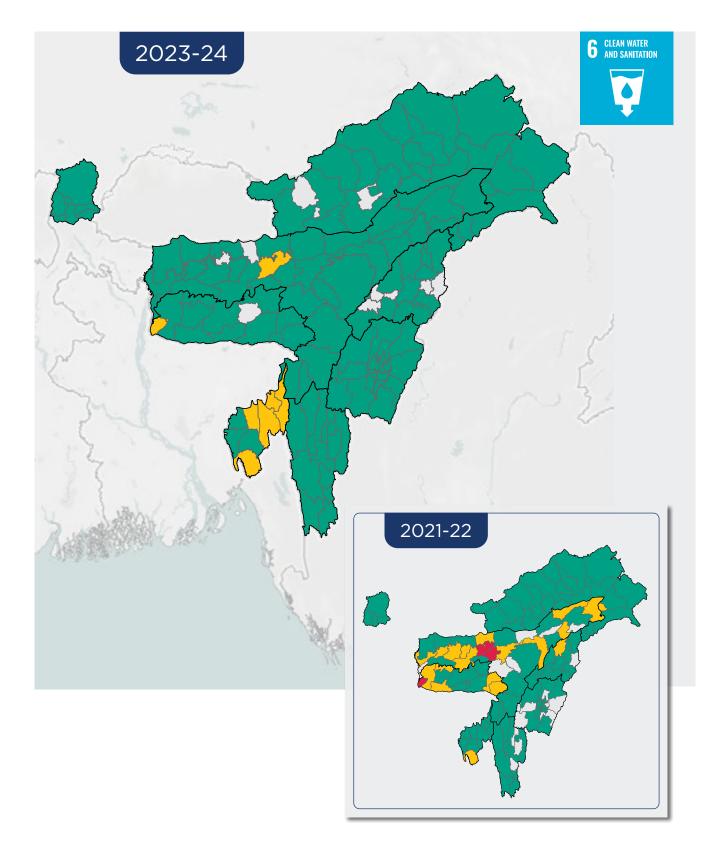


FIGURE 6.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 6



2023-24

Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
6.1	Percentage of rural population using an improved drinking water source	100	Global SDG target 6.1 aims to achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all by 2030.
6.1	Percentage of rural population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Piped Water Supply (PWS)	100	The Jal Jeevan Mission aims to provide piped water supply to the entire rural population by 2024.
6.2	Percentage of population living in households that use an improved sanitation facility	100	Global SDG target 6.2 aims to achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation by 2030.
6.2	Percentage of individual household toilets constructed against target (SBM(G))	100	Global SDG target 6.2 aims to achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation by 2030. This is also in line with the objectives of the Government of India's Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin).
6.2	Percentage of schools with functional toilet facility for girls	100	Global SDG target 6.2 aims to achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation by 2030.
6.2	Percentage of GPs/villages verified as ODF (SBM(G)) in the district	100	Global SDG target 6.2 aims to achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation by 2030. This is also in line with the objectives of the Government of India's Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin).
6.4	Stage of groundwater extraction (%)	0.06	Global SDG target 6.4 that aims to substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals to address water scarcity. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.

	SDG Target	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.4	
	District	Percentage of rural population using an improved drinking water source	Percentage of rural population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Piped Water Supply (PWS)	Percentage of population living in households that use an improved sanitation facility	Toilets constructed against target - SBM(G)	Percentage of schools with functional toilet facility for girls	Percentage of GPs/ Villages verified as ODF in the district	Stage of groundwater extraction (%)	SDG 6
	Anjaw	100.00	89.84	86.8	100.00	90.54	100.00	Null	90
	Bichom	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Changlang	100.00	89.97	82.3	100.00	76.81	100.00	0.66	87
	Dibang Valley	100.00	91.77	95.0	100.00	73.91	100.00	Null	90
	East Kameng	100.00	95.34	75.6	100.00	46.15	100.00	2.63	79
	East Siang	100.00	90.87	83.9	100.00	62.35	100.00	0.88	85
	Kamle	100.00	92.00	Null	100.00	45.57	100.00	Null	81
	Keyi Panyor	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Kra Daadi	100.00	92.83	89.3	100.00	78.95	100.00	Null	89 81
	Kurung Kumey	100.00	92.76 92.92	78.3 Null	100.00	61.62 79.37	100.00	Null Null	92
- 	Leparada Lohit	100.00	92.13	83.7	100.00	95.28	100.00	0.73	92
ade	Longding	100.00	92.58	83.5	100.00	61.32	100.00	Null	83
Arunachal Pradesh	Lower Dibang Valley	100.00	91.15	89.9	100.00	88.00	100.00	0.33	92
acha	Lower Siang	100.00	94.02	Null	100.00	58.11	100.00	Null	86
l la	Lower Subansiri	100.00	92.89	82.8	100.00	87.59	100.00	2.33	90
	Namsai	100.00	90.67	75.1	100.00	81.99	100.00	Null	84
	Pakke Kessang	100.00	92.14	Null	100.00	58.49	100.00	Null	85
	Papum Pare	100.00	93.11	75.7	100.00	59.66	100.00	1.28	82
	Shi Yomi	100.00	93.20	Null	100.00	76.92	100.00	Null	91
	Siang	100.00	93.47	91.2	100.00	37.96	100.00	Null	80
	Tawang	100.00	89.05	81.7	100.00	85.34	100.00	Null	87
	Tirap	100.00	90.24	86.7	100.00	64.34	100.00	1.75	86
	Upper Siang	100.00	95.74	91.8	100.00	68.25	100.00	Null	88
	Upper Subansiri	100.00	94.20	80.9	100.00	56.00	100.00	0.61	83
	West Kameng	100.00	89.75	88.9	100.00	69.58	100.00	0.11	88
	West Siang	100.00	93.78	87.7	100.00	72.79	100.00	1.03	*
	Bajali	Null 100.00	Null	Null 68.9	Null	Null	Null 100.00	Null	
	Baksa Barpeta	99.43	73.93 76.14	63.7	93.83 95.63	86.65 90.09	100.00	3.49 29.68	79 70
	Biswanath	87.66	63.64	76.6	93.64	85.53	100.00	Null	69
	Bongaigaon	95.91	71.02	72.5	93.30	90.58	100.00	25.76	71
	Cachar	100.00	74.24	57.6	95.55	91.82	100.00	3.29	77
	Charaideo	94.98	63.12	75.9	93.05	97.96	100.00	Null	76
	Chirang	97.10	51.81	77.1	96.24	83.21	100.00	2.75	75
	Darrang	72.72	72.47	67.9	93.66	90.25	100.00	42.71	
	Dhemaji	89.35	65.46	70.8	94.38	93.05	100.00	4.05	74
	Dhubri	99.66	66.26	61.8	94.77	84.51	100.00	29.72	66
	Dibrugarh	99.17	70.06	75.3	95.19	95.94	100.00	7.63	81
	Dima Hasao	100.00	74.03	83.8	94.82	81.11	100.00	1.01	84
	Goalpara	100.00	70.70	75.3	95.17	91.39	100.00	20.82	76
	Golaghat	95.05	69.29	73.1	94.73	93.65	100.00	5.42	78
	Hailakandi	100.00	64.27	60.0	96.41	67.68	100.00	3.62	71
Assam	Hojai Jorhat	99.85 96.71	65.62 57.69	63.1 80.4	94.08 94.94	93.29 96.48	100.00 100.00	Null 9.35	74 78
Ass	Kamrup	99.02	61.26	68.7	94.94	96.48	100.00	33.91	68
	Kamrup Metropolitan	100.00	77.17	65.2	95.65	96.32	100.00	Null	80
	Karbi Anglong	99.01	57.89	75.2	92.45	84.14	100.00	2.48	76
	Karimganj	100.00	68.10	61.5	96.17	81.21	100.00	2.94	75
	Kokrajhar	97.13	71.18	72.2	95.64	75.64	100.00	5.63	75
	Lakhimpur	99.87	72.86	74.2	94.15	87.23	100.00	10.26	78
	Majuli	100.00	81.12	65.6	93.68	88.03	100.00	Null	78
	Morigaon	99.77	49.88	62.3	94.68	87.36	100.00	25.21	65
	Nagaon	96.41	64.78	66.1	93.83	89.19	100.00	28.86	66
	Nalbari	99.98	72.35	68.1	94.31	92.76	100.00	24.11	73
	Sivasagar	99.12	80.86	82.3	94.53	94.89	100.00	4.19	86
	Sonitpur	92.74	67.67	72.2	94.61	87.78	100.00	10.44	73
	South Salmara-Mankachar	100.00	74.14	59.0	94.68	82.18	100.00	Null	73
	Tamulpur	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tinsukia	87.94	72.77	66.7	94.39	95.97	100.00	6.67	73
	Udalguri West Karbi Anglong	96.86 100.00	63.82 46.18	73.8 76.7	94.72 92.49	90.76 82.07	100.00 100.00	8.90 Null	76 71
	west nami angiong	100.00	40.18	10.7	92.49	82.07	100.00	INUII	/1

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	SDG Target	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.4	
	District	Percentage of rural population using an improved drinking water source	Percentage of rural population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Piped Water Supply (PWS)	Percentage of population living in households that use an improved sanitation facility	Toilets constructed against target - SBM(G)	Percentage of schools with functional toilet facility for girls	Percentage of GPs/ Villages verified as ODF in the district	Stage of groundwater extraction (%)	SDG 6
	Bishnupur	100.00	69.86	52.6	100.00	68.65	100.00	5.67	70
	Chandel	100.00	67.67	85.2	100.00	88.26	100.00	Null	83
	Churachandpur	100.00	79.05	81.2	100.00	94.01	100.00	6.18	86
	Imphal East Imphal West	100.00 100.00	77.20 68.46	59.5 58.7	100.00 100.00	71.76 80.11	100.00 100.00	7.98 10.97	74 72
	Jiribam	100.00	39.89	Null	100.00	74.53	100.00	Null	72
1. [Kakching	100.00	77.81	Null	100.00	81.55	100.00	Null	87
ınd.	Kamjong	100.00	67.20	Null	100.00	65.84	100.00	Null	79
Manipur	Kangpokpi	100.00	80.58	Null	100.00	53.40	100.00	Null	80
-	Noney	100.00	66.52	Null	100.00	69.29	100.00	Null	80
	Pherzawl	100.00 100.00	48.09	Null 84.4	100.00 100.00	64.62	100.00	Null	72 83
	Senapati Tamenglong	100.00	70.87 73.58	77.9	100.00	87.22 99.63	100.00 100.00	Null Null	85
	Tengnoupal	100.00	86.66	Null	100.00	53.95	100.00	Null	82
	Thoubal	100.00	76.14	61.3	100.00	72.49	100.00	9.84	74
	Ukhrul	100.00	71.70	81.4	100.00	44.93	100.00	Null	72
	East Garo Hills	100.00	81.52	83.9	71.84	69.83	100.00	6.93	77
	East Jaintia Hills	100.00	52.07	83.6	76.33	57.20	100.00	2.28	69
	East Khasi Hills Eastern West Khasi Hills	100.00 Null	63.84 Null	80.9 Null	84.58 NUII	78.91 Null	100.00 Null	2.58 Null	77 *
9	North Garo Hills	100.00	74.81	84.9	66.47	68.27	100.00	3.59	75
alay	Ri Bhoi	100.00	78.08	85.3	59.72	72.85	100.00	6.17	75
Meghalaya	South Garo Hills	100.00	80.10	88.4	76.96	71.25	100.00	1.59	81
ž	South West Garo Hills	100.00	76.94	71.4	37.57	51.73	100.00	17.65	58
	South West Khasi Hills	100.00	71.35	89.6	57.66	85.02	100.00	1.71	78
	West Garo Hills	100.00	65.99	86.3	64.58	58.89	100.00	4.15	71
	West Jaintia Hills West Khasi Hills	100.00 100.00	64.89 74.30	75.1 87.8	83.20 74.48	64.95 72.06	100.00 100.00	4.45 1.74	72 79
	Aizawl	100.00	89.99	96.1	100.00	94.69	100.00	14.06	91
	Champhai	100.00	91.79	98.3	100.00	80.52	100.00	3.03	92
	Hnahthial	100.00	87.62	Null	100.00	75.36	100.00	Null	89
	Khawzawl	100.00	92.09	Null	100.00	76.69	100.00	Null	90
Mizoram	Kolasib	100.00	91.72	96.8	100.00	66.31	100.00	1.30	90
loz	Lawngtlai Lunglei	100.00 100.00	89.62 90.43	90.3 95.6	100.00 100.00	67.99 74.65	100.00 100.00	3.62 4.10	87 90
-	Mamit	100.00	91.40	92.7	100.00	78.68	100.00	2.06	91
	Saitual	100.00	90.25	Null	100.00	89.16	100.00	Null	94
	Serchhip	100.00	92.13	98.2	100.00	92.61	100.00	6.19	94
	Siaha	100.00	91.83	91.5	100.00	84.70	100.00	5.78	90
	Chumoukedima	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dimapur	100.00 100.00	77.50 89.36	81.1 83.1	100.00 100.00	92.80 72.18	100.00 100.00	3.98 6.43	86 84
-	Kiphire Kohima	100.00	79.41	87.4	100.00	93.09	100.00	10.51	86
	Longleng	100.00	83.20	86.6	100.00	88.99	100.00	1.33	89
	Mokokchung	100.00	74.69	96.7	100.00	89.06	100.00	0.62	90
ъ	Mon	100.00	79.01	86.4	100.00	92.08	100.00	5.11	88
Nagaland	Noklak	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Nag	Niuland	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Peren Phek	100.00 100.00	79.97 81.37	89.4 90.1	100.00 100.00	83.24 58.12	100.00 100.00	0.90 6.43	88 82
	Shamator	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tseminyu	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tuensang	100.00	76.64	92.0	100.00	65.02	100.00	10.09	81
	Wokha	100.00	82.34	88.5	100.00	79.46	100.00	1.38	88
	Zunheboto	100.00	80.76	88.9	100.00	32.35	100.00	8.06	75
	Gangtok Gyalshing	100.00 100.00	85.99 81.17	85.0 88.9	100.00 100.00	99.55 97.83	100.00 100.00	9.29 4.63	89 90
Ε	Mangan	100.00	79.82	83.8	100.00	98.95	100.00	2.58	89
Sikkim	Namchi	100.00	77.34	91.7	100.00	96.77	100.00	9.78	88
0,	Pakyong	100.00	74.23	Null	100.00	96.67	100.00	3.60	91
	Soreng	100.00	77.50	Null	100.00	100.00	100.00	5.41	92
	Dhalai	97.87	63.68	67.6	25.51	64.58	100.00	6.73	57
	Gomati	96.78 97.99	69.37 65.82	77.4 67.8	36.92 42.30	71.66 78.04	100.00 100.00	5.42 8.67	65 63
<u> 2</u>	Khowai North Tripura	100.00	72.60	74.1	42.30 33.58	78.48	100.00	13.26	64
Tripura	Sepahijala	99.52	67.59	75.4	54.85	74.54	100.00	11.91	67
_	South Tripura	95.14	67.01	68.6	26.75	64.33	100.00	6.45	
	Unakoti	94.52	76.06	61.8	30.10	78.51	100.00	8.37	59
	West Tripura	99.11	80.15	80.2	23.94	90.26	100.00	20.20	66
	Target	100	100	100	100	100	100	0.06	100











SDG 7



AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable

and modern energy for all

Energy security is a prerequisite for socioeconomic development. Access to energy enables people to augment their income and productivity, enhance access to healthcare, water and education, and improve their overall wellbeing. Goal 7 is aimed at ensuring universal access to affordable, reliable and efficient energy services by 2030. Expanding infrastructure and upgrading technology to provide clean and efficient energy is critical to this endeavour.

Targets

- 7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services
- 7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix

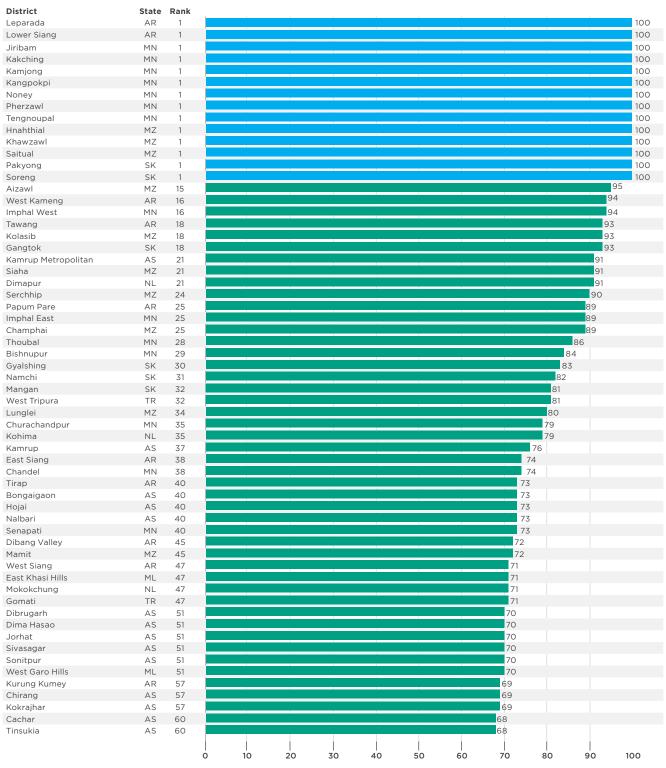
- 7.3 By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency
- 7.a By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology
- 7.b By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support

NER District SDG Index: Goal 7

The score for Goal 7 ranges between 100 and 5 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. 14 districts Leparada [AR], Lower Siang [AR], Jiribam [MN], Kakching [MN], Kamjong [MN], Kangpokpi [MN], Noney [MN], Tengnoupal [MN], Pherzawl [MN], Hnahthial [MZ], Khawzawl [MZ], Saitual [MZ], Pakyong

[SK], Soreng [SK] have scored a 100 in this Goal and fall in the category of Achievers. 58 districts fall in the category of Front Runners and 41 in the category of Performers, while 8 districts are in the category of Aspirants with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 7.1: SDG 7 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

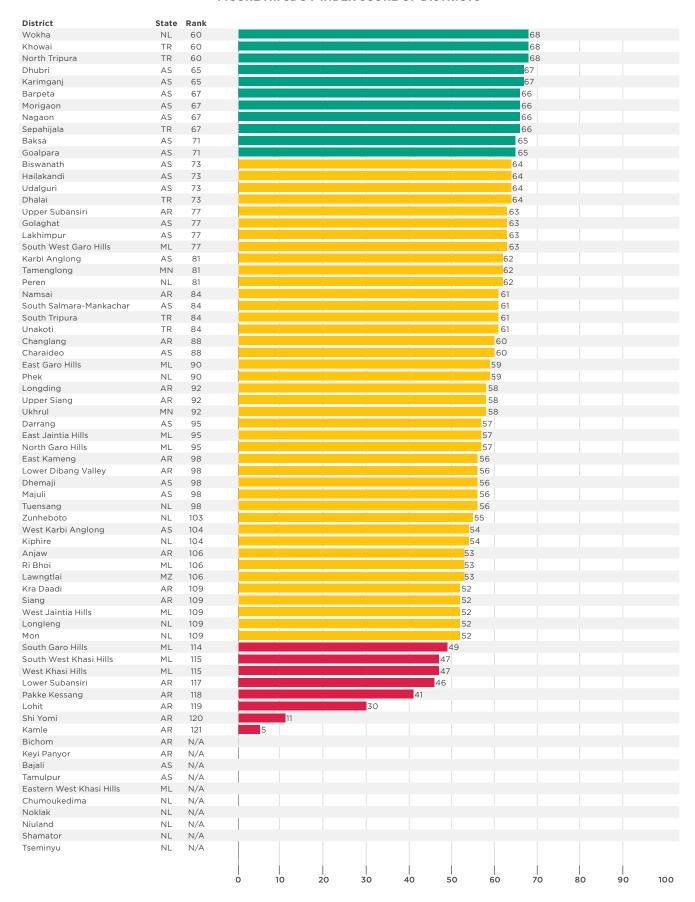


Aspirant (0-49)

Performer (50-64)

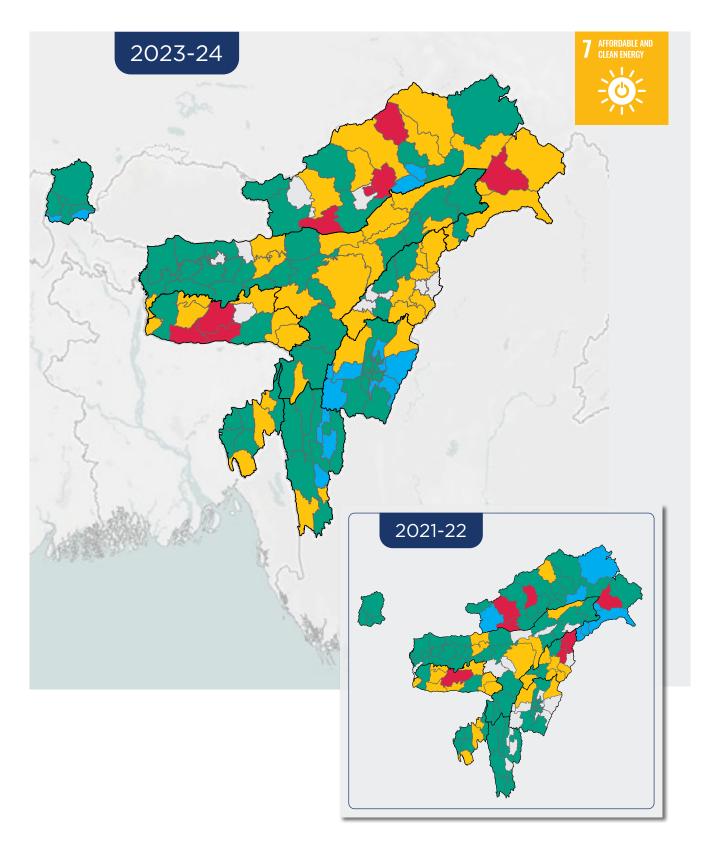
Front Runner (65-99)

FIGURE 7.1: SDG 7 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS



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FIGURE 7.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 7



Target Justification

SDG Target	DG Target Indicator		Justification of Target
7.1	Percentage of villages/GPs electrified	100	This target corresponds to global SDG target 7.1 that aims to ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services.
7.1	Percentage of households using clean fuel for cooking	100	This target corresponds to global SDG target 7.1 that aims to ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services.

	SDG Target	7.1	7.1	
	District	Percentage of villages/GPs electrified	Percentage of households using clean fuel for cooking	SDG 7
	Anjaw	93.77	29.0	53
	Bichom	Null 96.69	Null 34.1	*
	Changlang Dibang Valley	100.00	49.3	72
	East Kameng	87.32	49.5	56
	East Siang	177.38	52.4	74
	Kamle Keyi Panyor	62.34 Null	Null Null	5 *
	Keyi Panyor Kra Daadi	71.51	78.3	52
	Kurung Kumey	94.18	57.3	69
_	Leparada	105.56	Null	100
Arunachal Pradesh	Lohit Longding	60.16 100.00	63.9 22.4	30
al Pro	Lower Dibang Valley	83.44	57.4	58 56
nach	Lower Siang	108.08	Null	100
Aru	Lower Subansiri	74.14	60.8	46
	Namsai Pakke Kessang	127.68 76.54	28.7 Null	61 41
	Papum Pare	99.18	81.3	89
	Shi Yomi	64.66	Null	11
	Siang	93.62	27.6	52
	Tawang Tirap	99.57 166.67	88.1 50.4	93
	Upper Siang	94.64	36.3	73 58
	Upper Subansiri	112.40	32.8	
	West Kameng	106.92	88.9	94
	West Siang Bajali	95.24 Null	57.1 Null	71 *
	Baksa	100.00	35.2	65
	Barpeta	99.66	38.7	66
	Biswanath	99.47	35.0	64
	Bongaigaon Cachar	100.00 99.62	49.8	73 68
	Charaideo	99.43	27.3	60
	Chirang	99.80	44.5	69
	Darrang	96.43	30.1	
	Dhemaji Dhubri	98.86 99.54	21.6	56 67
	Dibrugarh	99.85	44.7	70
	Dima Hasao	98.99	48.2	70
	Goalpara	99.64	36.3	65
	Golaghat Hailakandi	99.91 99.40	33.1 35.2	63 64
_	Hojai	99.29	52.0	
Assam	Jorhat	98.43	48.3	70
	Kamrup	99.72 99.07	57.4 85.1	76
	Kamrup Metropolitan Karbi Anglong	98.80	33.4	73 70 76 91 62
	Karimganj	99.79	39.6	67
	Kokrajhar	99.91	43.3	69
	Lakhimpur	98.48 100.00	36.1 19.3	67 69 63 56
	Majuli Morigaon	99.84	37.6	
	Nagaon	99.41	38.6	66 66 73 70
	Nalbari	100.00	51.1	73
	Sivasagar	99.62 99.38	45.5	70
	Sonitpur South Salmara-Mankachar	99.77	45.8 28.5	70 61
	Tamulpur	Null	Null	
	Tinsukia	100.00	40.9	68 64 54
	Udalguri Wast Karbi Anglong	100.00 98.89	34.0 17.7	64
	West Karbi Anglong Bishnupur	100.00	71.3	
'n	Chandel	100.00	52.0	84 74 79 89
Manipur	Churachandpur	100.00	62.3	79
=	Imphal East	100.00	79.0	
	Imphal West	100.00	88.6	94

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	SDG Target	7.1	7.1	
	District	Percentage of villages/GPs electrified	Percentage of households using clean fuel for cooking	SDG 7
Manipur	Jiribam	100.00	Null	100
	Kakching	100.00	Null	100
	Kamjong	100.00	Null	100
	Kangpokpi	100.00	Null	100 100
	Noney Pherzawl	100.00 100.00	Null Null	100
	Senapati	100.00	50.0	
	Tamenglong	100.00	30.5	62
	Tengnoupal	100.00	Null	100
	Thoubal	100.00	74.7	86
	Ukhrul	100.00	22.9	58
Meghalaya	East Garo Hills East Jaintia Hills	98.05 97.93	29.1 26.5	59 57
	East Khasi Hills	99.61	47.4	
	Eastern West Khasi Hills	Null	Null	71 *
	North Garo Hills	98.60	24.4	57
	Ri Bhoi	97.29	21.0	53
	South Garo Hills	93.60	22.3	49 63
	South West Garo Hills	99.45	33.9	
	South West Khasi Hills West Garo Hills	96.19 98.54	11.6 47.6	47
	West Jaintia Hills	96.12	20.7	70 52
	West Khasi Hills	97.44	8.6	47
Mizoram	Aizawl	98.39	95.4	95
	Champhai	100.00	79.4	89
	Hnahthial	100.00	Null	100
	Khawzawl	100.00	Null	100
	Kolasib	100.00	87.5	93
	Lawngtlai Lunglei	81.76 92.68	56.3 79.9	53 80
	Mamit	89.66	73.3	72
	Saitual	100.00	Null	100
	Serchhip	100.00	81.8	90
	Siaha	100.00	83.7	91
	Chumoukedima	Null	Null	*
	Dimapur Kiphire	100.00 100.00	84.2 16.4	91 54
	Kohima	100.00	61.7	
	Longleng	100.00	11.8	79 52 71 52
	Mokokchung	100.00	46.2	71
şaland	Mon	100.00	13.0	52
	Noklak	Null	Null	
Nagalaı	Niuland	Null	Null	
	Peren Phek	100.00 100.00	31.4 24.2	62
	Shamator	Null	Z4.2 Null	
	Tseminyu	Null	Null	
	Tuensang	100.00	19.7	56
E	Wokha	100.00	41.2	68
	Zunheboto	100.00	18.6	55
	Gangtok	100.00	87.6	93
	Gyalshing Mangan	100.00 100.00	69.8 65.9	83
Sikkim	Namchi	100.00	66.5	
"	Pakyong	100.00	Null	
	Soreng	100.00	Null	
Tripura	Dhalai	100.00	34.0	64
	Gomati	100.00	47.7	
	Khowai	100.00	41.5	68
	North Tripura	100.00	41.6	68
	Sepahijala South Tripura	100.00 100.00	37.1 29.4	66 61 61
	Unakoti	100.00	29.4	
	West Tripura	100.00	65.2	
	Target	100	100	100
	·			













SDG 8



DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

Goal 8 promotes sustained economic growth, higher levels of productivity and technological innovation. Encouraging entrepreneurship and job creation are crucial to this, as are effective measures to eradicate forced labour, modern slavery and human trafficking. It also seeks to protect labour rights and promote policies which support decent job creation and safe and secure working environments. With these targets in mind, the goal is to achieve full and productive employment, and decent work, for all women and men by 2030.

Targets

- 8.1 Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 percent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries
- 8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors
- 8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services
- 8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with developed countries taking the lead

- 8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value
- 8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training
- 8.7 Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms
- 8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment
- 8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products
- 8.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all
- 8.a Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries
- 8.b By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization

NER District SDG Index: Goal 8

The score for Goal 8 ranges between 100 and 52 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. Lower Siang [AR] is the Achiever district. 111 districts

fall in the category of Front Runners and 9 in the category of Performers, with no district in the category of Aspirants with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 8.1: SDG 8 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

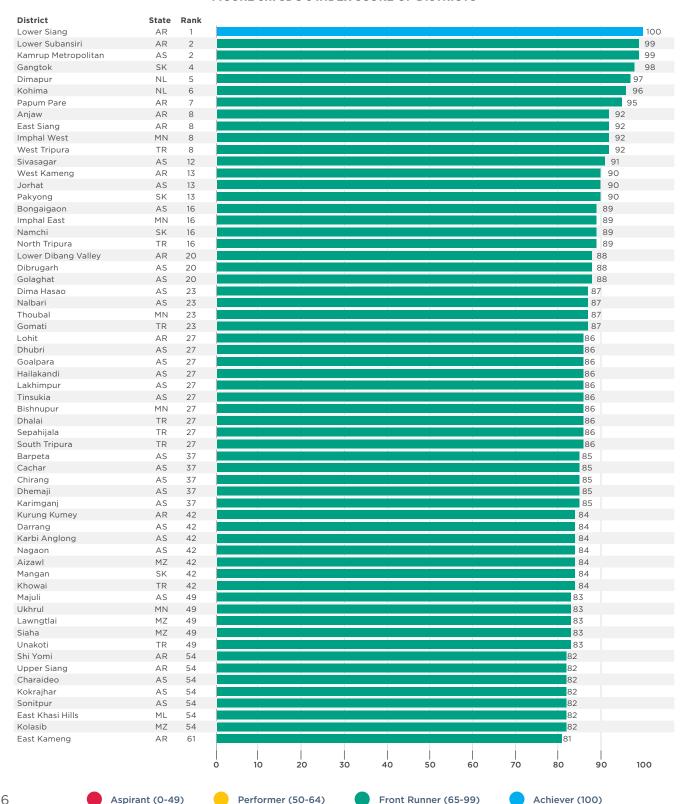


FIGURE 8.1: SDG 8 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

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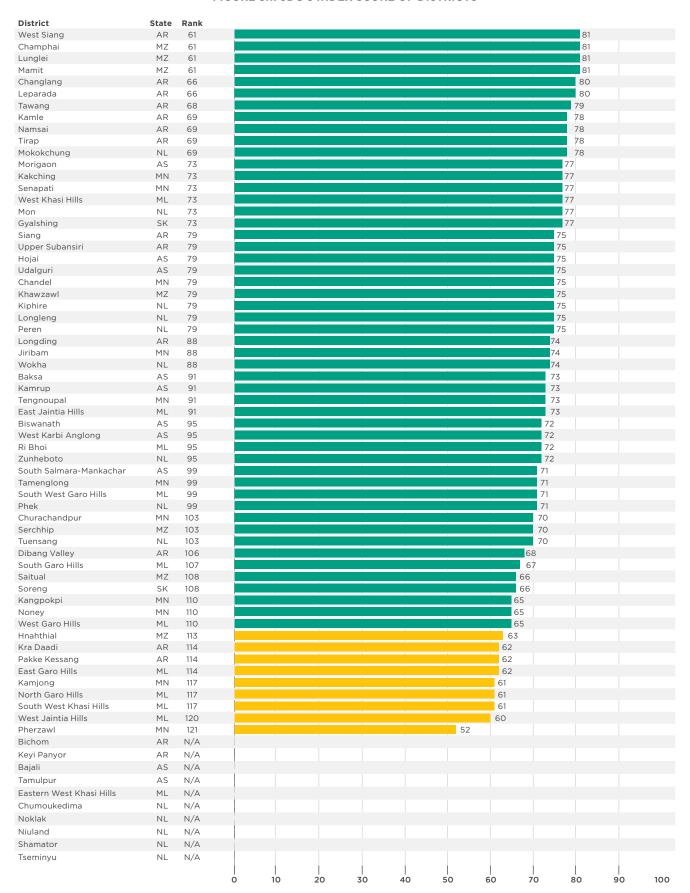
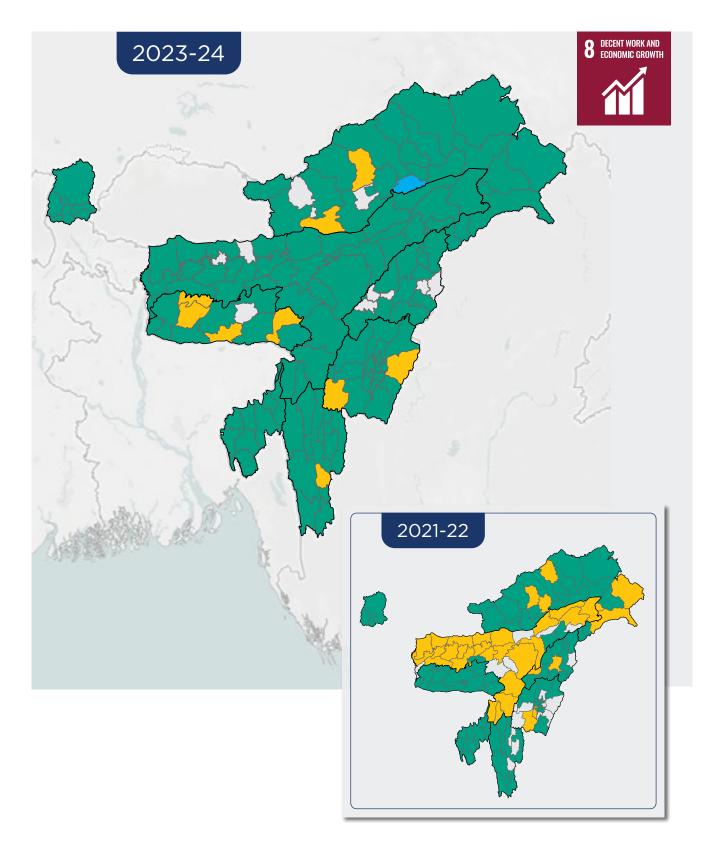


FIGURE 8.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 8



2023-24

Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
8.3	Percentage of loans disbursed to MSMEs against sanctioned	100	This target corresponds to Global SDG target 8.3 that aims to promote development oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro, small-and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services.
8.7	Number of victims of human trafficking per 10,000 population	0	Global SDG target 8.7 aims to take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, and end modern slavery and human trafficking.
8.10	Percentage of households covered with a bank account under Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY) against target	100	The Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana aims to provide at least one basic savings banking account to every household.
8.10	Number of bank branches including Business Correspondents (BCs) in Urban, Semi-urban and Rural areas per 10,000 population	8.58	Global SDG target 8.10 aims to strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
8.10	Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 10,000 population	5.65	Global SDG target 8.10 aims to strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
8.10	Percentage of women account holders in Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY)	50	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 5.a that aims to undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resource and access to financial services, and to the global SDG target 8.10 that aims to expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all.

TABLE 8.1: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 8

Part		SDG Target	8.3	8.7	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.10	
Page 19,000 19,		District	disbursed to MSMEs	human trafficking per	covered with a bank account	Correspondents (BCs) in Urban, Semi-urban	Machines (ATMs) per	women account	SDG 8
Chungdate 10.0.00		Anjaw	_						92
Page		Bichom	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Face Names		Changlang	100.00	0.00	100.00	5.94	0.94	54.80	80
Page									68
Marriel 100,00 0.00 Marriel Marriel		_							81
Page		_							92 78
Fig. 5 100.00 0.0									*
									62
Page Lobit 100.00 0.00 100.00 6.43 2.61 60.20		Kurung Kumey		0.00	100.00	1.98	Null	58.67	84
Nameal 100.00 0.00 Null 1.65 0.33 48.25		Leparada	100.00	0.00	Null	7.44	0.99	53.87	80
Nameai 100.00 0.00 Null 16.55 0.33 48.25	desh	Lohit	100.00	0.00	100.00	6.43	2.61	60.20	86
Nameai 100.00 0.00 Null 16.55 0.33 48.25	Prac	Longding	100.00	0.00	100.00	3.88	0.35	62.75	74
Nameai 100.00 0.00 Null 16.55 0.33 48.25	hal								88
Nameal 100.00 0.00 Null 1.65 0.33 48.25	nnac	_							100 99
Paleke Kassang 100.00 0.01 100.00 47.66 7.82 56.26	Ā								78
Papum Pare 100.00									62
Sal brain 100.00 0.00 Nali 4.26 0.75 53.55									95
Times		Shi Yomi	100.00	0.00	Null	8.26	0.75	53.55	82
Timp		Siang	100.00	0.00	Null	4.07	Null	46.21	75
Upper Submain 100.00		Tawang	100.00	0.20	100.00	7.20	2.20	51.61	79
West Name		Tirap	100.00	0.00	100.00	5.06	0.72	57.37	78
West Kameng									82
West Slang									75
Bajati Null Null Null Null Null Null Null Null Baksa 100.00 0.08 100.00 4.73 0.47 61.56		_							90 81
Balsa 100.00 0.08 100.00 4.73 0.47 61.56		_							*
Barpeta									73
Bongalgaon									85
Cachar		Biswanath	100.00	0.21	Null	8.75	0.80	59.96	72
Charaideo		Bongaigaon	100.00	0.00	100.00	11.53	2.11	58.78	89
Page Chirang 100.00 0.00 100.00 8.13 0.87 61.51		Cachar	100.00	0.00	99.62	14.27	1.45	56.28	85
Darrang 100.00 0.05 100.00 16.68 1.11 57.10		Charaideo	100.00	0.00	Null	8.50	0.85	63.13	82
Dhemaji									85
Dhubri 100.00 0.01 100.00 17.79 1.09 57.39									84
Dibrugarh 100.00 0.07 100.00 12.18 2.47 61.18									85 86
Dima Hasao									88
Golaghat									87
Hailakandi		Goalpara	100.00	0.01	100.00	16.25	1.06	58.76	86
Hojal 100.00 0.05 Null 6.39 0.87 58.44		Golaghat	100.00	0.01	100.00	11.44	1.86	59.21	88
Martin									86
Kamrup Metropolitan 100.00 0.02 100.00 115.85 6.64 56.13	Ē								75
Kamrup Metropolitan 100.00 0.02 100.00 115.85 6.64 56.13	Assa								90
Karbi Anglong 100.00 0.03 100.00 8.41 0.91 59.54 Karimganj 100.00 0.00 100.00 8.02 1.06 55.50 Kokrajhar 100.00 0.09 100.00 11.95 1.01 57.66 Lakhimpur 100.00 0.05 100.00 12.18 1.54 57.74 Majuli 100.00 0.00 Null 13.21 1.02 61.40 Morigaon 100.00 0.10 99.43 13.42 0.74 58.00 Nagaon 100.00 0.08 100.00 27.65 1.40 57.08 Nalbari 100.00 0.01 100.00 13.66 1.46 59.24 Sivasagar 100.00 0.03 99.97 17.20 3.06 59.51 Sonitpur 100.00 0.13 100.00 16.33 1.58 60.27 South Salmara-Mankachar 100.00 0.20 Null Null Null Null Null <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>73 99</td></t<>									73 99
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Kokrajitar 100.00 0.09 100.00 11.95 1.01 57.66 Lakhimpur 100.00 0.05 100.00 12.18 1.54 57.74 Majuli 100.00 0.00 Null 13.21 1.02 61.40 Morigaon 100.00 0.10 99.43 13.42 0.74 58.00 Nagaon 100.00 0.08 100.00 27.65 1.40 57.08 Nalbari 100.00 0.01 100.00 13.66 1.46 59.24 Sivasagar 100.00 0.03 99.97 17.20 3.06 59.51 Sonitpur 100.00 0.13 100.00 16.33 1.58 60.27 South Salmara-Mankachar 100.00 0.20 Null 13.91 0.20 62.13 Tamulpur Null 11.40 1.36									85
Majuli 100.00 0.00 Null 13.21 1.02 61.40 Morigaon 100.00 0.10 99.43 13.42 0.74 58.00 Nagaon 100.00 0.08 100.00 27.65 1.40 57.08 Nalbari 100.00 0.01 100.00 13.66 1.46 59.24 Sivasagar 100.00 0.03 99.97 17.20 3.06 59.51 Sonitpur 100.00 0.13 100.00 16.33 1.58 60.27 South Salmara-Mankachar 100.00 0.20 Null 13.91 0.20 62.13 Tamulpur Null Null <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>82</td>									82
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Nagaon 100.00 0.08 100.00 27.65 1.40 57.08 Nalbari 100.00 0.01 100.00 13.66 1.46 59.24 Sivasagar 100.00 0.03 99.97 17.20 3.06 59.51 Sonitpur 100.00 0.13 100.00 16.33 1.58 60.27 South Salmara-Mankachar 100.00 0.20 Null 13.91 0.20 62.13 Tamulpur Null		Majuli							83
Nalbari 100.00 0.01 100.00 13.66 1.46 59.24 Sivasagar 100.00 0.03 99.97 17.20 3.06 59.51 Sonitpur 100.00 0.13 100.00 16.33 1.58 60.27 South Salmara-Mankachar 100.00 0.20 Null 13.91 0.20 62.13 Tamulpur Null 1.36 61.71 59.11 West Karbi Anglong 100.00 0.00 Null 5.04 0.27 57.49 Bishnupur 100.00 0.00 100.00 17.35 1.14 60.47									77
Sivasagar 100.00 0.03 99.97 17.20 3.06 59.51 Sonitpur 100.00 0.13 100.00 16.33 1.58 60.27 South Salmara-Mankachar 100.00 0.20 Null 13.91 0.20 62.13 Tamulpur Null 5.04 61.71 59.11 61.71 West Karbi Anglong 100.00 0.00 Null 5.04 0.27 57.49 Bishnupur 100.00 0.00 100.00 17.35 1.14 60.47									84
Sonitpur 100.00 0.13 100.00 16.33 1.58 60.27									87
South Salmara-Mankachar 100.00 0.20 Null 13.91 0.20 62.13 Tamulpur Null 1.36 61.71 61.71 Udalguri 100.00 0.25 100.00 11.06 0.71 59.11 59.11 West Karbi Anglong 100.00 0.00 Null 5.04 0.27 57.49 Bishnupur 100.00 0.00 100.00 17.35 1.14 60.47									91 82
Tamulpur Null									71
Tinsukia 100.00 0.02 100.00 11.40 1.36 61.71 Udalguri 100.00 0.25 100.00 11.06 0.71 59.11 West Karbi Anglong 100.00 0.00 Null 5.04 0.27 57.49 Bishnur 100.00 0.00 100.00 17.35 1.14 60.47									*
Udalguri 100.00 0.25 100.00 11.06 0.71 59.11 West Karbi Anglong 100.00 0.00 Null 5.04 0.27 57.49 Bishnupur 100.00 0.00 100.00 17.35 1.14 60.47									86
Bishnupur 100.00 0.00 100.00 17.35 1.14 60.47									75
		West Karbi Anglong	100.00	0.00	Null	5.04	0.27	57.49	72
Email Chandel 100.00 0.00 100.00 3.95 0.36 54.98 Churachandpur 100.00 0.00 97.43 15.98 1.33 54.18									86
⊆ Unurachandpur 100.00 0.00 97.43 15.98 1.33 54.18	pur								75
Imphal East 100.00 0.00 100.00 13.49 1.89 60.08	Mani								70 89
Imphal West 100.00 0.00 100.00 13.49 1.89 60.08 100.00 100.00 69.92 3.07 60.54									92











	SDG Target	8.3	8.7	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.10	
	District	Percentage of loans disbursed to MSMEs against sanctioned	Number of victims of human trafficking per 10,000 population	Percentage of households covered with a bank account under PMJDY against target	Number of bank branches including Business Correspondents (BCs) in Urban, Semi-urban and Rural areas per 10,000 population	Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 10,000 population	Percentage of women account holders in PMJDY	SDG 8
	Jiribam	100.00	0.00	Null	6.16	0.23	56.91	74
	Kakching	100.00	0.00	Null	6.65	0.69	57.11	77
	Kamjong	100.00	0.00	Null	1.24	0.21	49.52	61
-	Kangpokpi	100.00	0.00	Null	2.01	0.41	53.75	65
-	Noney	100.00	0.00	Null	4.52	0.20	47.51	65
-	Pherzawl Senapati	0.00 100.00	0.00	Null 100.00	1.21	Null 0.84	55.56 52.41	52 77
	Tamenglong	100.00	0.00	100.00	4.46	0.11	47.79	71
	Tengnoupal	100.00	0.00	Null	4.62	0.83	54.80	73
	Thoubal	100.00	0.00	100.00	25.62	1.34	58.50	87
	Ukhrul	100.00	0.00	100.00	11.79	0.29	49.61	83
	East Garo Hills	10.64	0.00	100.00	4.60	0.55	58.29	62
	East Jaintia Hills	22.73	0.00	100.00	12.53	0.81	61.71	73
	East Khasi Hills	33.45	0.00	100.00	11.03	3.40	58.38	82
Titpura Sikkim Nagaland Mizoram Meghalaya	Eastern West Khasi Hills	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
aya	North Garo Hills	13.21 21.88	0.06	100.00	5.40 7.22	0.29	56.45	61 72
ghali	Ri Bhoi South Garo Hills	36.67	0.00	100.00 100.00	5.06	1.55 0.42	60.53 54.62	67
Me	South West Garo Hills	38.78	0.06	100.00	8.67	0.42	53.10	71
	South West Khasi Hills	10.00	0.00	100.00	3.93	0.91	64.47	61
	West Garo Hills	16.42	0.17	100.00	13.25	1.14	57.27	65
	West Jaintia Hills	16.04	0.00	Null	5.62	1.25	65.79	60
	West Khasi Hills	50.00	0.00	100.00	9.09	0.65	54.79	77
	Aizawl	100.00	0.00	99.80	5.23	3.18	51.54	84
	Champhai	100.00	0.00	100.00	6.26	0.97	52.29	81
-	Hnahthial	100.00	0.00	Null	4.21	0.35	46.83	63
-	Khawzawl	100.00	0.00	Null	6.24	0.27	55.97	75 82
oram	Kolasib Lawngtlai	100.00 100.00	0.00	100.00 100.00	6.31 7.80	1.07 0.51	57.00 51.43	83
Mizoram	Lunglei	100.00	0.00	100.00	6.15	1.14	50.08	81
	Mamit	100.00	0.00	100.00	6.72	0.69	56.36	81
	Saitual	100.00	0.00	Null	2.37	0.40	55.37	66
	Serchhip	100.00	0.31	100.00	7.34	0.76	54.46	70
	Siaha	100.00	0.00	100.00	7.07	0.88	53.40	83
-	Chumoukedima	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dimapur	100.00	0.00	99.60	15.47	6.75	54.13	97
-	Kiphire	100.00 100.00	0.00	100.00 100.00	4.19	0.27 4.17	55.43 59.93	75 96
	Longleng	100.00	0.00	100.00	4.36	0.20	53.93	75
	Mokokchung	100.00	0.00	100.00	3.55	1.80	55.21	78
	Mon	100.00	0.00	100.00	4.91	0.36	51.80	77
land	Noklak	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Naga	Niuland	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Peren	100.00	0.00	100.00	3.78	0.53	56.32	75
	Phek	100.00	0.00	100.00	2.26	0.37	57.74	71
	Shamator	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tseminyu Tuensang	Null	Null	Null 100.00	Null	Null 0.47	Null 52.12	*
	Wokha	100.00 100.00	0.00	100.00 100.00	1.77 3.61	0.47 0.54	52.12 62.92	70 74
	Zunheboto	100.00	0.00	100.00	2.20	0.64	58.01	72
	Gangtok	90.09	0.00	100.00	14.31	6.20	51.00	98
	Gyalshing	73.51	0.00	100.00	4.88	2.09	58.56	77
Ë	Mangan	81.98	0.00	100.00	6.63	3.20	49.40	84
Sik	Namchi	91.24	0.00	100.00	7.76	3.00	53.76	89
	Pakyong	85.19	0.00	Null	7.33	4.68	53.00	90
	Soreng	73.99	0.00	Null	3.71	1.08	54.45	66
	Dhalai	97.75	0.00	100.00	8.83	1.22	55.32	86
	Gomati Khowai	97.33 95.06	0.00	100.00 100.00	10.44 8.49	1.63 0.70	54.52 55.43	87 84
g.	North Tripura	98.72	0.00	100.00	13.63	2.23	55.43	89
Tripu	Sepahijala	98.19	0.00	100.00	9.00	1.04	56.48	86
	South Tripura	98.72	0.00	100.00	8.13	1.23	56.05	86
	Unakoti	98.34	0.00	100.00	7.59	0.80	58.35	83
	West Tripura	97.36	0.00	100.00	8.45	3.37	56.79	92
	Target	100	0	100	8.58	5.65	50	100















INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialisation and foster innovation

This goal promotes investment in innovation; and reliable and resilient infrastructure which are crucial drivers of economic growth and development. It further aims at promoting increased resource use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes. It recognizes the importance of promoting sustainable industries and investing in scientific research and innovation, which are all important ways to facilitate sustainable development.

Targets

- 9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human wellbeing, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all
- 9.2 Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries
- 9.3 Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets
- 9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with

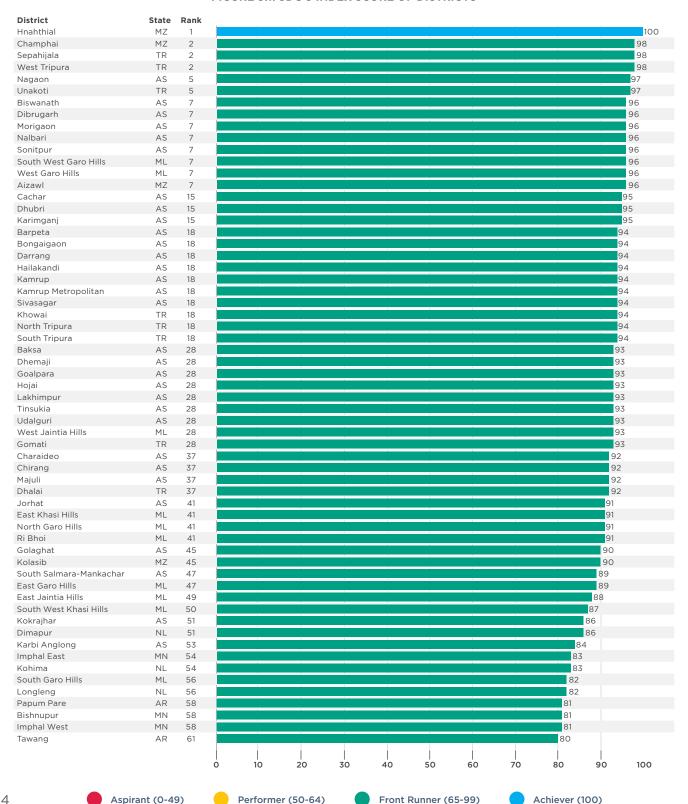
- increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities
- 9.5 Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending
- 9.a Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States
- 9.b Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities
- 9.c Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020

NER District SDG Index: Goal 9

The score for Goal 9 ranges between 100 and 11 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. Hnahthial [MZ], Champhai [MZ], Sepahijala [TR] and West Tripura [TR] are the top performing districts. 1

district falls in the category of Achiever, 92 districts fall in the category of Front Runners and 11 in the category of Performers, while 17 districts are in the category of Aspirants with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 9.1: SDG 9 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS



Aspirant (0-49)

Performer (50-64)

Front Runner (65-99)

FIGURE 9.1: SDG 9 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

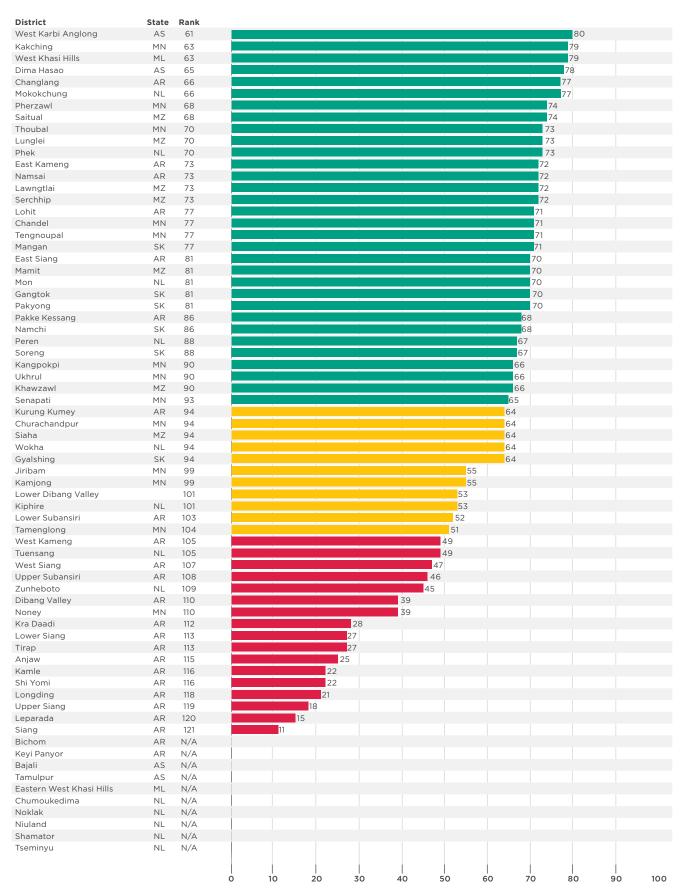
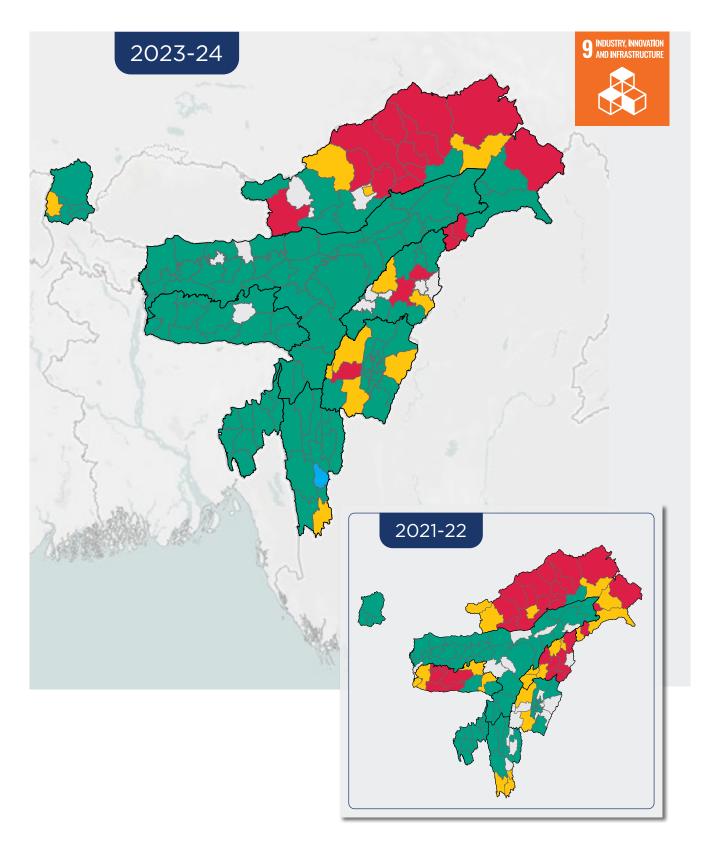


FIGURE 9.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 9



Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
9.1	Percentage of targeted habitations connected by all-weather roads under Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY) and other schemes	100	Global SDG Target 9.1 aims to develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure to support economic development and equitable access for all. It is aimed that all targeted unconnected habitations under PMGSY and related state schemes are connected.
9.1	9.1 Surfaced road as a percentage of total road length		Global SDG Target 9.1 aims to develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure to support economic development and equitable access for all.
9.c	Percentage of GPs/villages with internet connection (broadband or cellular)	100	This target aligns with global SDG target 9.c which aims to significantly increase access to information and communications technology "Digital India Initiative" of the Government of India also aims to boost universal coverage of internet connectivity.
9.c	Percentage of villages covered by a mobile network	100	This target aligns with global SDG target 9.c which aims to significantly increase access to information and communications technology. One of the pillars of the "Digital India Initiative" is universal access to mobile connectivity.

	SDG Target	9.1	9.1	9.c	9.c	
	District	Percentage of habitations with access to all weather roads under	Surfaced road as a percentage of total road length	Percentage of GPs/villages with internet connection (broadband or	Percentage of villages covered by a mobile network.	SDG 9
	Anjaw	PMGSY and other State schemes 13.95	56.99	cellular) 15.74	24.26	25
	Bichom	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Changlang	89.39	66.99	66.57	88.40	77
	Dibang Valley	47.62	53.34	26.76	36.62	39
	East Kameng	98.00	26.20	69.57	109.06	72
	East Siang Kamle	8.47 64.18	78.55 28.53	138.10	158.33 3.03	70 22
	Keyi Panyor	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Kra Daadi	90.00	26.99	0.28	0.56	28
	Kurung Kumey	80.22	28.12	67.72	87.04	64
ے	Leparada	29.63	36.19	1.39	1.39	15
Arunachal Pradesh	Lohit	14.71 70.83	77.25 23.00	201.63	228.46 0.00	71 21
l Pra	Longding Lower Dibang Valley	40.00	40.15	67.52	75.16	53
acha	Lower Siang	82.14	32.13	0.00	1.01	27
Arun	Lower Subansiri	33.54	30.10	54.31	115.09	52
	Namsai	42.24	62.91	91.53	110.73	72
	Pakke Kessang	50.00	31.35	345.68	466.67	68
	Papum Pare Shi Yomi	138.78 58.97	48.86 28.66	80.82 5.17	99.38 5.17	81 22
	Siang	26.97	20.74	3.19	3.19	11
	Tawang	65.52	58.57	134.47	194.04	80
	Tirap	65.22	51.12	0.00	0.00	27
	Upper Siang	50.75	32.16	0.00	0.00	18
	Upper Subansiri	91.78	20.76	34.30	43.39	46
	West Kameng West Siang	46.00 44.09	53.55 43.34	39.23 44.90	63.85 63.27	49 47
	Bajali	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Baksa	98.94	75.80	100.00	100.00	93
	Barpeta	99.57	77.18	100.00	100.00	94
	Biswanath	99.49	86.03	99.47	99.57	96
	Bongaigaon	100.19	77.63	99.11	99.64	94
	Cachar Charaideo	98.70 100.26	87.09 71.49	97.15 100.00	98.10 100.00	95 92
	Chirang	99.21	69.94	100.00	100.00	92
	Darrang	99.69	77.61	99.82	100.00	94
	Dhemaji	99.91	77.11	99.01	99.16	93
	Dhubri	97.77	84.01	99.79	100.00	95
	Dibrugarh Dima Hasao	99.74 96.41	87.47 57.00	99.41	99.56 82.66	96 78
	Goalpara	98.57	77.12	99.29	99.52	93
	Golaghat	100.00	71.72	96.12	96.38	90
	Hailakandi	97.75	82.17	97.89	99.40	94
E	Hojai	99.13	76.67	99.26	99.26	93
Assam	Jorhat Kamrup	99.12 99.55	67.76 82.77	99.18 98.25	99.67 98.44	91 94
	Kamrup Metropolitan	99.57	78.59	100.00	100.00	94
	Karbi Anglong	97.85	55.93	93.12	94.64	84
	Karimganj	98.44	81.85	99.89	100.00	95
	Kokrajhar	100.00	50.93	99.34	99.44	86
	Lakhimpur	98.83	77.17	99.91	100.00	93
	Majuli Morigaon	99.56 99.87	81.04 86.20	94.76 99.68	96.37 100.00	92 96
	Nagaon	99.83	90.35	99.51	99.51	97
	Nalbari	100.00	84.49	99.56	99.56	96
	Sivasagar	98.95	83.31	98.03	98.03	94
	Sonitpur	99.82	87.53	98.72	99.14	96
	South Salmara-Mankachar Tamulpur	93.17 Null	67.92 Null	100.00 Null	100.00 Null	89 *
	Tinsukia	99.59	75.68	98.81	98.89	93
	Udalguri	100.16	76.64	99.63	99.63	93
	West Karbi Anglong	95.22	48.95	89.93	90.66	80
	Bishnupur	100.00	73.68	54.17	100.00	81
pur	Chandel	98.21	32.44	89.14	70.41	71
Manipur	Churachandpur Imphal East	86.42 100.00	39.86 99.48	58.68 35.46	76.04 96.45	64 83
	Imphal East	100.00	99.48	34.58	100.00	81
	impilai West	100.00	51.14	54.50	100.00	- 01













	SDG Target	9.1	9.1	9.c	9.c	
	District	Percentage of habitations with access to all weather roads under PMGSY and other State schemes	Surfaced road as a percentage of total road length	Percentage of GPs/villages with internet connection (broadband or cellular)	Percentage of villages covered by a mobile network.	SDG 9
	Jiribam	100.00	33.37	0.00	92.00	
	Kakching	100.00	65.37	59.26	96.30	79
	Kamjong	82.05	34.69	45.53	66.67	55
	Kangpokpi	98.36	36.50	50.47	85.74	66
	Noney	86.96	19.15	20.55	36.99	39
	Pherzawl	95.24	17.50	95.45	93.94	74
	Senapati	95.92	59.34	12.50	96.32	65
	Tamenglong	94.92	8.35	38.61	69.31	
	Tengnoupal	100.00	58.60	62.58	67.48	71
	Thoubal	100.00	48.12	46.67	101.67	73
	Ukhrul	100.00	32.68	47.78	87.78	66
	East Garo Hills	94.74	95.61	82.07	82.97	89
	East Jaintia Hills	100.00	88.22	82.38	83.33	88
	East Khasi Hills	97.01	92.72	87.48	88.83	91
	Eastern West Khasi Hills	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
ya	North Garo Hills	93.10	88.10	92.30	92.46	91
Meghalaya	Ri Bhoi	98.15	90.87	85.98	88.11	91
Meg	South Garo Hills	82.61	79.62	82.84	84.14	82
	South West Garo Hills	95.83	93.73	97.19	97.94	96
	South West Khasi Hills	93.10	86.64	83.92	86.55 96.58	87
	West Garo Hills West Jaintia Hills	98.13 91.67	93.96 91.04	96.49 93.94	96.58	96 93
	West Khasi Hills	94.74	82.23	70.35	72.28	79
	Aizawl	100.00	82.23	97.10	97.10	96
-	Champhai	100.00	96.56	98.39	98.39	98
	Hnahthial	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100
	Khawzawl	7.69	73.49	94.74	94.74	66
_	Kolasib	100.00	65.00	100.00	100.00	90
Mizoram	Lawngtlai	31.11	76.68	92.35	92.35	72
Miz	Lunglei	29.41	93.48	87.61	87.61	73
	Mamit	10.53	91.83	91.11	91.11	70
	Saitual	15.38	92.46	96.30	96.30	74
	Serchhip	5.56	91.10	98.92	98.92	72
	Siaha	17.86	83.63	79.55	79.55	
	Chumoukedima	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dimapur	100.00	51.16	98.59	100.00	86
	Kiphire	44.23	38.61	59.05	77.14	53
	Kohima	84.75	65.88	87.63	95.88	83
	Longleng	92.73	47.66	93.48	100.00	82
	Mokokchung	90.32	29.02	96.51	97.67	77
- D	Mon	76.60	53.31	73.77	81.97	70
Nagaland	Noklak	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Nag	Niuland	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Peren	63.95	60.34	66.67	81.61	67
	Phek Shamator	65.22 Null	41.51 Null	95.96 Null	97.98 Null	73 *
	Tseminyu	Null Null	Null	Null Null	Null	*
	Tuensang	32.84	25.44	74.59	74.59	49
	Wokha	69.63	32.18	75.19	85.71	64
	Zunheboto	27.75	24.38	64.12	74.12	45
	Gangtok	19.70	68.96	100.00	100.00	70
	Gyalshing	15.58	48.81	100.00	100.00	64
<u>.</u> <u>E</u>	Mangan	17.47	72.60	100.00	100.00	71
Sikkim	Namchi	13.40	67.11	100.00	100.00	68
	Pakyong	13.77	72.95	100.00	100.00	70
	Soreng	15.48	59.73	100.00	100.00	67
	Dhalai	97.46	93.55	86.09	91.39	92
	Gomati	100.00	94.06	88.44	89.02	93
	Khowai	100.00	89.11	87.10	99.19	94
ura	North Tripura	96.83	90.66	93.02	97.67	94
Tripura	Sepahijala	100.00	95.58	98.22	100.00	98
	South Tripura	100.00	90.91	86.98	97.04	94
	Unakoti	99.68	91.63	97.80	100.00	97
	West Tripura	100.00	93.30	98.82	100.00	98
	Target	100	100	100	100	100















The Goal calls for progressively reducing not only income inequalities but also inequalities-of-outcome by ensuring access to equal opportunities and promoting social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or any other status relevant within a society. It also aims at enhancing representation and voice for developing countries in decision making in international economic and financial institutions.

Targets

- 10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 percent of the population at a rate higher than the national average
- 10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status
- 10.3 Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard
- 10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality
- 10.5 Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations

- 10.6 Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions
- 10.7 Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies
- 10.a Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements
- 10.b Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes
- 10.c By 2030, reduce to less than 3 percent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 percent

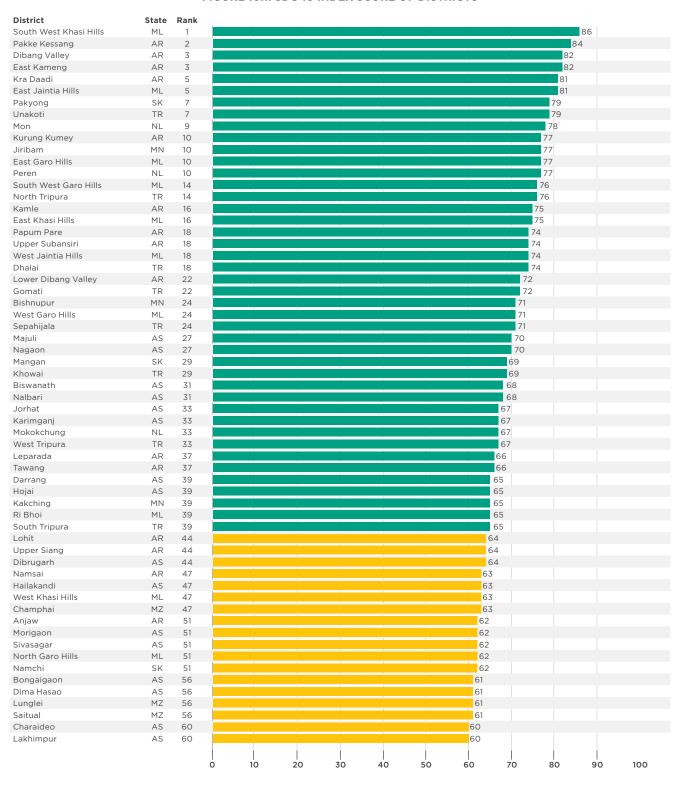
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NER District SDG Index: Goal 10

The score for Goal 10 ranges between 86 and 0 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. South West Khasi Hills [ML], Pakke Kessang [AR] and Dibang Valley [AR] are the top performing districts.

43 districts fall in the category of Front Runners and 45 in the category of Performers, while 33 districts are in the category of Aspirants with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 10.1: SDG 10 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS



Aspirant (0-49)

Performer (50-64)

Front Runner (65-99)

Achiever (100)

FIGURE 10.1: SDG 10 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

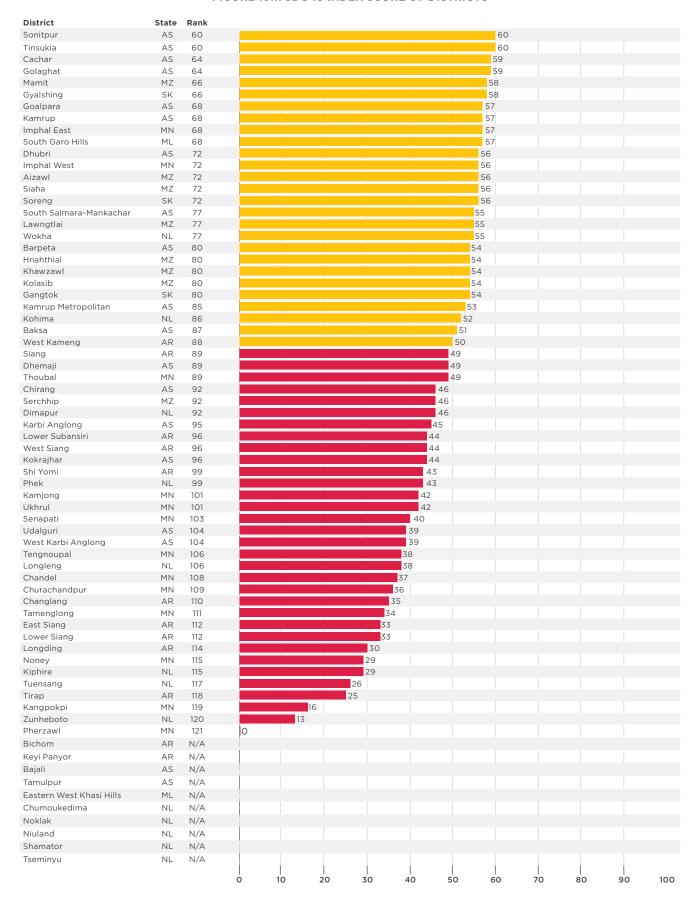
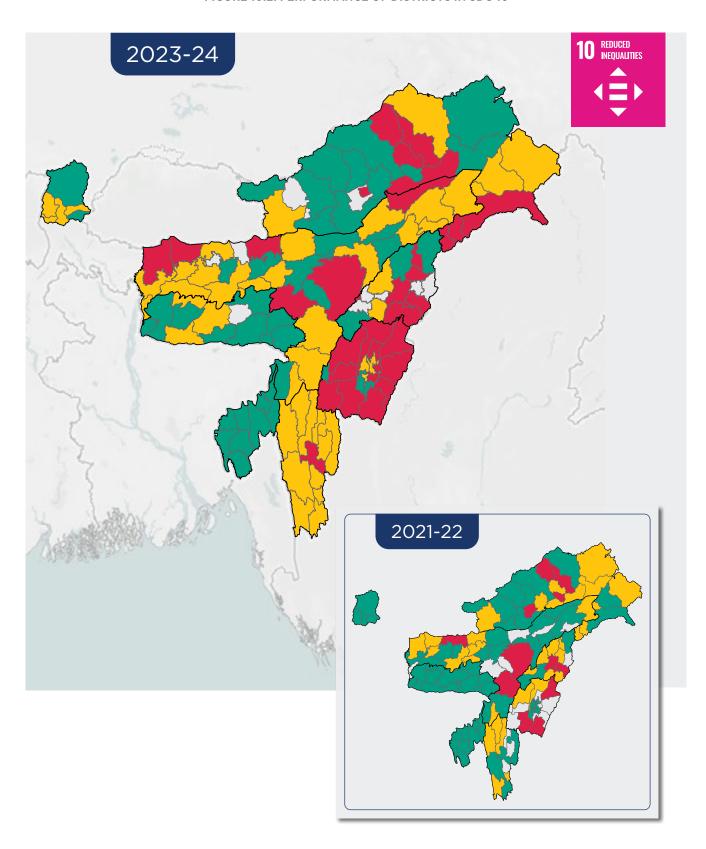


FIGURE 10.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 10



Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
10.2	Percentage of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous Councils, VCs, VECs	56.18	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 10.2 that aims to empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
10.3	Women offered employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by women under MGNREGA	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 10.3 that aims to ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
10.3	Persons with Disability (PwDs) offered employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by PwDs under MGNREGA	78.27	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 10.3 that aims to ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.

	SDG Target	10.2	10.3	10.3	
	District	Percentage of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous Councils, VCs, VECs	Women provided employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by women under MGNREGA	Persons with Disability (PWDs) provided employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by PWDs under MGNREGA	SDG 10
	Anjaw	44.87	70.16	33.33	62
	Bichom	Null	Null	Null	*
	Changlang	44.35	28.52	11.67	35
	Dibang Valley	43.66	74.28	100.00	82
	East Kameng East Siang	51.00 41.52	63.63 39.02	93.67	82 33
	Kamle	44.35	65.41	70.59	75
	Keyi Panyor	Null	Null	Null	*
	Kra Daadi	48.44	64.63	84.62	81
	Kurung Kumey	52.08	49.78	78.26	77
	Leparada	45.93	33.16	80.00	66
esh	Lohit	59.01	42.66	50.00	64
Arunachal Pradesh	Longding	36.40	40.61	0.00	30
hal	Lower Dibang Valley	47.66	44.69	100.00	72
nac	Lower Siang	42.00	30.69	8.33	33
Aru	Lower Subansiri	52.14	44.64	6.97	44
	Namsai	47.04	30.95	70.66	63
	Pakke Kessang	45.54	77.22	100.00	84
	Papum Pare	44.10	54.38	77.78	74
	Shi Yomi	51.52	28.16 32.89	20.00	43
	Siang Tawang	50.00 51.60	32.89 45.97	57.89	49 66
	Tirap	37.07	25.96	0.00	25
	Upper Siang	39.08	38.18	91.48	64
	Upper Subansiri	50.91	45.84	99.61	74
	West Kameng	51.83	42.63	23.81	50
	West Siang	40.61	31.07	36.00	44
	Bajali	Null	Null	Null	*
	Baksa	Null	75.61	25.61	51
	Barpeta	51.20	55.21	21.47	54
	Biswanath	51.46	73.15	34.84	68
	Bongaigaon	53.54	63.54	25.28	61
	Cachar	53.81	71.47	14.24	59
	Charaideo	49.89	67.60	24.35	60
	Chirang Darrang	Null 51.37	67.45 70.39	26.03 32.58	46 65
	Dhemaji	52.10	45.75	17.36	49
	Dhubri	45.46	65.94	24.04	56
	Dibrugarh	55.40	65.37	29.67	64
	Dima Hasao	Null	36.69	100.00	61
	Goalpara	57.69	60.72	16.39	57
	Golaghat	54.07	62.62	22.04	59 63
	Hailakandi	55.36	57.48	34.82	63
Ε	Hojai	55.64	73.34	21.97	65
Assam	Jorhat	54.32	69.39	33.46	67
	Kamrup	53.27	66.23	13.79	57
	Kamrup Metropolitan	57.36	64.51	3.45	53
	Karbi Anglong	Null 54.40	67.59	24.29	45
	Karimganj Kokrajhar	54.40 Null	77.92 61.92	25.50 28.25	67 44
	Lakhimpur	53.59	64.88	22.16	60
	Majuli	53.69	55.73	54.72	70
	Morigaon	57.12	68.71	20.39	62
	Nagaon	55.28	75.90	33.25	70
	Nalbari	50.06	78.49	33.14	68
	Sivasagar	47.15	67.72	33.96	68 62
	Sonitpur	56.63	64.56	18.58	60
	South Salmara-Mankachar	25.65	82.72	31.56	55
	Tamulpur	Null	Null	Null	
	Tinsukia	54.81	70.33	15.82	60
	Udalguri	Null	62.71	19.29	39
	West Karbi Anglong	Null	67.94	13.64	39
	Bishnupur	56.63	40.97 33.49	66.79 73.39	71
Manipur	Chandel Churachandpur	0.00	33.49	73.39	37 36
Mar	Imphal East	19.05	59.15	69.09	57
	Imphal West	48.98	35.59	48.63	56
		.0.50	20.00	10.00	











	SDG Target	10.2	10.3	10.3	
	District	Percentage of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous Councils, VCs, VECs	Women provided employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by women under MGNREGA	Persons with Disability (PWDs) provided employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by PWDs under MGNREGA	SDG 10
	Jiribam	60.00	43.91	85.00	77
	Kakching	53.33	45.87	53.70	65
	Kamjong	0.00	39.88 30.15	87.30 27.47	42 16
	Kangpokpi Noney	0.00	50.07	38.46	29
	Pherzawl	0.00	19.82	0.00	0
	Senapati	0.00	37.11	77.78	40
	Tamenglong	0.00	21.24	83.33	34
	Tengnoupal	0.00	31.11	82.14	38
	Thoubal	36.51 0.00	38.96 40.61	46.36 87.50	49 42
	East Garo Hills	41.96	65.03	100.00	77
	East Jaintia Hills	45.26	70.15	78.47	81
	East Khasi Hills	49.72	67.14	59.74	75
	Eastern West Khasi Hills	Null	Null	Null	*
ıya	North Garo Hills	46.63	50.22	51.85	62
Meghalaya	Ri Bhoi	46.05	61.13	47.25	65
Me	South Garo Hills South West Garo Hills	49.71 46.20	43.72 55.35	40.64 88.48	57 76
	South West Khasi Hills	52.28	72.05	88.82	86
	West Garo Hills	49.81	44.53	72.37	71
	West Jaintia Hills	47.80	64.69	63.49	74
	West Khasi Hills	43.49	58.61	48.66	
	Aizawl	27.03	36.55	84.21	
	Champhai Hnahthial	26.60 25.76	52.60 33.48	96.15 100.00	
	Khawzawl	26.92	42.91	66.67	
۽	Kolasib	25.54	45.40	66.67	
Mizoram	Lawngtlai	18.09	46.68	100.00	
Σ	Lunglei	27.55	48.07	100.00	
	Mamit	24.37	44.10	100.00	
	Saitual Serchhip	24.47 25.83	52.17 40.33	100.00 51.43	61 46
	Siaha	21.02	45.27	97.14	56
	Chumoukedima	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dimapur	Null	45.11	46.86	46
	Kiphire	23.02	53.50	4.30	29
	Kohima	Null	63.75	38.10	52
-	Longleng Mokokchung	Null 40.51	39.00 44.01	40.00 93.33	38 67
	Mon	Null	64.92	92.59	78
and	Noklak	Null	Null	Null	
Nagaland	Niuland	Null	Null	Null	*
	Peren	Null	78.78	62.50	77
	Phek	Null	46.32	41.24	43
	Shamator Tseminyu	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	*
	Tuensang	Null	49.12	11.81	26
	Wokha	Null	74.14	33.33	55
	Zunheboto	Null	34.30	6.90	13
	Gangtok	46.10	58.72	23.91	54 58
_	Gyalshing	51.76	54.56	30.67	
Sikkim	Mangan Namchi	48.12 48.40	47.43 49.79	68.18 48.94	69 62
0,	Pakyong	55.03	61.41	68.42	79
	Soreng	51.50	47.40	31.82	56
	Dhalai	44.72	54.08	77.30	74
	Gomati	44.67	59.75	66.74	72
	Khowai	44.95	49.08	70.07	69
Tripura	North Tripura Sepahijala	45.30 45.12	65.61 59.38	70.69 64.49	76 71
F.	South Tripura	45.12	54.24	56.99	65
	Unakoti	45.41	69.01	74.23	79
	West Tripura	45.57	52.75	61.66	67
	Target	56.18	100	78.27	100













SDG 11

SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

Goal 11 promotes inclusive and sustainable urbanisation. Making cities sustainable means creating career and business opportunities, safe and affordable housing, and building resilient societies and economies. It involves investment in public transport, creating green public spaces, and improving urban planning and management in participatory and inclusive ways.

Targets

- 11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums
- 11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons
- 11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanisation and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries
- 11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage
- 11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic

losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including waterrelated disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations

• • • • • • • • • • • • •

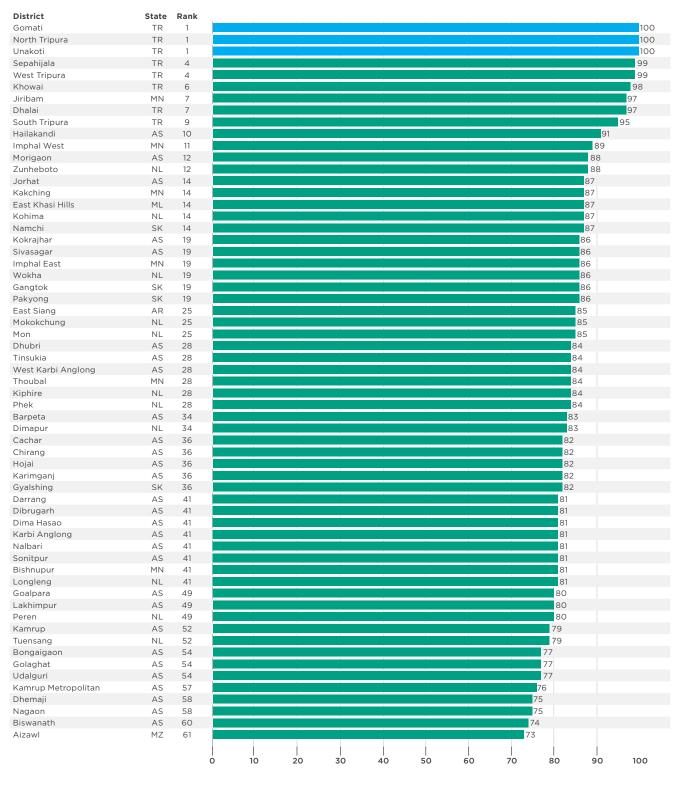
- 11.6 By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management
- 11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities
- 11.a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, periurban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning
- 11.b By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels
- 11.c Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilising local materials.

NER District SDG Index: Goal 11

The score for Goal 11 ranges between 100 and 42 and are computed for the 79 districts which have urban local bodies. Gomati, North Tripura and Unakoti, all of them in Tripura are the top performing districts.

These three districts fall in the category of Achiever, 66 districts fall in the category of Front Runners and 9 in the category of Performers, while 1 district is in the category of Aspirant with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 11.1: SDG 11 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS



Aspirant (0-49)

Performer (50-64)

Front Runner (65-99)

Achiever (100)

FIGURE 11.1: SDG 11 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

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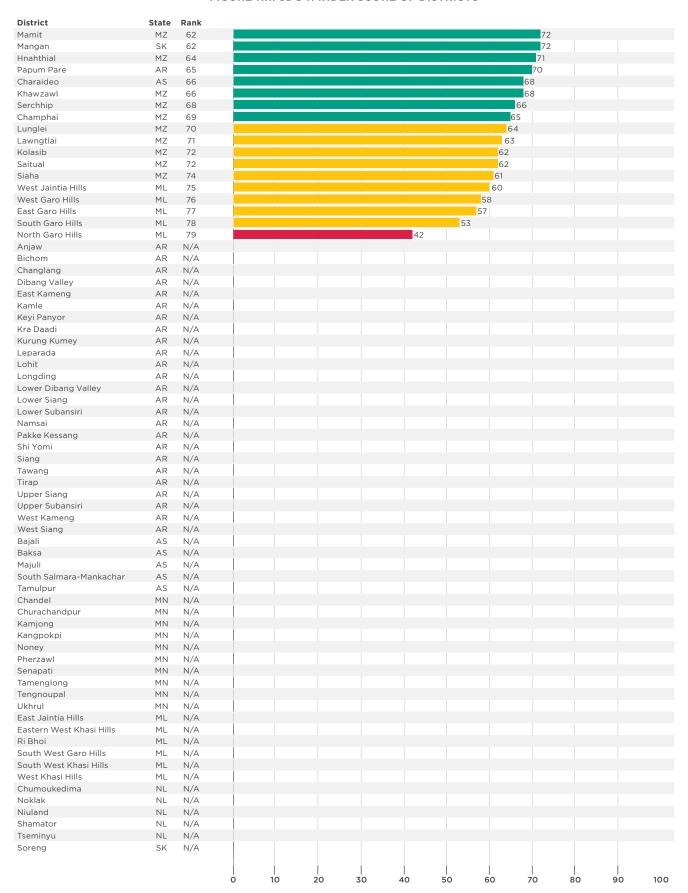
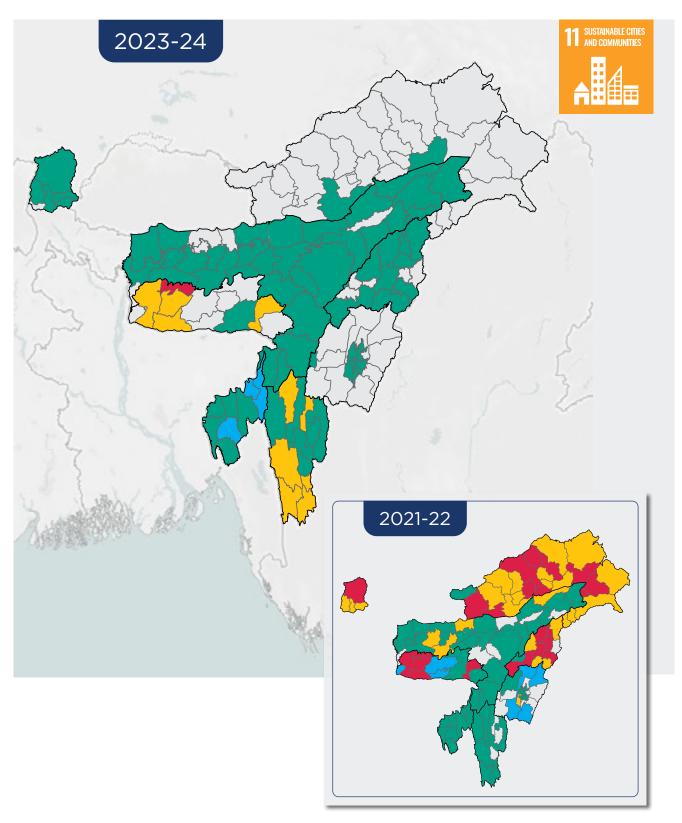


FIGURE 11.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 11



Note: Only districts with an Urban Local Body/Administration were considered for computing scores in SDG 11 for the year 2023-24.

Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Front Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) Not Available (N/A)

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Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
11.1	Houses completed under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) and/or other schemes as a percentage of net demand assessment (Urban)	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 11.1 that aims to ensure universal access to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services, and upgrade slums, by 2030.
11.2	Deaths due to road accidents per 1,00,000 population		This target corresponds to the global SDG target 11.2 that focuses on improving road safety, and also the global SDG target 3.6 which aims to halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents. (Base year 2015)
11.6	Percentage of wards with waste collection	100	Global SDG target 11.6 aims to reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management.
11.1	Percentage of individual household toilets constructed against target (SBM(U))	100	Swachh Bharat Mission aims to provide universal sanitation coverage in urban areas through construction of IHHL units and community toilets. It aims for completion of construction of toilets targeted and sanctioned.
11.6	Percentage of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) treated out of total MSW generated	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 11.6 that aims to reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities by 2030, by focusing on municipal and other waste management. MSW processing is also critical to the success of the SBM (U).

		I	l I		I	ı	
	SDG Target	11.1	11.2	11.6	11.1	11.6	
	District	Houses completed under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) and/or other schemes as a percentage of net demand assessment (Urban)	Deaths due to road accidents per 1,00,000 population	Percentage of wards with waste collection	Percentage of individual household toilets constructed against target (SBM(U))	Percentage of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) treated out of total MSW generated (TPD)	SDG 11
	Anjaw	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Bichom	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Changlang	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dibang Valley	Null Null	Null Null	Null	Null Null	Null Null	*
	East Kameng East Siang	100.00	20.88	Null 100.00	163.11	50.00	85
	Kamle	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Keyi Panyor	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Nt.
	Kra Daadi	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Kurung Kumey	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
ے	Leparada	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
sape	Lohit	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
P Pre	Longding Lower Dibang Valley	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	*
acha	Lower Dibang valley Lower Siang	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Arunachal Pradesh	Lower Subansiri	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
A.	Namsai	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Pakke Kessang	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Papum Pare	86.77	7.93	100.00	52.97	16.38	70
	Shi Yomi	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Siang	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tawang	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	*
	Upper Siang	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Upper Subansiri	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	West Kameng	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	West Siang	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Bajali	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Baksa	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
-	Barpeta	74.95	7.79	100.00	100.00	43.40	83
	Biswanath Bongaigaon	43.82 55.82	11.92 11.91	100.00	100.00	35.00 37.02	74
	Cachar	49.56	7.83	100.00	100.00	62.10	82
	Charaideo	23.26	5.23	100.00	100.00	16.00	68
	Chirang	68.71	10.58	100.00	100.00	49.12	82
	Darrang	54.84	6.57	100.00	100.00	50.11	81
	Dhemaji	54.16	15.74	100.00	100.00	36.76	75
-	Dhubri	71.95	6.67	98.25	100.00	53.45 69.00	84 81
	Dibrugarh Dima Hasao	38.57 42.99	8.14 7.94	100.00	100.00	63.95	81
	Goalpara	60.87	11.51	100.00	100.00	46.25	80
	Golaghat	38.06	11.44	100.00	100.00	56.29	77
	Hailakandi	85.95	3.19	100.00	100.00	66.67	91
E	Hojai	59.62	7.52	100.00	100.00	54.44	82
Assam	Jorhat	54.56	5.84	100.00	100.00	80.17	87
	Kamrup Metropolitan	66.35	13.05	100.00	100.00	38.83	79 76
	Kamrup Metropolitan Karbi Anglong	87.69 45.81	20.18 8.93	100.00 100.00	100.00	13.91 62.60	76 81
	Karbi Aligiolig	48.01	5.37	100.00	100.00	61.98	82
	Kokrajhar	67.08	9.02	100.00	100.00	70.02	86
	Lakhimpur	54.09	12.47	100.00	100.00	58.10	80
	Majuli	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Morigaon	72.50	6.79	100.00	100.00	70.36	88
	Nagaon	53.18	12.05	76.71	100.00	63.70	75
	Nalbari Sivasagar	60.00 66.51	14.51 9.39	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	56.07 71.40	81 86
	Sivasagar	42.11	12.20	130.00	100.00	71.40	81
	South Salmara-Mankachar	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tamulpur	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tinsukia	63.69	6.78	100.00	100.00	57.73	84
	Udalguri	48.08	8.90	100.00	100.00	42.76	77
	West Karbi Anglong	45.86	3.39	100.00	100.00	71.83	84
5	Bishnupur	79.95	11.79	100.00	100.00	34.66	81 *
Manipur	Chandel Churachandpur	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	*
2	Imphal East	95.09	2.91	100.00	100.00	34.46	86
	Imphal East	95.09	2.91	100.00	100.00	34.46	







	0000	44.4	440	44.0	44.4	44.0	
	SDG Target	11.1	11.2	11.6	11.1	11.6	
	District	Houses completed under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) and/or other schemes as a percentage of net demand assessment (Urban)	Deaths due to road accidents per 1,00,000 population	Percentage of wards with waste collection	Percentage of individual household toilets constructed against target (SBM(U))	Percentage of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) treated out of total MSW generated (TPD)	SDG 11
	Imphal West	91.28	3.09	100.00	100.00	56.09	89
	Jiribam	89.77	9.12	100.00	100.00	100.00	97
	Kakching	91.73	9.60	100.00	100.00	50.63	87
-	Kamjong	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Kangpokpi Noney	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	*
	Pherzawl	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Senapati	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tamenglong	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tengnoupal	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Thoubal	95.57	6.88	100.00	100.00	25.99	84
	Ukhrul	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
-	East Garo Hills	85.71	3.43	100.00	7.77	0.00	57
	East Jaintia Hills East Khasi Hills	Null 64.97	Null 7.39	Null 100.00	Null 100.00	Null 74.47	* 87
	East Knasi Hills Eastern West Khasi Hills	64.97 Null	7.39 Null	100.00 Null	Null	74.47 Null	*
	North Garo Hills	85.78	6.97	30.77	8.68	25.00	42
Meghalaya	Ri Bhoi	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
legha	South Garo Hills	45.57	1.41	100.00	24.19	0.00	53
2	South West Garo Hills	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	South West Khasi Hills	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	West Garo Hills	74.15	8.59	100.00	15.51	10.96	
	West Jaintia Hills	84.02	7.35	100.00	13.37	10.00	60 *
	West Khasi Hills Aizawl	Null 13.49	Null 14.15	Null 100.00	Null 100.00	Null 63.58	73
	Champhai	25.37	12.51	100.00	100.00	8.98	65
	Hnahthial	0.00	3.51	100.00	100.00	54.13	71
	Khawzawl	21.81	8.14	100.00	100.00	22.62	68
E	Kolasib	17.60	17.87	100.00	100.00	9.10	62
Mizoram	Lawngtlai	6.55	11.03	100.00	100.00	15.70	
Σ	Lunglei	18.43	9.87	100.00	100.00	5.54	64
	Mamit	41.22	6.95	100.00	100.00	20.00	72
	Saitual	23.81	27.67	100.00	100.00	18.60	62
	Serchhip Siaha	20.10 7.38	6.12 15.91	100.00	100.00	12.14	66 61
	Chumoukedima	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dimapur	79.44	16.64	100.00	100.00	54.43	83
	Kiphire	97.69	0.00	79.31	100.00	54.34	84
	Kohima	79.79	1.89	100.00	100.00	54.55	87
	Longleng	77.24	0.00	80.00	100.00	54.29	81
	Mokokchung	70.56	4.11	100.00	100.00	54.55	85
p -	Mon	87.80	1.60	87.23	100.00	54.41	85
Nagaland	Noklak	Null	Null	Null	Null Null	Null	*
s -	Niuland Peren	Null 70.63	Null 0.00	Null 81.48	100.00	Null 53.97	80
	Phek	64.55	3.67	100.00	100.00	54.47	84
	Shamator	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tseminyu	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tuensang	75.52	0.00	75.00	100.00	54.41	79
	Wokha	74.20	1.80	100.00	100.00	54.39	86
	Zunheboto	85.59	0.71	100.00	100.00	54.40	88
	Gangtok	84.83 56.96	8.20 1.40	100.00	100.00	49.08 54.55	86 82
ε	Gyalshing Mangan	94.44	70.92	100.00	100.00 100.00	64.47	72
Sikkim	Namchi	79.86	9.53	100.00	100.00	62.86	87
, , ,	Pakyong	97.56	26.51	100.00	100.00	65.85	86
	Soreng	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dhalai	100.00	4.76	100.00	86.44	100.00	97
	Gomati	100.00	6.29	100.00	134.59	100.00	100
	Khowai	100.00	6.11	100.00	91.55	100.00	98
Tripura	North Tripura	100.00	5.75	100.00	100.00	100.00	100
Ė	Sepahijala South Tripura	100.00	6.25 6.94	100.00	95.64 78.56	100.00 100.00	99 95
	Unakoti	100.00	5.06	100.00	122.69	100.00	100
	West Tripura	100.00	8.39	100.00	123.17	100.00	99
	***	100	5.8	100	100	100	100













SDG 12

RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

The Goal emphasises on "doing more with less" thus promoting resource efficiency, green economies and sustainable infrastructure. It also focusses on reducing degradation and pollution and minimising waste. The efficient management of our shared natural resources and the way we dispose of toxic waste and pollutants are important targets to achieve this Goal. It calls for awareness generation and dissemination on sustainable development, lifestyles and practices.

Targets

- 12.1 Implement the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production Patterns, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries
- 12.2 By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources
- 12.3 By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses
- 12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment
- 12.5 By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse

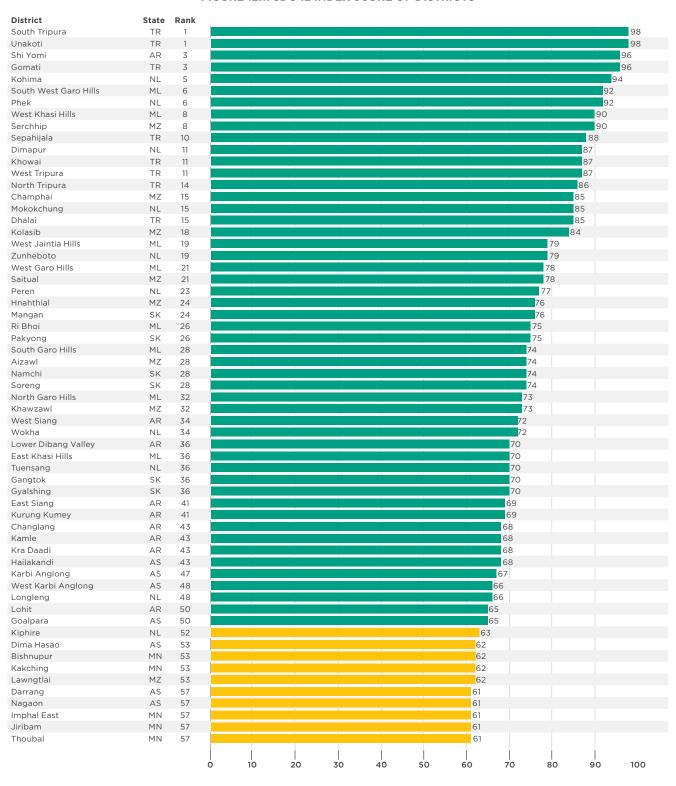
- 12.6 Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle
- 12.7 Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities
- 12.8 By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature
- 12.a Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production
- 12.b Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products
- 12.c Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities

NER District SDG Index: Goal 12

The score for Goal 12 ranges between 98 and 7 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. South Tripura [TR], Unakoti [TR] and Shi Yomi [AR] are the top performing districts. 51 districts fall in the

category of Front Runners and 52 in the category of Performers, while 18 districts are in the category of Aspirants with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 12.1: SDG 12 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS



Aspirant (0-49)

Performer (50-64)

Front Runner (65-99)

Achiever (100)

Aspirant (0-49)

Performer (50-64)

FIGURE 12.1: SDG 12 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

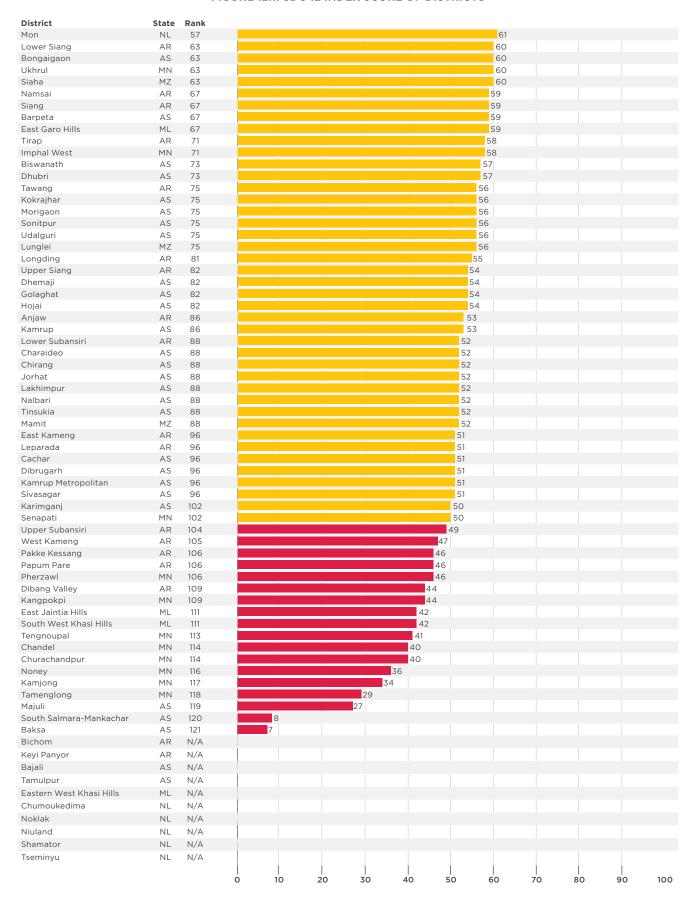
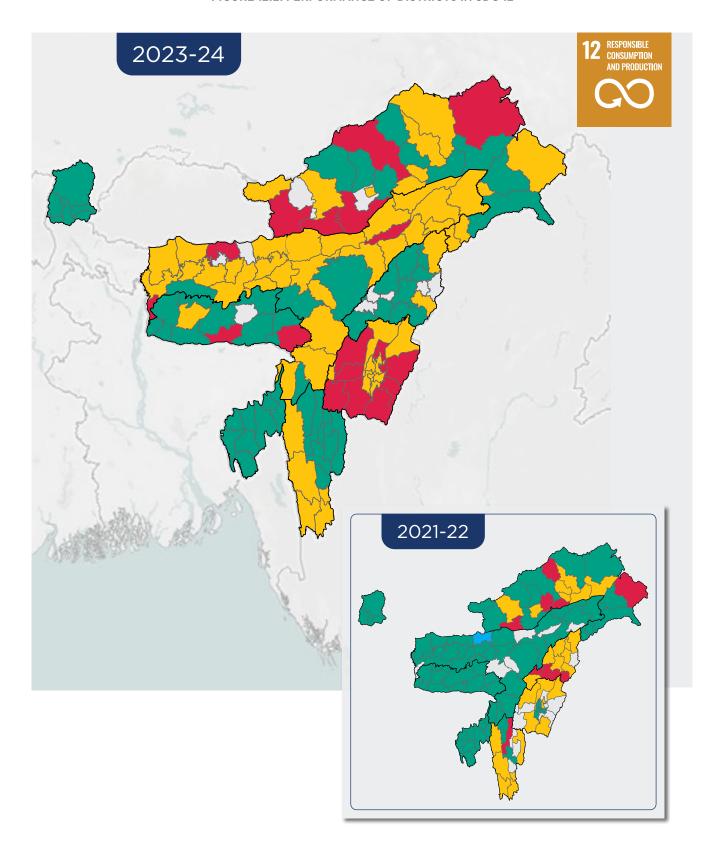


FIGURE 12.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 12



Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
12.3	Area under jhum cultivation as a percentage of total area under agriculture	0	Global SDG target 12.2 aims to achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources by 2030. Average of the 5 best scores, rounded to the nearest whole number, has been set as the target.
12.3	Percentage of area under micro/ minor irrigation in the district	62.32	Global SDG target 12.2 aims to achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources by 2030. Average of the 5 best scores, after removing the outliers, has been set as the target.
12.5	Plastic waste generated per 10,000 population (Tonnes/Annum)	0.04	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 12.5 that aims to substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.

TABLE 12.1: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 12

	SDG Target	12.3	12.3	12.5	
	District	Area under jhum cultivation as a percentage of total area under agriculture	Percentage of area under micro/minor irrigation in the district	Plastic waste generated per 10,000 population (Tonnes/Annum)	SDG 12
Arunachal Pradesh	Anjaw	37.71	19.37	168.99	53
	Bichom Changlang	Null 22.98	Null 30.29	Null 110.56	* 68
	Dibang Valley	39.17	3.90	164.17	44
	East Kameng	49.84	19.10	121.73	51
	East Siang	6.46	30.01	192.05	69
	Kamle	23.67	24.87	44.45	68
	Keyi Panyor Kra Daadi	Null 15.02	Null 26.86	Null 117.23	68
	Kurung Kumey	13.42	25.86	101.36	69
	Leparada	32.31	34.15	362.25	51
	Lohit	7.35	14.33	102.66	65
	Longding	36.75	10.65	67.67	55
achal	Lower Dibang Valley Lower Siang	14.38	26.38 27.77	97.86 Null	70 60
Aruna	Lower Subansiri	24.26	22.72	293.02	52
	Namsai	29.72	15.95	87.87	
	Pakke Kessang	35.64	20.04	Null	46
	Papum Pare	18.32	36.27	559.57	46
	Shi Yomi	7.65	63.07	Null	96
	Siang Tawang	31.09 8.89	29.03 8.78	186.39 207.33	59 56
	Tirap	26.09	18.66	145.10	58
	Upper Siang	28.05	23.90	253.19	54
	Upper Subansiri	28.78	22.79	320.39	49
	West Kameng	34.00	3.97	145.16	47
	West Siang	26.17	49.45	182.08	72
	Bajali Baksa	Null Null	Null 4.30	Null Null	* 7
	Barpeta	Null	11.59	0.61	59
	Biswanath	Null	8.71	1.35	57
	Bongaigaon	Null	11.92	0.35	60
	Cachar	Null	0.81	1.35	51
	Charaideo	Null	2.91	0.78	52
	Chirang Darrang	Null Null	2.79 13.67	1.31	52 61
	Dhemaji	Null	4.44	0.37	54
	Dhubri	Null	9.25	0.53	57
	Dibrugarh	Null	1.92	1.07	51
	Dima Hasao	12.55	0.00	0.64	62
	Goalpara	Null	19.25	0.90	65 54
	Golaghat Hailakandi	Null 0.31	5.34 2.31	0.32 0.16	
	Hojai	Null	5.38	0.14	68 54 52
Assam	Jorhat	Null	2.60	1.00	52
A	Kamrup	Null	4.22	0.34	53 51
	Kamrup Metropolitan	Null	1.13	1.58	
	Karbi Anglong	2.66	2.17	0.21	67
	Karimganj Kokrajhar	Null Null	0.64 7.94	0.22 0.97	50 56
	Lakhimpur	Null	3.01	0.18	52
	Majuli	Null	16.72	Null	27
	Morigaon	Null	8.04	0.65	56 61
	Nagaon	Null	14.08	0.20	61
	Nalbari	Null	3.17	1.47	52 51
	Sivasagar Sonitpur	Null Null	1.47 7.60	0.09 0.48	56
	South Salmara-Mankachar	Null	4.70	Null	8
	Tamulpur	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tinsukia	Null	2.36	0.26	52
	Udalguri	Null	7.65	1.62	56
	West Karbi Anglong Bishnupur	6.19 0.00	2.82 5.05	0.15 124.43	66 62
_	Chandel	59.99	3.81	102.53	40
Manipur	Churachandpur	61.68	5.01	101.19	40
Ma	Imphal East	0.00	7.28	163.31	61
'		0.00	4.33	192.15	58













	SDG Target	12.3	12.3	12.5	
	District	Area under jhum cultivation as a percentage of total area under agriculture	Percentage of area under micro/minor irrigation in the district	Plastic waste generated per 10,000 population (Tonnes/Annum)	SDG 12
	Jiribam	0.00	1.93	111.55	
	Kakching	0.00	3.41	114.99	62
	Kamjong	80.07	4.83	95.32	34
	Kangpokpi	52.59	6.69	100.75	44
	Noney Pherzawl	75.75	3.22	72.72 98.50	36 46
-	Senapati	40.90 45.60	1.11	100.77	50
	Tamenglong	88.77	4.68	116.74	29
	Tengnoupal	58.77	3.80	98.36	41
	Thoubal	0.00	3.00	128.40	61
	Ukhrul	21.37	14.63	102.77	
	East Garo Hills	32.77	11.75	21.34	59
	East Jaintia Hills	22.48	5.59	Null	42
	East Khasi Hills	1.53	9.94	26.68	70 *
	Eastern West Khasi Hills North Garo Hills	Null 12.34	Null 21.03	Null 0.00	73
Meghalaya	Ri Bhoi	10.67	22.57	0.00	75
gha	South Garo Hills	16.31	25.04	0.00	74
ž	South West Garo Hills	1.33	52.86	Null	92
	South West Khasi Hills	18.89	3.37	Null	42
	West Garo Hills	6.93	27.95	19.75	78
	West Jaintia Hills	0.52	23.77	1.52	79
	West Khasi Hills	26.04	82.37	0.00	90
	Aizawl	41.17	43.68	8.46	74
	Champhai	39.26	62.87	4.99	85
	Hnahthial Khawzawl	57.88 38.99	59.14 40.51	2.52 4.26	76 73
	Kolasib	18.91	45.57	5.58	84
Mizoram	Lawngtlai	29.79	11.84	1.77	62
Miz	Lunglei	50.53	16.83	4.67	
	Mamit	53.42	9.44	2.29	
	Saitual	58.14	72.90	3.88	78
	Serchhip	25.18	73.94	4.90	90
	Siaha	39.90	15.62	4.44	60
	Chumoukedima	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dimapur	2.74 42.03	65.18 21.95	199.30	87
	Kiphire Kohima	14.69	68.06	1.01 0.02	63 94
	Longleng	41.74	27.54	0.01	66
	Mokokchung	39.83	65.93	0.26	85
	Mon	42.78	19.23	0.20	61
land	Noklak	Null	Null	Null	*
Nagalaı	Niuland	Null	Null	Null	*
	Peren	15.12	44.00	Null	77
	Phek	14.66	58.71	1.94	92
	Shamator	Null Null	Null Null	Null	*
	Tseminyu Tuensang	34.26	30.49	Null 0.05	70
	Wokha	34.54	34.97	0.19	72
	Zunheboto	43.48	53.97	0.04	79
	Gangtok	0.00	7.05	1.77	70
	Gyalshing	0.00	6.45	0.20	70
Sikkim	Mangan	0.00	18.01	1.14	76
ŝ	Namchi	0.00	13.35	0.77	74
-	Pakyong	0.00	16.55	4.37	75
	Soreng	0.00 13.87	12.87 44.52	0.00	74 85
	Dhalai Gomati	3.85	58.14	0.30	96
	Khowai	4.05	41.64	0.26	87
ıra	North Tripura	10.06	42.57	0.26	86
Tripura	Sepahijala	0.61	40.82	0.23	88
	South Tripura	1.80	59.67	0.44	98
	Unakoti	5.63	63.68	0.45	98
	West Tripura	2.00	39.06	1.17	87
	Target	0	62.32	0.04	100











SDG 13

CLIMATE ACTION

Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts

The Goal is aimed at integrating climate change measures, disaster risk measures and sustainable natural resource management into national development strategies. To minimise the human impact of geophysical disasters, the Goal calls for strengthening resilience and adaptive capacity, including human and institutional capacity on mitigation, adaptation, and early warning. Efforts at the national level - for adopting green technologies, promoting the use of clean and modern source of energy, advocating for behavioural change for sustainable use of resources, have to be complemented by international cooperation on climate change since the causes and effects of climate change transcend national boundaries.

Targets

- 13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries
- 13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning

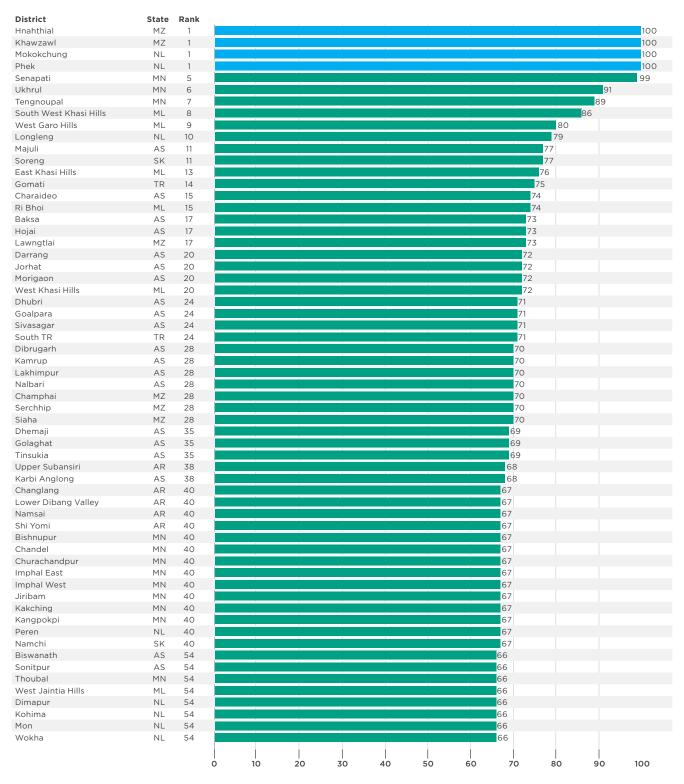
- 13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning
- 13.a Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilising jointly USD 100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalise the Green Climate Fund through its capitalisation as soon as possible
- 13.b Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalised communities

NER District SDG Index: Goal 13

The score for Goal 13 ranges between 100 and 12 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. Phek [NL], Mokokchung [NL], Khawzawl [MZ] and Hnahthial [MZ] are the top performing districts.

4 districts fall in the category of Achiever, 59 districts fall in the category of Front Runners and 9 in the category of Performers, while 49 districts are in the category of Aspirants with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 13.1: SDG 13 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS



Aspirant (0-49)

Performer (50-64)

Front Runner (65-99)

Achiever (100)

FIGURE 13.1: SDG 13 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

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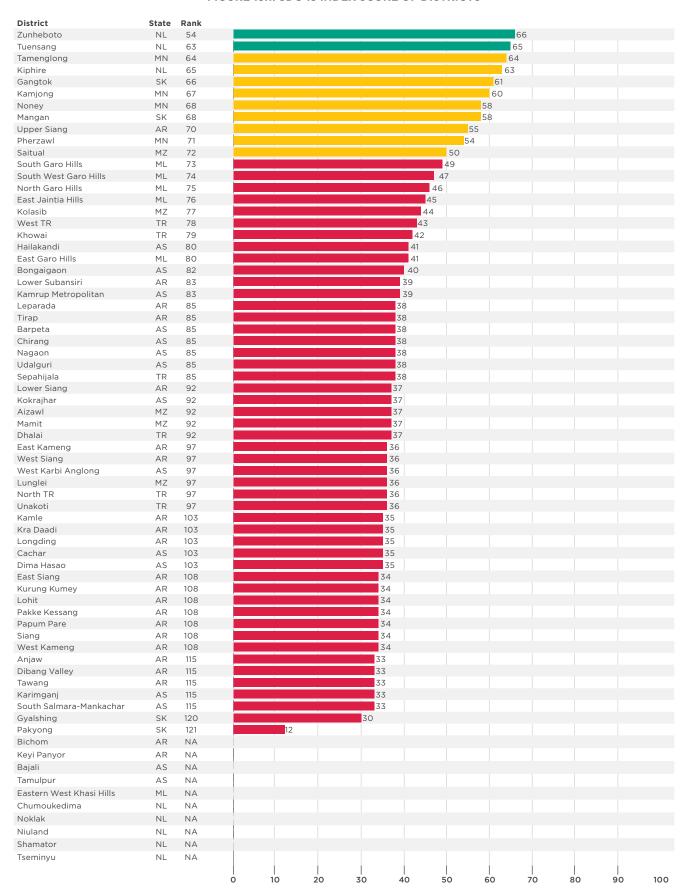
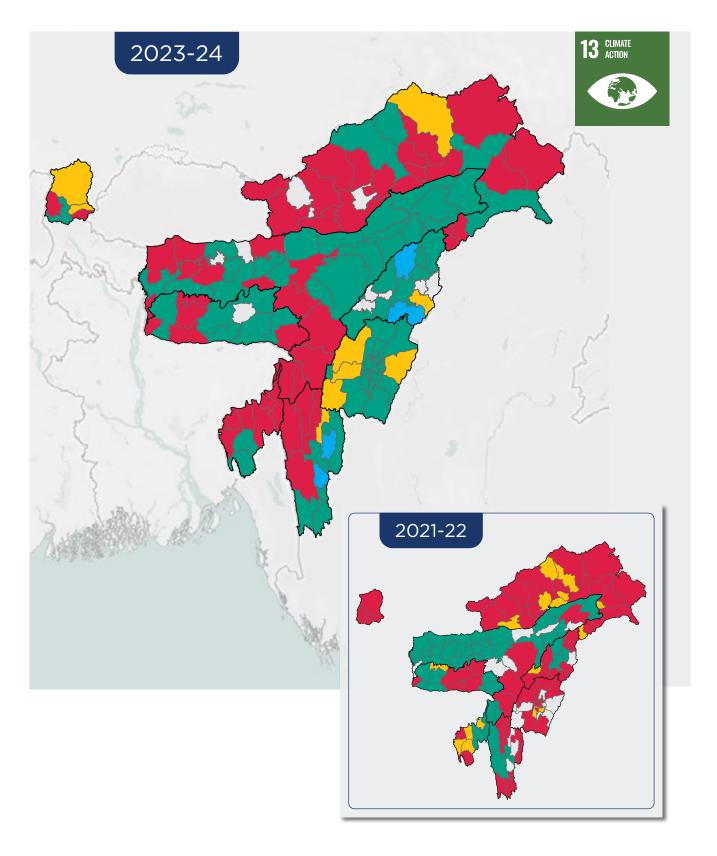


FIGURE 13.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 13



Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
13.1	Number of human lives lost due to natural calamity per 10,000 population	0	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 13.1 which aims to strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters. The target has been set to 0 to imply that all States/UTs must be adequately prepared to ensure that no human life is lost due to natural calamities.
13.2	Change in forest area		This target corresponds to the global SDG targets 13.2 that aim to integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning and 15.2 that aim to promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation. Districts with an increase/no change in area under forests have been awarded a score of 100 while districts with a decrease in area under forests have been assigned a score of 0.
13.1	Area under watershed management as a percentage of total geographical area	16.46	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 13.1 that aims to strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries. Average of the 5 best scores, after removing the outliers, has been set as the target.

	SDG Target	13.1	13.2	13.1	
	District	Number of human lives lost due to natural calamity per 10,000 population	Change in forest area	Area under watershed management as a percentage of total geographical area	SDG 13
	Anjaw	0.00	-8.00	0.07	33
	Bichom	Null	Null	Null	*
	Changlang	0.00	50.16	0.32	67
	Dibang Valley	0.00	-7.44	0.04	33
	East Kameng	0.00	-29.33	1.28	36
	East Siang	0.00	-1.75	0.46	34
	Kamle	0.00	-5.63	0.59	35
	Keyi Panyor	Null	Null	Null	*
	Kra Daadi	0.00	-4.27	0.69	35
	Kurung Kumey	0.22	-21.70	1.19	34
-F	Leparada Lohit	0.00	-10.66 -2.54	2.45	38 34
Arunachal Pradesh	Longding	0.00	-2.54	0.14	35
P.	Lower Dibang Valley	0.00	12.66	0.36	67
acha	Lower Siang	0.00	-9.02	1.80	37
l i	Lower Subansiri	0.00	-14.99	2.57	39
•	Namsai	0.00	7.84	0.31	67
	Pakke Kessang	0.00	-11.46	0.43	34
	Papum Pare	0.00	-5.40	0.55	34
	Shi Yomi	0.00	35.45	0.00	67
	Siang	0.00	-1.75	0.14	34
	Tawang	0.00	-6.84	0.00	33
	Tirap	0.00	-37.78	2.39	38
	Upper Siang	1.70	2.54	0.00	55
	Upper Subansiri	0.00	16.23	0.51	68
	West Kameng	0.00	-9.43	0.23	34
	West Siang Bajali	0.00 Null	-20.01 Null	1.35 Null	36 *
	Baksa	0.01	7.43	2.99	73
	Barpeta	0.02	-0.77	2.19	38
	Biswanath	0.03	5.21	0.00	66
	Bongaigaon	0.04	-1.47	3.33	40
	Cachar	0.01	-16.77	0.90	35
	Charaideo	0.00	0.47	3.72	74
	Chirang	0.08	-14.38	2.72	38
	Darrang	0.03	2.61	2.84	72
	Dhemaji	0.04	15.36	1.29	69
	Dhubri	0.02	1.94	2.28	71
	Dibrugarh	0.02	0.64	1.48	70
	Dima Hasao Goalpara	0.05 0.05	-93.27 11.60	0.92 2.10	35 71
	Golaghat	0.02	36.06	1.25	69
	Hailakandi	0.02	-16.60	3.77	41
	Hojai	0.01	0.52	2.97	73
Assam	Jorhat	0.00	18.79	2.82	72
As	Kamrup	0.01	6.30	1.51	70
	Kamrup Metropolitan	0.02	-2.11	2.63	39
	Karbi Anglong	0.02	22.88	0.77	68
	Karimganj	0.02	-2.70	0.00	33
	Kokrajhar	0.02	-3.16	1.81	37
	Lakhimpur	0.01	11.05	1.72	70
	Majuli	0.06	4.24	5.23	77
	Morigaon	0.01	3.25	2.82	72
	Nagaon Nalbari	0.02 0.03	-0.02	2.19	38
	Sivasagar	0.03	0.08 3.90	1.69 2.64	70 71
	Sonitpur	0.03	-2.02	24.08	66
	South Salmara-Mankachar	0.02	-1.94	0.00	33
	Tamulpur	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tinsukia	0.02	3.65	1.32	69
	Udalguri	0.00	-3.33	2.43	38
	West Karbi Anglong	0.00	-9.20	1.45	36
	Bishnupur	0.00	-1.17	28.81	67
Manipur	Chandel	0.00	-22.32	19.33	67
Mai	Churachandpur	0.00	-78.00	17.90	67
	Imphal East	0.00	-5.26	31.82	67













	SDG Target	13.1	13.2	13.1	
	District	Number of human lives lost due to natural calamity per 10,000 population	Change in forest area	Area under watershed management as a percentage of total geographical area	SDG 13
	Imphal West	0.00	-1.49	29.12	67
	Jiribam	0.00	-1.93	53.80 56.04	67 67
	Kakching Kamjong	0.00	-2.90 -21.29	13.00	60
	Kangpokpi	0.00	-31.57	17.17	67
	Noney	0.00	-16.79	12.00	
	Pherzawl	0.00	-59.89	10.07	54
	Senapati Tamenglong	0.07	81.61 -38.43	16.18 15.36	99 64
	Tengnoupal	0.00	1.55	11.10	89
	Thoubal	0.00	-0.95	16.03	66
	Ukhrul	0.00	144.00	12.01	91
_	East Garo Hills	0.07	-28.09	4.23	41
_	East Jaintia Hills East Khasi Hills	0.00	-20.76 13.69	5.85 5.08	45 76
-	East Klasi Hills	Null	Null	Null	*
_	North Garo Hills	0.00	-15.37	6.29	46
Meghalaya	Ri Bhoi	0.04	0.56	3.78	74
Megh	South Garo Hills	0.00	-5.28	7.57	49
	South West Garo Hills	0.11	-4.59	7.30	47
	South West Khasi Hills West Garo Hills	0.10 0.04	10.10 12.72	10.07 6.65	86 80
	West Jaintia Hills	0.04	-8.03	17.72	66
	West Khasi Hills	0.46	12.11	4.09	72
	Aizawl	0.05	-33.64	2.04	37
	Champhai	0.00	86.69	1.58	70
	Hnahthial	0.00	114.67	Null	100
	Khawzawl Kolasib	0.00	12.89 -37.58	Null 5.41	100 44
Mizoram	Lawngtlai	0.00	50.17	2.98	73
Miz	Lunglei	0.00	-30.66	1.09	36
	Mamit	0.00	-21.96	1.69	37
	Saitual	0.00	-17.56	Null	50
	Serchhip	0.00	14.17	1.69	70
	Siaha Chumoukedima	0.00 Null	104.54 Null	1.77 Null	70 *
	Dimapur	0.05	-3.48	44.42	66
	Kiphire	0.54	-0.54	36.37	63
	Kohima	0.09	-4.15	32.57	66
	Longleng	0.00	5.26	6.27	79
	Mokokchung Mon	0.00	14.88 -18.30	32.15 23.96	100 66
and	Noklak	Null	Null	Null	*
Nagaland	Niuland	Null	Null	Null	*
_	Peren	0.00	-8.48	22.50	67
	Phek	0.06	0.88	46.68	100
	Shamator	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tseminyu Tuensang	Null 0.19	Null -14.28	Null 23.26	65
	Wokha	0.06	-7.99	31.67	66
	Zunheboto	0.07	-15.69	40.39	66
	Gangtok	0.87	4.46	0.00	61
	Gyalshing	0.42	-1.66	0.00	30
Sikkim	Mangan Namchi	1.37 0.48	1.45 0.94	0.62 1.93	58 67
0,	Pakyong	4.83	Null	4.08	12
	Soreng	0.00	Null	8.82	77
	Dhalai	0.11	-44.58	2.32	37
	Gomati	0.14	6.86	4.62	75 42
g.	Khowai North Tripura	0.21	-23.16 -18.88	5.18 1.14	42 36
Tripura	North Tripura Sepahijala	0.00	-18.88 -7.35	2.62	38
	South Tripura	0.04	11.60	2.43	71
	Unakoti	0.18	-13.52	2.16	36
	West Tripura	0.03	-6.28	4.77	43
	Target	0		16.46	100











SDG 15

LIFE ON LAND

Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

The Goal is aimed at protecting, restoring and promoting sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems; sustainable management of forests; combating desertification; and halting and reversing land degradation in conjunction with integrating ecosystems and biodiversity into national and local planning. It also seeks to promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilisation of genetic resources, and prevent poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna.

Targets

- 15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements
- 15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally
- 15.3 By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradationneutral world
- 15.4 By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development
- 15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the

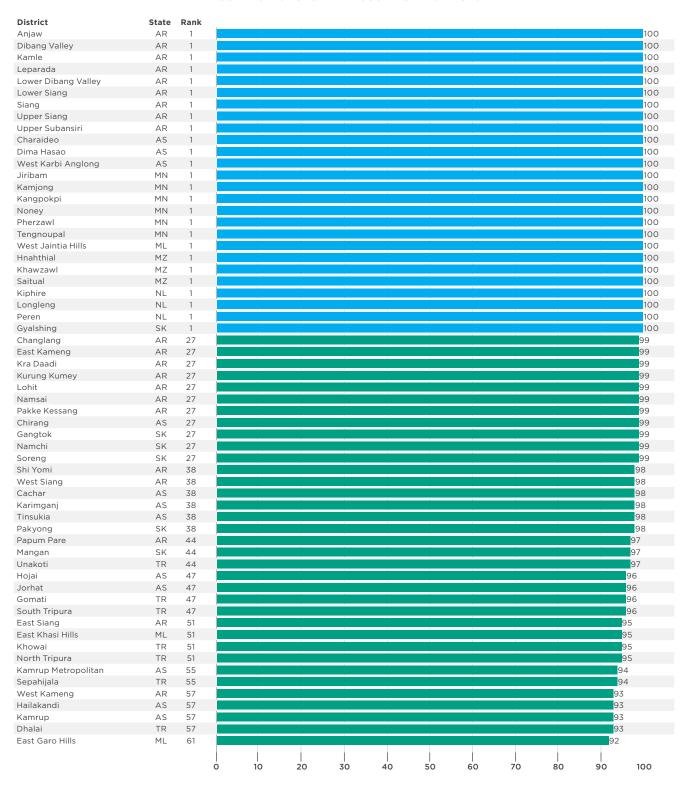
- loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species
- 15.6 Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilisation of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed
- 15.7 Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products
- 15.8 By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species
- 15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts
- 15.a Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems
- 15.b Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation
- 15.c Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities

NER District SDG Index: Goal 15

The score for Goal 15 ranges between 100 and 36 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. 26 districts fall in the category of Achiever,

87 districts fall in the category of Front Runners and 6 in the category of Performers, while 2 districts are in the category of Aspirants with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 15.1: SDG 15 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS



Aspirant (0-49)

Performer (50-64)

Front Runner (65-99)

Achiever (100)

FIGURE 15.1: SDG 15 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

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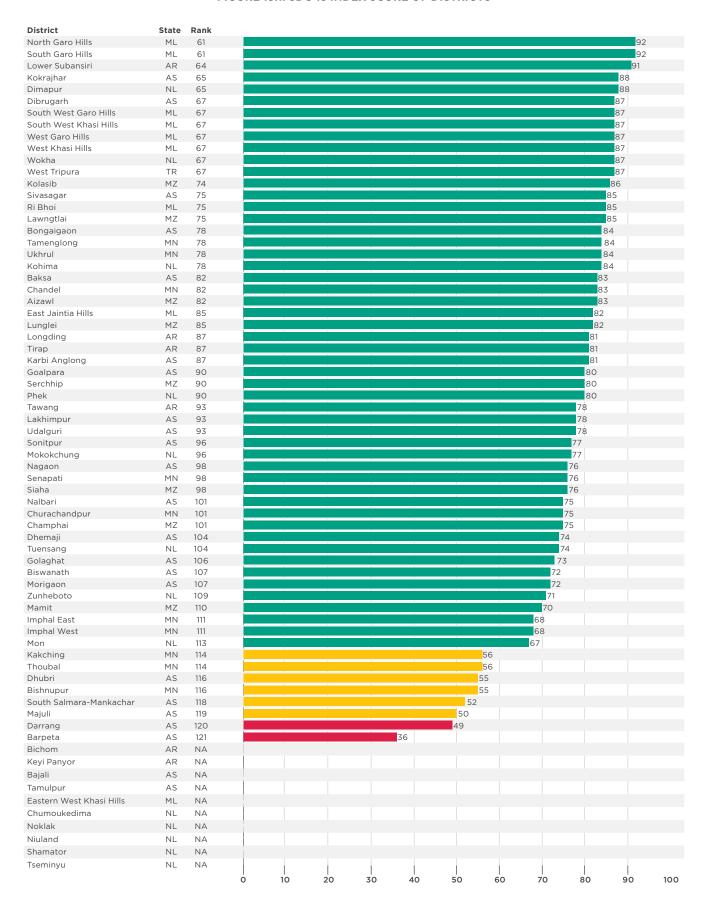
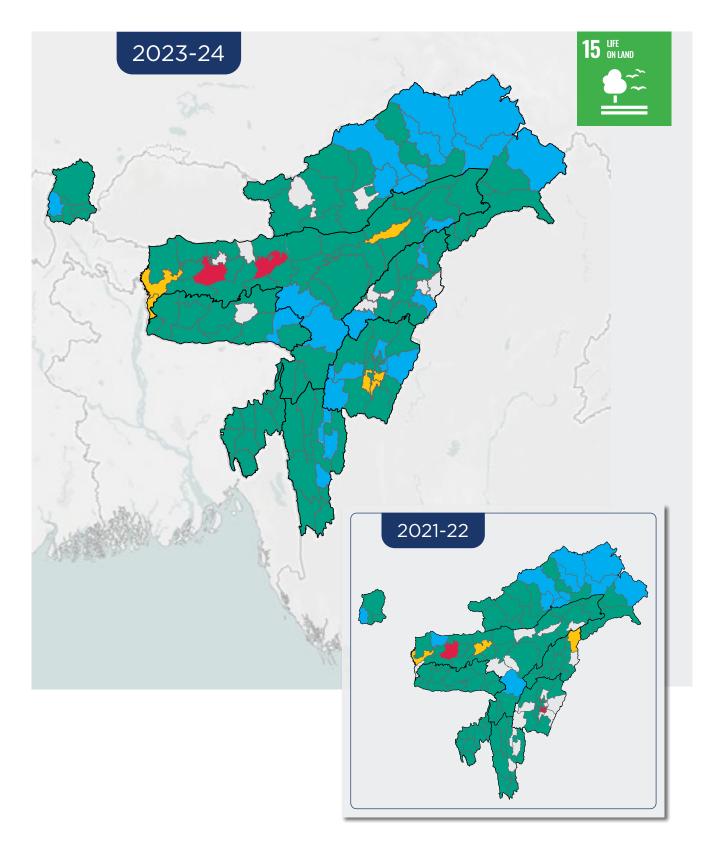


FIGURE 15.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 15



Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
15.1	Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area	33	National Afforestation and Eco-Development Board aims to achieve 33 percent of the geographical area in the country under forest and tree cover.
15.3	Percentage of wasteland over total geographical area	1.41	Global SDG target 15.3 aims to combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strives to achieve a land degradation-neutral world by 2030. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
15.7	Number of wildlife crime cases reported per 1,000 sq kms of forest area	0	Global SDG target 15.7 calls for urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products. The target value has been set to 0 to imply that all crimes against wildlife need to end.

TABLE 15.1: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 15

	SDG Target	15.1	15.3	15.7	
	District	Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area	Percentage of wasteland over total geographical area	Number of wildlife crime cases reported per 1,000 sq kms of forest area	SDG 15
	Anjaw	68.62	Null	0.00	100
	Bichom	Null	Null	Null	*
	Changlang	84.49	2.22	0.00	99
	Dibang Valley	66.51	Null	0.15	100
	East Kameng East Siang	86.28 86.24	2.29 8.39	0.00	99 95
	Kamle	98.38	Null	0.00	100
	Keyi Panyor	Null	Null	Null	*
	Kra Daadi	69.59	3.33	0.00	99
	Kurung Kumey	77.47	3.33	0.00	99
ے	Leparada	88.07	Null	0.00	100
Arunachal Pradesh	Lohit	75.26	2.41	0.00	99
l Pra	Longding Lower Dibang Valley	65.37 70.03	25.71 1.33	0.00	81 100
cha	Lower Dibalig Valley Lower Siang	88.69	Null	0.00	100
run	Lower Subansiri	89.91	13.32	0.00	91
<	Namsai	63.81	2.41	0.00	99
	Pakke Kessang	90.44	2.29	0.00	99
	Papum Pare	92.06	5.14	0.00	97
	Shi Yomi	74.56	4.06	0.00	98
	Siang	86.24	Null	0.00	100
	Tawang	46.98	30.78	0.00	78
	Tirap Upper Siang	79.53 80.69	25.71 2.06	0.00	81 100
	Upper Subansiri	92.67	1.62	0.00	100
	West Kameng	85.62	10.8	0.00	93
	West Siang	73.58	4.06	0.00	98
	Bajali	Null	Null	Null	*
	Baksa	24	Null	7.11	83
	Barpeta	5.24	1.95	135.94	36
	Biswanath	16.11	Null	0.00	72
	Bongaigaon	20.76	3.21	3.99	84
	Cachar Charaideo	57.79 35.54	3.66 Null	0.00	98 100
	Chirang	37.02	Null	1.42	99
	Darrang	7.18	3.28	85.03	49
	Dhemaji	11.7	1.72	8.41	74
	Dhubri	5.42	5.21	46.88	55
	Dibrugarh	22.57	1.93	5.27	87
	Dima Hasao	82.68	Null	0.00	100
	Goalpara Golaghat	22.73 20.55	9.02 16.07	12.36 10.38	80 73
	Hailakandi	58.22	10.84	0.00	93
	Hojai	30.73	Null	0.00	96
Assam	Jorhat	32.09	3.29	7.07	96
¥	Kamrup	31.43	5.65	7.24	93
	Kamrup Metropolitan	48.51	Null	15.12	94
	Karbi Anglong	76.85	26.39	0.13	81
	Karimganj	46.38	3.99	1.17 2.57	98
	Kokrajhar Lakhimpur	36.73 14.56	16.23 2.15	3.22	88 78
	Majuli	2.72	Null	0.00	50
	Morigaon	12.94	1.48	22.67	72
	Nagaon	18.93	9.89	8.75	76
	Nalbari	10.81	2.35	0.00	75
	Sivasagar	20.77	3.89	0.00	85
	Sonitpur	23.86	11.47	21.47	77
	South Salmara-Mankachar Tamulpur	3.99 Null	Null Null	0.00 Null	52 *
	Tinsukia	41.11	4.03	0.63	98
	Udalguri	20.46	Null	2.42	78
	West Karbi Anglong	70.15	Null	0.00	100
	Bishnupur	4.42	2.06	51.33	55
5	Chandel	86.23	23.75	0.00	83
Manipur	Churachandpur	79.01	33.59	0.00	75
2	Imphal East	13.67	15.97	0.00	68
	Imphal West	7.24	5.85	0.00	68

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	SDG Target	15.1	15.3	15.7	
	District	Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area	Percentage of wasteland over total geographical area	Number of wildlife crime cases reported per 1,000 sq kms of forest area	SDG 15
	Jiribam	74.6	Null	0.00	100
	Kakching	7.92	Null	7.22	56
	Kamjong	86.8	Null	0.00	100
	Kangpokpi	56.08	Null	0.00	100
	Noney	87.38 86.53	Null Null	0.00	100 100
	Pherzawl Senapati	75.27	33.27	0.00	76
	Tamenglong	84.94	22.45	0.00	84
	Tengnoupal	77.66	Null	0.00	100
	Thoubal	3.07	16.33	0.00	56
	Ukhrul	77.5	22.17	0.75	84
	East Garo Hills	93.76	11.82	0.00	92
-	East Jaintia Hills East Khasi Hills	65.14 63.85	25.5 8.16	0.00	82 95
	Eastern West Khasi Hills	Null	Null	Null	*
_	North Garo Hills	90.96	11.82	0.00	92
alaya	Ri Bhoi	85.1	20.79	0.00	85
Meghalaya	South Garo Hills	86.68	11.81	0.00	92
	South West Garo Hills	69.77	18.55	0.00	87
	South West Khasi Hills	64.37	18.66	0.00	87
	West Garo Hills West Jaintia Hills	74.22 65.81	18.55 Null	0.00	87 100
	West Khasi Hills	80.9	18.66	0.00	87
	Aizawl	85.83	21.83	5.23	83
	Champhai	83.17	31.52	9.57	75
	Hnahthial	86.37	Null	Null	100
	Khawzawl	75.64	Null	Null	100
E a	Kolasib	85.62	11.83	22.98	86
Mizoram	Lawngtlai	80.09	17.72 18.3	10.16	85 82
	Lunglei Mamit	88.42 89.3	11.51	89.16	70
	Saitual	82.35	Null	Null	100
	Serchhip	83.77	26.44	3.48	80
	Siaha	90.76	22.7	Null	76
	Chumoukedima	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dimapur	50.04	16.71	0.00	88
-	Kiphire Kohima	71.85 74.5	Null 22.09	0.00	100 84
	Longleng	68.58	Null	0.00	100
	Mokokchung	83.02	31.38	0.00	77
_	Mon	75.91	45	0.00	67
aland	Noklak	Null	Null	Null	*
Nagala	Niuland	Null	Null	Null	*
-	Peren Phek	90.84 73.66	Null 27.01	0.00	100 80
	Shamator	73.66 Null	27.01 Null	Null	*
	Tseminyu	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tuensang	53.6	35.9	0.00	74
	Wokha	79.46	18.65	0.00	87
	Zunheboto	90.01	38.79	0.00	71
	Gangtok	74.99	2.86	0.00	99
E	Gyalshing Mangan	67.72 30.53	2.06 0.88	0.00	100 97
Sikkim	Namchi	75.07	3.11	0.00	99
, , ,	Pakyong	74.99	2.86	Null	98
	Soreng	67.72	2.06	Null	99
	Dhalai	79.19	10.62	0.54	93
	Gomati	74.95	6.57	0.00	96
	Khowai	70.07	7.7	0.00	95
Tripura	North Tripura Sepahijala	77.37 62.22	7.28 8.99	1.18 0.00	95 94
_	South Tripura	73.11	7.12	0.00	96
	Unakoti	62.9	5.68	0.00	97
	West Tripura	63.11	14.47	13.98	87
	Target	33	1.41	0	100











SDG 16



PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS

Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

Peace, stability and effective governance based on rule-of-law and upholding the principles of equality, human rights and justice are prerequisites for sustainable development. The 2030 Agenda aims to significantly reduce all forms of violence, and work with governments and communities to end conflict and insecurity. Promoting rule-of-law and human rights are key to this process, as are reducing the flow of illicit arms and strengthening the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance. Goal 16 also focuses on ending abuse, exploitation, trafficking, corruption and bribery, and in the development of accountable and transparent institutions.

Targets

- 16.1 Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere
- 16.2 End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children
- 16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all
- 16.4 By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime

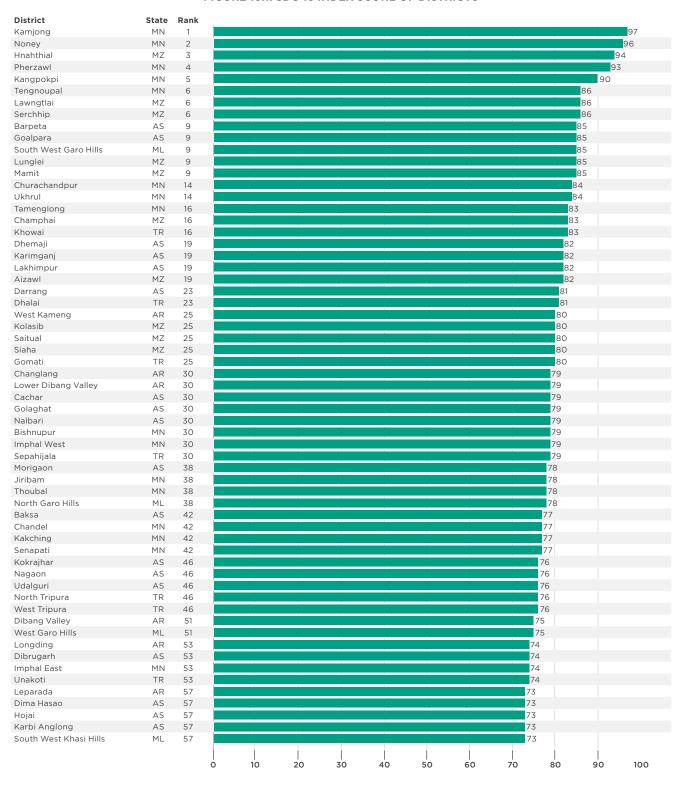
- 16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms
- 16.6 Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels
- 16.7 Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels
- 16.8 Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance
- 16.9 By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration
- 16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements
- 16.a Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime
- 16.b Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development

NER District SDG Index: Goal 16

The score for Goal 16 ranges between 97 and 36 for the 121 districts included in the ranking and computation. Kamjong [MN], Noney [MN] and Hnahthial [MZ] are the top performing districts. 90 districts fall in the category

of Front Runners and 26 in the category of Performers, while 5 district is in the category of Aspirants with scores less than 50.

FIGURE 16.1: SDG 16 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS



Aspirant (0-49)

Performer (50-64)

Front Runner (65-99)

Achiever (100)

FIGURE 16.1: SDG 16 INDEX SCORE OF DISTRICTS

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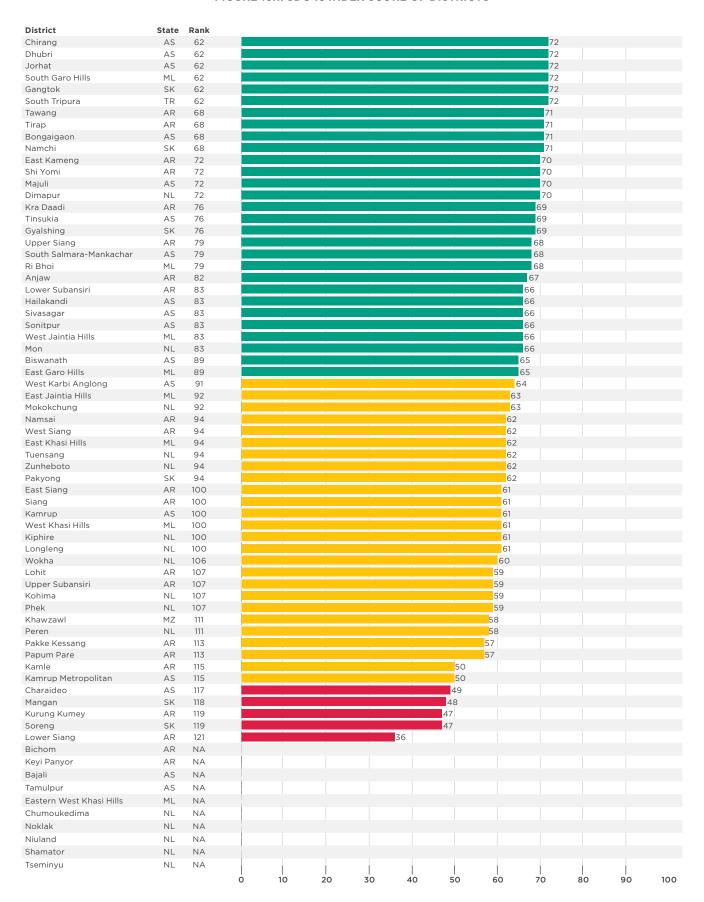
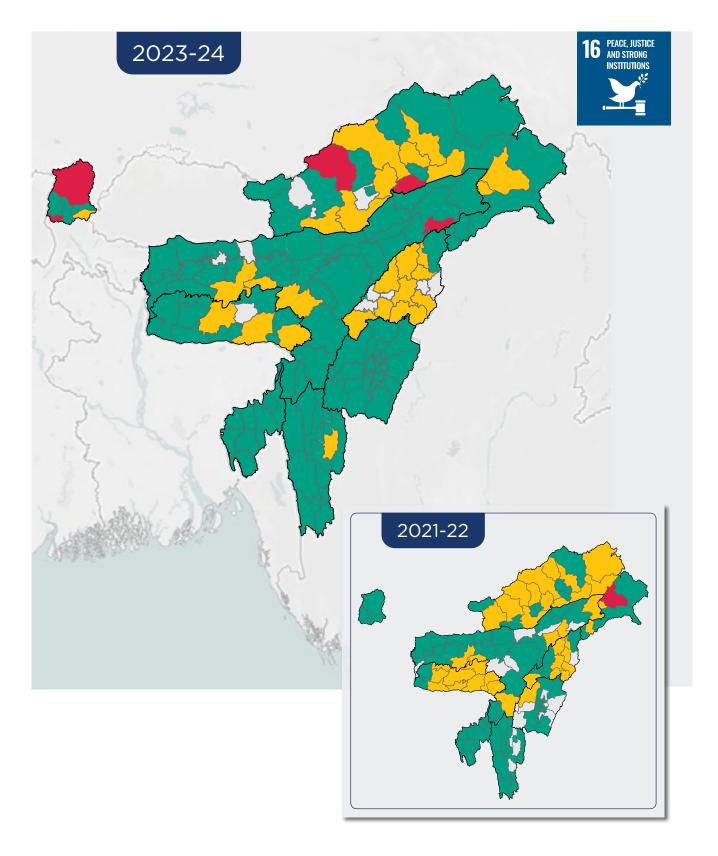


FIGURE 16.2: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SDG 16



Target Justification

SDG Target	Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
16.1	Reported murders per 10,000 population	0.07	Global SDG target 16.1 aims to significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
16.2	Cognizable crimes against children per 10,000 child population	0	Global SDG target 16.2 aims to end abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children.
16.2	Number of missing children per 10,000 child population	0	Global SDG target 16.2 aims to end abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children.
16.3	Ratio of working strength to sanctioned strength of Judges (District & Subordinate courts)	1	Global SDG target 16.3 aims to promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all.
16.6	Common Service Centres providing online services per 10,000 population	11.88	Global SDG target 16.6 aims to develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
16.9	Percentage of births registered	100	Global SDG target 16.9 aims to provide legal identity for all, including birth registration by 2030.
16.9	Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar	100	Global SDG target 16.9 aims to provide legal identity for all, including birth registration by 2030.
16.9	Percentage of deaths registered	100	Global SDG target 16.9 aims to provide legal identity for all, including birth registration by 2030.

TABLE 16.1: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 16

Anjaw	Number of issing children per 10,000 population 0.00 Null 0.40 0.00 0.00 Null 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	1.00 Null 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 Null 1.00 0.50	Common Service Centres providing online services per 10,000 population 0.94 Null 10.05 0.00 15.72 0.42 0.45 Null 0.00	Percentage of births registered 94.4 Null 97.6 96.5 81.3 83.9 Null Null	Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar 88 Null 112 92 84 95 Null	Percentage of deaths registered 34.6 Null 56.5 28.9 22.2 26.1	SDG 16 67 * 79 75 70
Bichom Null Null Changlang 0.54 1.08 Dibang Valley 0.00 0.00 East Kameng 0.64 0.79 East Siang 0.56 1.39 Kamle 0.45 0.45 Keyi Panyor Null Null Kra Daadi 0.21 0.43	Null 0.40 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Null 0.00 0.44	Null 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 Null 1.00 0.50	Null 10.05 0.00 15.72 0.42 0.45 Null	Null 97.6 96.5 81.3 83.9 Null	Null 112 92 84 95	Null 56.5 28.9 22.2 26.1	* 79 75 70
Changlang 0.54 1.08 Dibang Valley 0.00 0.00 East Kameng 0.64 0.79 East Siang 0.56 1.39 Kamle 0.45 0.45 Keyi Panyor Null Null Kra Daadi 0.21 0.43	0.40 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Null 0.00 0.44	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 Null 1.00 0.50	10.05 0.00 15.72 0.42 0.45 Null	97.6 96.5 81.3 83.9 Null	112 92 84 95	56.5 28.9 22.2 26.1	79 75 70
Dibang Valley 0.00 0.00 East Kameng 0.64 0.79 East Siang 0.56 1.39 Kamle 0.45 0.45 Keyi Panyor Null Null Kra Daadi 0.21 0.43	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Null 0.00 0.44	1.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 Null 1.00 0.50	0.00 15.72 0.42 0.45 Null	96.5 81.3 83.9 Null	92 84 95	28.9 22.2 26.1	75 70
East Kameng 0.64 0.79 East Siang 0.56 1.39 Kamle 0.45 0.45 Keyi Panyor Null Null Kra Daadi 0.21 0.43	0.00 0.00 0.00 Null 0.00 0.44	1.00 1.00 0.00 Null 1.00	15.72 0.42 0.45 Null	81.3 83.9 Null	84 95	22.2 26.1	70
East Siang 0.56 1.39 Kamle 0.45 0.45 Keyi Panyor Null Null Kra Daadi 0.21 0.43	0.00 0.00 Null 0.00 0.44 0.00	1.00 0.00 Null 1.00 0.50	0.42 0.45 Null	83.9 Null	95	26.1	
Kamle 0.45 0.45 Keyi Panyor Null Null Kra Daadi 0.21 0.43	0.00 Null 0.00 0.44 0.00	0.00 Null 1.00 0.50	0.45 Null	Null			61
Kra Daadi 0.21 0.43	0.00 0.44 0.00	1.00 0.50		Null		Null	50
	0.44 0.00	0.50	0.00	14411	Null	Null	*
	0.00			92.7	Null	30.7	69
Kurung Kumey 0.44 0.22			0.22	93.4	47	8.3	47
Leparada 0.00 1.49	0.00	1.00	0.50	Null	Null	Null	73
Comparison Com	0.00	1.00	3.01	93.0 88.7	42 Null	50.8 57.2	59 74
Lower Dibang Valley 0.00 1.66	0.00	1.00	4.81	92.6	107	53.6	79
Lower Siang 0.92 1.38	0.00	0.00	1.84	Null	Null	Null	36
Lower Subansiri 0.24 0.47	0.47	1.00	2.60	90.0	77	30.3	66
Namsai 0.94 0.42	0.21	1.00	3.02	89.8	Null	57.5	62
Pakke Kessang 0.00 0.83	0.00	0.00	0.83	Null	Null	Null	57
Papum Pare 0.57 2.78	0.00	1.00	2.94	75.4	114	21.6	57
Shi Yomi 0.00 0.75	0.00	0.00	Null	Null	Null	Null	70
Siang 0.31 0.94 Tawang 0.00 0.20	0.00	1.00 0.50	0.31 1.20	79.9	Null 84	23.2	61 71
Tawang 0.00 0.20 Tirap 0.18 0.00	0.00	1.00	4.70	95.3 91.1	49	51.2 64.8	71
Upper Siang 0.28 1.13	0.00	1.00	3.40	79.5	107	18.4	68
Upper Subansiri 0.39 0.52	0.00	1.00	0.65	78.9	78	10.5	59
West Kameng 0.13 0.64	0.00	1.00	3.70	97.3	98	48.5	80
West Siang 0.38 1.33	0.00	1.00	1.14	81.9	92	17.7	62
Bajali Null Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Baksa 0.16 0.78	0.17	0.89	5.68	97.9	Null	50.1	77
Barpeta 0.18 0.76	0.00	0.86	7.29	96.0	118	74.3	85
Biswanath	0.00	0.67	5.62 7.73	98.7	Null 69	62.5	65 71
Bongaigaon	0.53	1.00 0.92	3.56	95.2 96.0	101	69.1 72.4	71
Charaideo 0.72 1.40	1.57	0.63	3.92	94.4	Null	50.6	49
Chirang 0.29 1.78	0.58	0.92	5.10	99.3	Null	72.7	72
Darrang 0.33 0.88	0.19	0.91	6.79	96.9	103	69.2	81
Dhemaji 0.25 1.30	0.31	1.00	10.71	98.4	106	47.2	82
Dhubri 0.25 1.92	1.49	0.94	7.98	96.4	108	73.1	72
Dibrugarh 0.42 1.10	0.05	0.89	3.97	93.9	92	72.3	74
Dima Hasao	0.00	0.78	2.85 6.58	95.0 98.8	Null 106	60.3 73.3	73 85
Goalpara 0.23 0.55 Golaghat 0.22 0.59	0.10	0.93	5.43	90.9	100	55.2	79
Hailakandi 0.20 1.44	2.06	1.00	4.25	96.6	104	60.3	66
Hoiai 0.29 2.10	0.00	0.70	5.85	98.7	Null	79.7	73
Jorhat 0.40 0.70	0.35	0.92	4.92	92.8	86	57.2	72
Kamrup 0.33 1.34	1.14	0.93	6.36	91.4	63	52.4	61
Kamrup Metropolitan 0.59 3.37	1.67	0.98	2.54	95.2	Null	77.4	50
Karbi Anglong 0.38 1.06	0.00	0.90	4.10	93.0	89	60.7	73
Karimganj	0.00	1.00	3.10 5.66	98.2 97.1	104 92	72.6 69.5	82 76
Lakhimpur 0.34 1.15	0.00	1.00	6.62	98.7	103	67.1	82
Majuli 0.24 1.08	0.42	0.50	6.87	98.1	Null	59.3	70
Morigaon 0.31 2.58	0.00	1.00	7.14	96.8	111	74.3	78
Nagaon 0.31 0.87	0.41	0.94	5.57	99.2	88	66.0	76
Nalbari 0.25 1.11	0.00	1.00	6.30	97.1	93	55.0	79
Sivasagar 0.40 1.26	0.00	0.77	6.56	97.1	56	57.9	66
Sonitpur 0.47 1.56	0.00	0.93	4.26	96.0	55 N	77.9	66
South Salmara-Mankachar 0.29 1.48	0.50 Null	0.57 Null	5.49 Null	97.6 Null	Null Null	71.1 Null	68 *
Tinsukia 0.44 1.38	0.21	0.94	3.29	92.1	88	64.3	69
Udalguri 0.30 0.66	0.21	1.00	5.45	96.1	Null	51.2	76
West Karbi Anglong 0.24 0.91	0.24	0.50	3.11	95.4	Null	43.5	64
Bishnupur 0.13 0.38	0.13	0.75	11.46	83.6	112	24.4	79
Chandel 0.24 0.24 0.24 Churachandpur 0.39 0.47	0.00	1.00	6.10	91.4	78	53.7	77
	0.00	1.00	13.53	87.4	101	52.5	84
Imphal East 0.19 0.49	0.36	0.63	9.36	86.1	114	32.8	74

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	SDG Target	16.1	16.2	16.2	16.3	16.6	16.9	16.9	16.9	
	District	Reported murders per 10,000 population	Cognizable crimes against children per 10,000 population	Number of missing children per 10,000 population	Ratio of working strength to sanctioned strength of Judges (District & Subordinate courts)	Common Service Centres providing online services per 10,000 population	Percentage of births registered	Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar	Percentage of deaths registered	SDG 16
	Imphal West	0.10	0.64	0.27	0.86	7.37	86.8	113	49.6	79
	Jiribam	0.23	0.46	0.46	1.00	4.79	Null	Null	Null	78
	Kakching	0.21	0.69	1.10	1.00	8.57	Null	Null	Null	77
	Kamjong Kangpokpi	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	10.36 7.85	Null Null	Null Null	Null Null	97 90
	Noney	0.20	0.20	0.00	1.00	11.99	Null	Null	Null	96
	Pherzawl	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	7.50	Null	Null	Null	93
	Senapati	0.04	0.07	0.00	0.67	3.36	94.5	79	75.4	77
	Tamenglong	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	9.13	90.4	78	51.8	83
	Tengnoupal	0.17	0.83	0.00	1.00	7.43	Null	Null	Null	86
	Thoubal	0.29 0.15	0.62	0.36	0.75 1.00	11.98 12.45	87.2 87.3	112 86	40.4 49.1	78 84
	East Garo Hills	0.13	1.44	0.00	0.43	8.71	81.4	68	45.9	65
	East Jaintia Hills	0.73	2.11	0.49	0.80	18.79	83.0	86	43.5	63
	East Khasi Hills	0.17	1.74	0.00	0.43	5.04	77.4	79	55.3	
	Eastern West Khasi Hills	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
ya	North Garo Hills	0.00	1.05	0.00	0.80	19.87	79.5	Null	43.8	78
Meghalaya	Ri Bhoi	0.39	2.12	0.42	0.71	12.63	85.9	81	51.1	68
Meg	South Garo Hills South West Garo Hills	0.49	1.26 0.45	0.00	0.83	13.14 20.67	92.0 87.7	68 Null	53.8 71.4	72 85
-	South West Khasi Hills	0.20	1.31	0.10	0.60	15.13	80.3	Null	49.5	73
	West Garo Hills	0.15	1.78	0.00	0.75	7.17	92.9	87	65.8	75
	West Jaintia Hills	0.48	1.84	0.15	0.63	9.55	81.7	86	55.7	66
	West Khasi Hills	0.33	3.14	0.00	0.63	23.03	79.2	66	49.0	61
	Aizawl	0.38	1.31	0.00	0.86	7.08	99.3	116	86.2	82
-	Champhai Hnahthial	0.28	1.39 0.70	0.00	0.44 Null	9.87	100.0 Null	113 Null	98.3 Null	83 94
-	Khawzawl	0.00	2.98	0.00	Null	11.23 7.87	Null	Null	Null	58
_	Kolasib	0.60	1.55	0.12	0.50	12.27	99.8	115	96.3	80
Mizoram	Lawngtlai	0.25	0.59	0.00	0.40	12.13	99.3	115	85.4	86
≅	Lunglei	0.15	0.91	0.00	0.31	12.37	100.0	113	86.6	85
	Mamit	0.12	1.51	0.00	0.40	15.17	99.1	129	88.4	85
	Saitual	0.20	0.79	0.00	Null	6.72	Null	Null	Null	80
	Serchhip Siaha	0.15	1.68 0.71	0.00	0.50	12.54 4.07	100.0 97.5	103 118	93.4 75.3	86 80
	Chumoukedima	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Dimapur	0.59	0.64	0.15	0.67	6.85	80.2	116	61.6	70
	Kiphire	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.50	4.59	72.3	64	28.1	61
	Kohima	0.14	0.24	1.75	1.00	2.13	78.3	78	42.8	
_	Longleng	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.50	6.54	67.5	76	12.7	
-	Mokokchung	0.10	0.15 0.12	0.00	0.67 0.67	1.18 4.52	85.6 71.4	68 64	29.7 50.9	63
pue	Mon Noklak	Null	Null	Null	Null	4.52 Null	71.4 Null	Null	Null	66 *
Nagaland	Niuland	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
Z	Peren	0.21	0.11	0.00	0.50	5.99	78.7	49	19.3	58
	Phek	0.06	0.18	0.00	0.50	2.14	70.3	67	31.2	59
	Shamator	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tseminyu	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	*
	Tuensang Wokha	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.50 0.50	5.60	66.0 78.9	76 52	26.5 47.5	
	Zunheboto	0.00	0.06	0.00	1.00	2.04 1.49	78.9 51.6	67	51.0	
	Gangtok	0.09	2.73	0.18	1.00	1.00	95.9	107	68.4	72
	Gyalshing	0.42	2.37	0.00	0.67	1.67	97.6	116	83.1	69
Sikkim	Mangan	0.23	3.66	1.83	0.25	1.14	98.1	93	76.3	48
Sik	Namchi	0.07	2.52	0.20	0.60	1.02	96.8	102	87.2	71
	Pakyong	0.16	2.18	0.16	0.80	0.78	Null	Null	Null	62
	Soreng	0.15 0.45	2.32 0.45	0.00	0.00	0.77 5.76	Null 94.2	Null 117	Null 81.0	47 81
	Gomati	0.45	0.45	0.11	0.92	7.27	92.9	Null	70.8	80
	Khowai	0.10	0.52	0.00	1.00	6.62	94.8	Null	83.9	83
ura	North Tripura	0.43	0.77	0.24	0.89	5.27	93.5	86	85.9	76
Tripura	Sepahijala	0.25	0.33	0.29	0.89	6.19	95.3	Null	67.4	79
	South Tripura	0.34	0.51	0.63	0.80	6.22	91.7	79	75.2	72
	Unakoti	0.22	1.23	0.47	0.88	5.89	91.7	Null	71.1	74
	West Tripura	0.25	0.50	0.50	0.90	4.16	94.9	82	88.1	76
	Target	0.07	0	0	1	11.88	100	100	100	100











CHAPTER

2023-24



THE WAY FORWARD:

FROM ANALYSIS TO ACTION

With less than five years remaining to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), expediting focused efforts to ensure inclusive development for all is imperative. The North Eastern Region District SDG Index and Dashboard serves as a valuable tool to identify critical areas of development needs and prioritise those farthest behind. It aims to enhance analytical understanding of sectoral issues, fill data gaps, and guide future action plans in the region. This unique policy tool provides essential insights at the district level, highlighting critical gaps and informing resource allocation decisions. The Index serves as a reliable reference for the NE States to assess the comparative progress of districts across various SDGs, including health, education, gender, economic growth, institutions and environment.

Over the past four years, the North Eastern States have successfully intensified the momentum of localising SDGs and measuring progress at the district level through the first edition of the NER District SDG Index and Dashboard. A few States have also initiated setting up SDG cells/coordination centres to institutionalise these goals. Sustaining this progress is key to bridging the performance gap in the short term and positioning districts/states as top Performers in the long run.

It is worth noting that MDoNER has designed a new scheme, Prime Minister's Development Initiative for North East Region (PM-DevINE), based on the findings of the first NER District SDG Index. This scheme focuses on infrastructure development, industry promotion, and social development projects while enhancing livelihood opportunities for youth and women. It provides targeted support to address development gaps and accelerate progress on the SDGs in the North Eastern Region.

Looking ahead, NITI Aayog and MDoNER are committed to ensure:

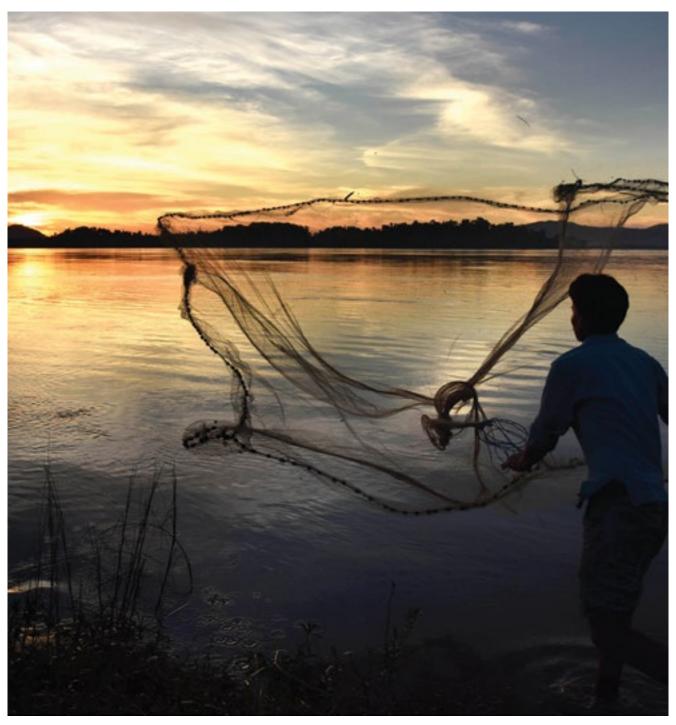
a) Institutionalisation of SDGs in NE States through the whole of the government approach:

The second edition of the index can be used as a tool by the NE States to

- Establish SDGCAC with support and guidance from MDoNER and NITI Aayog to strengthen governance, implementation, and monitoring of SDG progress.
- Develop State SDG Action Plans by leveraging data from the index to assess district performance, identify gaps, and set a foundation for targeted interventions in alignment with national and state initiatives.
- Set clear targets and assign responsibilities to specific departments, ensuring accountability and a structured approach to addressing SDG-related challenges.
- Design and implement targeted interventions using evidence-based insights to close identified gaps, improve outcomes, and track progress effectively.
- b) Investment in data infrastructure and capacities (including for citizen-generated data) to improve data accessibility, support evidence-based decision-making and accurate solution identification. It is essential to integrate emerging technologies like Big Data, AI, and Machine Learning with traditional data sources while ensuring their ethical use. There is a need to enhance analytics and data capacities to identify marginalized groups, understand challenges, and design targeted SDG interventions.
- c) Integrating SDG targets into government budgets to ensure impact-driven and results-oriented financial planning. SDG costing and financing gap analyses are needed to assess resource needs and identify funding shortfalls. Innovative financing tools such as the SDG Investor Map and CSR matchmaking platforms to mobilize additional investments can be explored in this direction.

d) Recognise the role of partnerships, including South-South Cooperation, as a key strategy to accelerate SDG progress. Fostering cross-learning among Himalayan states and countries to share best practices has the potential to address common implementation challenges. Knowledge exchange on effective strategies can help policymakers adopt innovative, region-specific solutions for sustainable development.

The continued collaboration between NITI Aayog, the nodal ministry for SDG implementation, MDoNER, State governments, other development partners, and the private sector will be crucial in ensuring the effective implementation and monitoring of SDGs. This partnership will focus on strengthening institutional structures at the state and district levels, aligning them with the SDG agenda, and working towards achieving the goals outlined in Agenda 2030.























STATE PROFILES

••••••• NER DISTRICT SDG INDEX

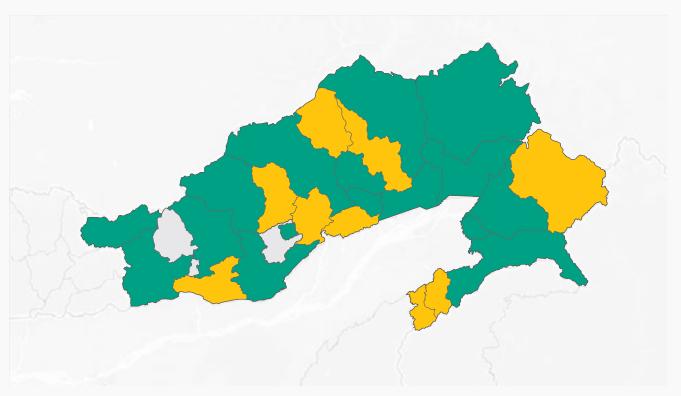
ARUNACHAL PRADESH

DISTRICT-WISE PERFORMANCE

FIGURE AR.1: PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY - COMPOSITE SCORES



FIGURE AR.2: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN ARUNACHAL PRADESH



154 Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Front Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) Not Available (N/A)

FIGURE AR.3: GOAL-WISE PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY

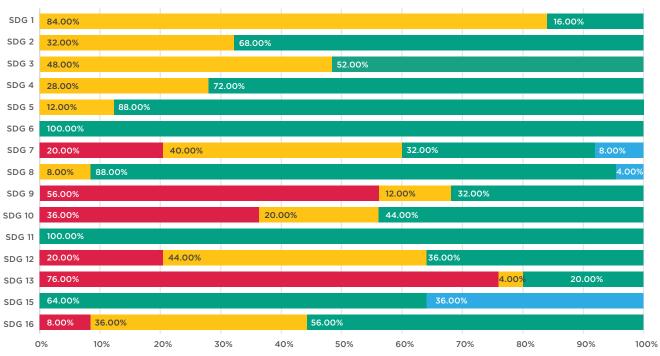


TABLE AR.1: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN ARUNACHAL PRADESH

Districts	Overall Rank in NER 2023-24	Rank within state 2023-24	Score 2023-24	Score 2021-22
Lower Dibang Valley	23	1	73.36	67.67
Tawang	36	2	72.07	68.73
East Siang	51	3	70.79	68.80
Papum Pare	59	4	70.14	68.87
Changlang	63	5	69.93	68.53
West Kameng	64	6	69.86	66.93
Kurung Kumey	71	7	69.00	62.13
Namsai	72	8	68.93	65.60
East Kameng	78	9	68.21	58.27
West Siang	80	10	68.07	68.07
Lohit	81	11	68.00	64.67
Dibang Valley	83	12	67.93	64.80
Upper Siang	85	13	67.79	67.40
Leparada	88	14	67.36	63.80
Upper Subansiri	91	15	67.14	65.40
Lower Subansiri	100	16	65.86	68.47
Lower Siang	107	17	64.14	60.87
Shi Yomi	109	18		58.60
Kra Daadi	111	19	63.21	55.60
Pakke Kessang	112	20		59.73
Anjaw	113	21		63.60
Tirap	116	22	61.93	66.20
Siang	117	23	61.71	64.00
Kamle	120	24	58.86	57.40
Longding	121	25	58.71	66.60
Bichom	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Keyi Panyor	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

•••••• NER DISTRICT SDG INDEX 2023-24

ASSAM DISTRICT-WISE PERFORMANCE

FIGURE AS.1: PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY - COMPOSITE SCORES

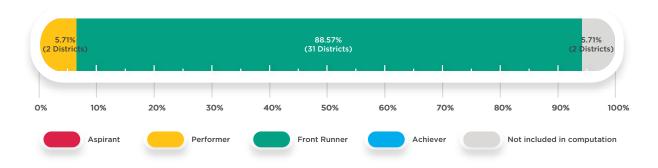


FIGURE AS.2: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN ASSAM

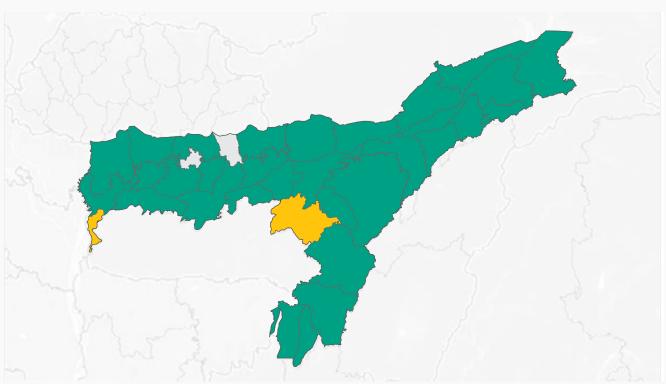


FIGURE AS.3: GOAL-WISE PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY

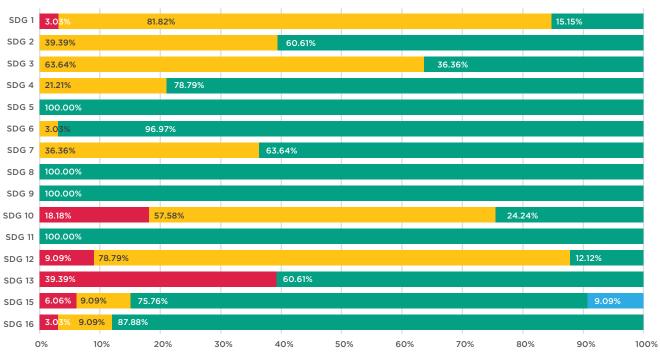


TABLE AS.1: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN ASSAM

Districts	Overall Rank in NER 2023-24	Rank within state 2023-24	Score 2023-24	Score 2021-22
Dibrugarh	17	1	74.29	68.33
Sivasagar	20	2	74.00	68.33
Jorhat	21	3	73.79	69.67
Nalbari	28	4	72.86	69.47
Goalpara	30	5	72.79	69.47
Hojai	32	6	72.36	N/A
Kamrup Metropolitan	38	7	71.86	71.73
Tinsukia	41	8	71.79	67.60
Golaghat	44	9	71.50	67.00
Lakhimpur	47	10	71.43	68.80
Dima Hasao	50	11	70.93	62.67
Charaideo	53	12	70.71	N/A
Karimganj	54	13	70.64	69.47
Karbi Anglong	55	14	70.57	63.87
Morigaon	55	14	70.57	67.40
Dhemaji	58	16	70.21	66.33
Sonitpur	59	17	70.14	68.60
Kamrup	61	18	70.07	69.07
Cachar	65	19	69.79	67.53
Bongaigaon	67	20	69.36	67.47
Hailakandi	67	20	69.36	67.27
Nagaon	70	22	69.21	67.33
Biswanath	76	23	68.50	N/A
Chirang	77	24	68.29	69.07
Dhubri	84	25	67.86	64.33
Darrang	87	26	67.43	N/A
Majuli	88	27	67.36	N/A
Kokrajhar	91	28	67.14	66.00
Barpeta	94	29	66.79	64.00
Baksa	97	30	66.29	65.33
Udalguri	102	31	65.71	66.73
West Karbi Anglong	108	32	63.86	N/A
South Salmara-Mankachar	118	33	59.71	N/A
Bajali	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tamulpur	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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MANIPUR DISTRICT-WISE PERFORMANCE

FIGURE MN.1: PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY - COMPOSITE SCORES



FIGURE MN.2: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN MANIPUR

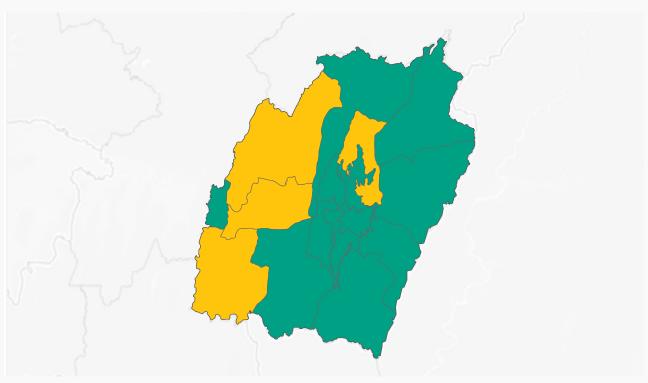


FIGURE MN.3: GOAL-WISE PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY

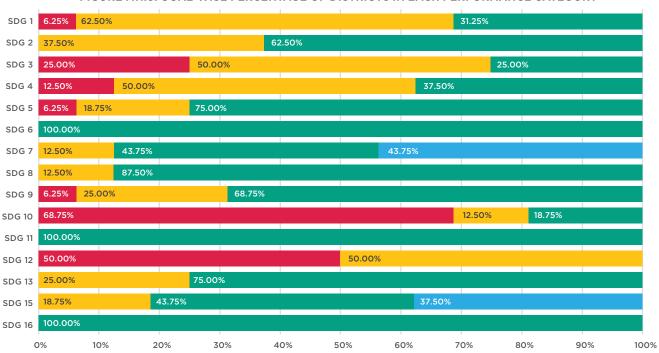


TABLE MN.1: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN MANIPUR

Districts	Overall Rank in NER 2023-24	Rank within state 2023-24	Score 2023-24	Score 2021-22
Imphal West	24	1	73.21	72.13
Imphal East	27	2	72.93	70.87
Kakching	38	3	71.86	N/A
Jiribam	43	4	71.64	N/A
Thoubal	48	5	71.29	68.93
Tengnoupal	57	6	70.43	N/A
Bishnupur	66	7	69.43	69.27
Senapati	73	8	68.71	66.93
Ukhrul	75	9	68.64	65.27
Kamjong	96	10	66.43	N/A
Chandel	99	11	65.93	67.47
Churachandpur	103	12	65.36	66.53
Kangpokpi	104	13	64.86	N/A
Noney	106	14	64.43	N/A
Tamenglong	115	15	62.07	64.93
Pherzawl	118	16	59.71	N/A

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MEGHALAYA DISTRICT-WISE PERFORMANCE

FIGURE ML.1: PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY - COMPOSITE SCORES

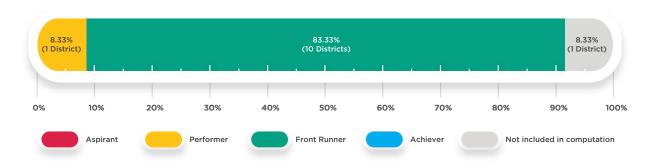
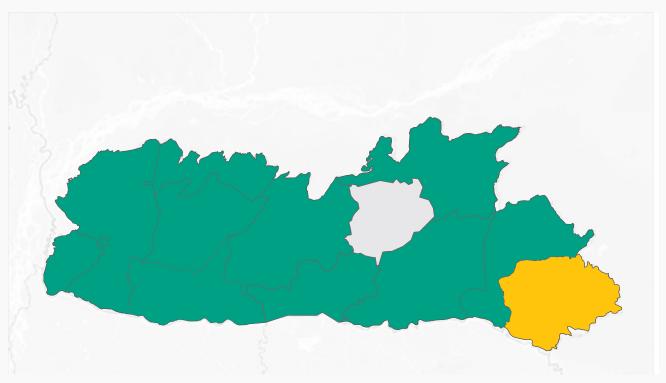


FIGURE ML.2: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN MEGHALAYA



Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Front Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) Not Available (N/A)

FIGURE ML.3: GOAL-WISE PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY

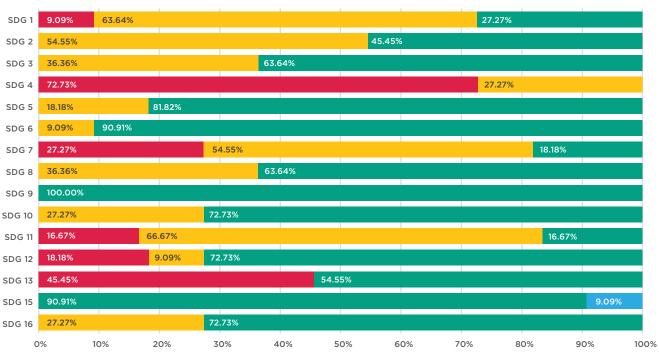


TABLE ML.1: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN MEGHALAYA

Districts	Overall Rank in NER 2023-24	Rank within state 2023-24	Score 2023-24	Score 2021-22
East Khasi Hills	26	1	73.00	66.27
South West Garo Hills	41	2	71.79	63.40
West Garo Hills	44	3	71.50	63.80
Ri Bhoi	69	4	69.29	62.80
West Jaintia Hills	73	5	68.71	64.27
East Garo Hills	81	6	68.00	63.00
West Khasi Hills	88	7	67.36	63.60
South West Khasi Hills	93	8	67.00	61.93
North Garo Hills	95	9	66.64	56.87
South Garo Hills	101	10	65.79	59.20
East Jaintia Hills	114	11	63.00	63.33
Eastern West Khasi Hills	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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MIZORAM DISTRICT-WISE PERFORMANCE

FIGURE MZ.1: PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY - COMPOSITE SCORES



FIGURE MZ.2: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN MIZORAM



FIGURE MZ.3: GOAL-WISE PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY

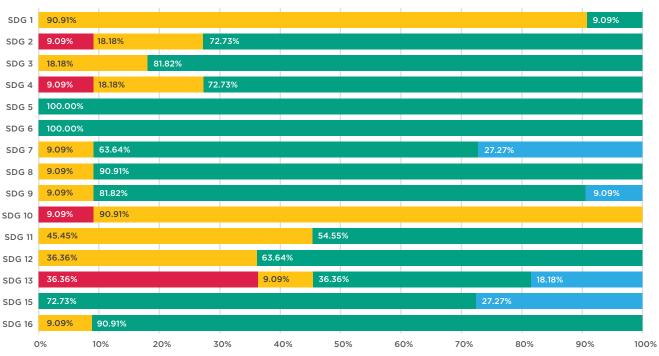


TABLE MZ.1: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN MIZORAM

Districts	Overall Rank in NER 2023-24	Rank within state 2023-24	Score 2023-24	Score 2021-22
Hnahthial	1	1	81.43	N/A
Champhai	2	2	79.86	71.93
Kolasib	9	3	76.50	72.27
Aizawl	11	4	76.07	71.27
Serchhip	12	5	75.64	74.87
Saitual	13	6	75.36	N/A
Khawzawl	17	7	74.29	N/A
Siaha	34	8	72.14	68.27
Lunglei	51	9	70.79	72.87
Mamit	79	10	68.14	71.47
Lawngtlai	86	11	67.71	63.40

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NAGALAND DISTRICT-WISE PERFORMANCE

FIGURE NL.1: PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY - COMPOSITE SCORES

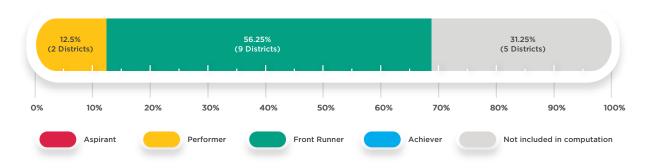
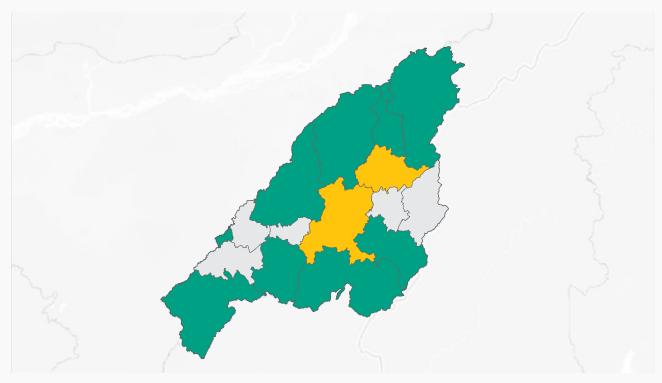


FIGURE NL.2: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN NAGALAND





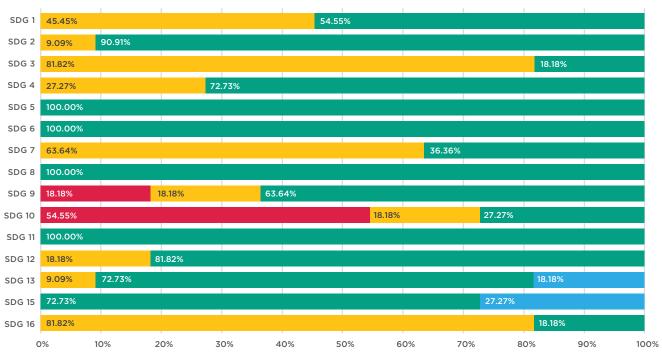


TABLE NL.1: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN NAGALAND

District	Overall Rank in NER 2023-24	Rank within state 2023-24	Score 2023-24	Score 2021-22
Mokokchung	4	1	78.43	62.27
Kohima	6	2	76.93	64.07
Dimapur	10	3	76.29	63.67
Phek	25	4	73.14	58.27
Longleng	28	5	72.86	59.07
Peren	34	6	72.14	60.53
Wokha	44	7	71.50	59.33
Mon	62	8	70.00	55.93
Kiphire	98	9	66.07	53.00
Tuensang	105	10	64.57	55.87
Zunheboto	110	11	63.36	54.53
Chumoukedima	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Niuland	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Noklak	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Shamator	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tseminyu	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

••••••••• NER DISTRICT SDG INDEX 2023-24

SIKKIM DISTRICT-WISE PERFORMANCE

FIGURE SK.1: PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY - COMPOSITE SCORES



FIGURE SK.2: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SIKKIM



FIGURE SK.3: GOAL-WISE PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY

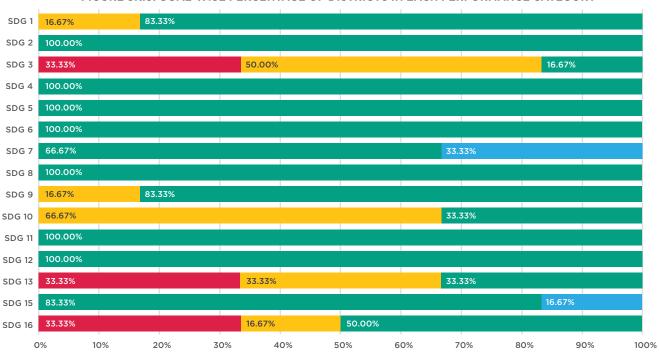


TABLE SK.1: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN SIKKIM

Districts	Overall Rank in NER 2023-24	Rank within state 2023-24	Score 2023-24	Score 2021-22
Gangtok	8	1	76.64	75.87
Namchi	14	2	75.21	74.80
Mangan	31	3	72.50	72.00
Pakyong	37	4	72.00	N/A
Soreng	38	5	71.86	N/A
Gyalshing	49	6	71.14	71.87

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TRIPURA DISTRICT-WISE PERFORMANCE

FIGURE TR.1: PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY - COMPOSITE SCORES



FIGURE TR.2: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN TRIPURA

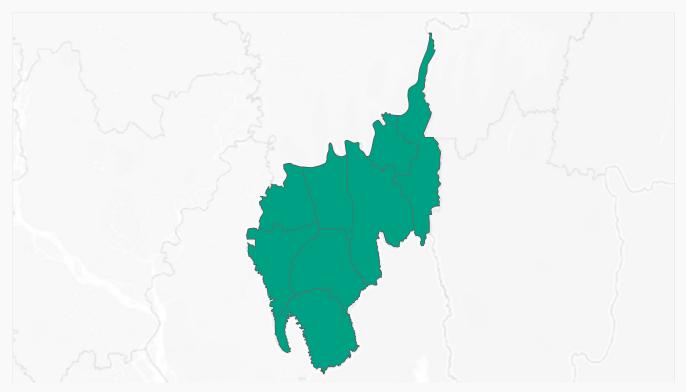


FIGURE TR.3: GOAL-WISE PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICTS IN EACH PERFORMANCE CATEGORY

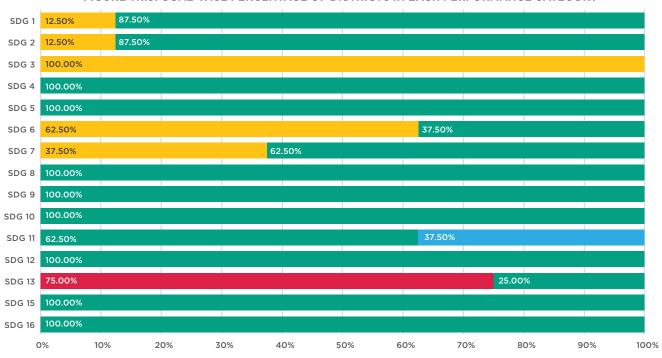


TABLE TR.1: OVERALL PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS IN TRIPURA

Districts	Overall Rank in NER 2023-24	Rank within state 2023-24	Score 2023-24	Score 2021-22
Gomati	3	1	78.79	75.73
West Tripura	5	2	77.64	75.67
South Tripura	7	3	76.71	72.40
Sepahijala	15	4	75.07	72.60
Khowai	16	5	74.64	71.93
North Tripura	17	6	74.29	75.73
Unakoti	22	7	73.71	73.47
Dhalai	33	8	72.29	72.60



METADATA & INDICATOR TABLES

GOAL 1: END POVERTY	Percentage of beneficiaries covered under National Food Security Act (NFSA), 2013
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{Families/persons identified under NFSA}}{\text{Accepted no. of persons/families covered under NFSA}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	1.3: Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable2.1: By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round
Relevant NIF Indicator	2.1.2: Proportion of beneficiaries covered under National Food Security Act 2013
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 1: END POVERTY	Headcount ratio as per the Multi-Dimensional Poverty Index (%)
Indicator Data Source	NITI Aayog National Multi-Dimensional Poverty Index (Baseline Report based on NFHS-5 (2019–2021))
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2019–2021
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	104
Data Periodicity	Non-periodic
Relevant Global Target	1.2: By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions
Relevant NIF Indicator	1.2.2: Proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions
Relevant Global Indicator	1.2.2: Proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 1: END POVERTY	Persons offered employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Rural Development [MGNREGA MIS Report]
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{Persons offered employment under MGNREGA}}{\text{Persons who demanded employment under MGNREGA}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	1.3: Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable
Relevant Global Indicator	1.3.1: Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable
Relevant NIF Indicator	1.3.3: Persons offered employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 1: END POVERTY	Percentage of Self-Help Groups (SHGs) provided credit linkage	
Indicator Data Source	State	
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of SHGs provided credit linkage in the district}}{\text{Total no. of SHGs in the district}} \times 100$	
Data Period	2023–2024	
Data Unit	Percentage	
Districts Covered	121	
Data Periodicity	Annual	
Relevant Global Target	1.3: Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	
Relevant NIF Indicator	1.3.4: Number of Self-Help Groups (SHGs) provided bank credit linkage	
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)	

GOAL 1: END POVERTY	Percentage of women receiving benefits under Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana (PMMVY) or any other maternity related State schemes against target
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	No. of beneficiaries paid under PMMVY and other State schemes in the FY 2023–24 No. of beneficiaries enrolled under PMMVY and other State schemes in the FY 2023–24 \times 100
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	115
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	1.3: Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable
Relevant Global Indicator	1.3.1: Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable
Relevant NIF Indicator	1.3.5: Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana (PMMVY)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 1: END POVERTY	Percentage of affordable houses completed against sanctioned (rural + urban) under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) and related State schemes
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of houses completed under PMAY and State schemes (rural \& urban)}}{\text{Total no. of houses sanctioned for construction under PMAY & State schemes (rural \& urban)}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	118
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	1.4: By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance
Relevant Global Indicator	1.4.1: Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services
Relevant NIF Indicator	1.4.1: Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 1: NO POVERTY	Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health & Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-5]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2019–2021
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	104
Data Periodicity	3 years
Relevant Global Target	1.3: Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable
Relevant Global Indicator	1.3.1: Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable
Relevant NIF Indicator	1.3.1: Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 1: NO POVERTY	Hospital beds empanelled under Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (PMJAY) or related State schemes per 10,000 eligible population
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of beds in the hospitals empanelled under PMJAY or related State schemes in the district}}{\text{Total no. of people identified as eligible for PMJAY or related State schemes in the district}} \times 10,000$
Data Period	2023–2024
Data Unit	Number per 10,000 eligible population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	1.3: Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 2: ZERO HUNGER	Percentage of Fair Price Shops (FPS) covered under online transaction system for PDS in the district
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of FPS covered under online transaction system for PDS in the district}}{\text{Total no. of FPS for PDS in the district}} \times 100$
Data Period	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	2.1: By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 2: ZERO HUNGER	Percentage of Anganwadi centres in the district with anthropometric measurement devices (height, weight)	
Indicator Data Source	State	
Computation Approach	No. of Anganwadi centres in the district with anthropometric measurement devices (height, weight) Total no. of Anganwadi centres in the district × 100	
Data Period	2023–2024	
Data Unit	Percentage	
Districts Covered	118	
Data Periodicity	Annual	
Relevant Global Target	2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)	

GOAL 2: ZERO HUNGER	Percentage of Anganwadis with own buildings	
Indicator Data Source	State	
Computation Approach	No. of Anganwadi centres with own buildings Total no. of Anganwadi centres in the district × 100	
Data Period	2023–2024	
Data Unit	Percentage	
Districts Covered	118	
Data Periodicity	Annual	
Relevant Global Target	2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets of stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)	

GOAL 2: ZERO HUNGER	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health & Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-5]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2019–2021
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	104
Data Periodicity	3 years
Relevant Global Target	2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons
Relevant Global Indicator	2.2.1: Prevalence of stunting (height for age ≤2 standard deviation from the median of the World Health Organization (WHO) Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age
Relevant NIF Indicator	2.2.1: Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are stunted
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 2: ZERO HUNGER	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are underweight
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health & Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-5]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2019–2021
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	104
Data Periodicity	3 years
Relevant Global Target	2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons
Relevant NIF Indicator	2.1.1: Percentage of children aged under 5 years who are underweight
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 2: ZERO HUNGER	Percentage of pregnant women aged 15–49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dL)
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health & Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-5]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2019–2021
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	99
Data Periodicity	3 years
Relevant Global Target	2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons
Relevant Global Indicator	2.2.3: Prevalence of anaemia in women aged 15–49 years, by pregnancy status (percentage)
Relevant NIF Indicator	2.2.3: Prevalence of anaemia in women aged 15–49 years, by pregnancy status (percentage)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 2: ZERO HUNGER	Percentage of children aged 6–59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dL)
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health & Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-5]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2019–2021
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	104
Data Periodicity	3 years
Relevant Global Target	2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons
Relevant NIF Indicator	2.2.5: Percentage of children age 6–59 months who are anaemic (Hb < 11.0 g/dL)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 2: ZERO HUNGER	Average yield of rice (kg/ha)
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	Total production of rice (kg) Area under rice cultivation (Ha)
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Kg/Hectare
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	2.3: By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment
Relevant NIF Indicator	2.3.1: Agriculture productivity of wheat and rice (in kg per hectare)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 2: ZERO HUNGER	Productivity of fruits and vegetables (kg/ha)
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	Total production of fruits and vegetables (kg) Ārea under cultivation of fruits and vegetables (Ha)
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Kg/Hectare
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	2.3: By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 3: GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	Percentage of pregnant women who completed 4 (ANCs) in the district
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	119
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	3.1: By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births
Relevant NIF Indicator	3.1.4: Percentage of women aged 15–49 years with a live birth, for last birth, who received ANC, four times or more (period for 5 years/1 year)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 3: GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	119
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	3.1: By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births
Relevant Global Indicator	3.1.2: Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel
Relevant NIF Indicator	3.1.3: Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel (period 1 year)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 3: GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	Percentage of children aged 9–11 months fully immunized
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	119
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	 3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births 3.8: Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all
Relevant Global Indicator	3.b.1: Proportion of the target population covered by all vaccines included in their national programme
Relevant NIF Indicator	3.b.1: Percentage of children aged 12–23 months fully immunized (BCG, Measles and three doses of Pentavalent vaccine)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 3: GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	Infant Mortality Rate
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	Infant deaths (< 1 year) during the given year Total live births during the given year × 1,000
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Per 1,000 live births
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 3: GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	Number of functional newborn facilities (SNCU, NBSU, NBCC) per 10,000 population
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of functional newborn facilities (SNCU, NBSU, NBCC)}}{\text{Total population of the district (2011)}} \times 10,000$
Data Period	2023–2024
Data Unit	Per 10,000 population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	3.8: Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 3: GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	New HIV infections Uninfected population × 1,000
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Per 1,000 uninfected population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	3.3: By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, waterborne diseases and other communicable diseases
Relevant Global Indicator	3.3.1: Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population, by sex, age and key populations
Relevant NIF Indicator	3.3.1: Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 3: GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	Percentage of TB cases successfully treated among TB cases notified to the national health authorities
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	No. of TB case successfully treated out of the new cases notified in the reference year Total no. of TB cases notified (Public + Private) in the reference year \times 100
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	98
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	3.8: Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all
	3.3: By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases
Relevant NIF Indicator	3.8.1 (f): Percentage of TB cases successfully treated (cured plus treatment completed) among TB cases notified to the national health authorities during a specified period
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

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GOAL 3: GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	Number of suicide deaths reported per 1,00,000 population
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of suicides reported during reference year in the district}}{\text{Total population (2011)}} \times 1,00,000$
Data Period (Year)	2022
Data Unit	Per 1,00,000 population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	3.4: By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being
Relevant Global Indicator	3.4.2: Suicide mortality rate
Relevant NIF Indicator	3.4.2. Suicide mortality rate (per 1,00,000 population)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 3: GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	Number of de-addiction centres (public and private) per 1,00,000 population
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of de-addiction centres (public and private) in the district}}{\text{Total population (2011)}} \times 1,00,000$
Data Period	2023–24
Data Unit	Per 1,00,000 population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	3.5: Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol
Relevant Global Indicator	3.5.1: Coverage of treatment interventions (pharmacological, psychosocial and rehabilitation and aftercare services) for substance use disorders
Relevant NIF Indicator	3.5.1: Number of persons treated in de-addiction centres
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 3: GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	First Referral Units (FRUs) per 1,00,000 population
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of FRUs in the district}}{\text{Total population (2011)}} \times 1,00,000$
Data Period	2023–2024
Data Unit	Per 1,00,000 population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	3.8: Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 3: GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	No. of (Registered doctors + AYUSH practitioners + ANM + Registered nurses and midwives + Lady health volunteers) Total population (2011) × 10,000
Data Period	2023–2024
Data Unit	Number per 10,000 population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	3.c: Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States
Relevant Global Indicator	3.c.1: Health worker density and distribution
Relevant NIF Indicator	3.c.1: Health worker density
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 4: QUALITY EDUCATION	Average annual dropout rate at secondary level (Class 9–10)
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Education [Unified-District Information System for Education - Plus (UDISE+)]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	4.1: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 4: QUALITY EDUCATION	Ratio of female to male enrolment at secondary level (Class 9–10)
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Education [Unified-District Information System for Education - Plus (UDISE+)]
Computation Approach	Female enrolment at secondary level Male enrolment at secondary level
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Ratio
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	4.5: By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations
Relevant Global Indicator	4.5.1: Parity indices (female/male, rural/urban, bottom/top wealth quintile and others such as disability status, indigenous peoples and conflict-affected, as data become available) for all education indicators on this list that can be disaggregated
Relevant NIF Indicator	4.5.1: Gender Parity Indices (GPI) for primary/secondary/higher secondary/tertiary education
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 4: QUALITY EDUCATION	Percentage of students in Grade 8 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained at the end of the grade
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Education [National Achievement Survey, 2021]
Computation Approach	No. of students of class 8 achieving desired score as per NAS assessment standards in Maths & Language Total no. of students of class 8 who participated in NAS
Data Period (Year)	2021
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	116
Data Periodicity	3 Years
Relevant Global Target	4.1: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes
Relevant Global Indicator	4.1.1: Proportion of children and young people (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex
Relevant NIF Indicator	4.1.1: Percentage of students in grade 3, 5, 8 and 10 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained by pupils at the end of each of above grades
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 4: QUALITY EDUCATION	Percentage of schools with computers available
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Education [Unified-District Information System for Education – Plus (UDISE+)]
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of schools with computers available}}{\text{Total no. of schools}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	4.a: Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all
Relevant Global Indicator	4.a.1: Proportion of schools offering basic services, by type of service
Relevant NIF Indicator	4.a.1: Proportion of schools with access to: (b) computers for pedagogical purposes
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 4: QUALITY EDUCATION	Percentage of schools with access to electricity
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Education [Unified-District Information System for Education – Plus (UDISE+)]
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of schools with electricity}}{\text{Total no. of schools}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	4.a: Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all
Relevant Global Indicator	4.a.1: Proportion of schools offering basic services, by type of service
Relevant NIF Indicator	4.a.1: Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 4: QUALITY EDUCATION	Percentage of trained teachers at secondary level (Class 9–10)
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Education [Unified-District Information System for Education – Plus (UDISE+)]
Computation Approach	No. of trained teachers* at secondary level Total no. of teachers at secondary level *Teachers with Basic teacher's training/B.Ed./D.El.Ed./M.Ed or equivalent (not less than two years)/Diploma/degree in special education at secondary level
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	4.c: By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States
Relevant Global Indicator	4.c.1: Proportion of teachers with the minimum required qualifications, by education level
Relevant NIF Indicator	4.c.1: Proportion of trained teacher, by education level (primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary education), (in percentage)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 4: QUALITY EDUCATION	Pupil Teacher Ratio at secondary level (Class 9–10)
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Education [Unified-District Information System for Education - Plus (UDISE+)]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Ratio
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	4.c: By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 5: GENDER EQUALITY	Crimes against women per 10,000 female population
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Home Affairs [National Crime Records Bureau, Crime in India 2022]
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of cases registered under crime against women during reference year}}{\text{Female population in the district (Census 2011)}} \times 10,000$
Data Period (Year)	2022
Data Unit	Number of cases per 10,000 female population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	5.2: Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation
Relevant NIF Indicator	5.1.4: Rate of crimes against women per 1,00,000 female population
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 5: GENDER EQUALITY	Sex ratio at birth
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare [Health Management Information System]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Female per 1,000 males
Districts Covered	119
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	5.1: End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere
Relevant NIF Indicator	5.1.3: Sex Ratio at Birth (per 1,000 male live births)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 5: GENDER EQUALITY	Percentage of sexual crimes against women to total crimes against women
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of cases registered under sexual crime against women during reference year}}{\text{No. of cases registered under crime against women during reference year}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	2022
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	5.2: Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation
Relevant Global Indicator	5.2.2: Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by age and place of occurrence
Relevant NIF Indicator	5.2.2: Proportion of women and girls aged 18–49 years subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months5.2.3: Per lakh women who have experienced sexual crimes during the year (per 1,00,000 females)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (-)

GOAL 5: GENDER EQUALITY	Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15–49 years
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health & Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-5]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2019–2021
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	104
Data Periodicity	3 years
Relevant Global Target	5.6: Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences
Relevant NIF Indicator	5.6.1: Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15–49 years (in percentage)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 5: GENDER EQUALITY	Exclusive women Self-Help Groups (SHGs) in bank-linked SHGs
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of bank-linked women SHGs}}{\text{Total no. of SHGs in the district}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	120
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	5.a: Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws
Relevant NIF Indicator	5.a.5: Exclusive women SHGs in bank-linked SHGs (in percentage)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 6: CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	Percentage of rural population using an improved drinking water source
Indicator Data Source	Department of Drinking Water and Sanitation, Ministry of Jal Shakti
Computation Approach	(1– $\frac{\text{Total population having quality affected drinking water}}{\text{Total population (Census 2011)}}$) \times 100
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	6.1: By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all
Relevant Global Indicator	6.1.1: Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services
Relevant NIF Indicator	6.1.2: Percentage of population using an improved drinking water source (Rural)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 6: CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	Percentage of rural population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Piped Water Supply (PWS)
Indicator Data Source	Department of Drinking Water and Sanitation, Ministry of Jal Shakti
Computation Approach	Population having PWS (fully covered) Total population (Census 2011) × 100
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	6.1: By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all
Relevant Global Indicator	6.1.1: Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services
Relevant NIF Indicator	6.1.1: Percentage of households getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Piped Water Supply (PWS)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 6: CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	Percentage of population living in households that use an improved sanitation facility
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health & Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-5]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2019–2021
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	104
Data Periodicity	3 years
Relevant Global Target	6.2: By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations
Relevant Global Indicator	6.2.1: Proportion of population using (a) safely managed sanitation services
Relevant NIF Indicator	6.2.1: Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural), (in percentage)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 6: CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	Percentage of individual household toilets constructed against target (SBM(G))
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	Number of toilets constructed under SBM(G) during the reference year covered Number of toilets targeted to be constructed under SBM(G) during the reference year × 100
Data Period (Year)	31st March 2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	6.2: By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations
Relevant Global Indicator	6.2.1: Proportion of population using (a) safely managed sanitation services
Relevant NIF Indicator	6.2.1: Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural), (in percentage)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 6: CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	Percentage of schools with functional toilet facility for girls
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Education [Unified-District Information System for Education – Plus (UDISE+)]
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of school with functional toilet facility for girls}}{\text{Total no. of schools in the district}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	6.2: By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations
Relevant NIF Indicator	6.2.3: Proportion of schools with separate toilet facility for girls
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 6: CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	Percentage of GPs/villages verified as ODF (SBM(G)) in the district
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Jal Shakti [Swachh Bharat Mission Gramin Dashboard]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	As on 31 March 2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	6.2: By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations
Relevant NIF Indicator	6.2.2: Percentage of Districts achieving Open Defecation Free (ODF) target
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 6: CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	Stage of groundwater extraction (%)
Indicator Data Source	Central Ground Water Board, Ministry of Jal Shakti [National Compilation on Dynamic Ground Water Resources of India]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2022
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	86
Data Periodicity	Non-periodic
Relevant Global Target	6.4: By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of fresh-water to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity
Relevant Global Indicator	6.4.2: Level of water stress: freshwater withdrawal as a proportion of available freshwater resources
Relevant NIF Indicator	6.4.2: Percentage ground water withdrawal against availability
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 7: AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	Percentage of villages/GPs electrified
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of village/GPs electrified}}{\text{Total no. of villages/GPs}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	As on 31st March 2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	7.1: By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services
Relevant Global Indicator	7.1.1: Proportion of population with access to electricity
Relevant NIF Indicator	7.1.1: Percentage of households electrified
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 7: AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	Percentage of households using clean fuel for cooking
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health & Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-5]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2019–2021
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	104
Data Periodicity	3 years
Relevant Global Target	7.1: By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services
Relevant Global Indicator	7.1.2: Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology
Relevant NIF Indicator	7.1.2: Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 8: DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	Percentage of loans disbursed to MSMEs against sanctioned
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	No. of loans disbursed to MSMEs No. of loans sanctioned to MSMEs × 100
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	8.3: Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services
Relevant NIF Indicator	8.3.3: Outstanding Credit to MSME (in INR crore)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 8: DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	Number of victims of human trafficking per 10,000 population
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{Total no. of victims trafficked (male and female)}}{\text{Total population (Census 2011)}} \times 10,000$
Data Period (Year)	2022
Data Unit	Per 10,000 population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	8.7: Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms
Relevant NIF Indicator	8.7.1: Human trafficking cases per 10,00,000 population
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 8: DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	Percentage of households covered with a bank account under Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY) against target
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Finance [Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana – District-wise Household Report]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	As on 31st March 2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	94
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	8.10: Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all
Relevant Global Indicator	8.10.2: Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile money service provider
Relevant NIF Indicator	8.10.2: Number of accounts (including deposit and credit accounts) of scheduled commercial banks per 1,000 population
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 8: DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	Number of bank branches including Business Correspondents (BCs) in Urban, Semi-urban and Rural areas per 10,000 population
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	No. of bank branches including BCs in Urban, Semi-urban and Rural areas Total population (Census 2011) × 10,000
Data Period (Year)	As on 31st March 2024
Data Unit	Per 10,000 population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	8.10: Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all
Relevant Global Indicator	8.10.1: (a) Number of commercial bank branches per 10,000 adults
Relevant NIF Indicator	8.10.1: (a) Number of banking outlets per 100,000 population
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 8: DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 10,000 population
Indicator Data Source	Reserve Bank of India [Database on Indian Economy]
Computation Approach	Total no. of ATMs Total population (Census 2011) × 10,000
Data Period (Year)	As on31st March 2024
Data Unit	Per 10,000 population
Districts Covered	114
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	8.10: Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all
Relevant Global Indicator	8.10.1: (b) Number of ATMs per 100,000 adults
Relevant NIF Indicator	8.10.1: (b) ATMs per 100,000 population
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

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GOAL 8: DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	Percentage of women account holders in Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY)
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Finance [Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana –District wise Household Report]
Computation Approach	PMJDY accounts opened by women Total no. of PMJDY accounts × 100
Data Period (Year)	As on 31st March 2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	8.10: Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all
Relevant Global Indicator	8.10.2: Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile money service provider
Relevant NIF Indicator	5.a.7: Percentage of women having an account at a formal financial institution
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 9: INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE	Percentage of habitations with access to all weather roads under PMGSY and other State schemes
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of habitations with access to all weather roads under PMGSY and other State schemes}}{\text{Total no. of habitations}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	As on 31st March 2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	9.1: Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastruc-ture, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all
Relevant Global Indicator	9.1.1: Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road
Relevant NIF Indicator	9.1.1: Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 9: INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE	Surfaced road as a percentage of total road length
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{Total length of surfaced road in the district}}{\text{Total length of road in the district}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	As on 31st March 2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	9.1: Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 9: INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE	Percentage of GPs/villages with internet connection (broadband or cellular)
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	No. of GPs/villages with internet connection (broadband or cellular) Total no. of GPs/villages × 100
Data Period (Year)	As on 31st March 2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	9.c: Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020
Relevant Global Indicator	9.c.1: Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology
Relevant NIF Indicator	9.c.1: Number of Internet Subscription as percentage of total population
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 9: INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE	Percentage of villages covered by a mobile network
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of villages covered by a mobile network}}{\text{Total no. of villages}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	As on 31st March 2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	9.c: Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020
Relevant Global Indicator	9.c.1: Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 10: REDUCED INEQUALITIES	Percentage of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous Councils, VCs, VECs
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	No. of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous Councils, VCs, VECs Total no. of representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous Councils, VCs, VECs × 100
Data Period (Year)	As on 31st March 2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	105
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	10.2: By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status
Relevant NIF Indicator	10.2.2: Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliaments and (b) local governments,
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 10: REDUCED IN- EQUALITIES	Women offered employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by women under MGNREGA	
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Rural Development [MGNREGA MIS Report]	
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of women who were offered employment under MGNREGA during reference period}}{\text{No. of women who demanded employment under MGNREGA during reference period}}} \times 100$	
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024	
Data Unit	Percentage	
Districts Covered	121	
Data Periodicity	Annual	
Relevant Global Target	10.3: Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard	
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)	

GOAL 10: REDUCED IN- EQUALITIES	Persons with Disabilities (PwDs) offered employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by PwDs under MGNREGA	
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Rural Development [MGNREGA MIS Report]	
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of persons with disability who were offered employment under MGNREGA during reference period}}{\text{No. of persons with disability who demanded employment under MGNREGA during reference period}}} \times 100$	
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024	
Data Unit	Percentage	
Districts Covered	121	
Data Periodicity	Annual	
Relevant Global Target	10.3: Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard	
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)	

GOAL 11: SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	Houses completed under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) and/or other schemes as a percentage of net demand assessment (Urban)	
Indicator Data Source	State	
Computation Approach	No. of houses constructed and completed under PMAY (Urban) and related State schemes × 100 No. of houses sanctioned for construction under PMAY (Urban) and related State schemes	
Data Period (Year)	As on 31st March 2024	
Data Unit	Percentage	
Districts Covered	79	
Data Periodicity	Annual	
Relevant Global Target	11.1: By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums	
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)	

GOAL 11: SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	Deaths due to road accidents per 1,00,000 population	
Indicator Data Source	State	
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{Deaths due to road traffic accidents during reference year}}{\text{Total population of the district (census 2011)}} \times 1,00,000$	
Data Period (Year)	2022	
Data Unit	Per 1,00,000 population	
Districts Covered	79	
Data Periodicity	Annual	
11.2: By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of the vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons 3.6: By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents		
Relevant Global Indicator	3.6.1: Death rate due to road traffic injuries	
Relevant NIF Indicator	3.6.1 & 11.2.2: People killed/injured in road accidents (per 100,000 population)	
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (-)	

GOAL 11: SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	Percentage of wards with waste collection
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	Total no. of wards with waste collection Total no. of wards × 100
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	79
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	11.6: By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management
Relevant Global Indicator	11.6.1: Proportion of municipal solid waste collected and managed in controlled facilities out of total municipal waste generated, by cities
Relevant NIF Indicator	11.6.2: Percentage of wards with 100% door-to-door waste collection
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 11: SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	Percentage of individual household toilets constructed against target (SBM(U))
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$rac{ ext{No. of IHHL units constructed}}{ ext{No. of IHHL units targeted to be constructed}} imes 100$
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	79
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	11.1: By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums6.2: By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations
Relevant Global Indicator	6.2.1: Proportion of population using (a) safely managed sanitation services
Relevant NIF Indicator	6.2.1: Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban and Rural)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 11: SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	Percentage of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) treated out of total MSW generated
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{Total MSW treated (tonnes/day)}}{\text{Total MSW generated (tonnes/day)}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	79
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	11.6: By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management
Relevant Global Indicator	11.6.1: Proportion of municipal solid waste collected and managed in controlled facilities out of total municipal waste generated, by cities
Relevant NIF Indicator	11.6.1: Percentage of waste processed
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 12: SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	Area under jhum cultivation as a percentage of total area under agriculture
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	Area under Jhum cultivation Area under agriculture × 100
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	92
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	12.2: By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 12: SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	Percentage of area under micro/minor irrigation in the district
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	Area under micro/minor irrigation in the district Area under agriculture × 100
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	12.2: By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 12: SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	Plastic waste generated per 10,000 population (tonnes/annum)
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{Quantity of plastic waste generated during the reference year}}{\text{Total population of the district (Census 2011)}} \times 10,000$
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Tonnes per 10,000 population per annum
Districts Covered	111
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	12.5: By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 13: CLIMATE ACTION	Number of human lives lost due to natural calamity per 10,000 population
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of deaths due to natural calamities during the reference year}}{\text{Total population of the district (Census 2011)}} \times 10,000$
Data Period (Year)	2023
Data Unit	Per 10,000 population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	13.1: Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries
Relevant Global Indicator	13.1.1: Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 1,00,000 population
Relevant NIF Indicator	13.1.1: Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 1,00,000 population
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 13: CLIMATE ACTION	Change in forest area
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Environment Forest & Climate Change [Forest Survey of India 2023]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2021-23
Data Unit	Square Kilometre
Districts Covered	119
Data Periodicity	2 years
Relevant Global Target	13.2: Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning 15.2: By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally
Relevant NIF Indicator	15.2.1: Progress towards sustainable forest management
Indicator Interpretation	Districts with an increase/no change in area under forests have been awarded a score of 100 while districts with a decrease in area under forests have been assigned a score of 0

GOAL 13: CLIMATE ACTION	Area under watershed management as a percentage of total geographical area
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{Area covered under integrated watershed management in the district (sq. km)}}{\text{Total geographical area of the district (sq. km)}} \times 100$
Data Period (Year)	2023–2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	118
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	13.1: Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 15: LIFE ON LAND	Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change [Forest Survey of India 2023]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2023
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	2 years
Relevant Global Target	15.1: By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements
Relevant Global Indicator	15.1.1: Forest area as a proportion of total land area
Relevant NIF Indicator	15.1.1: Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 15: LIFE ON LAND	Percentage of wasteland over total geographical area
Indicator Data Source	Department of Land Resources, Ministry of Rural Development & National Remote Sensing Centre, Indian Space Research Organisation [Wastelands Atlas of India 2019]
Computation Approach	Total area under wasteland in the district Total geographical area of the district Total area under wasteland includes the following categories*: Land with Dense Scrub Land with Open Scrub Shifting Cultivation - Current Jhum Shifting Cultivation - Abandoned Jhum Under-utilised/degraded forest (Scrub domain) Under-utilised/degraded forest (Agriculture) Degraded pastures/grazing land Degraded land under plantation crop Mining wastelands Industrial wastelands *Those categories (as classified in the Wasteland Atlas) which are predominantly due to human interventions and/or those that are commonly found in the 8 States of the NER have been considered to estimate the numerator.
Data Period (Year)	2015-16
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	90
Data Periodicity	Non-periodic
Relevant Global Target	15.3: By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world
Relevant Global Indicator	15.3.1: Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area
Relevant NIF Indicator	15.3.1: Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

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GOAL 15: LIFE ON LAND	Number of wildlife crime cases reported per 1,000 sq. km of forest area
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of wildlife crime cases reported in the district during the reference period}}{\text{Total forest area in the district (sq. km)}} \times 1,000$
Data Period (Year)	2023
Data Unit	Number per 1,000 sq. km of forest area
Districts Covered	115
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	15.7: Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products 15.c: Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities
Relevant Global Indicator	15.7.1 & 15.c.1: Proportion of traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked
Relevant NIF Indicator	15.7.1 & 15.c.1: Number of cases registered under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 16: PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	Reported murders per 10,000 population
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Home Affairs [National Crime Records Bureau – Crime in India 2022]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2022
Data Unit	Per 10,000 population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	16.1: Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere
Relevant Global Indicator	16.1.1: Number of victims of intentional homicide per 1,00,000 population, by sex and age
Relevant NIF Indicator	16.1.1: Number of victims of intentional homicide per 1,00,000 population
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 16: PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	Cognizable crimes against children per 10,000 population
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Home Affairs [National Crime Records Bureau – Crime in India 2022]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2022
Data Unit	Per 10,000 child population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	16.2: End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children
Relevant NIF Indicator	16.2.1: Proportion of crime committed against children during the year (per lakh children)
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 16: PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	Number of missing children per 10,000 population
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Home Affairs [National Crime Records Bureau – Crime in India 2022]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2022
Data Unit	Per 10,000 child population
Districts Covered	121
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	16.2: End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children
Relevant Global Indicator	16.2.2: Number of victims of human trafficking per 1,00,000 population by sex, age and form of exploitation
Relevant NIF Indicator	8.7.2: Number of missing children
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means lower performance (–)

GOAL 16: PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	Ratio of working strength to sanctioned strength of Judges (District & Subordinate courts)
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	Working strength of judges in the district court and sub-ordinate courts Sanctioned strength of judges in the district court and sub-ordinate courts
Data Period (Year)	As on 31st March 2024
Data Unit	Ratio
Districts Covered	118
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	16.3: Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all
Relevant NIF Indicator	16.3.3: Number of Judges (all levels) per lakh population
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 16: PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	Common Service Centres (CSCs) providing online services per 10,000 population
Indicator Data Source	State
Computation Approach	$\frac{\text{No. of CSCs in the district}}{\text{Total population of the district (Census 2011)}} \times 10,000$
Data Period (Year)	As on 31st March 2024
Data Unit	Per 10,000 population
Districts Covered	120
Data Periodicity	Annual
Relevant Global Target	16.6: Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels
Relevant NIF Indicator	16.6.3: Number of government services provided online to citizens
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 16: PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	Percentage of births registered
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health & Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-5]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2019–2021
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	104
Data Periodicity	3 years
Relevant Global Target	16.9: By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration
Relevant Global Indicator	16.9.1: Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority, by age
Relevant NIF Indicator	16.9.1: Percentage of births registered
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 16: PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar
Indicator Data Source	Unique Identification Authority of India Dashboard
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	Data accessed as on July 2024
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	82
Data Periodicity	Live data
Relevant Global Target	16.9: By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration
Relevant NIF Indicator	16.9.2: Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

GOAL 16: PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	Percentage of deaths registered
Indicator Data Source	Ministry of Health & Family Welfare [National Family Health Survey-5]
Computation Approach	Directly from data source
Data Period (Year)	2019–2021
Data Unit	Percentage
Districts Covered	104
Data Periodicity	3 years
Relevant Global Target	16.9: By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration
Relevant Global Indicator	17.19.2: Proportion of countries that (b) have achieved 100 percent birth registration and 80 percent death registration
Indicator Interpretation	Higher value means higher performance (+)

SDG 1

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	Hospital beds empan- elled under elled under PMJAY or related State schemes per 10,000 eligible population	8	IInN	4	16	2	14	0	IInN	0	9	6	9	3	7	က	6	5	7	28	2	12	8	1	7	1	7	8	InN	1	2	2	ιΩ
	Percentage of house- holds with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance	13	Null	37	25	21	27	IInN	Null	20	∞	Null	28	19	33	IInN	20	27	Null	23	IInN	22	30	27	31	17	35	22	Null	67	57	67	52
	Percentage of affordable houses completed against sanctioned (rural +urban) under PMAY and related State schemes	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	66	IInN	66	66	66	100	97	100	100	100	66	100	100	100	98	100	100	66	66	100	100	IInN	81	86	62	26
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of women receiving benefits under PMMWV or any other maternity related State schemes against target	6	IInN	42	5	0	96	21	IInN	69	61	6	31	4	22	82	100	7	0	33	0	84	77	29	88	26	74	46	IInN	48	71	99	69
SCORE (Norm	Percentage of Self-Help Groups (SHGs) pro- vided credit linkage	1	Null	2	14	5	8	1	Null	20	6	8	15	0	6	80	12	7	00	4	4	4	3	1	1	4	7	10	Null	18	40	35	32
INDEX	Persons offered employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under MGNREGA	66	IInN	66	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	86	86	66	66	100	86	86	IInN	26	86	86	66
	Head count ratio as per the Multi-Di- mensional Poverty Index	86	IInN	92	100	92	100	IInN	IInN	84	100	IInN	100	42	100	IInN	100	92	IInN	26	IInN	100	100	94	100	82	100	96	IInN	92	83	92	88
	Percent- age of benefi- claries covered under NFSA	100	II N	100	100	100	100	100	In N	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	InN	57	61	16	47
	Hospital beds empanelled under PM-JAY or related State schemes per 10,000 eligible population	8.23	IInN	10.49	33.62	12.00	30.49	2.95	IInN	3.33	14.01	20.16	15.24	7.95	15.87	8.44	19.94	12.48	16.18	57.22	6.18	27.06	17.63	4.51	16.98	5.69	15.81	18.86	IInN	4.05	12.17	7.15	12.99
	Percentage of house-holds with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance	17.5	IInN	40.5	28.7	25.1	30.5	IInN	II nN	24.0	13.4	IInN	31.9	23.8	36.8	IInN	24.5	30.9	IInN	26.9	IInN	26.1	33.5	30.8	34.6	21.5	38.3	26.6	IInN	0.69	58.9	68.4	57.6
	Percentage of affordable houses completed against sanctioned (rural +ur- ban) under PMAY and related State schemes	100.00	Null	99.71	100.00	99.94	100.00	99.23	IInN	98.97	99.07	99.23	100.00	97.42	99.56	99.83	99.84	99.25	100.00	99.70	89.68	85.61	100.00	99.75	99.27	99.35	100.00	99.66	IInN	81.43	98.00	78.62	96.51
VALUES	Percentage of women receiving benefits under PMMVV or any other maternity related State schemes against target	9.17	IInN	42.42	4.90	0.00	00.96	21.43	IInN	69.05	60.58	9.20	31.25	3.87	21.51	85.10	117.72	6.82	00:00	33.19	0.00	84.38	77.33	66.67	80.08	26.28	73.61	45.98	IInN	47.96	70.78	66.17	69.38
RAW V	Percentage of Self-Help Groups (SHGs) pro- vided credit linkage	1.20	IInN	2.17	14.29	5.47	8.33	1.19	IInN	20.36	8.85	7.74	14.78	00.00	8.94	7.51	12.11	7.32	8.37	3.99	4.32	4.13	2.95	1.36	0.75	3.72	7.23	9.55	IInN	18.32	39.87	34.74	31.72
	Persons offered employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment employment mdeRNREGA	86.66	IInN	76'66	66'66	100.00	100.00	66'66	IInN	100.00	86'66	100.00	100.00	86.98	66.66	100.00	95.77	66'66	100.00	66'66	100.00	68'66	99.93	86.98	96'66	100.00	99.93	99.93	IInN	68.66	99.92	99.91	99.95
	Head count ratio as per the Multi-Di- mensional Poverty Index	13.09	IInN	14.39	10.11	22.05	8.11	IInN	IInN	18.91	11.14	IInN	12.39	20.97	9.08	IInN	6:39	22.11	IInN	13.76	IInN	9.15	8.46	14.78	8.74	19.71	4.74	13.85	IInN	15.60	19.12	22.09	17.39
	Percentage of bene- ficiaries covered under NFSA	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	94.11	94.62	88.50	92.81
	District	Anjaw	Bichom	Changlang	Dibang Valley	East Kameng	East Siang	Kamle	Keyi Panyor	Kra Daadi	Kurung Kumey	Leparada	Lohit	Longding	Lower Dibang Valley	Lower Siang	Lower Subansiri	Namsai	Pakke Kessang	Papum Pare	Shi Yomi	Siang	Tawang	Tirap	Upper Siang	Upper Subansiri	West Kameng	West Siang	Bajali	Baksa	Barpeta	Biswanath	Bongaigaon
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TABLE I: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 1

	SDG 1	58	63	64	99	09	28	99	25	61	61	22	99	62	61	09	61	29	09	62	65	61	19	99	99	19	61	*	59	58	47
	Hospital beds empan- elled under PMJAY or related State schemes per 10,000 eligible population	10	1	1	က	С	വ	26	12	ഹ	9	1	7	7	8	62	13	က	7	9	က	1	9	∞	D	10	0	IInN	വ	2	S
	Percentage of house-holds with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance	55	63	29	51	65	22	26	09	69	89	51	99	28	44	42	51	62	47	92	29	09	22	20	28	65	99	IInN	28	69	61
	Percentage of affordable houses completed against sanctioned (rural + urban) under PMAY and related State schemes	06	93	82	26	62	96	91	84	94	83	91	63	98	94	29	88	91	88	83	62	87	94	91	82	82	86	IInN	83	75	80
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of women receiving benefits under PMMMY or any other maternity related State schemes against target	29	78	85	46	46	20	78	09	55	09	73	72	99	28	47	89	80	16	69	100	92	64	91	88	93	83	IInN	63	71	31
SCORE (Norn	Percentage of Self-Help Groups (SHGS) pro- vided credit linkage	44	41	40	35	38	36	48	22	44	40	38	45	43	37	34	42	36	33	41	48	31	40	39	43	39	15	IInN	38	26	34
INDEX	Persons offered employment as a per- centage of persons who demanded employment under	96	66	26	66	100	86	66	93	16	66	86	26	96	66	26	100	100	100	86	86	66	96	66	66	86	94	IInN	66	16	26
	Head count ratio as per the Multi-Di- mensional Poverty Index	22	81	88	72	26	99	100	26	82	92	41	96	100	66	100	91	49	84	96	92	75	79	100	100	81	61	IInN	87	83	71
	Percent- age of benefi- ciaries covered under NFSA	46	45	28	42	53	22	32	27	43	35	61	53	42	45	16	38	49	43	40	40	09	53	51	45	14	89	IInN	36	45	0
	Hospital beds empanelled under PM-JAY or related State schemes per 10,000 eligible population	22.77	4.17	4.04	8.42	9.53	11.78	53.33	25.27	12.69	15.40	5.37	17.49	16.83	18.81	156.82	28.51	9.55	17.01	15.49	8.67	4.42	14.25	18.22	12.41	22.03	3.68	IInN	12.95	6.05	12.71
	Percentage of house-holds with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance	57.9	64.9	61.5	53.7	8.99	59.4	58.8	61.9	71.1	69.3	53.6	67.4	60.1	47.0	45.5	54.1	64.4	50.2	67.0	8.09	62.5	59.4	52.5	60.7	6.99	68.2	IInN	0.09	70.6	63.1
	Percentage of affordable houses completed against sanctioned (rural +urban) under PMAY and related State schemes	89.76	92.90	82.05	96.78	78.56	96.38	91.28	84.14	94.41	82.79	91.05	93.29	86.14	93.96	67.12	89.36	91.44	88.84	83.28	78.52	87.14	93.64	90.70	85.22	85.11	97.82	IInN	82.80	74.94	80.09
RAW VALUES	Percentage of women receiving benefits under PMMVV or any other maternity related State schemes against target	67.43	78.31	84.83	46.27	46.35	49.71	77.97	60.32	51.93	60.02	72.78	72.05	65.53	58.05	46.69	67.65	80.42	76.44	69.40	100.90	75.57	64.18	91.09	89.24	95.96	82.54	IInN	62.50	71.40	30.75
RAW	Percentage of Self-Help Groups (SHGs) provided credit linkage	44.43	40.64	40.15	34.79	38.48	35.94	48.36	22.17	44.09	40.15	37.76	44.77	43.36	37.21	34.11	41.90	35.81	33.45	40.56	47.61	30.88	40.16	39.35	43.19	39.24	14.93	IInN	37.83	25.84	34.06
	Persons offered employ- ment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under	99.84	26.66	99.88	26.66	66.66	99.91	99.94	69.66	88.66	96.66	99.92	68.66	99.85	96'66	68'66	86.66	66.66	66.66	99.92	99.93	96.66	99.83	96.66	26.66	99.91	99.74	IInN	26.66	98.66	99.88
	Head count ratio as per the Multi-Di- mensional Poverty Index	30.58	20.10	16.79	23.65	13.73	26.02	12.26	13.62	18.34	14.60	36.22	14.13	11.49	12.71	5.63	16.20	32.93	18.92	14.06	14.41	22.46	20.84	11.24	10.28	19.94	28.24	IInN	17.66	19.16	24.09
	Percentage of bene- ficiaries covered under NFSA	92.60	92.46	94.22	92.07	93.63	94.17	90.72	90.05	92.27	91.19	94.68	93.63	92.07	92.50	88.49	91.59	93.06	92.20	91.83	91.79	94.49	93.58	93.27	92.45	88.32	95.69	IInN	91.25	92.47	86.37
	District	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong
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Front Runner (6!
Performer (50-64)
Aspirant (0-49)

	SDG 1				72	99	99	67				48				74		89			*		L 9		65				49					
	Hospital beds empan- elled under PMLAN or related State schemes per 10,000 eligible population	27	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	84	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	12	7	35	IInN	4	6	6	വ	6	14	12	10	19	9	71	81	7 11
	Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance	4	11	14	2	11	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	11	12	IInN	14	12	0.2	73	44	IInN	59	99	78	74	71	77	64	28	34	63	IInN	IInN	59
values)	Percentage of affordable houses completed against sanctioned (rural +urban) under PMAY and related State schemes	3	18	12	00	∞	2	1	IInN	0	IInN	11	0	က	12	19	IInN	38	28	24	IInN	29	34	13	23	38	30	34	47	96	62	84	09	95
(Normalised	Percentage of women receiving benefits under PMMVY or any other matemity related State schemes against target	74	∞	59	71	66	16	73	8	22	2	2	6	8	∞	98	12	100	73	72	IInN	42	100	14	96	100	48	100	9	09	36	0	17	23
INDEX SCORE	Percentage of age of Self-Help Groups (SHGs) provided credit linkage	51	1	16	16	6	77	28	4	14	21	0	20	00	34	7.0	40	35	09	57	II N	41	92	28	42	64	38	75	7.0	80	17	4	15	13
	Persons offered employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under MGN-	66	88	66	86	100	100	66	86	96	92	92	100	100	96	100	66	86	100	100	IInN	66	66	100	100	100	66	100	66	100	86	100	100	100
	Head count ratio as per the Multi-Di- mensional Poverty Index	100	94	93	100	100	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	92	85	II N	100	98	94	22	71	IInN	86	52	100	85	29	100	1	0	100	100	InN	II N	100
	Percentage of bene- ficiaries covered under NFSA	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	Inv	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Hospital beds empanelled under PMJAY or related State schemes per 10,000 eligible population	55.71	750.85	1928.35	548.90	516.60	2906.98	688.51	369.69	166.26	322.06	1302.08	485.27	493.10	404.17	206.60	632.41	25.58	16.19	71.66	II nN	11.67	20.13	20.48	12.36	19.52	30.97	26.35	21.79	39.25	15.24	141.19	160.43	17.27
	Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health scheme insurance	9.3	16.1	18.2	7.0	15.7	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	15.4	16.8	IInN	19.1	17.0	71.9	74.1	47.1	IInN	8.09	8.99	79.5	75.1	72.3	6.77	9.29	60.1	37.5	64.9	IInN	IInN	61.1
	Percentage of affordable houses completed against sanctioned (rural +urban) under PMAY and related State schemes	2.69	17.82	11.72	8.35	8.30	1.54	1.26	IInN	00.00	IInN	10.93	00.00	2.97	12.22	19.35	IInN	38.07	27.59	23.90	IInN	29.16	34.28	12.64	22.97	37.57	30.17	34.47	47.15	95.65	79.40	83.73	29.66	95.18
RAW VALUES	Percentage of women receiving benefits under PMMVV or any other maternity related State schemes against target	73.57	7.78	28.88	70.98	89.86	16.28	73.04	3.40	21.72	2.34	1.73	8.82	3.34	8.30	86.25	11.69	166.76	73.02	72.50	IInN	42.26	113.86	14.03	95.67	216.44	47.88	236.31	6.17	59.55	35.64	0.00	16.98	22.79
2	Percentage of Self-Help Groups (SHGs) pro- vided credit linkage	50.97	1.32	16.11	97.43	9.01	76.92	28.44	3.60	14.29	21.11	00:00	20.00	8.28	34.20	70.33	40.32	34.75	29.66	56.95	IInN	40.72	76.46	58.16	41.74	64.26	37.89	74.53	69.71	7.74	16.52	4.17	15.14	12.72
	Persons offered em- ployment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under MGN-	99.97	99.51	99.97	99.92	100.00	100.00	86.66	99.90	99.81	29.62	98.99	66'66	100.00	99.84	66'66	99.95	99.92	100.00	100.00	IInN	96'66	99.95	100.00	86.66	66.66	86.66	66.66	86.66	100.00	06.66	100.00	100.00	99.98
	Head count ratio as per the Multi-Di-men-sional Poverty Index	6.91	14.74	15.35	5.19	2.12	Null	IInN	IInN	Null	IInN	IInN	15.60	18.50	IInN	7.46	17.87	14.96	43.79	24.10	In	13.26	31.67	9.77	18.27	40.98	8.00	52.08	52.48	0.87	1.51	IInN	IInN	5.25
	Percent- age of benefi- ciaries covered under NFSA	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	Null	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	District	Bishnupur	Chandel	Churachandpur	Imphal East	Imphal West	Jiribam	Kakching	Kamjong	Kangpokpi	Noney	Pherzawl	Senapati	Tamenglong	Tengnoupal	Thoubal	Ukhral	East Garo Hills	East Jaintia Hills	East Khasi Hills	Eastem West Khasi Hills	North Garo Hills	Ri Bhoi	South Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	South West Khasi Hills	West Garo Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Khasi Hills	Aizawl	Champhai	Hnahthial	Khawzawl	Kolasib
	Dis								ipur	Man													alaya	Megh								meac	oziM	

TABLE I: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 1

	SDG 1	29	61	72	63	63	*	67	64	71	64	78	29	*	*	99	64	*	*	99	99	61	7.7	65	64	89	67	65	65	69	99	64	29	72	65	73	100
	Hospital beds empanelled under PMJAY or related State schemes per 10,000 eligible population	10	9	100	6	13	IInN	40	20	41	13	23	10	IInN	IInN	16	15	IInN	IInN	18	19	10	100	21	16	33	6	1	14	6	10	6	7	13	6	42	100
	households with any usual mem- ber covered by a health scheme or health insurance	43	09	IInN	26	41	IInN	0	4	23	35	18	36	IInN	IInN	0	21	IInN	IInN	18	16	13	26	15	20	16	IInN	IInN	41	26	41	25	28	34	24	24	100
nes)	Percentage of affordable houses completed against sanctioned (rural +urban) under PMAY and related State schemes	93	73	75	83	06	IInN	20	51	13	∞	87	29	IInN	IInN	13	12	IInN	IInN	62	16	17	96	66	100	92	96	100	94	92	93	86	96	06	86	92	100
INDEX SCORE (Normalised val	Percentage of women receiving benefits under PMMV or any other natemity related State schemes against target	18	34	38	47	20	IInN	100	100	100	96	100	75	IInN	IInN	80	100	IInN	IInN	78	80	78	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	35	51	42	45	53	55	51	65	100
DEX SCOR	Percentage of age of Self-Help Groups (SHGs) provided credit linkage	വ	13	20	16	11	II N	93	96	100	26	100	98	II N	II N	77	96	InN	II N	100	100	91	15	20	13	29	28	26	63	7.1	53	53	55	81	69	28	100
	Persons offered employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under MGN-	66	100	100	100	100	IInN	85	83	92	86	86	96	IInN	IInN	73	83	IInN	IInN	86	100	66	66	100	26	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Head count ratio as per the Multi-Di- mensional Poverty Index	100	100	IInN	100	100	IInN	100	61	100	64	100	74	InN	IInN	87	88	IInN	IInN	28	100	80	100	100	100	100	InN	IInN	92	100	88	98	100	100	69	100	100
	Percentage of bene- ficiaries covered under NFSA	100	100	100	94	66	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Hospital beds empan- elled under PMJAY or related State schemes per 10,000 eligible population	22.91	13.65	216.88	21.15	28.91	IInN	80.06	41.65	82.45	28.08	47.34	21.59	IInN	IInN	34.67	32.07	IInN	IInN	38.12	40.06	22.90	592.12	44.52	33.14	06.50	20.79	4.36	29.89	20.65	23.12	20.06	16.35	28.32	20.54	84.79	196.89
	Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance	46.5	61.7	IInN	58.8	44.2	IInN	5.7	8.8	26.7	38.3	22.3	39.3	IInN	IInN	5.4	24.9	IInN	IInN	22.0	20.6	18.1	29.9	19.9	24.5	20.8	IInN	IInN	44.2	29.9	44.1	28.7	31.6	37.3	28.0	28.1	100
	Percentage of affordable houses completed against sanctioned (rural + turban) under PMAY and related State schemes	93.01	72.55	75.29	82.91	89.51	IInN	19.86	51.23	13.38	99'.	87.26	59.35	IInN	IInN	12.98	11.59	IInN	IInN	62.14	16.01	16.88	96.20	98.88	100.00	94.85	95.74	99.75	94.15	91.96	93.39	97.59	95.70	90.22	98.00	94.98	100.00
RAW VALUES	Percentage of women receiving benefits under PMMVY or any other maternity related State schemes against target	18.21	33.74	38.39	46.74	49.58	IInN	104.98	100.00	124.14	95.61	146.90	75.43	IInN	IInN	79.90	100.80	IInN	IInN	78.37	80.43	77.95	IInN	II n	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	34.72	20.68	41.58	45.14	53.25	55.31	20.58	65.24	100
22	Percentage of Self-Help Groups (SHGs) provided credit linkage	4.87	12.87	19.82	16.18	10.94	IInN	92.54	95.55	100.00	96.62	100.00	85.54	IInN	Null	77.20	96.33	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	91.44	15.09	19.73	12.59	29.16	27.72	26.28	63.34	71.08	53.25	52.93	55.45	80.52	68.99	58.05	100.00
	Persons offered em- ployment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under MGN- REGA	86.66	100.00	100.00	66'66	100.00	IInN	99.35	99.30	99.62	99.91	99.93	99.85	IInN	IInN	98.85	99.30	IInN	IInN	68.66	100.00	26.66	86.66	66'66	28.66	66'66	100.00	66'66	66.66	100.00	66.66	66'66	66'66	66'66	66'66	66'66	100.00
	Head count ratio as per the Multi-Di- men- sional Poverty	5.15	9.29	IInN	3.30	06.9	IInN	7.23	28.19	0.50	26.90	7.22	22.95	IInN	IInN	17.46	17.28	IInN	IInN	29.21	11.99	20.31	2.12	2.77	5.17	2.90	IInN	In	21.89	90.6	17.27	17.85	12.27	11.89	24.92	00.9	12.43
	Percent- age of benefi- ciaries covered under NFSA	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.12	99.92	II nN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	InN	IInN	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100
		Lunglei	Mamit	Saitual	Serchhip	Siaha	Chumoukedima	Dimapur	Kiphire	Kohima	Longleng	Mokokchung	Mon	Noklak	Niuland	Peren	Phek	Shamator	Tseminyu	Tuensang	Wokha	Zunheboto	Gangtok	Gyalshing	Mangan	Namchi	Pakyong	Soreng	Dhalai	Gomati	Khowai	North Tripura	Sepahijala	South Tripura	Unakoti	West Tripura	Target
	District																																				
													-	alanc	Nags										MiM	Sik						nra	qiıT				

SDG 2

Particular Par																																		
Procession of the control of the c		Productivity of fruits and vegetables (kg/ha)	22	Null	36	23	27	33	22	IInN	22	22	26	35	11	30	29	28	4	26	32	20	32	30	26	28	16	30	28	IInN	69	80	79	92
Procession Pro			27	IInN	78	31	37	09	64	InN	29	67	52	73	26	51	47	70	79	38	29	52	73	99	42	65	71	09	52	IInN	54	61	53	62
Procession Pro			47	InN	35	1	55	26	InN	InN	40	40	InN	54	75	26	InN	54	44	InN	53	IInN	94	0	09	56	43	34	64	Null	16	38	14	18
Particular Par	sed values)		100	Null	31	73	100	85	IInN	IInN	100	IInN	IInN	84	100	100	IInN	100	47	IInN	100	IInN	100	37	100	100	75	100	100	Null	22	57	61	20
Processing of Suggestive Processing of Sugge	RE (Normalis	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are under weight	73	Null	22	73	77	85	IInN	IInN	92	78	IInN	80	78	98	IInN	88	70	Null	74	IInN	88	87	73	81	29	79	73	Null	38	53	24	35
Processing Pro	INDEX SCO	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted	100	N	93	100	99	26	N	N	98	84	Null	86	100	100	InN	80	98	N	83	Null	100	81	28	81	63	66	86	Null	20	83	46	36
Particular Par		Percentage of anganwa- dis with own buildings	75	II N	19	93	48	84	53	Nu	29	48	49	87	41	77	41	20	57	78	65	48	29	65	57	89	51	100	99	Nu	34	85	54	96
Particular Par		Percentage of anganwa- di centres in the district with anthro- pometric measure- ment devic- es (height, weight measure- ment)	100	Inv	100	100	100	100	100	InN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	InN	100	100	100	100
Proceedings Procedings Proceedings Procedings Proceding		Percentage of Fair Price Shop (FPS) covered under online transaction system for PDS in the DDS in the DDS to the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of FPS in the DDS to the Control of the Control of FPS in the Control of the Control of the Control of Table 1 in the Control of the Control	100	N	97	100	38	94	77	II N	77	26	97	100	77	88	99	80	80	100	97	88	99	100	88	96	99	86	82	Nu	100	100	100	100
Percentage of angiams- Percentage of angiams- Content Percentage of angiams- Percentage of Children Percentage of Children Percentage of Children Percentage of Percentage of Children Percentage of Children Percentage of Children Percentage of Children Percentage of Percentage of Children Percentage of Children Percentage of Percentage of Children Pe		Productivity of fruits and vegetables ((g/ha)	3705.05	Null	6139.40	3885.71	4502.53	5573.62	3681.61	Null	3777.14	3651.01	4373.24	5920.86	1932.37	5121.27	4992.58	4777.39	69.79	4379.12	5366.88	3435.48	5343.79	5002.20	4322.86	4673.12	2704.78	5041.80	4750.00	IInN	11695.27	13548.74	13290.68	12922.07
Percentage of centres in State Percentage of Centres in Concess Percentage of Centres in Centre in Centre Percentage of Centres in Centre Percentage of Centre Percenta		Average yield of rice (kg/ha)	1683.89	Null	3368.05	1800.94	2024.78	2783.91	2900.90	Null	3005.98	3000.00	2514.31	3199.41	2639.53	2472.24	2358.63	3098.48	3418.56	2046.63	3028.31	2501.28	3220.38	2966.39	2189.17	2947.19	3164.85	2775.30	2529.14	IInN	2575.83	2812.09	2549.22	2845.85
Percentage of arigament content of facility of facil		Percentage of children aged 6-29 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	57.1	Null	65.3	88.6	51.7	51.5	Null	Null	62.0	62.4	IInN	52.5	38.4	51.5	IInN	52.4	59.2	InN	53.4	IInN	24.9	89.6	48.4	51.0	60.4	9.99	45.6	Null	78.6	63.5	79.8	77.2
Percentage of carters in concess and con		Pen of p agec ye are a	19.7	N	9.09	39.0	13.1	32.8	N	Null	2.0	Null	Null	33.2	19.1	19.6	InN	22.1	52.6	N	18.6	IInN	15.4	57.4	24.1	22.4	37.9	18.2	16.8	InN	65.3	47.6	45.1	51.2
Percentage of carters in concess and con	RAW VALUES		16.0	Null	25.0	16.0	14.2	10.3	IInN	IInN	14.5	13.9	IInN	12.9	13.8	9.7	IInN	8.1	17.7	IInN	15.6	IInN	8.8	9.0	16.0	12.0	19.2	13.4	16.2	Null	34.0	26.2	41.0	35.3
Percentage of angaman of Fath Percentage of angaman of Fath Price of angaman of Fath Price of Fath Price of Fath Price of Fath Price of Fath Angaw 100.00 100.00		Percentage of children under age 5 years who are sturted	23.6	Null	26.3	16.9	35.7	24.6	IInN	IInN	28.8	29.2	Null	24.5	15.8	14.3	IInN	30.7	28.7	IInN	29.7	IInN	21.3	30.4	38.6	30.4	36.8	24.2	24.5	IInN	41.2	29.8	42.7	46.2
Percentage of Fair Price Shop (FPS)		0 5	77.84	Null	70.70	94.12	53.93	86.10	57.69	Null	62.92	53.85	54.79	88.24	46.88	79.89	47.39	54.95	61.88	80.18	68.77	53.96	63.01	68.53	61.60	71.79	56.18	100.00	69.92	Null	41.25	86.74	58.51	96.13
Anjaw Bichom Changlang Dibang Valley East Kameng East Kameng Kanle Kewi Panyor Ken Daadi Luhit Lower Siang Lower Siang Lower Siang Lower Siang Tawang Tiap Upper Siang West Kameng West Kameng West Kameng Bajali Baksa Barpeta Biswanath Bongaigaon		Percentage of anganwa- di centres in the district with anthro- pometric meant devic- es (height, weight measure- ment)	100.00	Null	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
B Charl Charl Charl Bast Ka East Ka Karung! Kayi Lower Lower Lower Lower Upper Sut Upper Sut West Ka West Ka West Ka Bangs Bangs		Percentage of Fair Price Shop (FPS) covered under online transaction system for PDS in the DDS in the	100.00	Null	98.06	100.00	53.81	95.70	82.61	Null	82.61	66.67	97.44	100.00	82.81	90.91	74.36	85.19	85.19	100.00	97.70	92.00	74.26	100.00	91.89	90'.06	74.65	89.33	88.44	Null	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
		District	Anjaw	Bichom	Changlang	Dibang Valley	East Kameng	East Siang	Kamle	Keyi Panyor	Kra Daadi	Kurung Kumey	Leparada	Lohit	Longding	Lower Dibang Valley	Lower Siang	Lower Subansiri	Namsai	Pakke Kessang	Papum Pare	Shi Yomi	Siang	Tawang	Tirap	Upper Siang	Upper Subansiri	West Kameng	West Siang	Bajali	Baksa	Barpeta	Biswanath	Bongaigaon
Arunachal Pradesh														цsə	rade	l ler	usc	nıA													U	lssan	1	

Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Pront Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE II: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 2

	SDG 2	64	99	54	65	61	61	72	99	02	99	09	69	65	17	69	67	65	55	57	70	70	65	67	73	89	70	*	62	56	61
	Productivity of fruits and vegetables (kg/ha)	82	86	73	75	78	88	71	96	83	98	93	85	06	81	88	06	82	77	64	92	85	78	75	93	61	82	IInN	74	70	82
	Average yield of rice (kg/ha)	39	53	28	63	42	20	29	44	65	59	28	62	64	65	99	54	38	40	35	52	62	52	22	56	65	29	IInN	31	54	52
	Percentage of children aged 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	41	29	28	33	24	24	34	24	42	21	44	48	23	24	13	32	37	22	30	24	53	31	27	32	29	29	IInN	34	17	15
sed values)	Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 years who are anaemic are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	63	29	44	49	29	14	57	65	53	0	35	49	39	20	39	29	89	33	29	IInN	56	28	46	43	57	16	IInN	10	25	74
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of children under age 5 years weight	29	36	26	39	54	30	42	62	35	54	21	49	39	99	55	49	0	35	37	61	45	41	52	54	62	20	IInN	41	41	43
INDEX SCO	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted	86	57	46	48	62	30	06	80	22	93	46	26	28	100	92	78	82	69	28	29	45	57	88	93	63	57	Null	74	71	51
	Percentage of anganwa- dis with own buildings	40	06	7	77	64	93	96	26	86	81	47	26	74	84	62	33	80	18	23	77	87	100	54	06	71	70	InN	06	23	33
	Percentage of anganwa- of anganwa- di centres in the district with anthropometric measure- ment devices (height, weight measure- ment)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100
	Percentage of Fair Price Shop (PPS) covered under online transaction system for PDS in the District	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100
	Productivity of fruits and vegetables (Kg/ha)	13818.73	16601.31	12335.75	12639.94	13281.69	14978.67	12054.57	16296.44	13992.90	14632.76	15746.56	14419.93	15206.28	13682.38	14834.21	15147.70	13836.29	13083.62	10865.45	12931.75	14410.95	13193.33	12661.17	15750.14	10301.63	13865.11	IInN	12559.03	11806.95	14336.27
	Average yield of rice (kg/ha)	2094.97	2539.76	2715.01	2872.11	2176.94	3102.67	2762.68	2258.64	2949.61	2764.54	2728.63	3407.33	2911.88	2959.47	2988.20	2577.77	2050.85	2120.06	1962.78	2523.87	2853.50	2515.29	2681.43	2644.51	2940.93	3012.01	IInN	1805.51	2594.00	2523.54
	Percentage of children aged 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	61.8	2.69	70.4	8.99	73.1	73.1	66.4	73.1	60.7	75.1	59.5	56.8	74.1	72.9	80.4	67.5	64.1	74.7	69.3	73.0	53.3	9.89	71.0	67.5	69.4	9.69	InN	66.4	77.6	79.0
	Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 years who are anaemic are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	44.0	61.6	54.1	51.6	61.7	69.7	47.2	43.3	49.2	7.97	58.7	51.4	56.4	66.5	56.4	42.1	41.9	59.5	42.3	N	48.0	62.4	53.2	54.3	47.3	37.6	Null	71.7	63.9	38.8
RAW VALUES	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are under- weight	38.2	34.8	39.7	33.1	25.7	37.8	32.0	21.7	35.4	25.5	42.4	28.4	33.2	19.7	25.0	28.2	52.9	35.2	34.4	22.2	30.5	32.4	26.7	25.9	21.9	27.9	Null	32.2	32.5	31.1
	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted	28.7	39.0	42.7	42.0	37.2	48.5	27.3	30.6	38.9	26.3	42.9	39.3	38.7	22.6	25.4	31.6	29.1	34.6	38.5	35.4	43.2	38.9	27.5	26.1	36.7	38.9	Null	32.8	33.8	40.9
	Percentage of anganwa- dis with own buildings	46.33	90.87	16.50	79.52	67.44	93.44	96.51	34.26	98.47	83.04	52.98	60.26	76.98	85.44	62.89	40.31	81.77	26.44	30.76	79.26	88.54	99.73	59.23	90.72	73.67	73.45	Null	91.29	30.73	39.79
	Percentage of anganwa- di centres in the district with anthro- pometric measure- se (height, weight measure- measure-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	Null	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Percentage of Fair Price Shop (FPS) covered under online transaction system for PDS in the PDS in t	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00
	District	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong

	SDG 2	89	29	99	73	72	64	80	29	62	57	58	77	89	62	11	72	69	57	64	*	11	22	67	74	57	89	25	61	75	83	72	26	11	64	73	17
	Produc- tivity of fruits and veg- etables (kg/ha)	31	29	64	77	74	100	64	89	73	26	69	64	99	89	99	62	79	30	72	InN	72	74	26	09	72	22	26	100	35	34	100	47	28	2	16	0
	Average yield of rice (kg/	36	25	13	43	26	22	100	22	30	0	15	30	0	25	100	22	35	43	35	IIIN	29	78	42	77	33	29	33	34	13	99	15	30	32	30	22	15
	Percentage of children aged 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	69	69	71	57	70	Null	Null	IInN	Null	IInN	Null	09	77	IInN	73	80	06	62	74	InN	87	64	82	79	41	87	51	49	99	75	Null	Null	52	20	64	64
nes)	Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	73	100	48	96	72	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	100	88	IInN	87	66	92	29	64	IInN	70	23	83	92	26	26	23	53	84	100	InN	IInN	64	29	96	91
rmalised val	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are under-	82	92	86	77	82	InN	Inv	IInN	Inv	InN	InN	80	29	IInN	92	73	52	28	28	IInN	74	46	64	53	20	53	49	43	98	79	InN	In	80	72	83	78
SCORE (No	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted	100	71	96	100	100	InN	In	IInN	InN	InN	InN	06	06	Null	78	06	55	26	41	InN	99	47	83	76	22	52	29	0	95	06	InN	In	81	75	92	92
INDEX S	Percent- age of an- ganwadis with own buildings	25	3	19	10	18	0	35	9	80	27	00	19	24	15	18	18	21	40	47	InN	64	09	24	44	89	09	72	73	100	100	IInN	II N	100	100	100	100
	Percentage of anganwadi centres in the district with anthropometric measurement devices (height, weight measurement)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	100
	Percentage of Fair Price Shop (FPS) covered under online transaction system for PDS in the District	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	87	IInN	100	0	69	100	100	36	86	100	66	100	100	100	100	87	98	100
	Produc- tivity of fruits and vegetables (kg/ha)	5260.54	9914.79	10859.68	13080.38	12573.50	19490.64	10839.97	11494.34	12411.14	9397.21	11664.23	10814.56	11224.13	11441.45	11236.48	10433.22	13378.64	5071.60	12177.38	IInN	12229.38	12465.73	9537.71	10163.92	12106.56	9266.21	9414.23	18165.16	5895.38	5689.78	35993.36	8034.36	4783.73	418.94	2729.03	47.22
	Average yield of rice (kg/ ha)	1983.48	1621.35	1208.40	2208.89	1646.39	1528.74	4642.79	1517.41	1772.37	798.67	1285.84	1771.54	783.92	1620.33	4561.63	1528.23	1939.82	2201.00	1947.01	InN	2741.71	3369.22	2174.54	3345.28	1870.11	3018.02	1885.88	1910.90	1216.48	2994.00	1283.55	1792.29	1865.34	1775.52	1521.99	1279.82
	Percentage of children aged 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	42.4	42.4	41.1	50.3	41.8	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	48.5	37.0	IInN	39.7	34.6	28.0	47.2	39.0	II N	30.2	45.7	33.6	35.5	61.3	30.2	54.6	56.2	44.0	38.3	Null	Null	53.8	55.3	45.7	45.5
	Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	39.0	20.3	51.8	27.4	39.5	IInN	IInN	Null	IInN	IInN	Null	18.3	31.4	IInN	32.0	25.7	29.1	46.5	43.7	IInN	40.8	65.0	33.7	37.8	63.2	26.7	64.6	49.6	33.4	15.7	IInN	IInN	43.8	46.5	27.5	29.9
RAW VALUES	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are under-	11.7	14.7	9.8	14.4	10.2	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	12.9	19.3	IInN	14.9	16.0	26.5	23.6	23.8	InN	15.8	29.6	20.8	26.4	27.6	26.3	28.3	31.1	9.6	13.1	II N	IInN	12.6	16.9	11.1	13.9
RAW	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted	15.5	34.0	25.1	18.4	15.6	IInN	In	IInN	In	IInN	IInN	27.3	27.1	IInN	31.5	27.1	39.7	49.8	44.6	IInN	35.6	42.5	29.8	32.2	51.4	39.5	48.7	29.0	25.3	27.2	IInN	In	30.4	32.7	26.5	26.4
	Percentage of anganwadis with own buildings	32.92	13.47	27.53	19.55	26.62	10.61	41.48	15.83	17.89	35.16	18.06	27.80	31.77	23.87	26.29	26.57	29.61	46.55	52.80	IInN	67.56	64.23	31.72	49.53	70.95	64.18	75.23	75.49	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Percentage of anganwadi centres in the district with anthropometric measurement devices (height, weight measurement)	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Percentage of Fair Price Shop (FPS) covered under online transaction r system for PDS in the District	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	89.68	100.00	90.20	IInN	100.00	25.00	76.62	100.00	100.00	51.68	98.67	100.00	99.31	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	89.93	89.19	100.00
	District	Bishnupur	Chandel	Churachandpur	Imphal East	Imphal West	Jiribam	Kakching	Kamjong	Kangpokpi	Noney	Pherzawl	Senapati	Tamenglong	Tengnoupal	Thoubal	Ukhrul	East Garo Hills	East Jaintia Hills	East Khasi Hills	Eastem West Khasi Hills	North Garo Hills	Ri Bhoi	South Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	South West Khasi Hills	West Garo Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Khasi Hills	Aizawl	Champhai	Hnahthial	Khawzawl	Kolasib	Lawngtlai	Lunglei	Mamit
									ipur	Man											ш	ı	alaya	Megh	1								ram	oziM			

TABLE II: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 2

	SDG 2	40	78	99	*	67	73	78	75	73	73	*	*	74	82	*	*	65	73	62	89	65	69	72	99	67	09	92	67	75	74	79	69	92	100
	Productivity of fruits and vegetables (kg/ha)	0	88	14	IIIN	∞	29	23	83	47	26	Null	Null	65	69	Null	Null	11	09	44	21	24	20	24	21	22	84	91	100	94	92	86	100	88	100
	Average age yield of rice (Kg/ ha)	19	27	22	InN	89	47	64	48	20	45	InN	InN	61	99	In	InN	49	23	49	31	36	22	36	33	36	63	77	92	29	81	80	74	78	100
	Percentage of children aged 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	IInN	89	63	IInN	29	20	75	72	79	73	IInN	Null	99	65	IInN	IInN	74	64	80	28	33	53	48	IInN	IInN	12	28	24	54	26	44	39	51	100
lues)	Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 years who are anae- mic (<11.0 g/dl)	IInN	65	91	IInN	82	100	100	06	100	26	IInN	IInN	86	100	IInN	IInN	100	91	70	IInN	IInN	26	IInN	IInN	IInN	3	46	25	42	41	38	0	40	100
rmalised va	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are under-	IInN	77	70	Null	46	22	61	54	09	29	IInN	IInN	64	74	Null	IInN	37	20	17	62	29	75	91	IInN	IInV	20	48	56	41	63	62	42	63	100
SCORE (No	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted	InN	77	43	IInN	87	63	87	71	78	29	IInN	IInN	89	88	IInN	IInN	62	93	42	100	96	77	26	IInN	Inv	38	100	34	93	69	92	77	81	100
) XEIONI	Percentage of anganwadis with own buildings	II N	100	100	InN	46	81	61	56	46	29	InN	InN	57	71	II N	InN	55	46	56	57	89	06	77	81	83	86	94	91	88	93	94	91	84	100
	Percentage of anganwadi centres in the district with anthropometric measurement devices (height, weight measurement)	IInN	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Percentage of Fair Price Shop (FPS) covered under online transaction system for PDS in the District	100	100	06	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	Null	Null	100	100	100	26	6	93	66	94	94	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Produc- tivity of fruits and vegetables (kg/ha)	3.11	14927.13	2306.73	IInN	1274.50	10058.10	8920.65	14054.25	7945.12	9398.80	IInN	IInN	10968.16	11699.58	IInN	IInN	1805.22	10163.72	7469.68	3581.95	4089.92	3314.35	4116.24	3614.61	3674.09	14227.35	15358.73	16965.56	15956.84	15611.76	16590.63	17362.30	14992.47	16919.32
	Average yield of rice (kg/ ha)	1417.27	1667.22	1504.39	IInN	3063.15	2354.49	2922.86	2375.19	2462.85	2286.04	IInN	Null	2825.79	2981.26	In	IInN	2413.69	2554.75	2412.06	1817.76	1974.68	1511.38	1968.03	1872.17	1971.43	2882.80	3334.59	3314.31	3011.20	3497.02	3455.88	3263.63	3386.43	4114
	Percentage of children aged 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	IInN	43.2	46.4	IInN	48.9	55.2	38.4	40.4	35.5	39.4	IInN	IInN	51.0	44.9	IInN	IInN	38.8	42.4	34.9	49.8	67.1	53.5	56.5	IInN	IInN	81.2	70.7	73.4	52.5	72.1	9.65	62.8	54.5	21
	Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	IInN	43.4	30.0	IInN	32.9	19.5	3.9	30.5	11.5	27.0	IInN	IInN	26.4	18.2	IInN	IInN	20.0	29.8	40.8	IInN	IInN	26.9	IInN	IInN	IInN	75.4	52.8	63.7	55.3	55.8	57.1	7.97	292	25.2
RAW VALUES	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are under-	IInN	14.4	17.6	IInN	29.8	25.0	22.1	25.7	22.9	23.3	IInN	Null	20.7	15.6	Null	IInN	34.2	28.0	44.5	13.0	19.3	15.3	7.2	IInN	In	27.6	29.0	24.7	32.2	21.0	21.6	32.0	21.2	2.6
RAW	Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted	InN	31.8	43.8	InN	28.3	36.9	28.3	34.1	31.4	35.5	IInN	InN	34.9	28.0	InN	IInN	37.1	26.3	44.0	17.8	25.2	31.8	24.8	InN	InN	45.7	22.7	47.0	26.2	34.5	25.5	31.8	30.3	23.7
	Percentage of anganwadis with own buildings	IIN	100.00	100.00	Null	51.62	82.84	64.97	60.49	52.00	63.03	IInN	Null	61.83	74.49	InN	IInN	59.56	51.68	60.57	61.24	71.60	91.05	79.52	83.02	85.06	87.21	94.88	91.61	88.88	93.35	94.63	91.78	86.05	100.00
	Percentage of anganwadi centres in the district with anthropometric measurement devices (height, weight measurement)	IInN	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100
	Percentage of Fair Price Shop (FPS) covered under online transaction system for PDS in the District	100.00	100.00	92.31	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.44	97.47	94.52	99.42	95.81	95.63	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100
	District	Saitual	Serchhip	Siaha	Chumoukedima	Dimapur	Kiphire	Kohima	Longleng	Mokokchung	Mon	Noklak	Niuland	Peren	Phek	Shamator	Tseminyu	Tuensang	Wokha	Zunheboto	Gangtok	Gyalshing	Mangan	Namchi	Pakyong	Soreng	Dhalai	Gomati	Khowai	North Tripura	Sepahijala	South Tripura	Unakoti	West Tripura	Target
												pueli	sgeN										mix	S!KI						nra	qirT				

TABLE III: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 3

	SDG 3	99	57	61	64	29	63	63	62	99	63	65	61	65	65	72	64	65	64	99	65	61	63	67	28	62	53	*	65	59	55
	Total physicians, sicians, and mid-wives per 10,000 popula-popula-popula-	16	17	18	22	20	17	19	38	19	18	17	6	23	21	21	20	14	23	19	32	18	19	27	26	13	∞	IInN	13	18	17
	First 7c Referral Units (FRUs) a per w 1,00,000 popula- tion	က	9	9	6	12	4	4	13	00	∞	4	6	9	18	6	0	2	9	8	16	က	9	11	12	4	0	IInN	10	9	6
	Number of de-addiction centres (public and private) per 1,00,000 popula-	11	00	0	11	26	က	4	80	က	ιΩ	က	4	4	10	92	က	6	0	19	0	2	4	2	2	00	က	IInN	18	0	0
s)	Number of suicide deaths reported per 1,00,000 population	86	78	92	84	88	87	88	100	92	92	88	91	93	92	65	100	100	100	96	86	64	96	100	43	100	100	Null	93	82	100
ised values	Percentage of TB cases successfully treated among TB cases notified to the national health authorities	100	InN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	Null	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	Null	100	100	100	100	100	Null	Null	100	100	Null
E (Normal	Number of new HV infections per 1,000 unit fected population	100	100	66	66	66	100	66	100	86	66	66	66	66	86	93	66	66	66	100	100	66	92	66	16	66	100	Null	100	100	100
INDEX SCORE (No	Number of functional new born facilities (SNCU, NBSU, NBCC) per 10,000 popula-tion	13	11	27	19	20	16	11	31	25	17	21	11	15	16	00	28	15	18	18	25	19	13	15	11	6	11	IInN	15	18	30
2	Infant Mortality Rate	100	97	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	92	100	100	66	100	100	100	100	100	100	92	100	100	100	96	100	100	IInN	100	85	100
	Percentage of children aged of children aged 9-11 months fully imminized	100	58	73	71	78	94	16	09	82	99	100	96	92	84	100	92	98	70	81	100	81	75	88	26	99	63	In N	74	56	84
	Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel	100	100	98	100	100	16	100	74	100	100	86	95	100	100	100	95	96	86	100	66	98	97	100	100	97	09	In N	66	100	20
	Percentage of pregnant women who completed 4 ANCs in the district	91	92	84	95	90	92	91	61	92	93	06	96	84	93	100	71	92	86	95	93	82	89	92	93	83	83	InN	96	86	61
	Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 popula-	7.22	7.92	8.15	66.6	9.11	7.66	8.60	17.33	8.90	8.45	7.95	4.08	10.68	9.68	9.72	9.20	6.44	10.26	8.89	14.29	8.18	8.60	12.23	11.65	5.79	3.73	Null	6.21	8.39	7.89
	First Referral Units (FRUs) per 1,00,000 popula- tion	0.12	0.22	0.21	0.32	0.44	0.14	0.15	0.47	0.30	0.28	0.15	0.32	0.22	0.66	0.32	0.00	0.08	0.23	0.10	09.0	0.10	0.21	0.39	0.43	0.15	0.00	Nu	0.38	0.24	0.34
	Number of de-addiction centres (public and private) per 1,00,000 popula-	0.63	0.44	0.00	0.65	1.46	0.14	0.23	0.47	0.20	0.28	0.15	0.21	0.22	0.59	5.26	0.15	0.49	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.10	0.21	0.13	0.29	0.46	0.18	InN	1.05	0.00	0.00
	Number of suicide deaths reported per 1,00,000 popula-	4.66	16.57	18.25	13.46	10.06	11.33	10.56	2.34	8.23	6.47	9.86	8.70	8.00	18.19	24.48	0.00	3.42	1.69	5.66	4.78	25.28	6.13	1.30	38.13	0.00	3.06	Null	7.61	14.43	3.05
ss	Percentage of TB cases successfully treated among TB cases notified to the national health authorities	112.22	N	106.93	110.34	111.24	107.10	115.61	112.74	113.75	114.13	116.07	InN	117.04	119.28	121.44	112.20	119.83	112.38	111.52	Null	111.23	107.67	110.23	113.69	112.83	InN	In N	120.15	112.38	InN
RAW VALUES	Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.06	0.03	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.07	90.0	0.05	0.03	0.05	0.12	0.31	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.02	0.02	90.0	0.24	0.06	0.13	0.03	00.0	Nu	0.01	0.02	0.01
~	Number of functional new born facilities (SNCU, NBSU, NBCC) per 10,000 popula-tion	0.40	0.35	0.83	0.59	0.64	0.49	0.34	0.98	0.78	0.52	0.65	0.35	0.48	0.49	0.26	0.86	0.47	0.56	0.58	0.78	0.61	0.41	0.48	0.35	0.27	0.34	InN	0.48	0.57	0.95
	Infant Mortality Rate	4.16	13.35	90'6	6.70	7.50	9.72	5.85	8.39	9.07	16.98	6.65	4.87	11.62	10.83	4.39	6.61	7.10	10.81	6.68	17.05	9.12	5.24	7.67	14.16	4.97	8.76	IInN	6.44	22.29	7.25
	Percentage of children aged 9-11 months fully immunized	106.97	66.73	78.43	77.27	82.40	95.21	81.23	68.32	86.12	72.98	99.74	96.83	93.73	87.41	121.98	93.93	88.91	76.57	84.67	108.48	85.12	80.10	91.23	65.42	73.46	70.60	Null	79.29	65.32	87.29
	Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel	99.72	100.00	91.32	66.66	96.66	85.33	96.66	83.89	99.92	99.94	98.57	97.24	99.99	99.95	99.78	97.01	97.31	99.03	99.99	99.29	98.50	98.44	100.00	99.97	98.11	75.34	IInN	99.45	99.72	69.45
	Percentage of pregnant women who completed 4 ANCs in the district	91.06	92.22	84.41	92.08	90.36	92.52	91.57	62.32	92.35	93.17	90.10	96.07	84.22	93.51	132.48	71.85	92.37	86.44	94.91	92.96	82.90	89.44	91.99	92.73	83.89	83.19	Null	95.82	86.28	62.27
	District	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong
																											S				

	SDG 3	67	6.1	62	69	75	47	09	40	45	57	49	09	52	20	0/2	53	11	64	29	*	65	67	65	71	28	64	62	73	89	76	76	26	74	55	99
	Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 popula-tion	22	46	29	51	58	13	27	13	13	25	13	20	22	30	53	25	42	31	41	IInN	24	24	30	28	32	28	36	39	77	20	65	20	43	26	23
	First Referral Units (FRUS) per 1,00,000 popula- tion	11	32	46	26	37	0	19	0	0	0	0	6	30	0	10	20	100	100	100	Inv	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	15	38	92	0	64	23	21
	Number of de-addic- tion centres (public and private) per 1,00,000 population	44	21	23	88	86	40	36	36	6	34	42	12	0	29	57	13	0	0	11	InN	0	14	0	0	0	4	9	11	33	24	0	0	42	0	0
	Number of suicide deaths treported (per per (por 1,00,000 from tion tion treported to the feet of the	100	100	100	100	100	86	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	66	92	Inv	100	94	94	91	82	93	88	87	78	97	29	25	06	83	86
nalised values	Percentage of TB cases successfully treated among TB cases notified to the national health authorities	22	78	98	83	28	92	77	0	29	80	Inv	06	92	64	80	67	85	92	83	IInN	80	88	87	92	19	87	82	92	84	91	IInN	IInN	93	89	87
ORE (Norn	Number of new of new tions per 1,000 uninfected popula-tion	86	92	84	93	06	66	66	86	86	100	100	26	100	100	86	06	66	64	82	I N	100	93	100	100	66	66	65	16	89	84	93	06	96	26	86
INDEX SC	Number of functional newborn facilities (SNCU, NBSU, NBCC) per 10,000 population	6	15	5	6	2	15	6	7	80	19	∞	11	14	0	80	7	28	23	14	IInN	24	19	29	22	16	14	16	44	10	88	06	43	30	54	51
	Infant Mor- tality Rate	100	93	89	100	100	100	100	87	100	100	94	100	75	100	100	100	93	84	92	In	81	87	88	92	20	82	91	88	91	100	92	06	96	92	100
	Percentage of children aged 9-11 months fully immunized	94	62	100	80	77	00	80	29	24	26	0	100	93	12	93	54	100	100	70	InN	82	94	100	100	100	81	100	100	100	96	100	72	66	29	82
	Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel	97	92	93	100	100	49	72	30	29	46	92	81	38	88	66	74	64	71	70	In	45	43	27	80	0	48	28	51	100	97	97	86	92	56	72
	Percent- age of pregnant women who com- pleted 4 ANCs in the district	100	21	49	25	100	0	42	39	20	63	09	36	33	32	73	36	7.1	42	06	IInN	84	83	63	92	59	72	32	91	88	76	75	99	68	44	61
	Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 popula-	10.07	20.70	13.01	23.09	26.29	6.16	12.48	6.01	5.88	11.20	90.9	8.97	10.03	13.53	23.70	11.42	19.14	14.15	18.50	InN	10.81	10.74	13.77	12.50	14.52	12.65	16.24	17.73	34.78	22.39	29.14	22.78	19.53	11.62	23.76
	First Referral Units (FRUS) per 1,00,000 popula-	0.42	1.20	1.72	0.97	1.35	0.00	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	1.11	0.00	0.36	0.74	98.9	6.51	4.60	II N	6.97	5.02	5.62	6.20	17.14	4.08	6.25	5.89	0.54	1.39	3.51	0.00	2.38	0.85	0.76
	Number of de-addic- tion centres (public and private) per 1,00,000 population	2.53	1.20	1.29	5.09	2.60	2.28	2.06	2.07	0.52	1.97	2.42	0.70	00.00	1.65	3.26	0.74	00.00	00.00	0.61	IInN	00.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.21	0.37	0.65	1.91	1.39	00.00	00'0	2.38	00'0	0.00
	Number of suicide deaths reported per 1,00,000 popula-	2.53	00.00	0.00	0.73	1.93	4.56	0.69	00.00	0.52	00.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	3.30	0.36	00.00	2.06	4.07	6.42	IInN	2.32	7.34	7.03	9.01	14.12	7.52	9.92	11.12	16.87	5.56	28.08	32.55	9.53	13.57	4.55
ES	Percentage of TB cases successfully treated among TB cases notified to the national health authorities	61.54	80.49	87.69	84.90	62.33	95.45	79.81	11.11	70.50	81.82	Null	90.73	68.75	67.57	81.87	70.83	87.01	92.82	85.04	IInN	81.88	89.50	88.15	92.61	81.55	88.11	87.00	92.99	85.55	91.72	IInN	Null	93.33	71.43	88.81
RAW VALUES	Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population	0.09	0.36	0.76	0.33	0.47	0.07	0.05	0.08	0.10	0.02	0.00	0.16	0.01	0.00	0.08	0.49	0.05	1.70	0.85	InN	0.01	0.31	0.02	0.02	90.0	0.07	1.66	0.14	1.49	0.77	0.35	0.49	0.18	0.14	0.08
	Number of functional newborn facilities (SNCU, NBSU, NBCC) per 10,000 population	0.29	0.48	0.17	0.29	0.15	0.46	0.27	0.21	0.26	0.59	0.24	0.35	0.45	00.00	0.25	0.22	0.89	0.73	0.44	IInN	0.76	0.58	0.91	0.68	0.50	0.45	0.51	1.37	0.33	2.78	2.81	1.36	0.95	1.70	1.59
	Infant Mortality Rate	3.03	16.00	34.97	4.85	3.52	00.00	00.00	20.73	2.68	00.00	15.38	0.49	29.98	00.00	00.00	00.00	16.43	22.99	28.81	In	25.14	20.86	20.24	29.16	33.91	24.31	17.55	19.98	17.61	10.32	16.74	18.59	14.23	17.31	10.42
	Percentage of children aged 9-11 months fully immunized	94.99	83.23	118.64	84.25	81.62	27.05	84.28	43.50	39.90	65.14	20.89	201.65	94.39	30.72	94.13	63.61	101.73	110.35	76.55	In	85.61	95.64	104.32	109.04	104.94	85.16	124.69	106.81	135.26	97.09	99.70	77.58	99.23	74.20	87.93
	Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel	98.04	96.80	92.66	68.66	99.93	68.75	82.84	57.07	74.87	98.99	85.50	88.65	62.36	92.67	99.30	84.09	76.77	82.16	81.59	InN	66.74	65.13	55.58	87.75	39.09	68.41	74.26	70.23	99.92	98.28	97.91	98.51	97.07	73.30	82.97
	Percentage of pregnant women who combleted 4 ANCs in the district	118.63	23.42	50.38	27.11	135.12	3.25	43.38	40.55	22.21	64.39	60.92	38.28	35.39	34.12	73.92	37.72	71.41	43.34	89.06	IInN	84.65	83.42	64.25	92.67	60.54	72.94	34.38	91.22	89.72	77.01	75.98	88.99	69.12	46.14	62.54
	District	Bishnupur	Chandel	Churachandpur	Imphal East	Imphal West	Jiribam	Kakching	Kamjong	Kangpokpi	Noney	Pherzawl	Senapati	Tamenglong	Tengnoupal	Thoubal	Ukhrul	East Garo Hills	East Jaintia Hills	East Khasi Hills	Eastern West Khasi Hills	North Garo Hills	Ri Bhoi	South Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	South West Khasi Hills	West Garo Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Khasi Hills	Aizawl	Champhai	Hnahthial	Khawzawl	Kolasib	Lawngtlai	Lunglei
									ındı	Man												ŧ	alaya	Megh	ı							ш	stoziľ	N		

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	SDG																																			-
	Total phy- sicians, nurses and mid- wives per 10,000 popula-	43	42	61	42	In N	32	42	41	45	40	24	In N	IIN.	33	41	IIN	I N	44	31	37	100	64	92	28	1	0	36	34	26	24	29	36	31	54	100
	First Referral Units (FRUS) per 1,00,000 popula-	63	53	83	48	InN	26	73	13	54	14	11	In N	I n	22	17	In	In	25	32	19	0	38	62	0	42	0	14	13	17	9	11	12	10	6	100
	Number of de-addiction centres (public and private) per 1,00,000 population	0	0	27	0	Null	34	47	33	100	63	49	Null	IIn	74	54	Null	IInN	82	53	62	40	0	0	12	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	100
	Number f suicide deaths reported per ,00,000 popula-tion	92	80	96	82	Null	69	100	16	100	100	100	InN	Null	100	100	Null	InN	06	100	100	43	18	79	26	0	29	79	80	74	86	78	74	82	63	100
malised values	Percentage of TB cases successfully treated among TB cases notified to the net tional health authorities	100	IInN	88	95	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	86	23	81	IInN	IInN	72	96	IInN	IInN	77	93	91	92	87	84	81	84	81	100	100	92	34	100	93	43	100	100
ORE (Nor	new fec- per 0000 nin- sted ula- tion	98	92	96	06	IInN	0	06	72	93	88	93	InN	IInN	87	92	IInN	IInN	61	94	92	16	66	98	66	98	66	88	93	91	94	94	97	95	80	100
INDEX SCORE	Number of functional newborn facilities (SNCU, NBSU, NBCC) per 10,000 population	29	32	20	06	IInN	28	09	47	51	39	61	InN	Inv	54	45	Inv	IInN	42	31	23	22	29	28	24	0	0	22	13	11	15	14	21	13	13	100
	Infant Mor- tality Rate	100	86	66	81	In	26	100	96	100	100	100	In	III N	100	100	In	IIIN	100	100	100	100	29	0	91	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	82	100
	Percentage of children aged 9-11 months fully immunized	82	91	16	88	IInN	100	27	89	34	22	47	InN	InN	35	32	InN	IInN	34	37	32	29	49	34	54	Null	IInN	100	91	81	100	100	91	100	79	100
	Percentage of age of births attended by skilled health personnel	99	100	100	80	InN	93	82	96	92	86	62	II N	II N	28	82	In	InN	91	97	92	100	66	94	66	Null	Null	91	66	86	96	26	66	06	100	100
	Percentage of pregnant women who completed 4 ANCs in the district	29	63	09	20	IInN	34	52	34	23	52	15	InN	Inv	17	21	Inv	InN	13	27	23	69	85	80	85	Null	IInN	70	85	82	92	80	79	75	100	100
	Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population	19.57	19.17	27.53	19.09	InN	14.29	19.05	18.61	20.40	18.24	10.83	II N	= N	14.91	18.48	II N	II N	19.69	14.25	16.70	60.29	28.74	41.41	26.22	0.78	0.15	16.21	15.47	12.00	10.85	13.29	16.25	14.10	24.52	45
	First Referral Units (RRUs) per 1,00,000 popula-	2.32	1.98	3.06	1.77	IInN	0.98	2.70	0.47	1.98	0.51	0.40	InN	Inv	2.10	0.61	Inv	InN	0.93	1.20	0.71	0.00	1.40	2.29	0.00	1.56	0.00	0.53	0.47	0.61	0.24	0.42	0.45	0.36	0.33	3.70
	Number of de-addiction centres (public and private) per 1,00,000 population	00.00	00.00	1.53	00.00	IInN	1.96	2.70	1.89	7.92	3.60	2.80	IInN	IInN	4.20	3.06	IInN	IInN	4.67	3.01	3.55	2.28	00'0	00.00	0.68	3.12	00.00	00'0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00'0	00.00	0.11	5.7
	Number of suicide deaths reported per 1,00,000 popula-	8.11	15.81	6.12	14.14	InN	22.02	1.35	5.21	00.00	1.54	00.00	I N	In	00.00	0.61	In	InN	9.33	09.0	00.00	37.82	53.02	16.02	48.35	63.93	46.32	16.13	15.61	19.23	11.98	17.08	19.25	14.47	26.03	3.5
IIES	Percentage of TB cases successfully treated among TB cases notified to the national health authorities	225.58	IInN	88.89	95.20	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	98.04	57.82	83.28	IInN	IInN	75.40	96.64	IInN	IInN	79.52	93.65	92.00	92.72	88.74	86.08	82.69	86.15	82.97	119.15	153.27	92.58	41.69	269.23	93.96	49.69	111.45	100
PAW VALUE	Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population	0.09	0.26	0.18	0.46	N	4.72	0.47	1.32	0.32	0.54	0.32	N	N	09.0	0.39	N	N	1.84	0:30	0.23	0.15	0.07	0.09	0.03	0.11	0.03	0.57	0.33	0.44	0.28	0.27	0.14	0.24	0.94	0
	Number of functional newborn facilities (SNCU, NBSU, NBCC) per 10,000 population	1.85	0.99	0.61	2.83	IInN	0.88	1.89	1.47	1.58	1.23	1.92	In	In	1.68	1.41	Ind	IInN	1.31	96.0	0.71	0.68	2.09	1.83	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.69	0.42	0.34	0.48	0.44	0.65	0.40	0.39	3.13
	Infant Mortality Rate	7.85	12.79	11.93	25.29	Null	13.15	95.9	13.64	3.01	7.83	1.23	InN	InN	6.17	4.53	II N	IInN	4.02	3.91	1.20	2.51	35.71	86.21	18.06	0.00	0.00	9.35	7.63	6.79	6.77	3.17	3.92	10.65	21.98	11
	Percentage of children aged 9-11 months fully immunized	85.92	92.52	97.80	91.10	InN	106.54	42.63	74.55	47.42	64.43	57.86	IIN	Nul	48.78	46.40	InN	IIN	47.68	50.04	46.08	73.65	59.30	48.08	63.32	Null	Null	106.59	93.14	84.68	121.60	111.62	92.55	112.91	83.35	100
	Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel	79.08	99.74	99.76	87.68	InN	98.36	89.04	97.50	95.00	98.53	77.15	In	I N	74.66	89.31	I N	I N	94.65	97.89	96.89	99.84	99.49	96.55	99.32	Null	InN	94.48	99.32	98.51	97.62	98.14	99.49	93.61	99.91	100
	Percentage of pregnant women who completed 4 ANCs in the district	60.11	64.15	61.39	51.64	InN	36.09	53.39	36.06	25.44	53.86	17.99	In	In	19.74	23.44	II N	IInN	15.44	29.25	25.05	70.10	85.75	81.05	85.38	Null	IInN	71.07	85.21	82.53	91.86	80.69	79.21	75.52	134.55	100
	District	Mamit	Saitual	Serchhip	Siaha	Chumoukedima	Dimapur	Kiphire	Kohima	Longleng	Mokokchung	Mon	Noklak	Niuland	Peren	Phek	Shamator	Tseminyu	Tuensang	Wokha	Zunheboto	Gangtok	Gyalshing	Mangan	Namchi	Pakyong	Soreng	Dhalai	Gomati	Khowai	North Tripura	Sepahijala	South Tripura	Unakoti	West Tripura	Target
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TABLE III: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 3

TABLE IV: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 4

, A.I.	OR TABLES																													•	•	• • •	
	SDG 4	50	*	29	78	65	83	65	*	64	89	75	71	64	75	67	69	63	63	1.1	61	89	81	65	64	69	70	7.7	*	70	65	29	63
	Pupil Teacher Ratio at second- ary level (Class 9-10)	100	InN	100	100	100	100	100	InN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100
	Percentage of trained teachers at secondary level (Class 9-10)	80	IInN	74	100	06	84	92	IInN	80	88	94	72	77	87	9.2	0.2	72	100	88	68	81	83	82	88	87	83	83	IInN	11	19	20	19
d values)	Percentage of schools with functional electricity	91	IInN	87	82	37	26	30	Nall	41	87	28	65	33	92	53	98	64	34	22	23	43	92	55	73	18	63	26	IInN	98	81	98	86
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of schools with computers available	7	IInN	29	28	26	47	14	IInN	10	29	37	44	30	63	45	52	21	12	46	20	17	89	34	31	35	48	32	IInN	83	54	55	62
INDEX SC	Percentage of students in grade 8 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning be attained at the end of the grade	51	IInN	35	70	46	73	92	IInN	29	20	99	48	31	69	52	71	09	52	89	43	89	89	26	63	52	54	99	IInN	65	99	20	44
	Ratio of female to male enrolment at secondary level (Class 9-10)	0	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	72	88	38	29	100	100	100	100	100	7.1	30	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100
	Average annual drop-out rate at secondary level (Class 9-10)	21	IInN	41	99	22	83	40	IInN	22	22	62	99	73	57	22	29	26	40	36	51	19	0.2	28	09	88	44	19	IInN	46	36	31	30
	Pupil Teacher Ratio at second- ary level (Class 9-10)	7.70	IInN	13.72	3.24	9.04	7.97	9.07	IInN	7.24	4.74	5.77	11.58	12.98	8.04	5.49	6.26	10.47	10.61	8:38	12.17	5.22	10.37	10.37	7.58	13.74	9.94	5.94	IInN	7.82	12.12	14.10	14.67
	Percentage of trained teachers at secondary level (Class 9-10)	91.67	IInN	89.11	100.00	95.80	93.37	94.96	IInN	91.44	94.81	97.32	88.06	90.39	94.26	89.96	87.17	88.14	100.00	94.73	95.45	91.86	92.58	92.49	95.45	94.62	92.65	92.84	IInN	62.12	65.32	78.59	65.61
	Percentage of schools with functional electricity	91.89	IInN	88.55	86.96	45.29	97.53	39.24	IInN	48.87	88.89	63.49	69.81	42.45	79.00	59.46	87.68	69.19	43.40	63.03	33.33	50.93	99.62	61.11	76.38	29.20	67.92	97.28	IInN	88.35	83.89	88.21	88.19
RAW VALUES	Percentage of schools with computers available	16.22	IInN	35.84	34.78	33.53	51.85	22.78	IInN	18.80	36.36	42.86	49.06	36.79	00'.29	20.00	56.52	28.44	20.75	51.68	28.21	25.00	71.19	40.28	37.80	41.60	52.92	38.78	IInN	84.84	58.71	59.26	65.36
	Percentage of students in grade 8 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained at the end of the grade	69.5	IInN	09	81.5	66.5	83.5	85	IInN	74.5	69	73	89	57.5	81	70	82	75.5	70	80	64.5	80	80	72.5	77	70.5	71.5	62	IInN	78.5	62	69	65
	Ratio of female to male enrolment at secondary level (Class 9-10)	0.85	IInN	1.09	1.18	1.01	1.01	1.36	IInN	1.29	1.03	1.04	1.20	1.02	96.0	0.98	0.91	0.95	1.84	1.08	1.50	1.05	1.76	96.0	0.89	1.08	1.11	1.06	IInN	1.06	1.30	1.18	1.24
	Average annual strop-out rate at secondary level (Class 9-10)	35.62	IInN	27.33	17.14	20.93	10.22	27.49	InN	20.75	34.99	11.81	17.25	14.37	20.65	20.62	16.79	21.08	27.52	29.31	23.16	16.85	15.26	20.39	19.41	8.09	26.02	18.92	IInN	25.39	29.42	31.45	31.96
	District	Anjaw	Bichom	Changlang	Dibang Valley	East Kameng	East Siang	Kamle	Keyi Panyor	Kra Daadi	Kurung Kumey	Leparada	Lohit	Longding	Lower Dibang Valley	Lower Siang	Lower Subansiri	Namsai	Pakke Kessang	Papum Pare	Shi Yomi	Siang	Tawang	Tirap	Upper Siang	Upper Subansiri	West Kameng	West Siang	Bajali	Baksa	Barpeta	Biswanath	Bongaigaon
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TABLE IV: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 4

	SDG 4	67	74	99	74	74	63	74	73	67	7.1	63	99	74	73	81	99	64	29	0.2	64	72	65	11	78	89	61	*	70	70	63
	Pupil Teacher Ratio at second- ary level (Class 9-10)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100
	Percentage of trained teachers at secondary level (Class 9-10)	30	11	38	37	35	29	40	35	36	32	27	14	44	25	54	20	29	28	34	25	44	28	25	18	44	11	IInN	42	15	34
d values)	Percentage of schools with functional electricity	88	86	81	88	88	64	97	88	87	06	65	06	92	92	96	84	80	63	87	88	88	98	98	97	83	70	IInN	94	88	86
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of schools with computers available	64	92	22	79	22	44	73	51	09	75	45	77	09	81	89	73	61	64	54	29	78	09	49	94	71	20	IInN	70	64	54
INDEX SC	Percentage of students in grade 8 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained at the end of the grade	43	99	42	52	61	56	51	63	48	48	20	39	69	29	9/	41	36	54	57	29	57	49	75	77	20	57	IInN	20	53	39
	Ratio of female to male enrolment at secondary level (Class 9-10)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	32	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100
	Average annual drop-out rate at secondary level (Class 9-10)	42	51	41	62	80	48	09	71	37	20	52	39	52	22	74	45	42	58	52	29	36	34	62	59	31	41	IInN	33	99	25
	Pupil Teacher Ratio at second- ary level (Chos) 9-10)	18.03	9.22	13.07	10.63	10.00	18.15	10.34	8.30	15.91	9.45	15.08	15.17	7.64	10.02	8.24	10.77	17.16	13.89	7.71	5.97	14.32	10.16	7.91	6.22	13.50	14.03	IInN	13.25	11.85	12.30
	Percentage of trained teachers at secondary level (Class 9-10)	69.97	61.98	73.70	73.12	72.29	69.59	74.57	72.48	72.86	71.00	96'89	63.53	76.05	79.47	80.26	62.99	69.57	69.28	71.99	67.88	76.33	98.69	67.84	62.19	75.99	62.01	IInN	75.48	63.97	72.07
	Percentage of schools with functional electricity	90.20	98.44	83.87	89.06	90.83	68.92	97.23	89.37	89.13	91.25	66'69	91.07	95.68	92.70	96.53	86.41	82.74	68.32	88.49	89.64	90.22	88.18	87.99	97.73	85.58	73.93	IInN	94.88	90.51	88.08
RAW VALUES	Percentage of schools with computers available	67.19	95.20	61.43	80.66	59.05	49.60	75.74	55.37	64.17	77.33	49.95	79.34	63.69	83.31	70.85	76.02	64.43	67.36	58.54	98'69	79.88	64.25	53.67	94.63	73.63	55.28	IInN	73.30	67.28	58.68
	Percentage of students in grade 8 achieving at least a a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained at the end of the grade	64.5	79	64	70	16	72.5	69.5	77	67.5	67.5	69	62	80.5	79.5	85	63.5	60.5	71.5	73.5	79.5	73.5	68.5	84.5	86	69	73.5	IInN	69	71	62
	Ratio of female to male enrolment at secondary (Class 9-10)	1.13	1.19	1.16	1.26	1.06	1.29	1.08	1.03	1.40	1.09	1.25	1.48	1.04	1.13	1.02	1.07	1.43	1.08	1.10	0.90	1.39	1.53	1.10	1.03	1.26	1.55	IInN	1.13	1.17	1.13
	Average annual drop-out rate at secondary level (Class 9-10)	27.06	23.29	27.24	18.87	11.24	24.55	19.43	14.94	29.02	23.57	22.71	28.25	22.65	34.85	13.82	25.78	26.72	20.28	21.39	16.59	29.39	30.05	18.80	20.02	31.51	27.24	IInN	30.68	16.89	33.80
	District	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong
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TABLE IV: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 4

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Pupil Teacher Ratio at secondary level (Class 9-10) Percentage of trained teachers at secondary level (Class 9-10) Percentage of schools with functional electricity Percentage of schools with computers available 5 11 1 1 1 1 1 77 Percentage of students in grade VIII enderlying at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained at the end of the grade the grade of t Ratio of fe-male to male enrolment at secondary level (Class 9-10) Average annual dropout rate at secondary level (Class 9-10) Pupil Teacher Ratio at secondary level (Class 9-10) 7.22 14.34 9.39 10.82 9.81 11.70 9.56 9.83 9.18 11.21 9.55 11.33 9.33 Null 13.42 10.82 8.82 9.77 10.01 Percentage of trained teachers at secondary level (Class 9-10) 73.71 83.79 69.64 76.38 74.66 70.23 81.88 81.92 89.55 69.42 86.26 76.36 68.58 Null 76.11 66.50 69.97 83.27 80.04 75.68 65.39 73.67 74.81 Percentage of schools with functional electricity 00.001 76.79 51.98 21.59 56.98 36.43 23.08 73.86 36.90 69.74 77.22 30.26 34.38 13.76 24.08 28.02 53.69 E S 21.53 14.38 99.21 Percentage of schools with computers available 9.94 26.70 49.11 29.63 18.57 21.71 42.73 40.92 14.35 30.37 43.95 16.61 16.43 34.26 Null 14.43 20.24 10.43 10.32 67.34 17.81 79.03 46.38 VALUES Percentage of students in grade VIII achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained at the end of the grade RAW Ratio of female to male enrolment at secondary level (Class 9-10) 0.097 0.096 0.098 0.098 0.098 0.098 0.098 0.096 0.096 0.096 0.107 0.117 0.1139 0.120 0.120 0.120 0.121 0.1131 0.111 0.111 0.96 1.09 1.02 0.98 1.00 0.94 Average annual dropout rate at secondary level (Class 9-10) 25.92 18.17 21.78 32.22 41.93 16.88 29.75 30.70 26.30 32.13 0.00 33.43 30.47 1.92 24.64 4.92 22.51 38.61 11.16 16.93 29.25 25.36 20.56 8.18 14.57 ₫ 44.01 0.00 Noney Kamjong Chandel Jiribam Kakching Senapati Tengnoupal Thoubal Ukhrul Garo Hills Khawzawl Pherzawl Tamenglong East Jaintia Hills Eastern West Khasi Hills South West Khasi Hills Churachandpur Imphal East Imphal West Kangpokpi East Garo Hills East Khasi Hills South Garo Hills South West Garo Hills West Garo Hills Jaintia Hills Khasi Hills West District Manipur Меghalaya Mizoram

TABLE IV: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 4

	SDG 4	75	46	64	64	7.2	65	72	*	86	63	83	11	79	62	*	*	63	75	*	*	70	98	82	79	82	83	85	67	77	78	73	75	78	75	88	100
	Pupil Teacher Ratio at second- ary level (Class 9-10)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	Null	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Percentage of trained teachers at secondary level (Class 9-10)	88	49	20	83	0.2	71	28	IInN	41	19	41	38	52	0	IInN	IInN	27	40	IInN	IInN	47	73	72	99	70	92	63	81	7.7	99	92	73	80	69	73	100
nes)	Percentage of schools with functional electricity	86	49	75	92	66	96	92	IInN	96	69	87	35	93	65	IInN	IInN	72	91	IInN	IInN	63	100	96	97	66	66	100	20	94	96	64	29	80	79	90	100
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of schools with computers available	39	7	34	34	29	37	20	IInN	94	69	82	94	91	81	IInN	IInN	99	87	IInN	IInN	98	91	94	78	91	93	96	20	36	46	39	45	34	20	85	100
INDEX SCORE	Percentage of students in grade VIII achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained at the end of the grade	46	31	41	48	IInN	20	40	IInN	89	46	89	54	72	46	IInN	IInN	09	65	IInN	IInN	43	99	20	61	53	IInN	IInN	39	61	61	26	64	75	52	70	100
	Ratio of fe- male to male enrolment at secondary level (Class 9-10)	100	47	100	100	100	51	88	InN	100	100	100	100	73	100	IInN	InN	48	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	82	100	100	92	100	100	100	86	100	86	100
	Average annual dropout rate at secondary level (Class 9-10)	51	36	48	10	35	51	100	IInN	100	40	100	72	73	42	IInN	IInN	69	45	IInN	IInN	54	73	09	53	62	49	52	62	79	73	74	75	62	75	66	100
	Pupil Teacher Ratio at secondary level (Class 9-10)	9.22	10.76	6.51	7.07	7.15	8.12	10.18	IInN	8.78	10.99	7.05	7.10	5.35	9.91	IInN	InN	8.34	5.45	IInN	IInN	9.07	7.22	4.58	5.33	5.54	4.72	3.69	11.77	13.86	9.67	10.78	9.03	12.60	14.94	10.30	30
	Percentage of trained teachers at secondary level (Class 9-10)	95.28	78.44	78.50	92.59	87.21	87.68	82.08	Null	74.98	65.61	74.86	73.77	79.33	57.36	IInN	IInN	90.69	74.24	IInN	IInN	77.50	88.44	88.03	85.49	87.03	89.63	84.34	91.82	90.16	85.46	89.68	88.36	91.34	86.66	88.64	100
	Percentage of schools with functional electricity	98.58	56.40	78.47	79.53	99.51	96.96	95.90	IInN	96.49	72.93	89.09	44.04	94.14	26.69	IInN	IInN	75.72	91.88	IInN	IInN	68.31	100.00	96.37	97.27	99.17	98.95	100.00	57.29	94.95	96.61	68.82	71.23	82.84	81.96	91.03	100
RAW VALUES	Percentage of schools with computers available	42.04	16.44	40.45	40.16	63.05	43.04	27.99	IInN	94.83	72.18	86.91	94.50	92.19	82.84	IInN	IInN	98.69	88.46	IInN	IInN	87.24	91.77	94.30	80.00	91.44	93.72	96.13	28.02	42.67	53.89	44.65	50.31	40.75	55.17	86.69	100
RAW	Percentage of students in grade VIII achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained at the end of the grade	6.59	22	63.5	89	IIN	69	63	IInN	80	9:09	80	71.5	82.5	66.5	IInN	IInN	75	78	IInN	IInN	64.5	62	69	92	71	IInN	IInN	62	92	92	72.5	5.77	84.5	70.5	81.5	100
	Ratio of female to male enrolment at secondary level (Class 9-10)	1.15	0.92	1.02	1.06	1.10	0.92	0.98	IInN	1.05	1.15	1.04	1.22	96.0	1.16	IInN	IInN	0.92	1.10	IInN	IInN	1.21	1.03	1.01	1.05	1.03	0.98	1.02	1.05	0.99	1.01	1.14	1.00	1.00	1.10	1.00	1
	Average annual dropout rate at secondary level (Class 9-10)	23.34	29.45	24.57	39.96	29.85	23.13	00.00	IInN	0.37	27.88	00.00	14.63	14.22	26.68	IInN	IInN	15.99	25.52	IInN	IInN	21.88	14.40	19.66	22.41	18.83	24.07	22.86	11.89	11.98	14.12	13.86	13.21	11.60	13.33	3.52	3.2
	District	Kolasib	Lawngtlai	Lunglei	Mamit	Saitual	Serchhip	Siaha	Chumoukedima	Dimapur	Kiphire	Kohima	Longleng	Mokokchung	Mon	Noklak	Niuland	Peren	Phek	Shamator	Tseminyu	Tuensang	Gangtok	Gyalshing	Mangan	Namchi	Pakyong	Soreng	Dhalai	Gomati	Khowai	North Tripura	Sepahijala	South Tripura	Unakoti	West Tripura	Target
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TABLE V: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 5

		99	*	74	62	9.2	02	8/2	*	99	87	89	11	74	73	02	78	78	64	58	79	75	06	74	73	75	74	65	*	85	82	87	6.2
	Exclusive women SHGs in bank linked SHGs	48	IInN	46	62	92	96	62	IInN	88	87	78	7.1	99	75	29	IInN	72	06	73	95	87	100	29	78	81	62	84	IInN	100	100	100	100
alues)	Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years	79	IInN	80	98	71	47	IInN	IInN	20	20	Null	56	78	85	IInN	74	74	IInN	38	Nall	85	56	89	64	48	48	53	Null	62	63	84	51
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of sexual crimes against women to total crimes against women	20	IInN	29	100	40	51	40	IInN	40	100	52	61	0.2	45	09	22	52	40	79	40	40	100	40	49	80	70	57	IInN	85	98	88	88
INDEX	Sex ratio at birth	58	IInN	100	45	100	94	100	IInN	0	100	06	100	74	84	91	100	100	63	100	100	75	100	92	100	83	87	88	IInN	93	100	100	86
	Crimes against women per 10,000 female population	77	IInN	87	100	75	62	98	IInN	86	100	54	99	92	92	89	81	91	63	0	83	88	92	86	92	85	87	44	IInN	85	09	64	56
	Exclusive women SHGs in bank linked SHGs	47.4	IInN	45.3	61.9	91.4	94.2	78.6	IInN	87.7	86.3	77.1	70.8	55.6	74.5	58.4	IInN	71.4	89.7	72.8	94.2	86.0	99.3	66.4	77.6	80.2	78.6	83.4	IInN	100.0	100.0	100.0	6.66
	Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years	6.8	IInN	6.7	4.6	9.7	17.6	IInN	IInN	16.5	16.4	IInN	14.6	7.3	4.9	IInN	8.5	8.7	IInN	20.3	IInN	5.0	14.6	10.6	11.9	17.3	17.0	15.5	IInN	12.5	12.3	5.3	16.1
RAW VALUES	Percentage of sexual cimes against women to total crimes against women	50.00	IInN	68.75	0.00	100.00	80.95	100.00	IInN	100.00	00:00	80.00	64.29	50.00	90.91	66.67	71.43	80.00	100.00	34.67	100.00	100.00	00:00	100.00	85.71	33.33	20.00	72.00	IInN	24.19	23.35	19.90	19.86
	Sex ratio at birth	818	IInN	962	778	1189	931	1161	IInN	989	971	920	992	198	901	923	996	1002	833	086	1192	871	1029	934	1056	895	910	914	IInN	929	962	961	943
	Crimes against women per 10,000 female population	4.14	IInN	2.24	0.00	4.37	6.74	06:0	IInN	0.42	00.00	8.18	5.98	1.42	4.23	5.62	3.33	1.52	6.51	17.74	3.08	1.96	1.44	0.38	4.21	2.62	2.28	9.87	IIIN	2.65	7.15	6.34	77.7
	District	Anjaw	Bichom	Changlang	Dibang Valley	East Kameng	East Siang	Kamle	Keyi Panyor	Kra Daadi	Kurung Kumey	Leparada	Lohit	Longding	Lower Dibang Valley	Lower Siang	Lower Subansiri	Namsai	Pakke Kessang	Papum Pare	Shi Yomi	Siang	Tawang	Tirap	Upper Siang	Upper Subansiri	West Kameng	West Siang	Bajali	Baksa	Barpeta	Biswanath	Bongaigaon
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TABLE V: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 5

		75	85	83	0.2	85	80	84	85	77	87	80	75	79	99	73	06	84	81	83	92	80	81	92	85	77	81	*	81	82	86
	Exclusive women SHGs in bank linked SHGs	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100
alues)	Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15–49 years	53	75	70	55	78	65	74	71	78	29	74	09	89	47	73	72	74	20	70	65	80	63	09	75	82	92	IInN	29	99	78
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of sexual cimes against women to total crimes against women	88	87	98	87	81	98	06	80	88	92	80	06	62	77	85	88	06	81	88	83	87	88	82	88	88	06	Null	83	06	85
INDEX (Sex ratio at birth	100	100	100	100	100	100	06	92	97	96	86	100	88	100	98	100	100	100	100	81	100	100	91	100	98	100	IInN	26	100	84
	Crimes against women per 10,000 female population	33	62	62	7	99	49	99	84	23	78	47	26	58	7	6	06	55	55	26	54	34	53	45	62	28	41	IInN	61	92	84
	Exclusive women SHGs in bank linked SHGs	100.0	100.0	2.66	100.0	8.66	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	6.66	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.5	6:66	100.0	100.0	6:66	100.0	100.0	99.3	100.0	9.66	IInN	100.0	100.0	99.4
	Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years	15.6	8.3	9.8	14.8	7.1	11.5	8.7	9.7	7.4	10.9	8.6	13.2	10.4	17.6	8.8	9.3	8.6	10.0	9.8	11.6	6.5	12.3	13.2	8.3	5.8	8.0	IInN	11.0	14.6	7.1
RAW VALUES	Percentage of sexual crimes against women to total crimes against women	20.02	22.37	24.07	21.63	32.50	23.00	16.20	33.33	19.47	13.00	33.11	16.92	34.50	38.13	24.41	20.69	17.02	31.12	18.55	28.36	21.72	20.26	30.49	18.14	17.61	17.25	IInN	28.98	17.12	25.00
	Sex ratio at birth	696	949	962	953	996	971	918	924	941	939	944	959	914	296	935	916	953	961	950	890	961	696	923	086	902	953	IInN	941	926	901
	Crimes against women per 10,000 female population	11.92	87.9	6.83	16.53	5.97	9.04	80.9	2.90	13.60	3.82	9.40	13.13	7.54	16.47	16.15	1.80	7.90	7.99	7.79	8.20	11.64	8.39	69.6	69.9	12.71	10.40	IInN	86.9	6.27	2.77
	District	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong

TABLE V: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 5

			72	67	75		82	29	76		88	45	99	74	82	75	20	72		67	*		72	99	11	69	0/	23	67	78	88	98	80
	10 10																																
	Exclusive women SHGs in bank linked SHGs	51	1	16	86	6	77	29	4	14	21	0	20	80	34	71	41	88	93	06	IInN	88	88	88	100	98	80	93	94	100	100	86	100
values)	Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years	39	29	74	49	62	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	74	75	IInN	82	62	36	21	0	IInN	24	18	23	80	21	40	11	22	27	99	IInN	InN
INDEX SCORE (Normalised va	Percentage of sexual crimes against women to total crimes against women	61	100	52	55	29	09	51	100	40	100	40	40	100	88	58	52	78	12	78	IInN	0	81	45	82	55	75	83	59	62	87	78	20
INDEX 8	Sex ratio at birth	55	94	100	87	94	100	100	100	100	100	46	96	68	100	78	100	81	100	96	IInN	100	100	92	100	100	88	100	100	100	100	81	98
	Crimes against women per 10,000 female population	06	66	98	88	82	92	87	100	66	100	94	66	66	06	84	96	75	61	73	IInN	84	71	80	93	83	65	78	58	82	98	88	99
	Exclusive women SHGs in bank linked SHGs	51.0	1.3	16.1	97.4	0.6	6.92	28.4	3.6	14.3	21.1	0.0	20.0	8.3	34.2	70.3	40.3	87.8	92.2	89.1	IInu	88.8	87.3	87.6	2.66	85.5	9.62	92.4	93.9	8.66	100.0	97.1	100.0
	Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years	20.0	11.0	8.7	16.7	12.5	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	8.5	8.4	IInN	0.9	12.7	21.0	26.0	33.0	IInN	25.2	27.0	25.3	30.4	26.2	19.7	29.3	25.8	24.0	11.2	IInN	IInN
RAW VALUES	Percentage of sexual crimes against women to total crimes against women	65.00	0.00	80.00	75.00	55.81	66.67	82.35	0.00	100.00	0.00	100.00	100.00	0.00	20.00	69.23	80.00	36.84	146.67	37.18	IInN	166.67	32.14	92.31	25.00	75.00	41.76	27.78	68.42	35.48	21.05	37.50	20.00
	Sex ratio at birth	808	931	949	806	930	1196	1096	1193	9.26	988	781	934	914	962	881	1005	890	1050	937	IInN	866	954	926	955	086	916	974	926	296	972	888	906
	Crimes against women per 10,000 female population	1.69	0.25	0.87	2.11	3.27	1.41	2.33	00:00	0.11	00:00	86.0	0.15	0.23	1.69	2.82	92.0	4.35	6.97	4.84	IInN	2.81	5.15	3.47	1.17	3.06	6.27	3.86	7.47	3.25	2.51	2.10	6.05
		Bishnupur	Chandel	Churachandpur	Imphal East	Imphal West	Jiribam	Kakching	Kamjong	Kangpokpi	Noney	Pherzawl	Senapati	Tamenglong	Tengnoupal	Thoubal	Ukhrul	East Garo Hills	East Jaintia Hills	East Khasi Hills	Eastem West Khasi Hills	North Garo Hills	Ri Bhoi	South Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	South West Khasi Hills	West Garo Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Khasi Hills	Aizawl	Champhai	Hnahthial	Khawzawl
District					ındı	INISIN													alaya	negn							puel	иава					

		98	75	85	73	86	80	7.1	*	80	92	86	96	96	94	*	*	83	82	*	*	06	86	95	20	82	89	74	67	72	87	82	88	85	84	81	81	91	100
	Exclusive women SHGs in bank linked SHGs	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	93	96	100	26	100	98	IInN	IInN	78	97	IInN	IInN	100	100	92	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
lues)	Unmet need for family planning for currently Emarried women aged 15-49 years	53	48	53	48	IInN	52	32	IInN	25	48	72	87	81	68	IInN	IInN	81	80	IInN	IInN	61	06	92	46	87	61	84	IInN	IInN	88	63	88	82	54	48	71	92	100
INDEX SCORE (Normalised va	Percentage of sexual crimes against women to total crimes against women	93	45	80	40	100	0.2	02	IInN	29	09	9.2	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	09	02	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	43	55	40	53	40	40	75	80	0.2	72	98	78	77	80	100
INDEX 8	Sex ratio at birth	100	100	100	91	100	100	64	IInN	85	80	88	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	92	IInN	IInN	94	100	94	100	100	75	69	IInN	IInN	92	100	86	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Crimes against women per 10,000 female population	85	84	06	84	91	62	88	IInN	96	86	98	98	86	26	IInN	IInN	96	86	IInN	IInN	26	66	86	61	69	64	99	09	75	80	29	87	69	82	62	56	82	100
	Exclusive women SHGs in bank linked SHGs	8.66	100.0	100.0	6.66	100.0	100.0	6.66	IInN	92.5	95.5	100.0	9.96	100.0	85.5	IInN	IInN	77.2	8.96	IInN	IInN	100.0	100.0	91.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	7 66
	Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years	15.6	17.3	15.4	17.0	IInN	15.9	22.5	IInN	14.3	17.3	9.1	4.3	6.4	3.7	IInN	IInN	6.2	6.5	IInN	IInN	12.9	3.2	2.8	17.7	4.3	12.8	5.2	IInN	IInN	4.0	12.1	4.1	6.1	15.3	17.3	2.6	2.5	0
RAW VALUES	Percentage of sexual crimes against women to total crimes against women	12.50	90.91	33.33	100.00	0.00	20.00	20.00	IInN	54.55	66.67	40.00	00:00	0.00	00:00	IInN	IInN	19.99	20.00	IInN	IInN	00.00	00:00	0.00	94.74	75.00	100.00	78.57	100.00	100.00	40.91	33.87	20.00	46.85	23.68	36.59	38.32	33.33	C
	Sex ratio at birth	1040	296	026	923	1037	1096	838	IInN	905	887	915	971	973	296	IInN	IInN	926	841	IInN	IInN	930	966	930	964	1018	871	852	IInN	IInN	925	226	943	1001	1013	948	954	186	950
	Crimes against women per 10,000 female population	2.68	2.86	1.73	2.89	1.60	3.72	2.14	IInN	0.72	0.28	0.97	0.85	0.32	0.51	IInN	IluN	0.70	0.38	IInN	IInN	0.51	0.12	0.43	6.92	5.51	6.32	5.98	7.11	4.42	3.59	5.90	2.37	5.42	3.25	3.75	7.85	3.25	C
		Kolasib	Lawngtlai	Lunglei	Mamit	Saitual	Serchhip	Siaha	Chumoukedima	Dimapur	Kiphire	Kohima	Longleng	Mokokchung	Mon	Noklak	Niuland	Peren	Phek	Shamator	Tseminyu	Tuensang	Wokha	Zunheboto	Gangtok	Gyalshing	Mangan	Namchi	Pakyong	Soreng	Dhalai	Gomati	Khowai	North Tripura	Sepahijala	South Tripura	Unakoti	West Tripura	Target
	District															pueji	звы										wiv	2!KI						nra	dııı				

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	Stage of groundwater extraction (%)	IInN	InN	66	IInN	94	86	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IIn	86	IInN	66	IInN	92	IInN	IInN	97	IInN	IInN	IInN	96	IInN	66	100	86	IInN	92	31	IInN	40
	Percentage of Clesy Willages verified as ODF in the district	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100
d values)	Percentage of schools with functional roller facility for girls	98	IInN	99	19	20	44	20	IInN	69	43	69	93	43	82	38	82	73	39	40	99	8	78	47	53	35	22	09	IInN	80	85	42	86
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Tollets constructed against target - SBM(G)	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	Null	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	92	94	92	91
INDEX SC	Percentage of population living in house-holds that use an improved sanitation facility	72	IInN	63	88	49	99	IInN	IInN	77	54	IInN	99	92	62	IInN	64	47	IInN	49	IInN	81	61	72	83	09	77	74	IInN	34	23	51	42
	Percentage of rural population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Piped Water Supply (PWS)	83	IInN	83	98	92	82	87	IInN	88	88	88	87	88	82	06	88	84	87	88	88	88	82	84	93	06	83	90	IInN	57	09	40	52
	Percentage of rural population using an im- proved drinking water source	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	86	52	85
	Stage of groundwater extraction (%)	IInN	IInN	99.0	IInN	2.63	0.88	Null	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	0.73	IInN	0.33	IInN	2.33	IInN	IInN	1.28	IInN	IInN	IInN	1.75	IInN	0.61	0.11	1.03	IInN	3.49	29.68	IInN	25.76
	Percentage of GPs/Villages verified as ODF in the district	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Percentage of schools with functional toilet facility for gifts	90.54	IInN	76.81	73.91	46.15	62.35	45.57	IInN	78.95	61.62	79.37	95.28	61.32	88.00	58.11	87.59	81.99	58.49	99.69	76.92	37.96	85.34	64.34	68.25	26.00	69.58	72.79	IInN	86.65	60'06	85.53	90.58
RAW VALUES	Tolets constructed against target - SBM(G)	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	93.83	95.63	93.64	93.30
	Percentage of population living in house-holds that use an improved sanitation facility	8.98	IInN	82.3	95.0	75.6	83.9	InN	IInN	89.3	78.3	IInN	83.7	83.5	89.9	IInN	82.8	75.1	IInN	7.5.7	IInN	91.2	81.7	86.7	91.8	80.9	88.9	87.7	IInN	689	63.7	9.92	72.5
	Percentage of rural population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Piped Water Supply	89.84	IInN	89.97	91.77	95.34	90.87	92.00	IInN	92.83	92.76	92.92	92.13	92.58	91.15	94.02	92.89	29.06	92.14	93.11	93.20	93.47	89.05	90.24	95.74	94.20	89.75	93.78	IInN	73.93	76.14	63.64	71.02
	Percentage of rural population using an im- proved dinking water source	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	99.43	87.66	95.91
	District	Anjaw	Bichom	Changlang	Dibang Valley	East Kameng	East Siang	Kamle	Keyi Panyor	Kra Daadi	Kurung Kumey	Leparada	Lohit	Longding	Lower Dibang Valley	Lower Siang	Lower Subansiri	Namsai	Pakke Kessang	Papum Pare	Shi Yomi	Siang	Tawang	Tirap	Upper Siang	Upper Subansiri	West Kameng	West Siang	Bajali	Baksa	Barpeta	Biswanath	Bongaigaon
													цѕә	radi	i ler	nacl	nıA													U	uess	1	

Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Pront Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE VI: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 6

	SDG 6	11	92	75	52	74	99	81	84	92	78	7.1	74	78	89	80	92	75	75	78	78	65	99	73	98	73	73	*	73	92	11
	Stage of groundwater extraction (%)	92	IInN	94	0	91	30	82	86	51	87	92	IInN	78	21	IInN	94	93	87	92	IInN	41	32	44	06	92	Null	IInN	85	62	IIn
	Percentage of Clesy Villages verified as OPF in the district	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100
ed values)	Percentage of schools with functional toiler facility for girls	88	97	75	98	06	77	94	72	87	91	52	06	92	92	92	77	72	64	81	82	81	84	88	92	82	74	IInN	94	98	73
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Tollets constructed against target - SBM(G)	94	91	92	92	93	93	94	93	94	93	92	92	93	92	94	06	92	94	92	92	93	92	93	93	93	93	IInN	93	93	06
INDEX SC	Percentage of population living in house holds that use an improved an anitation facility	11	49	52	32	38	19	48	99	48	43	16	22	29	34	27	48	19	41	46	27	20	28	33	63	41	14	IInN	30	45	51
	Percentage of rural population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Piped Water Supply (PWS)	57	39	20	54	43	44	20	22	51	49	41	43	30	36	62	30	47	52	52	69	17	41	54	89	46	22	IInN	52	40	10
	Percentage of rural population using an im- proved drinking water source	100	82	88	0	61	66	97	100	100	82	100	66	88	96	100	96	100	88	100	100	66	87	100	97	73	100	IInN	26	88	100
	Stage of groundwater extraction (%)	3.29	Null	2.75	42.71	4.05	29.72	7.63	1.01	20.82	5.42	3.62	IInN	9.35	33.91	IIN	2.48	2.94	5.63	10.26	IInN	25.21	28.86	24.11	4.19	10.44	IInN	IInN	6.67	8.90	Null
	Percentage of GPs/Villages verified as ODF in the district	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Percentage of schools with functional to lier facility for girls	91.82	96'26	83.21	90.25	93.05	84.51	95.94	81.11	91.39	93.65	67.68	93.29	96.48	96.29	96.32	84.14	81.21	75.64	87.23	88.03	87.36	89.19	92.76	94.89	87.78	82.18	IInN	95.97	90.76	82.07
RAW VALUES	Tolets constructed against target - SBM(G)	95.55	93.05	96.24	93.66	94.38	94.77	95.19	94.82	95.17	94.73	96.41	94.08	94.94	94.25	95.65	92.45	96.17	95.64	94.15	93.68	94.68	93.83	94.31	94.53	94.61	94.68	IInN	94.39	94.72	92.49
	Percentage of population living in house-holds that use an improved sanitation facility	57.6	75.9	77.1	67.9	70.8	61.8	75.3	83.8	75.3	73.1	0.09	63.1	80.4	68.7	65.2	75.2	61.5	72.2	74.2	9:29	62.3	1.99	68.1	82.3	72.2	29.0	IInN	2.99	73.8	76.7
	Percentage of rural population getting safe and adeng safe drinking water within premises through Piped Water Supply (PWS)	74.24	63.12	51.81	72.47	65.46	92.99	20.06	74.03	70.70	69.29	64.27	65.62	27.69	61.26	77.17	57.89	68.10	71.18	72.86	81.12	49.88	64.78	72.35	80.86	29.79	74.14	IInN	72.77	63.82	46.18
	Percentage of user population using an improved dinking water source	100.00	94.98	97.10	72.72	89.35	99'66	99.17	100.00	100.00	95.05	100.00	99.85	96.71	99.05	100.00	99.01	100.00	97.13	99.87	100.00	22.66	96.41	86.66	99.12	92.74	100.00	IInN	87.94	98.86	100.00
	District	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong

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Percentage of G schools with verifunctional toilet (SBM facility for girls	Percentage of Groots with verification of Groots with verification of tor girls	8 a <u>#</u> ≅	Percentage of GPs/villages verified as ODF (SBM(G)) in the district	Stage of groundwater extraction (%)	Percentage of rural population using an im- proved drinking water source	rural population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Piped Water Suppiy (PWS)	Percentage of population living in households that use an improved sanitation facility	Toilets constructed against target - SBM(G)	Percentage of schools with functional toilet facility for girls	Percentage of GPs/Villages verified as ODF in the district	Stage of groundwater extraction (%)
68.65	68.65		100.00	2.67	100	20	0	100	54	100	87
88.26	88.26		100.00	IInN	100	46	69	100	83	100	IInN
94.01	94.01		100.00	6.18	100	65	09	100	91	100	98
71.76	71.76		100.00	7.98	100	62	15	100	58	100	81
80.11	80.11		100.00	10.97	100	48	13	100	71	100	74
74.53	74.53		100.00	IInN	100	0	IInN	100	62	100	IInN
81.55	81.55		100.00	IInN	100	63	IInN	100	73	100	IInN
65.84	65.84		100.00	IInN	100	45	InN	100	20	100	IInN
53.40	53.40		100.00	IInN	100	89	N	100	31	100	InN
69.29	69.29		100.00	IInN	100	44	IInN	100	55	100	IInN
64.62	64.62		100.00	IInN	100	14	IInN	100	48	100	IInN
87.22	87.22		100.00	IInN	100	52	29	100	81	100	IInN
69.63	99.63		100.00	IInN	100	26	53	100	66	100	InN
53.95	53.95		100.00	IInN	100	78	InN	100	32	100	InN
72.49	72.49		100.00	9.84	100	09	18	100	29	100	77
44.93	44.93		100.00	IInN	100	53	61	100	19	100	IInN
69.83	69.83		100.00	6.93	100	69	99	63	55	100	84
57.20	57.20		100.00	2.28	100	20	69	69	37	100	92
78.91	78.91		100.00	2.58	100	40	09	80	69	100	94
InN	IInN		IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	In	IInN	InN
68.27	68.27		100.00	3.59	100	28	89	26	53	100	92
72.85	72.85		100.00	6.17	100	64	69	47	09	100	86
71.25	71.25		100.00	1.59	100	29	92	70	28	100	96
51.73	51.73		100.00	17.65	100	62	40	18	29	100	29
85.02	85.02		100.00	1.71	100	52	78	44	78	100	96
58.89	58.89		100.00	4.15	100	43	71	53	39	100	06
64.95	64.95		100.00	4.45	100	42	47	78	48	100	06
72.06	72.06		100.00	1.74	100	57	74	99	59	100	96
94.69	94.69		100.00	14.06	100	83	92	100	92	100	29
80.52	80.52		100.00	3.03	100	98	96	100	71	100	93
75.36	75.36		100.00	IInN	100	79	Na	100	64	100	In
76.69	76.69		100.00	IInN	100	87	Nal	100	99	100	In
66.31	66.31		100.00	1.30	100	98	93	100	50	100	97
								20.4	7.7	100	92
66'.29	66.79		100.00	3.62	100	83	80	100			!

Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Pront Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE VI: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 6

	9 DGS	91	94	94	06	*	98	84	98	88	06	88	*	*	88	82	*	*	81	88	75	88	06	88	88	91	92	22	65	63	64	29	22	29	99	100
	Stage of groundwater extraction (%)	95	In	98	87	IInN	91	85	75	76	66	88	IInN	IInN	86	85	IInN	IInN	92	97	81	78	88	94	77	92	87	84	87	80	69	72	85	81	53	100
	Percentage of GPs/Villages verified as ODF in the district	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
d values)	Percentage of schools with functional toilet facility for girls	89	84	68	77	IInN	88	59	06	84	84	88	IInN	IInN	75	38	IInN	IInN	48	02	0	66	26	86	98	96	100	48	58	89	89	62	47	89	98	100
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Toilets constructed against target - SBM(G)	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	2	17	24	13	41	4	00	0	100
INDEX SCO	Percentage of population living in house-holds that use an improved sanitation facility	85	IInN	96	82	IInN	09	64	73	72	93	71	IInN	InN	78	79	IInN	IInN	83	92	77	89	77	99	82	IInN	IInN	32	52	32	45	48	34	19	28	100
	Percentage of rural population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Piped Water Supply (PWS)	98	84	87	98	InN	63	82	99	72	58	99	IInN	InN	29	69	IInN	IInN	61	71	89	77	69	99	62	22	63	40	49	43	54	46	45	09	29	100
	Percentage of rural population using an im- proved drinking water source	100	100	100	100	InN	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	92	88	93	100	86	82	80	26	100
	Stage of groundwater extraction (%)	2.06	IInN	6.19	2.78	InN	3.98	6.43	10.51	1.33	0.62	5.11	IInN	InN	06:0	6.43	IInN	IInN	10.09	1.38	8.06	9.29	4.63	2.58	9.78	3.60	5.41	6.73	5.42	8.67	13.26	11.91	6.45	8.37	20.20	90'0
	Percentage of GPs/villages verified as ODF (SBM(G)) in the district	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100
	Percentage of schools with functional toilet facility for girls	78.68	89.16	92.61	84.70	IInN	92.80	72.18	93.09	88.99	89.06	92.08	IInN	IInN	83.24	58.12	IInN	IInN	65.02	79.46	32.35	99.55	97.83	98.95	96.77	96.67	100.00	64.58	71.66	78.04	78.48	74.54	64.33	78.51	90.26	100
RAW VALUES	Percentage of individual household toilets constructed against target (SBM(G))	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	25.51	36.92	42.30	33.58	54.85	26.75	30.10	23.94	100
	Percentage of population living in house- holds that use an improved sanitation facility	92.7	IInN	98.2	91.5	InN	81.1	83.1	87.4	9.98	2.96	86.4	IInN	IInN	89.4	90.1	IInN	IInN	92.0	88.5	88.9	85.0	88.9	83.8	91.7	IInN	IInN	9.79	77.4	8.79	74.1	75.4	9.89	61.8	80.2	100
	Percentage of rural population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Piped Water Supply (PWS)	91.40	90.25	92.13	91.83	InN	77.50	89.36	79.41	83.20	74.69	79.01	IInN	IInN	79.97	81.37	IInN	IInN	76.64	82.34	80.76	85.99	81.17	79.82	77.34	74.23	77.50	63.68	69.37	65.82	72.60	62.29	67.01	76.06	80.15	100
	Percentage of rural population using an im- proved drinking water source	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.87	96.78	97.99	100.00	99.52	95.14	94.52	99.11	100
		Mamit	Saitual	Serchhip	Siaha	Chumoukedima	Dimapur	Kiphire	Kohima	Longleng	Mokokchung	Mon	Noklak	Niuland	Peren	Phek	Shamator	Tseminyu	Tuensang	Wokha	Zunheboto	Gangtok	Gyalshing	Mangan	Namchi	Pakyong	Soreng	Dhalai	Gomati	Khowai	North Tripura	Sepahijala	South Tripura	Unakoti	West Tripura	Target
	District																																			
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TABLE VII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 7

	SDG 7	23	*	09	72	56	74	5	*	52	69	100	30	58	56	100	46	61	41	88	11	52	93	73	58	63	94	11	*	65	99	64	73
ormalised values)	Percentage of households using dean fuel for cooking	22	Inn	28	45	45	48	IInN	IInN	92	53	Null	61	15	53	IInN	57	22	IInN	80	IInN	21	87	46	30	26	88	53	IInN	29	33	29	45
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of villages/GPs electrified	84	IInN	92	100	89	100	5	IInN	28	85	100	0	100	58	100	35	100	41	86	11	84	66	100	87	100	100	88	IInN	100	66	66	100
LUES	Percentage of households using clean fuel for cooking	29.0	IInN	34.1	49.3	49.5	52.4	IInN	IInN	78.3	57.3	IInN	63.9	22.4	57.4	IInN	8.09	28.7	IInN	81.3	IInN	27.6	88.1	50.4	36.3	32.8	88.9	57.1	IInN	35.2	38.7	35.0	49.8
RAW VALUES	Percentage of villages/GPs electrified	93.77	IInN	69'96	100.00	87.32	177.38	62.34	IInN	71.51	94.18	105.56	60.16	100.00	83.44	108.08	74.14	127.68	76.54	99.18	64.66	93.62	99.57	166.67	94.64	112.40	106.92	95.24	IInN	100.00	99.66	99.47	100.00
	District	Anjaw	Bichom	Changlang	Dibang Valley	East Kameng	East Siang	Kamle	Keyi Panyor	Kra Daadi	Kurung Kumey	Leparada	Lohit	Longding	Lower Dibang Valley	Lower Siang	Lower Subansiri	Namsai	Pakke Kessang	Papum Pare	Shi Yomi	Siang	Tawang	Tirap	Upper Siang	Upper Subansiri	West Kameng	West Siang	Bajali	Baksa	Barpeta	Biswanath	Bongaigaon
													цsе	rado	y led	peu	nıA																

Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Front Runner (65-99)

TABLE VII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 7

	SDG 7	89		69			29	0.2	70	92			73	0.2	92	91		29	69			99	99	73	0.2	0.2		*	89		54
rmalised values)	Percentage of households using clean fuel for cooking	38	20	39	24	14	35	39	43	30	27	29	47	43	53	84	27	34	38	30	12	32	33	46	40	41	22	IInN	35	28	10
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of villages/GPs electrified	66	66	100	91	6	66	100	97	66	100	86	98	96	66	86	97	66	100	96	100	100	66	100	66	86	66	IInN	100	100	26
LUES	Percentage of households using clean fuel for cooking	43.0	27.3	44.5	30.1	21.6	40.7	44.7	48.2	36.3	33.1	35.2	52.0	48.3	57.4	85.1	33.4	39.6	43.3	36.1	19.3	37.6	38.6	51.1	45.5	45.8	28.5	IInN	40.9	34.0	17.7
RAW VALUES	Percentage of Wilages/GPs electrified	99.65	99.43	08.86	96.43	98.86	99.54	99.85	66.86	99.64	99.91	99.40	65.66	98.43	99.72	20.66	98.80	62.66	99.91	98.48	100.00	99.84	99.41	100.00	99.65	99.38	72.66	IInN	100.00	100.00	98.89
	District	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong
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TABLE VII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 7

	SDG 7	8	74	79	88	8	100	100	100	100	100	100	73		100	98				11	*			49		47	92		47	95	88	100	100	93		80	72	100
rmalised values)	Percentage of households using clean fuel for cooking	69	47	29	77	88	IInN	IInN	IInN	Null	IInN	IInN	45	24	IInN	72	16	22	20	42	IInN	17	14	15	28	က	43	13	0	95	77	IInN	IInN	98	52	78	71	IInN
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of villages/GPs electrified	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	95	66	IInN	96	93	84	66	06	96	06	94	96	100	100	100	100	54	82	74	100
LUES	Percentage of households using clean fuel for cooking	71.3	52.0	62.3	79.0	88.6	IInN	IInN	IInN	Null	IInN	IInN	20.0	30.5	IInN	74.7	22.9	29.1	26.5	47.4	IInN	24.4	21.0	22.3	33.9	11.6	47.6	20.7	8.6	95.4	79.4	IInN	IInN	87.5	56.3	79.9	73.3	IInN
RAW VALUES	Percentage of villages/GPs electrified	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	98.05	97.93	99.61	IInN	09.86	97.29	93.60	99.45	96.19	98.54	96.12	97.44	98.39	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	81.76	92.68	99.68	100.00
	District	Bishnupur	Chandel	Churachandpur	Imphal East	Imphal West	Jiribam	Kakching	Kamjong	Kangpokpi	Noney	Pherzawl	Senapati	Tamenglong	Tengnoupal	Thoubal	Ukhral	East Garo Hills	East Jaintia Hills	East Khasi Hills	Eastem West Khasi Hills	North Garo Hills	Ri Bhoi	South Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	South West Khasi Hills	West Garo Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Khasi Hills	Aizawl	Champhai	Hnahthial	Khawzawl	Kolasib	Lawngtlai	Lunglei	Mamit	Saitual
									ındı	Man												ŧ	alaya	Megh	ı								ш	izora	M			

Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE VII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 7

	KAW VA	RAW VALUES	INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	rmalised values)	
District	Percentage of villages/GPs electrified	Percentage of households using clean fuel for cooking	Percentage of villages/GPs electrified	Percentage of households using clean fuel for cooking	SDG 7
Chumoukedima	IInN	IIIN	IInN	IInN	*
Dimapur	100.00	84.2	100	83	91
Kiphire	100.00	16.4	100	6	
Kohima	100.00	61.7	100	28	62
Longleng	100.00	11.8	100	4	
Mokokchung	100.00	46.2	100	41	11
Mon	100.00	13.0	100	ı	
Noklak	IInN	Null	IInN	IInN	*
Niuland	IInN	IINN	IInN	IInN	*
Peren	100.00	31.4	100	25	
Phek	100.00	24.2	100	17	
Shamator	IInN	Null	IInN	IInN	*
Tseminyu	IInN	InN	IInN	IInN	*
Tuensang	100.00	19.7	100	12	
Wokha	100.00	41.2	100	36	89
Zunheboto	100.00	18.6	100	11	
Gangtok	100.00	87.6	100	98	93
Gyalshing	100.00	8.69	100	29	83
Mangan	100.00	62.9	100	63	81
Namchi	100.00	66.5	100	63	82
Pakyong	100.00	IInN	100	IInN	100
Soreng	100.00	IInN	100	IInN	100
Dhalai	100.00	34.0	100	28	
Gomati	100.00	47.7	100	43	11
Khowai	100.00	41.5	100	36	89
North Tripura	100.00	41.6	100	36	89
Sepahijala	100.00	37.1	100	31	99
South Tripura	100.00	29.4	100	23	
Unakoti	100.00	29.2	100	23	
West Tripura	100.00	65.2	100	62	81
Target	100	100	100	100	100

Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Pront Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE VIII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 8

	SDG 8	85	82	85	84	85	98	88	87	98	88	98	75	06	73	66	84	85	82	98	83	77	84	87	91	82	11	*	98	75	72
	Percentage of women account holders in PMJDY	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100
	Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) population	24	13	14	18	22	18	43	28	17	31	19	14	48	40	100	14	17	16	26	16	11	23	24	53	26	2	IInN	23	11	3
vrmalised values)	Number of bank branches including Business Corre- spondents (BCS) in Uban, Semi-urban and Rural areas per 10,000 pop- ulation	100	66	94	100	100	100	100	92	100	100	100	73	100	100	100	86	93	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	22
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values	Percentage of households covered with a bank account under PMIDY against target	85	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	96	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	78	100	100	66	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN
	Number of victims of human traffick-ing per 10,000 population	100	100	100	87	88	96	83	100	86	86	96	87	16	0	94	93	100	78	88	100	74	62	97	93	89	51	IInN	96	38	100
	Percentage of loans disbursed to MSMEs against seminates	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100
	Percentage of women account holders in PMJDY	56.28	63.13	61.51	57.10	57.53	57.39	61.18	55.12	58.76	59.21	56.45	58.44	60.81	58.03	56.13	59.54	55.50	57.66	57.74	61.40	58.00	57.08	59.24	59.51	60.27	62.13	IInN	61.71	59.11	57.49
	Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 10,000 population	1.45	0.85	0.87	1.11	1.33	1.09	2.47	1.63	1.06	1.86	1.15	0.87	2.76	2.31	6.64	0.91	1.06	1.01	1.54	1.02	0.74	1.40	1.46	3.06	1.58	0.20	IInN	1.36	0.71	0.27
ILUES	Number of bank branches including Business Corre- spondents (BCS) in Urban, Semi-urban and Rural areas per 10,000 pop- ulation	14.27	8.50	8.13	16.68	17.50	17.79	12.18	7.89	16.25	11.44	11.24	6:39	14.10	12.81	115.85	8.41	8.02	11.95	12.18	13.21	13.42	27.65	13.66	17.20	16.33	13.91	IInN	11.40	11.06	5.04
RAW VALUES	Percentage of households covered with a bank account under PMIDY against target	99.65	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	68'66	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	99.43	100.00	100.00	76.96	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	IInN
	Number of victims of human traffick-ing per 10,000 population	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.04	0.01	0.07	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.01	0.41	0.02	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.10	0.08	0.01	0.03	0.13	0.20	IInN	0.02	0.25	0.00
	Percentage of loans disbulrsed to NGMEs against sagnist sagnists	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00
	District	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong
																am	esA														

Achiever (100)

TABLE VIII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 8

	SDG 8	99	0/	83	*	97	75	96	75	78	7.7	*	*	75	7.1	*	*	70	74	72	86	77	84	88	06	99	98	87	84	88	98	98	83	92	100
	e of UDY	100	100	100	Null	100	100	100	100	100	100	Null	In	100	100	In	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	93	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Percentage of women account holders in PMJDY																																		
	Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 10,000 population	5	12	14	IInN	100	က	73	2	30	4	IInN	IInN	7	5	IInN	IInN	9	00	10	100	36	26	52	82	18	20	27	11	38	17	20	12	59	100
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Number of bank branches including Business Correspondents (BCs) in Urban, Semi-urban and Rural areas per 10,000 population	24	85	81	IluN	100	46	100	48	38	55	Inn	IInN	41	23	IInN	IInN	17	39	22	100	55	76	06	85	40	100	100	66	100	100	94	88	86	100
INDEX SCORE	Percentage of households covered with a bank account under PMJDY against target	Null	100	100	IInN	84	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Number of victims of human traffick ing per 10,000 population	100	25	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	94	100	100	100	100	100
	Percentage of loans disbursed to MSMEs against sanctioned	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	06	74	82	91	85	74	86	16	95	66	86	66	86	97	100
	Percentage of women account holders in PMJDY	55.37	54.46	53.40	IInN	54.13	55.43	59.93	53.93	55.21	51.80	IInN	IInN	56.32	57.74	IInN	IInN	52.12	62.92	58.01	51.00	58.56	49.40	53.76	53.00	54.45	55.32	54.52	55.43	54.17	56.48	56.05	58.35	56.79	20
	Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 10,000 population	0.40	92.0	0.88	IInN	6.75	0.27	4.17	0.20	1.80	0:36	IInN	IInN	0.53	0.37	IInN	IInN	0.47	0.54	0.64	6.20	2.09	3.20	3.00	4.68	1.08	1.22	1.63	0.70	2.23	1.04	1.23	0.80	3.37	5.65
LUES	Number of bank branches including Business Corre- spondents (BCs) in Urban, Semi-urban and Rural areas per 10,000 pop- ulation	2.37	7.34	7.07	IInN	15.47	4.19	12.93	4.36	3.55	4.91	IInN	IInN	3.78	2.26	IInN	IInN	1.77	3.61	2.20	14.31	4.88	6.63	7.76	7.33	3.71	8.83	10.44	8.49	13.63	00'6	8.13	7.59	8.45	8:58
RAW VALUES	Percentage of households covered with a bank account under PMJDY against target	IInN	100.00	100.00	IInN	09.66	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100
	Number of victims of human trafficking per 10,000 population	00.00	0.31	00.00	IInN	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	IInN	IInN	00.00	0.00	IInN	IInN	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	00'0	00.00	0.00	00:00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.02	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	0
	Percentage of loans disbursed to MSMEs against sanctioned	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	60.06	73.51	81.98	91.24	85.19	73.99	97.75	97.33	92.06	98.72	98.19	98.72	98.34	92.36	100
	District	Saitual	Serchhip	Siaha	Chumoukedima	Dimapur	Kiphire	Kohima	Longleng	Mokokchung	Mon	Noklak	Niuland	Peren	Phek	Shamator	Tseminyu	Tuensang	Wokha	Zunheboto	Gangtok	Gyalshing	Mangan	Namchi	Pakyong	Soreng	Dhalai	Gomati	Khowai	North Tripura	Sepahijala	South Tripura	Unakoti	West Tripura	Target
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Not included in ranking Please refer to Pg. 15 for details

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Achiever (100)

TABLE IX: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 9

		RAW VALUES	IUES			INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	rmalised values)		
	Percentage of habitations with access to all weather roads under PMGSY and other State schemes	Surfaced road as a percent- age of total road length	Percentage of GPs/villages with internet connection (broadband or cellular)	Percentage of villages covered by a mobile network.	Percentage of habitations with access to all weather roads under PMGSY and other State schemes	Surfaced road as a percent- age of total road length	Percentage of GPs/villages with internet connection (broadband or cellular)	Percentage of villages covered by a mobile network.	SDG 9
Dhemaji	99.91	77.11	99.01	99.16	100	75	66	66	93
Dhubri	77.76	84.01	99.79	100.00	86	83	100	100	95
Dibrugarh	99.74	87.47	99.41	99.56	100	86	66	100	96
Dima Hasao	96.41	27.00	81.83	82.66	96	53	82	83	78
Goalpara	98.57	77.12	99.29	99.52	86	75	66	100	93
Golaghat	100.00	71.72	96.12	96.38	100	69	96	96	06
Hailakandi	97.75	82.17	97.89	99.40	86	81	86	66	94
Hojai	99.13	76.67	99.26	99.26	66	75	66	66	93
Jorhat	99.12	92.79	99.18	29.62	66	65	66	100	91
Kamrup	99.55	82.77	98.25	98.44	100	81	86	86	94
Kamrup Metropolitan	99.57	78.59	100.00	100.00	100	77	100	100	94
Karbi Anglong	97.85	55.93	93.12	94.64	86	52	93	98	84
Karimganj	98.44	81.85	68.66	100.00	86	80	100	100	95
Kokrajhar	100.00	50.93	99.34	99.44	100	46	66	66	98
Lakhimpur	98.83	77.17	99.91	100.00	66	75	100	100	93
Majuli	99.56	81.04	94.76	96.37	100	62	95	96	92
Morigaon	78.66	86.20	89.68	100.00	100	85	100	100	96
Nagaon	99.83	90.35	99.51	99.51	100	88	100	100	97
Nalbari	100.00	84.49	99.26	99.26	100	83	100	100	96
Sivasagar	98.92	83.31	98.03	98.03	66	82	86	86	94
Sonitpur	99.85	87.53	98.72	99.14	100	86	66	66	96
South Salmara-Mankachar	93.17	67.92	100.00	100.00	93	65	100	100	89
Tamulpur	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	*
Tinsukia	99.59	75.68	98.81	98.89	100	73	66	66	93
Udalguri	100.16	76.64	99.63	89.63	100	75	100	100	93
West Karbi Anglong	95.22	48.95	89.93	99.06	96	44	06	91	80
Bishnupur	100.00	73.68	54.17	100.00	100	71	54	100	81
Chandel	98.21	32.44	89.14	70.41	86	26	88	0.2	11
Churachandpur	86.42	39.86	58.68	76.04	98	34	29	92	
Imphal East	100.00	99.48	35.46	96.45	100	66	35	96	83
Imphal West	100.00	91.14	34.58	100.00	100	06	35	100	81
Jiribam	100.00	33.37	00:00	92.00	100	27	0	92	
Kakching	100.00	65.37	59.26	96.30	100	62	59	96	62
Kamjong	82.05	34.69	45.53	29.99	81	29	46	29	
Kangpokpi	98.36	36.50	50.47	85.74	86	31	90	98	99
Nonev	90 98	101	20 55	36 90	CO OC	12	6		1

TABLE IX: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 9

	SDG 9	74	65	51	11	73	99	68	88	91	*	91	91	82	96	87	96	93	62	96	86	100	99	06	72	73	02	74	72	64
	S																													
	Percentage of villages covered by a mobile network.	94	96	69	29	100	88	83	83	88	IInN	92	88	84	86	87	26	95	72	26	86	100	95	100	92	88	91	96	66	80
rmalised values)	Percentage of GPs/villages with internet connection (broadband or cellular)	92	13	39	63	47	48	82	82	87	IInN	92	98	83	26	84	96	94	70	26	86	100	95	100	92	88	91	96	66	80
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Surfaced road as a percentage of total road length	10	56	0	55	43	27	98	87	92	Inn	87	06	78	93	82	93	06	81	88	96	100	71	62	75	93	91	92	06	82
	Percentage of habitations with access to all weather roads under PMGSY and other State schemes	98	96	95	100	100	100	94	100	97	Null	93	86	82	96	93	86	91	94	100	100	100	2	100	27	25	5	10	0	13
	Percentage of villages covered by a mobile network.	93.94	96.32	69.31	67.48	101.67	87.78	82.97	83.33	88.83	Inn	92.46	88.11	84.14	97.94	86.55	96.58	94.85	72.28	97.10	98.39	100.00	94.74	100.00	92.35	87.61	91.11	96.30	98.92	79.55
TNES	Percentage of GPs/villages with internet connection (broadband or cellular)	95.45	12.50	38.61	62.58	46.67	47.78	82.07	82.38	87.48	IInN	92.30	85.98	82.84	97.19	83.92	96.49	93.94	70.35	97.10	98.39	100.00	94.74	100.00	92.35	87.61	91.11	96.30	98.92	79.55
RAW VALUES	Surfaced road as a percentage of total road length	17.50	59.34	8.35	28.60	48.12	32.68	95.61	88.22	92.72	IInN	88.10	20.87	79.62	93.73	86.64	93.96	91.04	82.23	89.49	96.56	100.00	73.49	65.00	76.68	93.48	91.83	95.46	91.10	83.63
	Percentage of habitations with access to all weather roads under PMGSY and other State schemes	95.24	95.92	94.92	100.00	100.00	100.00	94.74	100.00	97.01	IInN	93.10	98.15	82.61	95.83	93.10	98.13	91.67	94.74	100.00	100.00	100.00	69'2	100.00	31.11	29.41	10.53	15.38	5.56	17.86
	District	Pherzawl	Senapati	Tamenglong	Tengnoupal	Thoubal	Ukhrul	East Garo Hills	East Jaintia Hills	East Khasi Hills	Eastem West Khasi Hills	North Garo Hills	Ri Bhoi	South Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	South West Khasi Hills	West Garo Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Khasi Hills	Aizawl	Champhai	Hnahthial	Khawzawl	Kolasib	Lawngtlai	Lunglei	Mamit	Saitual	Serchhip	Siaha
													alaya	Megh										ш	isorai	W				

	8DG 9	*	98		83	82	7.7	0.2	*	*	29	73	*	*	49	64	45	0.2	64	11	89	0.2	29	92	93	94	94	86	94	76	86	100
	Percentage of villages covered by a mobile network.	IInN	100	77	96	100	86	82	IInN	IInN	82	86	IInN	IInN	75	98	74	100	100	100	100	100	100	91	88	66	86	100	26	100	100	100
ormalised values)	Percentage of GPs/villages with internet connection (broadband or cellular)	IInN	66	29	88	93	26	74	IInN	IInN	29	96	IInN	IInN	75	75	64	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	88	87	93	86	87	86	66	100
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Surfaced road as a percent- age of total road length	IInN	47	33	63	43	23	49	IInN	IInN	257	36	IInN	IInN	19	26	17	99	44	02	64	02	56	93	94	88	06	95	06	91	93	100
	Percentage of habitations with access to all weather roads under PMGSY and other State schemes	IInN	100	41	84	92	06	75	IInN	IInN	62	63	IInN	IInN	29	89	23	15	11	13	8	6	11	26	100	100	16	100	100	100	100	100
	Percentage of villages covered by a mobile network.	IInN	100.00	77.14	95.88	100.00	19.76	81.97	IInN	IInN	81.61	97.98	IInN	IInN	74.59	85.71	74.12	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	91.39	89.02	99.19	19.76	100.00	97.04	100.00	100.00	100
ILUES	Percentage of GPs/villages with internet connection (broadband or cellular)	IInN	98.59	59.05	87.63	93.48	96.51	73.77	IInN	IInN	66.67	92.96	IInN	IInN	74.59	75.19	64.12	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	86.09	88.44	87.10	93.02	98.22	86.98	97.80	98.82	100
RAW VALUES	Surfaced road as a percent- age of total road length	IInN	51.16	38.61	65.88	47.66	29.02	53.31	IInN	IInN	60.34	41.51	IInN	IInN	25.44	32.18	24.38	98.96	48.81	72.60	67.11	72.95	59.73	93.55	94.06	89.11	99.06	95.58	90.91	91.63	93.30	100
	Percentage of habitations with access to all weather roads under PMGSY and other State schemes	IInN	100.00	44.23	84.75	92.73	90.32	76.60	IInN	IInN	63.95	65.22	IInN	IInN	32.84	69.63	27.75	19.70	15.58	17.47	13.40	13.77	15.48	97.46	100.00	100.00	96.83	100.00	100.00	89.68	100.00	100
	District	Chumoukedima	Dimapur	Kiphire	Kohima	Longleng	Mokokchung	Mon	Noklak	Niuland	Peren	Phek	Shamator	Tseminyu	Tuensang	Wokha	Zunheboto	Gangtok	Gyalshing	Mangan	Namchi	Pakyong	Soreng	Dhalai	Gomati	Khowai	North Tripura	Sepahijala	South Tripura	Unakoti	West Tripura	Target
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TABLE IX: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 9

TABLE X: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 10

	SDG 10	62	*	35	82	82	33	75	*	81	77	99	64	30	72	33	44	63	84	74	43	49	99	25	64	74	20	44
	Persons with Disability (PWDs) offered employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by PWDs under MGNREGA	43	IInN	15	100	100	0	06	IluN	100	100	100	64	0	100	11	6	06	100	66	26	43	74	0	100	100	30	46
NDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Women offered employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by women under MGNREGA em	63	IInN	11	89	55	24	57	IInN	26	37	17	28	26	31	14	31	14	72	43	10	16	33	8	23	32	28	14
	Percentage of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous councils, VCs, VEcs	08	IInN	62	78	91	74	62	Null	98	93	82	100	65	82	75	93	84	81	62	92	68	92	99	02	91	92	72
	Persons with Disability (PWDs) offered employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by PWDs under MGNREGA	33.33	IInN	11.67	100.00	93.67	0.00	70.59	IluN	84.62	78.26	80.00	20.00	00:00	100:00	8.33	6.97	99.02	100.00	77.78	20.00	33.33	57.89	00:00	91.48	99.61	23.81	36.00
RAW VALUES	Women offered employment as a per- centage of total employment demanded by women under MGNREGA	70.16	IInN	28.52	74.28	63.63	39.05	65.41	IInN	64.63	49.78	33.16	42.66	40.61	44.69	30.69	44.64	30.95	77.22	54.38	28.16	32.89	45.97	25.96	38.18	45.84	42.63	31.07
	Percentage of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous connoils, VCs, VECs	44.87	Null	44.35	43.66	51.00	41.52	44.35	Null	48.44	52.08	45.93	59.01	36.40	47.66	42.00	52.14	47.04	45.54	44.10	51.52	20.00	51.60	37.07	39.08	50.91	51.83	40.61
	District	Anjaw	Bichom	Changlang	Dibang Valley	East Kameng	East Siang	Kamle	Keyi Panyor	Kra Daadi	Kurung Kumey	Leparada	Lohit	Longding	Lower Dibang Valley	Lower Siang	Lower Subansiri	Namsai	Pakke Kessang	Papum Pare	Shi Yomi	Siang	Tawang	Tirap	Upper Siang	Upper Subansiri	West Kameng	West Slang
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Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Front Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE X: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 10

	SDG 10	*	51	54	89	61	29	09	46	65	49	26	64	61	57	69	63	65	67	57	53	45	29	44	09	0.2	62	0.2	89	62	09	22	*	09	39	39
	Persons with Disability (PWDs) offered employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by PWDs under MGNREGA	IINV	33	27	45	32	18	31	33	42	22	31	38	100	21	28	44	28	43	18	4	31	33	36	28	02	26	42	42	43	24	40	IInN	20	25	17
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Women offered employment as a per- centage of total employment demanded by women under MGNREGA	IINU	02	44	29	55	64	09	59	89	32	58	57	21	51	53	47	29	62	58	56	09	72	53	56	45	61	70	73	09	56	78	IInN	63	53	09
	Percentage of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous Councils, VCs, VECs	IInN	IInN	91	92	95	96	88	Inn	91	93	81	66	IIN	100	96	66	66	26	96	100	Inn	26	IInN	95	96	100	86	68	84	100	46	IInN	86	IInN	IInN
	Persons with Disability (PWDs) offered employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by PWDs under MGNREGA	IInN	25.61	21.47	34.84	25.28	14.24	24.35	26.03	32.58	17.36	24.04	29.67	100.00	16.39	22.04	34.82	21.97	33.46	13.79	3.45	24.29	25.50	28.25	22.16	54.72	20.39	33.25	33.14	33.96	18.58	31.56	Inv	15.82	19.29	13.64
RAW VALUES	Women offered employment as a per- centage of total employment demanded by women under MGNREGA	Inu	75.61	55.21	73.15	63.54	71.47	09.29	67.45	70.39	45.75	65.94	65.37	36.69	60.72	62.62	57.48	73.34	69.39	66.23	64.51	62.59	77.92	61.92	64.88	55.73	68.71	75.90	78.49	67.72	64.56	82.72	IInN	70.33	62.71	67.94
	Percentage of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous Councils, VCs, VEGS	Null	Null	51.20	51.46	53.54	53.81	49.89	Null	51.37	52.10	45.46	55.40	Null	57.69	54.07	55.36	55.64	54.32	53.27	57.36	Null	54.40	IInN	53.59	53.69	57.12	55.28	50.06	47.15	56.63	25.65	IInN	54.81	IInN	IIN
	District	Bajali	Baksa	Barpeta	Biswanath	Bongaigaon	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong
																		u	1888	A																

TABLE X: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 10

SDG 10 92 Persons with Disability (PWDs) offered employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by PWDs under MGNREGA Not included in ranking Please refer to Pg. 15 for details Women offered employment as a per-centage of total employment demanded by women under MGNREGA * Percentage of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous Councils, VCs, VECs 0 0 0 34 87 87 100 84.21 96.15 100.00 66.67 66.67 100.00 100.00 100.00 Persons with Disability (PWDs) offered employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by PWDs under MGNREGA 48.63 85.00 53.70 87.30 27.47 38.46 0.00 77.78 82.14 82.14 82.50 100.00 100.00 78.45 78.47 84.36 87.50 100.00 78.47 84.36 87.50 100.00 77.47 87.50 87. 88.48 72.37 63.49 48.66 45.40 46.68 48.07 44.10 52.17 40.33 Women offered employment as a per-centage of total employment demanded by women under MGNREGA RAW VALUES Percentage of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous Councils, VCs, VECs Kamjong East Garo Hills East Jaintia Hills Ri Bhoi South West Garo Hills South West Khasi Hills West Jaintia Hills West Khasi Hills Kangpokpi Noney Senapati Hnahthial Kakching Pherzawl Tamenglong Tengnoupal Thoubal Champhai Khawzawl Kolasib Lawngtlai Saitual Serchhip Chandel Jiribam Ukhrul East Khasi Hills Eastern West Khasi Hills North Garo Hills South Garo Hills West Garo Hills Aizawl Bishnupur Churachandpur Imphal East Imphal West District Manipur мевизізуа MIIZORAM

Achiever (100)

Front Runner (65-99)

Performer (50-64)

Aspirant (0-49)

Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Pront Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE X: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 10

	SDG 10	*	46	29	52	38	67	7.8	*	*	77	43	*	*	26	22	13	54	28	69	62	62	99	74	72	69	76	7.1	65	6.2	29	100
	<u>∞</u>																															
	Persons with Disability (PWDs) offered employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by PWDs under MGNREGA	IInN	09	2	49	51	100	100	IInN	Null	80	53	Null	Null	15	43	6	31	39	87	63	87	41	66	85	06	06	82	73	95	62	100
INDEX SCORE (Normalised Values)	Women offered employment as a per- centage of total employment demanded by women under MGNREGA	IInN	32	42	55	24	30	56	IInN	IInN	74	33	IInN	IInN	37	89	18	49	43	34	37	52	34	43	20	36	57	49	43	61	41	100
	Percentage of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous Coundls, VCs, VECs	Inn	IInN	41	InN	IInN	72	IInN	IInN	Null	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	Null	Inn	Nail	82	92	86	98	86	92	80	80	80	81	80	80	81	81	100
	Persons with Disability (PWDs) offered employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by PWDs under MGNREGA.	IInN	46.86	4.30	38.10	40.00	93.33	92.59	IInN	IInN	62.50	41.24	IInN	Null	11.81	33.33	06:90	23.91	30.67	68.18	48.94	68.42	31.82	77.30	66.74	70.07	10.69	64.49	56.99	74.23	61.66	78.27
RAW VALUES	Women offered employment as a per- centage of total employment demanded by women under MGNREGA	Inn	45.11	53.50	63.75	39.00	44.01	64.92	IInN	IInN	78.78	46.32	IInN	IInN	49.12	74.14	34.30	58.72	54.56	47.43	49.79	61.41	47.40	54.08	59.75	49.08	65.61	59.38	54.24	69.01	52.75	100
	Percentage of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs. District Autonomous Councils, VCs, VECs	IInN	Null	23.02	IIN	Null	40.51	Null	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	Null	IInN	IInN	Inn	46.10	51.76	48.12	48.40	55.03	51.50	44.72	44.67	44.95	45.30	45.12	44.99	45.41	45.57	56.18
	District	Chumoukedima	Dimapur	Kiphire	Kohima	Longleng	Mokokchung	Mon	Noklak	Niuland	Peren	Phek	Shamator	Tseminyu	Tuensang	Wokha	Zunheboto	Gangtok	Gyalshing	Mangan	Namchi	Pakyong	Soreng	Dhalai	Gomati	Khowai	North Tripura	Sepahijala	South Tripura	Unakoti	West Tripura	Target
									land	sgeN										kim	Siki		-				nra	q'nT				

Protection of the content of the c	Participation Participatio	OR TABLES																											• •	• •	• •	• •	•	• •
Participation Participatio	Part	SDG 11	*	*	*	*	*	85	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	70	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	83	74	77
Control of	Particular Par	Percentage of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Treated out of focal MSW generated (TPD)	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IIN	20	IIN	IIN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	16	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	43	35	37
Processes completed Processes and Processes Processes and Processe	Processes completed Processes and Processes Processes and Processe	intrage of individ- rousehold tollers istructed against	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	100	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IIN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	49	IInu	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	100	100	100
Principle Prin	Protection of the control of the c	Percentage of wards with waste collection	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	100	IInN	IIN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IIN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	100	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	100	100	100
Public	Public Procession (Manage Computed American (Ma	Deaths due to road ac- cidents per 1,00,000 population	IInN	IInN	IIN	IIN	IIN	77	IIN	IIN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	26	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	26	91	91
District Annual February (Manuer) Presentage of ward for found of the post of the	District Annual Section Precentage of wards for location of the mode and an analyse of the mode and	Houses completed under Pradhan Manti Awas Yojana (PMAY) and/or other schemes as a percentage of net demand assessment (Urban)	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	100	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IIN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	87	IInu	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	75	44	26
Destrict Anjame Augus competed and Augus Some (Link) Anjame Augus Some (Link) Augu	Bestingting from the found of the formulation o	Percentage of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) treated out of flotal MSW generated (TPD)	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	20.00	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInu	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	16.38	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IINN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	43.40	35.00	37.02
Houses completed and according to the baths of the bath Martin Parks Yoland Phany Parks Yoland Phany Parks Yoland Phany Parks Rameng assessment demand assessment (Lihan) Clear Stameng Parks Rameng Nutil Nutil Parks Paryon Parks Rameng Nutil Nutil Nutil Rameng Rameng Nutil Nutil Nutil Nutil Rameng Rameng Nutil N	Houses completed and according to the baths of the bath Martin Parks Yoland Phany Parks Yoland Phany Parks Yoland Phany Parks Rameng assessment demand assessment (Lihan) Clear Stameng Parks Rameng Nutil Nutil Parks Paryon Parks Rameng Nutil Nutil Nutil Rameng Rameng Nutil Nutil Nutil Nutil Rameng Rameng Nutil N	Percentage of individual household tollets constructed against target (SBM(U))	In	InN	In	In	In	163.11	In	In	II N	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	52.97	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	Null	IInN	IInu	IInN	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00
Houses completed under Practise MANY) and volume (PhANY) and volume (PhANY) and volume (Phankas Volame (Phankas Volame (Uhan)) and volume (Uhan) (Uha	Houses completed under Practise MANY) and volume (PhANY) and volume (PhANY) and volume (Phankas Volame (Phankas Volame (Uhan)) and volume (Uhan) (Uha		IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	100.00	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	100.00	IInu	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00
Houses completed under Practise MANY) and volume (PhANY) and volume (PhANY) and volume (Phankas Volame (Phankas Volame (Uhan)) and volume (Uhan) (Uha	Houses completed under Practise Marky) and vot of the statemes as a percentage of near Changland (Lhan) and vot of the statemes as a percentage of near Changland (Lhan) bibang Valley (Kamle East Kamle Kenyl Panyor Kamle Nutil Keyl Panyor Nutil Lower Slang Nutil Lower Slang Nutil Pakke Kessang Nutil Triap Nutil Upper Slang Nutil Upper Slang Nutil Upper Slang Nutil Balah Sang Barpeta Nutil Balah Nutil Balah Sang Barpeta Sang Nutil Balah Sang Barpeta Sang Nutil Balah Sang Barpeta S	Deaths due to road ac- cidents per 1,00,000 population	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	20.88	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	7.93	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	7.79	11.92	11.91
District Cha Cha Dibang East K East Kurung Kurung Lower Dibang Lower Sul Lower Sul Upper Sul West K West K West K	District Change East Keyi East Keyi Keyi Kerung Kurung Ley Lower Dibang Lower Sul Upper Sul West Keyi West Keyi Bisn Bang		IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	100.00	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	86.77	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	74.95	43.82	55.82
		iet	Anjaw	Bichom	Changlang	Dibang Valley	East Kameng	East Siang	Kamle	Keyi Panyor	Kra Daadi	Kurung Kumey	Leparada	Lohit	Longding	Lower Dibang Valley	Lower Siang	Lower Subansiri	Namsai	Pakke Kessang	Papum Pare	Shi Yomi	Siang	Tawang	Tirap	Upper Siang	Upper Subansiri	West Kameng	West Siang	Bajali	Baksa	Barpeta	Biswanath	Bongaigaon
	пред пред пред пред пред пред пред пред	Dist																																

Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Front Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE XI: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 11

	SDG 11	82	89	82	81	75	84	81	81	80	11	91	82	87	79	9/	81	82	98	80	*	88	75	81	98	81	*	*	84	77	84
	Percentage of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Treated out of trial MSW generated (TPD)	62	16	49	50	37	53	69	64	46	56	29	54	80	39	14	63	62	0.2	58	IInN	70	64	56	71	73	IInN	IInN	28	43	72
alues)	Percentage of individ- ual household toliets constructed against target (SBM(U))	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	InN	IInN	100	100	100
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of wards with waste collection	100	100	100	100	100	26	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IluN	100	99	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100
INDEX	Deaths due to road ac- cidents per 1, 00,000 population	26	100	93	66	85	66	96	97	91	91	100	16	100	88	78	98	100	95	06	IInN	86	06	87	94	06	IInN	IInN	86	98	100
	Houses completed under Pradhan Mantri Awas Vigans (PMAY) and/or other schemes as a percentage of net demand assessment demand assessment	20	23	69	55	54	72	39	43	61	38	98	09	52	99	88	46	48	29	54	IInN	73	53	09	29	42	IInN	IInN	64	48	46
	Percentage of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) treated out of total MSW generated (TPD)	62.10	16.00	49.12	50.11	36.76	53.45	00.69	63.95	46.25	56.29	66.67	54.44	80.17	38.83	13.91	62.60	61.98	70.02	58.10	IInN	70.36	63.70	56.07	71.40	72.90	IInN	IInN	57.73	42.76	71.83
	Percentage of individ- ual household toliets constructed against target (SBM(U))	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	Null	100.00	100.00	100.00
RAW VALUES	Percentage of wards with waste collection	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	98.25	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	76.71	100.00	100.00	130.00	InN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Deaths due to road ac- cidents per 1,00,000 population	7.83	5.23	10.58	6.57	15.74	6.67	8.14	7.94	11.51	11.44	3.19	7.52	5.84	13.05	20.18	8.93	5.37	9.02	12.47	IInN	6.79	12.05	14.51	9.39	12.20	IIn	IInN	6.78	8.90	3.39
	Houses completed under Pradhan Mantri Awas Vojana (PMAY) and of other schemes as a percentage of net demand assessment (Urban)	49.56	23.26	68.71	54.84	54.16	71.95	38.57	42.99	60.87	38.06	85.95	59.62	54.56	66.35	87.69	45.81	48.01	80'.29	54.09	IInN	72.50	53.18	00.00	66.51	42.11	IInN	IInN	63.69	48.08	45.86
	District	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong
																am	ssA														

Not included in ranking
*
Achiever (100)
Front Runner (65-99)
Performer (50-64)
Aspirant (0-49)

		SDG 11	81	*	*	98	89	16	87	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	84	*	57	*	87	*	42	*	53	*	*	28	09	*	73	65	71	89	62	63	64	72	62	99	19
		Percentage of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) treated out of total MSW generated (TPD)	35	IInN	IInN	34	56	100	51	In	IInN	IInN	InV	In	IInN	IInN	26	Null	0	IInN	74	IInN	25	IInN	0	IInN	IInN	11	10	IInN	64	6	54	23	6	16	9	20	19	12	13
	alues)	Percentage of individual household toilets constructed against target (SBM(U))	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	Null	II n	In	Null	IInN	100	InN	0	Null	100	IInN	1	IInN	18	IInN	IInN	8	9	In	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	INDEX SCURE (Normalised values)	Percentage of wards with waste collection	100	IINN	IInN	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	IInN	Null	IInN	IInN	IlnN	100	IInN	100	IInN	100	IInN	0	IInN	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
ALIGN:	INDEX	Deaths due to road ac- cidents per 1,00,000 population	91	IInN	IInN	100	100	95	94	IInN	IInN	Null	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	86	IInN	100	IInN	86	IInN	86	IInN	100	Null	IInN	96	86	Null	87	06	100	96	81	92	94	86	99	100	84
		Houses completed under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) and/or other schemes as a percentage of net demand assessment (Urban)	80	IInN	IInN	95	91	06	92	IInN	IInN	IIn	II n	In	Null	IInN	96	IInN	86	IInN	65	IInN	86	IInN	46	IInN	IInN	74	84	IInN	13	25	0	22	18	7	18	41	24	20	7
		Percentage of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) treated out of total MSW generated (TPD)	34.66	IInN	IInN	34.46	56.09	100.00	50.63	II N	IInN	IInN	In	InN	IInN	IInN	25.99	Nall	0.00	IInN	74.47	IInN	25.00	IInN	0.00	IInN	IInN	10.96	10.00	IInN	63.58	8.98	54.13	22.62	9.10	15.70	5.54	20.00	18.60	12.14	13.21
		Percentage of individual household toilets constructed against target (SBM(U))	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	In	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	100.00	Null	77.7	IInN	100.00	IInN	89.8	IInN	24.19	In	IInN	15.51	13.37	In	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	KAW VALUES	Percentage of wards with waste collection	100.00	IInN	IINN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	InN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	100.00	IInN	100.00	IInN	100.00	IInN	30.77	IINN	100.00	IINN	IInN	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	ĺ	Deaths due to road accidents per 1,00,000 population	11.79	IInN	IInN	2.91	3.09	9.12	09.6	IInN	Null	II N	Null	IINN	IInN	IInN	6.88	In	3.43	IlnN	7.39	IInN	6.97	IInN	1.41	IIn	IInN	8.59	7.35	In	14.15	12.51	3.51	8.14	17.87	11.03	9.87	6.95	27.67	6.12	15.91
		Houses completed under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) Dand, or other schemes as a percentage of net demand assessment (Urban)	79.95	IInN	IIn	95.09	91.28	89.77	91.73	IInN	IlnN	In	IInN	IInN	IluN	IInN	95.57	IInN	85.71	IInN	64.97	IInN	82.78	IIn	45.57	InN	IInN	74.15	84.02	In	13.49	25.37	00:00	21.81	17.60	6.55	18.43	41.22	23.81	20.10	7.38
		District	Bishnupur	Chandel	Churachandpur	Imphal East	Imphal West	Jiribam	Kakching	Kamjong	Kangpokpi	Noney	Pherzawl	Senapati	Tamenglong	Tengnoupal	Thoubal	Ukhrul	East Garo Hills	East Jaintia Hills	East Khasi Hills	Eastem West Khasi Hills	North Garo Hills	Ri Bhoi	South Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	South West Khasi Hills	West Garo Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Khasi Hills	Aizawl	Champhai	Hnahthial	Khawzawl	Kolasib	Lawngtlai	Lunglei	Mamit	Saitual	Serchhip	Siaha
		Dis								ipur	nsM												В	alaya	үдэү	N							ш	zora	!W						

Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Pront Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE XI: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 11

Proceedings		SDG 11	*	83	84	87	81	85	85	*	*	80	84	*	*	62	86	88	98	82	72	87	98	*	46	100	86	100	66	98	100	66	100
Point of the column o		f Munici- e (MSW) t of total ed (TPD)	IInN	54	54	22	54	22	54	Null	Null	54	54	IIn	Null	54	54	54	49	22	64	63	99	IIN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Object Amonto official control of the con		Percentage of pal Solid Wast treated ou MSW generat																															
Position of Control Con	alues)	Percentage of individual household toilets constructed against target (SBM(U))	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	85	100	91	100	95	77	100	100	100
Position of Control Con	SCORE (Normalised w	Percentage of wards with waste collection	IInN	100	7.0	100	71	100	82	IluN	IlinN	73	100	IInN	IInN	64	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Comment of the manual control of the manual	INDEX 8	Deaths due to road accidents per 1,00,000 population	IInN	83	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	96	100	0	94	89	IInN	100	66	100	100	66	86	100	96	100
Désirir AMW MALLES Preventage of vanidation with found production of the most of female part 1,000,000 Preventage of variety and mater part 1,000,00 Preventage of variety and mater part 1		Houses completed under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) and yor other schemes as a percentage of net demand assessment (Urban)	IInN	62	86	80	77	71	88	IInN	IInN	71	65	IInN	IInN	92	74	98	82	57	94	80	86	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Protecting of the transfer of tr		Percentage of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) treated out of total MSW generated (TPD)	IInN	54.43	54.34	54.55	54.29	54.55	54.41	IInN	IInN	53.97	54.47	IInN	IInN	54.41	54.39	54.40	49.08	54.55	64.47	62.86	65.85	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100
Percentage of many assessment		Percentage of individual household toilets constructed against target (SBM(U))	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	IInN	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	86.44	134.59	91.55	100.00	95.64	78.56	122.69	123.17	100
Houses completed Ander Prachan Mantri Ander Prachan Mantri Ander Prachan Mantri Andro Or other schemes as a percentage of net Andro Or other schemes as a percentage of net (Urban) Chumoukedima Null Riphire Poren Nokokchung Nokokchung Poren Nokokchung Nokid Nokokchung Nokid Nokokchung Nokid Nokokchung Poren Nokid Nokid Nokid Nokid Nokid Nokid Null Tseminyu Tsemin	RAW VALUES	Percentage of wards with waste collection	IInN	100.00	79.31	100.00	80.00	100.00	87.23	IInN	IInN	81.48	100.00	IInN	IInN	75.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100
Houses completed Ander Prachan Mantri Ander Prachan Mantri Ander Prachan Mantri Andro Or other schemes as a percentage of net Andro Or other schemes as a percentage of net (Urban) Chumoukedima Null Riphire Poren Nokokchung Nokokchung Poren Nokokchung Nokid Nokokchung Nokid Nokokchung Nokid Nokokchung Poren Nokid Nokid Nokid Nokid Nokid Nokid Null Tseminyu Tsemin		Deaths due to road accidents per 1,00,000 population	IInN	16.64	0.00	1.89	0.00	4.11	1.60	IInN	IInN	0.00	3.67	IInN	IInN	0.00	1.80	0.71	8.20	1.40	70.92	9.53	26.51	IInN	4.76	6.29	6.11	5.75	6.25	6.94	2.06	8.39	5.8
Chumou Chumou Chumou District I L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L			IInN	79.44	69'26	79.79	77.24	70.56	87.80	IInN	IInN	70.63	64.55	IInN	IInN	75.52	74.20	85.59	84.83	56.96	94.44	79.86	92.26	IInN	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100
		t	Chumoukedima	Dimapur	Kiphire	Kohima	Longleng	Mokokchung	Mon	Noklak	Niuland	Peren	Phek	Shamator	Tseminyu	Tuensang	Wokha	Zunheboto	Gangtok	Gyalshing	Mangan	Namchi	Pakyong	Soreng	Dhalai	Gomati	Khowai	North Tripura	Sepahijala	South Tripura	Unakoti	West Tripura	Target
		Distri								יימוום	egari										IIIIv	Nic						pin	dııı				

TABLE XII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 12

	SDG 12	53	*	89	44	51	69	89	*	89	69	51	65	55	02	09	52	69	46	46	96	69	56	58	54	49	47	72	*	7	29	57	09	51	52	52
	0.0	70	=	80	71	78	99	92	=	62	2	35	2	8	3	=	8	4	=	0	=	7	3	74	2	43	74		=	=	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Plastic waste generated per 10,000 population (Tonnes/Annum)	7	IInN	8	2	2	9	6	IInN	7	82	3	82	88	83	IInN	48	84	IInN		IInN	29	63	12	52	4	7	29	Null	IIN	100	100	100	100	100	100
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of area under micro/minor irrigation in the district	31	IInN	49	9	31	48	40	IInV	43	41	55	23	17	42	45	36	26	32	58	100	47	14	30	38	37	9	79	IIN	7	19	14	19	1	5	4
	Area under jhum cultivation as a percentage of total area under agriculture	58	IInN	74	56	44	93	73	Null	83	82	64	92	59	84	75	73	29	09	62	91	65	06	71	89	89	62	71	InN	Null	IInN	IInN	InN	Null	Null	Inv
	Plastic waste generated per 10,000 population (Tonnes/Annum)	168.99	IInN	110.56	164.17	121.73	192.05	44.45	Null	117.23	101.36	362.25	102.66	19.79	97.86	IInN	293.02	87.87	IInN	559.57	Null	186.39	207.33	145.10	253.19	320.39	145.16	182.08	Null	InN	0.61	1.35	0.35	1.35	0.78	1.31
RAW VALUES	Percentage of area under micro/minor irrigation in the district	19.37	Null	30.29	3.90	19.10	30.01	24.87	IInN	26.86	25.86	34.15	14.33	10.65	26.38	27.77	22.72	15.95	20.04	36.27	63.07	29.03	8.78	18.66	23.90	22.79	3.97	49.45	Nall	4.30	11.59	8.71	11.92	0.81	2.91	2.79
	Area under jhum cultivation as a per- centage of total area under agriculture	37.71	IInN	22.98	39.17	49.84	6.46	23.67	Null	15.02	13.42	32.31	7.35	36.75	14.38	22.48	24.26	29.72	35.64	18.32	7.65	31.09	8.89	26.09	28.05	28.78	34.00	26.17	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInu	IInN	IInN	Inv
	District	Anjaw	Bichom	Changlang	Dibang Valley	East Kameng	East Siang	Kamle	Keyi Panyor	Kra Daadi	Kurung Kumey	Leparada	Lohit	Longding	Lower Dibang Valley	Lower Siang	Lower Subansiri	Namsai	Pakke Kessang	Papum Pare	Shi Yomi	Siang	Tawang	Tirap	Upper Siang	Upper Subansiri	West Kameng	West Siang	Bajali	Baksa	Barpeta	Biswanath	Bongaigaon	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang
													ųsа	Prade	сраі	kruna	∀															esun	esA			

Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Pront Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE XII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 12

	SDG 12					62	65		89					67				27						∞	*		99	99		40	40					34	44	36	46		29	41	19	09
	Plastic waste generated per 10,000 population (Tonnes/Annum)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IINU	100	100	100	100	100	IINN	IIN	100	100	100	78	82	82	71	99	80	79	83	82	87	82	82	62	82	77	82
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of area under micro/minor irrigation in the district	22	7	15	ю	0	31	6	4	6	4	7	2	3	1	13	S	27	13	23	ß	2	12	8	IIN	4	12	5	8	9	8	12	7	8	ß	8	11	ß	2	19	8	9	ß	23
	Area under jhum cultivation as a per- centage of total area under agriculture	IInN	Null	Inv	Inv	86	Null	Null	100	Null	Inn	Null	Null	97	IInN	IInu	IIN	IIIN	IINV	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Null	Inn	93	100	32	31	100	100	100	100	10	41	15	54	49	0	34	100	92
	Plastic waste generated per 10,000 population (Tonnes/Annum)	06:0	0.37	0.53	1.07	0.64	06:0	0.32	0.16	0.14	1.00	0.34	1.58	0.21	0.22	76.0	0.18	IINV	0.65	0.20	1.47	0.09	0.48	IInN	IINN	0.26	1.62	0.15	124.43	102.53	101.19	163.31	192.15	111.55	114.99	95.32	100.75	72.72	98.50	100.77	116.74	98.36	128.40	102.77
RAW VALUES	Percentage of area under micro/minor irrigation in the district	13.67	4.44	9.25	1.92	0.00	19.25	5.34	2.31	5.38	2.60	4.22	1.13	2.17	0.64	7.94	3.01	16.72	8.04	14.08	3.17	1.47	7.60	4.70	IINN	2.36	7.65	2.82	20.02	3.81	5.01	7.28	4.33	1.93	3.41	4.83	69.9	3.22	1.11	11.93	4.68	3.80	3.00	14.63
	Area under jhum cultivation as a per- centage of total area under agriculture	IInN	IINN	IInN	IInN	12.55	IINN	IIN	0.31	IIN	IIN	IIN	IIN	2.66	IInN	IINN	IInN	IINN	IInN	IIN	IInu	IInV	IInN	IInN	IInN	IInu	II nV	6.19	0.00	59.99	61.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	80.07	52.59	75.75	40.90	45.60	72.88	58.77	0.00	21.37
	District	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong	Bishnupur	Chandel	Churachandpur	Imphal East	Imphal West	Jiribam	Kakching	Kamjong	Kangpokpi	Noney	Pherzawl	Senapati	Tamenglong	Tengnoupal	Thoubal	Ukhrul

Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE XII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 12

	SDG 12	59	42	02	*	73	75	74	92	42	78	6.2	06	74	85	92	73	84	62	99	52	78	06	09
	00 (m	96	Null	95	IInN	100	100	100	Null	Null	96	100	100	86	66	100	66	66	100	66	100	66	66	66
	Plastic waste generated per 10,000 population (Tonnes/Annum)		-			1		1				1	1						1		1			
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of area under micro/minor irrigation in the district	19	6	16	IInN	34	36	40	85	3	45	38	100	70	100	96	65	73	19	27	15	100	100	25
	Area under jhum cultivation as a per- centage of total area under agriculture	63	75	86	Null	98	88	82	66	79	92	66	71	54	56	35	56	79	99	43	40	35	72	55
	Plastic waste generated per 10,000 population (Tonnes/Annum)	21.34	Null	26.68	Inul	0.00	00:00	0.00	Inn	Inn	19.75	1.52	0.00	8.46	4.99	2.52	4.26	5.58	1.77	4.67	2.29	3.88	4.90	4.44
RAW VALUES	Percentage of area under micro/minor irrigation in the district	11.75	5.59	9.94	Null	21.03	22.57	25.04	52.86	3.37	27.95	23.77	82.37	43.68	62.87	59.14	40.51	45.57	11.84	16.83	9.44	72.90	73.94	15.62
	Area under jhum cultivation as a per- centage of total area under agriculture	32.77	22.48	1.53	IInN	12.34	10.67	16.31	1.33	18.89	6.93	0.52	26.04	41.17	39.26	57.88	38.99	18.91	29.79	50.53	53.42	58.14	25.18	39.90
	District	East Garo Hills	East Jaintia Hills	East Khasi Hills	Eastem West Khasi Hills	North Garo Hills	Ri Bhoi	South Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	South West Khasi Hills	West Garo Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Khasi Hills	Aizawl	Champhai	Hnahthial	Khawzawl	Kolasib	Lawngtlai	Lunglei	Mamit	Saitual	Serchhip	Siaha
							alaya	Megh										u	lizorar	N				

Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Front Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE XII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 12

•••••• NER DISTRICT SDG INDEX

TABLE XIII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 13

	SDG 13	33	*	29	33	36	34	35	*	35	34	38	34	35	29	37	39	29	34	34	29	34	33	38	55	89	34	36
	Area under watershed management as a percentage of total geographical area	0	IInN	2	0	8	3	4	IInN	4	7	15	Н	9	2	11	16	2	3	8	0	Н	0	15	0	е	1	80
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Change in forest area (wrt 2021 assessment)	0	IInN	100	0	0	0	0	IInN	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	100	0	0	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0
	Number of human lives lost due to natural calamity per 10,000 population	100	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	Null	100	95	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	65	100	100	100
	Area under watershed management as a percentage of total geographical area	0.07	IInN	0.32	0.04	1.28	0.46	0.59	Nall	69:0	1.19	2.45	0.14	0.92	0.36	1.80	2.57	0.31	0.43	0.55	00:00	0.14	0.00	2.39	00:00	0.51	0.23	1.35
RAW VALUES	Change in forest area (wrt 2021 assessment)	-8.00	IInN	50.16	-7.44	-29.33	-1.75	-5.63	Inn	-4.27	-21.70	-10.66	-2.54	-9.80	12.66	-9.02	-14.99	7.84	-11.46	-5.40	35.45	-1.75	-6.84	-37.78	2.54	16.23	-9.43	-20.01
	Number of human lives lost due to natural calamity per 10,000 population	00:00	IInN	00:00	00:00	00:00	00.00	00:00	IInN	00:00	0.22	00.00	00.00	00:00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00:00	00:00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00:00	00.00	1.70	00.00	00.00	0.00
	District	Anjaw	Bichom	Changlang	Dibang Valley	East Kameng	East Siang	Kamle	Keyi Panyor	Kra Daadi	Kurung Kumey	Leparada	Lohit	Longding	Lower Dibang Valley	Lower Siang	Lower Subansiri	Namsai	Pakke Kessang	Papum Pare	Shi Yomi	Siang	Tawang	Tirap	Upper Siang	Upper Subansiri	West Kameng	West Siang
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TABLE XIII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 13

	SDG 13	*	73	38	99	40	35	74	38	72	69	71	0.2	35	7.1	69	41	73	72	02	39	89	33	37	02	77	72	38	02	7.1	99	33	*	69	38	36
	Area under watershed management as a percentage of total geographical area	IIN	18	13	0	20	ı,	23	17	17	8	14	6	9	13	8	23	18	17	6	16	ഥ	0	11	10	32	17	13	10	16	100	0	IInN	8	15	6
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Change in forest area (wrt 2021 assessment)	IInN	100	0	100	0	0	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	0	100	100	100	0	100	0	0	100	100	100	0	100	100	0	0	IINN	100	0	0
	Number of human lives lost due to natural calamity per 10,000 population	IInN	100	100	66	66	100	100	86	66	66	100	100	66	66	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	66	100	100	66	100	100	66	86	66	100	IINN	100	100	100
	Area under watershed management as a percentage of total geographical area	Null	2.99	2.19	0.00	3.33	0.90	3.72	2.72	2.84	1.29	2.28	1.48	0.92	2.10	1.25	3.77	2.97	2.82	1.51	2.63	0.77	0.00	1.81	1.72	5.23	2.82	2.19	1.69	2.64	24.08	0.00	Null	1.32	2.43	1.45
RAW VALUES	Change in forest area (wrt 2021 . assessment)	InN	7.43	-0.77	5.21	-1.47	-16.77	0.47	-14.38	2.61	15.36	1.94	0.64	-93.27	11.60	36.06	-16.60	0.52	18.79	6.30	-2.11	22.88	-2.70	-3.16	11.05	4.24	3.25	-0.02	0.08	3.90	-2.02	-1.94	IInN	3.65	-3.33	-9.20
	Number of human lives lost due to natural calamity per 10,000 population	IInN	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.01	0.00	0.08	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	90.0	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.12	0.03	0.02	IInN	0.02	0.00	00:00
	District	Bajali	Baksa	Barpeta	Biswanath	Bongaigaon	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong
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TABLE XIII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 13

	SDG 13	67	67	29	67	29	29	67	09	29	28	54	66	64	89	99	91	41	45	92	*	46	74	49	47	98	80	99	72
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	62	0	73	61	86	93	67	97	73	26	36	31	=	38	23	46	44	61	40	0	25
	Area under watershed management as a percentage of total geographical area	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	7	100	7	9	6	6	9	6	7	2	3	3	InN	3	2	4	4	9	4	100	2
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Change in forest area (wrt 2021 assessment)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	0	100	IInN	0	100	0	0	100	100	0	100
	Number of human lives lost due to natural calamity per 10,000 population	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	66	100	100	100	100	66	100	6	Null	100	66	100	86	86	66	6	91
	Area under watershed management as a percentage of total geographical area	28.81	19.33	17.90	31.82	29.12	53.80	56.04	13.00	17.17	12.00	10.07	16.18	15.36	11.10	16.03	12.01	4.23	5.85	2.08	IInN	6.29	3.78	7.57	7.30	10.07	9.65	17.72	4.09
RAW VALUES	Change in forest area (wrt 2021 assessment)	-1.17	-22.32	-78.00	-5.26	-1.49	-1.93	-2.90	-21.29	-31.57	-16.79	-59.89	81.61	-38.43	1.55	-0.95	144.00	-28.09	-20.76	13.69	Null	-15.37	0.56	-5.28	-4.59	10.10	12.72	-8.03	12.11
	Number of human lives lost due to natural calamity per 10,000 population	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00:00	00.00	0.07	00.00	00:00	00.00	00:00	0.07	00:00	0.16	Null	00.0	0.04	00:00	0.11	0.10	0.04	0.15	0.46
	District	Bishnupur	Chandel	Churachandpur	Imphal East	Impha! West	Jiribam	Kakching	Kamjong	Kangpokpi	Noney	Pherzawl	Senapati	Tamenglong	Tengnoupal	Thoubal	Ukhrul	East Garo Hills	East Jaintia Hills	East Khasi Hills	Eastern West Khasi Hills	North Garo Hills	Ri Bhoi	South Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	South West Khasi Hills	West Garo Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Khasi Hills
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TABLE XIII: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 13

	SDG 13	37	70	100	100	44	73	36	37	50	02	0/2	*	99	63	99	79	100	99	*	*	67	100	*	*	65	99	99	61	30	58	67	12	77	37	75	42	36	38	71	36	43	100
	Area under watershed management as a percentage of total geographical area	12	10	IINN	IINN	33	18	7	10	Null	10	11	IIN	100	100	100	38	100	100	Null	IINN	100	100	Null	IInN	100	100	100	0	0	4	12	25	54	14	28	32	7	16	15	13	29	100
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Change in forest area (wrt 2021 assessment)	0	100	100	100	0	100	0	0	0	100	100	IInN	0	0	0	100	100	0	IInN	IInN	0	100	IInN	Inn	0	0	0	100	0	100	100	IInN	Inn	0	100	0	0	0	100	0	0	100
	Number of human lives lost due to natural calamity per 10,000 population	66	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	Null	66	88	86	100	100	86	Null	IINN	100	66	Null	IInN	96	66	66	82	91	72	06	0	100	86	26	96	100	86	66	96	66	100
	Area under watershed management as a percentage of total geographical area	2.04	1.58	Inn	Null	5.41	2.98	1.09	1.69	IInN	1.69	1.77	IINN	44.42	36.37	32.57	6.27	32.15	23.96	IINN	IINN	22.50	46.68	IINN	IInN	23.26	31.67	40.39	0.00	0.00	0.62	1.93	4.08	8.82	2.32	4.62	5.18	1.14	2.62	2.43	2.16	4.77	16.46
RAW VALUES	Change in forest area (wrt 2021 , assessment)	-33.64	86.69	114.67	12.89	-37.58	50.17	-30.66	-21.96	-17.56	14.17	104.54	IINN	-3.48	-0.54	-4.15	5.26	14.88	-18.30	IINN	IINN	-8.48	0.88	IINN	IInN	-14.28	-7.99	-15.69	4.46	-1.66	1.45	0.94	IINN	IINN	-44.58	98'9	-23.16	-18.88	-7.35	11.60	-13.52	-6.28	
	Number of human lives lost due to natural calamity per 10,000 population	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	IIN	0.05	0.54	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.08	IIN	IInN	0.00	0.06	Null	IIN	0.19	0.00	0.07	0.87	0.42	1.37	0.48	4.83	0.00	0.11	0.14	0.21	0.00	0.08	0.04	0.18	0.03	0
	District	Aizawl	Champhai	Hnahthial	Khawzawl	Kolasib	Lawngtlai	Lunglei	Mamit	Saitual	Serchhip	Siaha	Chumoukedima	Dimapur	Kiphire	Kohima	Longleng	Mokokchung	Mon	Noklak	Niuland	Peren	Phek	Shamator	Tseminyu	Tuensang	Wokha	Zunheboto	Gangtok	Gyalshing	Mangan	Namchi	Pakyong	Soreng	Dhalai	Gomati	Khowai	North Tripura	Sepahijala	South Tripura	Unakoti	West Tripura	Target
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TABLE XV: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 15

SDG 15 Number of wildlife crime cases reported per 1,000 sq kms of forest area Percentage of wasteland over total geographical area Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area Number of wildlife crime cases reported per 1,000 sq kms of forest area 00.00 Percentage of wasteland over total geographical area 2.06 1.62 10.8 4.06 RAW VALUES 88.69 69.59 77.47 88.07 75.26 65.37 89.91 90.44 95.06 74.56 IIN 70.03 Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area Ę. Tawang Namsai Tirap Bichom Leparada Shi Yomi Siang Upper Siang Anjaw Dibang Valley Kra Daadi Lohit Longding Lower Siang Pakke Kessang West Kameng West Siang Changlang East Kameng East Siang Kamle Keyi Panyor Kurung Kumey Lower Dibang Valley Lower Subansiri Papum Pare District Arunachal Pradesh

99 100 100 99 99 98

Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Pront Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE XV: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 15

			СТ																																	20
	SDG 15	*	83	36	72	84	86	100	66	49	74	55	87	100	80	73	93	96	96	93	94	81	86	88	78	20	72	92	75	85	77	52	*	86	78	100
	Number of wildlife crime cases reported per 1,000 sq kms of forest area	IInN	95	0	100	26	100	100	66	37	94	99	96	100	91	92	100	100	92	96	68	100	66	86	86	100	83	94	100	100	84	100	Null	100	86	100
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of wasteland over total geographical area	IInN	IInN	66	IInN	96	98	Inn	IInN	96	66	91	66	IInN	83	99	78	IInN	96	06	IInN	43	94	99	86	IInN	100	81	86	94	77	IInN	IInN	94	IInN	IInN
	Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area	IInN	0.2	8	44	09	100	100	100	15	30	6	99	100	99	29	100	63	26	96	100	100	100	100	39	0	34	54	27	09	70	4	Null	100	69	100
	Number of wildlife crime cases reported per 1,000 sq kms of forest area	IInN	7.11	135.94	00.0	3.99	00:00	0.00	1.42	85.03	8.41	46.88	5.27	0.00	12.36	10.38	0.00	00:00	7.07	7.24	15.12	0.13	1.17	2.57	3.22	00.00	22.67	8.75	0.00	0.00	21.47	0.00	Null	0.63	2.42	0.00
RAW VALUES	Percentage of wasteland over total geographical area	IInN	IInu	1.95	IInN	3.21	3.66	IInV	Inu	3.28	1.72	5.21	1.93	IInN	9.02	16.07	10.84	Null	3.29	5.65	Null	26.39	3.99	16.23	2.15	IINN	1.48	68.6	2.35	3.89	11.47	Null	IInN	4.03	Null	IInN
	Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area	IInN	24	5.24	16.11	20.76	57.79	35.54	37.02	7.18	11.7	5.42	22.57	82.68	22.73	20.55	58.22	30.73	32.09	31.43	48.51	76.85	46.38	36.73	14.56	2.72	12.94	18.93	10.81	20.77	23.86	3.99	IInN	41.11	20.46	70.15
	District	Bajali	Baksa	Barpeta	Biswanath	Bongaigaon	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong

TABLE XV: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 15

	SDG 15	*	88	100	84	100	77	67	*	*	100	80	*	*	74	87	7.1	66	100	97	66	86	66	93	96	95	95	94	96	97	87	100
	Number of wildlife crime cases reported per 1,000 sq kms of forest area	IIIN	100	100	100	100	100	100	Null	Null	100	100	IInN	IIN	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	IIIN	IInN	100	100	100	66	100	100	100	06	100
INDEX SCORE (Normalised values)	Percentage of wasteland over total geographical area	IInN	65	IInN	53	IIIN	31	0	IIIN	IInN	IInN	41	IInN	IInN	21	09	14	26	66	100	96	26	66	79	88	98	87	83	87	06	70	100
	Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area	IInN	100	100	100	100	100	100	IInN	Null	100	100	IInN	Null	100	100	100	100	100	92	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Number of wildlife crime cases reported per 1,000 sq kms of forest area	IInN	00'0	0.00	00.00	0.00	00:00	0.00	IInN	IInN	0.00	0.00	IluN	IluN	0.00	0.00	0.00	00'0	00.00	00.00	0.00	IInN	IInN	0.54	0.00	00.0	1.18	00.00	00'0	0.00	13.98	0
RAW VALUES	Percentage of wasteland over total geographical area	IInN	16.71	IInN	22.09	IInN	31.38	45	IInN	IInN	IInN	27.01	Null	Null	35.9	18.65	38.79	2.86	2.06	0.88	3.11	2.86	2.06	10.62	6.57	7.7	7.28	8.99	7.12	2.68	14.47	1.41
	Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area	IInN	50.04	71.85	74.5	68.58	83.02	75.91	IInN	IInN	90.84	73.66	IInN	IInN	53.6	79.46	90.01	74.99	67.72	30.53	75.07	74.99	67.72	79.19	74.95	70.07	77.37	62.22	73.11	62.9	63.11	33
	District	Chumoukedima	Dimapur	Kiphire	Kohima	Longleng	Mokokchung	Mon	Noklak	Niuland	Peren	Phek	Shamator	Tseminyu	Tuensang	Wokha	Zunheboto	Gangtok	Gyalshing	Mangan	Namchi	Pakyong	Soreng	Dhalai	Gomati	Khowai	North Tripura	Sepahijala	South Tripura	Unakoti	West Tripura	Target
									puel	egeN										wix	Sik						nra	qirT				

TABLE XVI: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 16

Achiever (100)

SDG 16 69 36 99 Percentage of deaths registered 29 Null 53 22 15 19 24 53 49 Null 24 Ī 16 47 62 2 44 10 E N II N Null 46 54 II. Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar 6 0 100 72 12 98 91 Ī Ī Ī Ī II. 100 II. 09 I Ī 100 Ī II. 72 00 62 97 86 Percentage of births registered Ī 95 93 29 II. II.N 85 98 Ī 98 77 82 Ħ 6/ 42 Ħ 49 Ħ 28 90 82 200 56 94 63 common Service Centres providing on-line services per 10,000 population 0 001 4 4 0 2 4 7 00 Null 85 III. 25 15 22 25 II. 3 10 40 29 5 5 10 Ratio of working strength (to sanctioned strength of Judges (District & Subordinate courts) 0 0 0 III 100 100 100 Null 100 20 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 50 100 100 100 001 Number of missing children per 10,000 population 001 001 Null 100 79 001 100 001 11 90 001 100 100 100 82 001 00 00 100 100 100 Cognizable crimes against children per 10,000 population Ę. 71 001 62 88 II. 88 94 29 26 90 52 62 87 83 77 24 79 74 95 001 83 83 Reported murders per 10,000 population 24 2 0 72 75 II. 46 100 35 44 26 E E 22 81 100 43 100 100 87 83 100 62 29 100 33 33 Percentage of deaths registered 10.5 48.5 17.7 50.8 57.5 51.2 Null 56.5 28.9 22.2 26.1 III E N 30.7 8.3 N. 57.2 53.6 II. 30.3 Ī Ę 23.2 64.8 18.4 Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar 112.00 84.00 47.00 107.00 114.00 98.00 88.00 II. 92.00 95.00 III. E E II. Ī 12.00 IIN 77.00 II. II.N IIIN II. 84.00 49.00 Percentage of births registered 97.6 97.6 91.1 79.5 96.5 81.3 93.4 79.9 97.3 Ī 83.9 II.N II. 92.7 Ī 93.0 88.7 90.0 83.8 Ī 75.4 Ī 95.3 78.9 Common Service Centres providing on-line services per 10,000 population 10.05 15.72 0.42 3.53 2.60 3.02 3.70 Ę. 0.00 0.45 3 0.00 0.22 0.50 0.83 Ī, 1.20 4.70 3.40 3.01 4.81 1.84 2.94 0.31 Ratio of working strength to sanctioned strength of Judges (District & Subordinate courts) 1.00 0.00 1.00 1.00 Ę. 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 II. 1.00 0.50 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.50 1.00 1.00 1.00 Number of missing children per 10,000 popu-lation 0.40 0.00 0.44 0.00 II. 0.00 0.00 0.00 E S 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.47 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.36 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.21 Cognizable crimes against children per 10,000 population 1.49 1.38 1.08 0.45 0.75 Null 0.00 1.39 II.N 0.43 0.22 1.61 0.35 1.66 0.47 0.42 0.83 0.94 0.20 0.00 0.52 0.64 Reported murders per 10,000 population 0.45 0.18 N N 0.54 0.00 0.64 0.56 II N 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.39 0.13 0.21 0.44 0.00 0.40 0.35 0.00 0.92 0.24 0.94 0.57 0.31 Kessang Longding Tawang Bichom Namsai Siang Tirap Upper Subansiri Changlang East Kameng Kamle Yomi Upper Siang West Kameng Dibang Valley East Siang Keyi Panyor Kra Daadi Kurung Kumey Leparada Lohit Dibang Valley Lower Siang Lower Subansiri Papum Pare West Siang Shi Pakke Lower District Arunachal Pradesh

TABLE XVI: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 16

	SDG 16	*	7.7	85	65	11	62	49	72	81	82	72	74	73	85	4.0	99	73	72	61	20	73	82	92	82	70	78	9/	62	99	99	89	*	69	76	64
	Percentage of deaths registered	IInN	46	72	59	99	70	46	70	99	42	71	70	57	71	51	22	78	53	48	75	57	70	67	64	56	72	63	51	54	92	89	IInN	61	47	38
	Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar	IInN	IInN	100	IInN	47	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	98	IInN	100	100	100	IInN	92	36	IInN	81	100	98	100	IInN	100	79	88	24	22	IInN	IInN	79	IInN	IInN
(Se	Percentage of births registered	IInN	96	92	26	06	92	88	66	94	97	93	87	06	86	81	93	97	82	82	06	98	96	94	97	96	93	86	94	94	92	92	IInN	84	92	06
malised values)	Common Service Centres providing on- line services per 10,000 population	IInN	48	61	47	69	30	33	43	22	06	67	33	24	22	46	36	46	41	54	21	35	26	48	26	28	09	47	53	55	36	46	IInN	28	46	26
INDEX SCORE (No	ing strength to sanctioned strength of Judges (District & Subordinate courts)	IInN	88	98	29	100	92	63	92	91	100	94	88	78	06	93	100	70	92	93	86	06	100	100	100	20	100	94	100	77	93	22	IInN	94	100	20
INDE	Number of missing children per 10,000 popu- lation	IInN	92	100	100	74	100	24	72	91	85	28	26	100	100	92	0	100	83	45	19	100	100	85	100	80	100	80	100	100	100	92	InN	06	06	88
	Cognizable crimes against children per 10,000 population	IInN	79	62	45	51	77	62	51	9/	92	48	70	83	85	84	61	43	81	63	00	71	84	72	69	71	30	92	70	99	22	09	IInN	62	82	75
	Reported murders per 10,000 population	IInN	06	87	42	75	89	25	75	0.2	80	79	29	81	82	83	82	75	62	70	40	64	78	09	69	81	72	73	80	61	54	75	InN	22	73	81
	Percentage of deaths registered	IInN	50.1	74.3	62.5	69.1	72.4	9.05	72.7	69.2	47.2	73.1	72.3	60.3	73.3	55.2	60.3	79.7	57.2	52.4	77.4	60.7	72.6	69.5	67.1	59.3	74.3	0.99	55.0	57.9	6.77	71.1	InN	64.3	51.2	43.5
	Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar	IInN	IInN	118.00	IInN	00.69	101.00	IInN	InN	103.00	106.00	108.00	92.00	IInN	106.00	100.00	104.00	IInN	86.00	63.00	IInN	89.00	104.00	92.00	103.00	IInN	111.00	88.00	93.00	26.00	55.00	InN	InN	88.00	IInN	IInN
	Percentage of births registered	IInN	97.9	0.96	98.7	95.2	0.96	94.4	99.3	6.96	98.4	96.4	93.9	95.0	98.8	6.06	9.96	98.7	92.8	91.4	95.2	93.0	98.2	97.1	98.7	98.1	8.96	99.2	97.1	97.1	0.96	97.6	InN	92.1	96.1	95.4
\LUES	Common Service Centres providing on-line services per 10,000 population	IInN	2.68	7.29	5.62	7.73	3.56	3.92	5.10	6.79	10.71	7.98	3.97	2.85	6.58	5.43	4.25	5.85	4.92	98.9	2.54	4.10	3.10	5.66	6.62	6.87	7.14	5.57	6.30	95.9	4.26	5.49	IInN	3.29	5.45	3.11
RAW VALUES	Ratio of working strength to sanctioned strength of Judges (District & Subordinate courts)	IInN	0.89	0.86	0.67	1.00	0.92	0.63	0.92	0.91	1.00	0.94	0.89	0.78	0.90	0.93	1.00	0.70	0.92	0.93	0.98	0.90	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.50	1.00	0.94	1.00	0.77	0.93	0.57	IIN N	0.94	1.00	0.50
	Number of missing children per 10,000 popu- lation	IInN	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00	1.57	0.58	0.19	0.31	1.49	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.10	2.06	0.00	0.35	1.14	1.67	0.00	0.00	0:30	0.00	0.42	0.00	0.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	In	0.21	0.20	0.24
	Cognizable crimes against children per 10,000 popu-	IInN	0.78	0.76	2.01	1.80	0.84	1.40	1.78	0.88	1.30	1.92	1.10	0.61	0.55	0.59	1.44	2.10	0.70	1.34	3.37	1.06	0.59	1.03	1.15	1.08	2.58	0.87	1.11	1.26	1.56	1.48	IInN	1.38	0.66	0.91
	Reported murders per 10,000 popu- lation	IInN	0.16	0.18	0.57	0.28	0.35	0.72	0.29	0.33	0.25	0.25	0.42	0.23	0.23	0.22	0.20	0.29	0.40	0.33	0.59	0.38	0.26	0.42	0.34	0.24	0.31	0.31	0.25	0.40	0.47	0.29	IInN	0.44	0:30	0.24
	District	Bajali	Baksa	Barpeta	Biswanath	Bongaigaon	Cachar	Charaideo	Chirang	Darrang	Dhemaji	Dhubri	Dibrugarh	Dima Hasao	Goalpara	Golaghat	Hailakandi	Hojai	Jorhat	Kamrup	Kamrup Metropolitan	Karbi Anglong	Karimganj	Kokrajhar	Lakhimpur	Majuli	Morigaon	Nagaon	Nalbari	Sivasagar	Sonitpur	South Salmara-Mankachar	Tamulpur	Tinsukia	Udalguri	West Karbi Anglong
																		u	1622	Ą																

SDG 16

Percentage of deaths registered

Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar

Percentage of births registered

common Service Centres providing on-line services per 10,000 population

Ratio of working strength to sanctioned strength of Judges (District & Subordinate courts)

Number of missing children per 10,000 popu-lation

Cognizable crimes against children per 10,000 population

Reported murders per 10,000 population

Percentage of deaths registered

Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar

Percentage of births registered

Common Service Centres providing on-line services per 10,000 population

Ratio of working strength to sanctioned strength of Judges (District & Subordinate courts)

Number of missing children per 10,000 popu-lation

Cognizable crimes against children per 10,000 population

Reported murders per 10,000 popu-lation

District

RAW VALUES

78.00 78.00 101.00

6.10 6.10 7.37 7.37 7.37 7.39 7.50 8.71 11.38 11

0.00 0.00

0.13 0.19 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.00

n West Khasi Hills
North Garo Hills
Ri Bhoi
South Garo Hills

Меghalaya

South West Garo Hills West Khasi Hills

South

0.038 0.044 0.047 0.069 0.000

East Jaintia Hills East Khasi Hills

Pherzawl Senapati Tamenglong Tengnoupal Thoubal Ukhrul Garo Hills

Noney

Imphal East Imphal West

Chandel

Churachandpur

Jiribam Kakching Kamjong

Manipur

00.99 116.00 113.00 Null

West Jaintia Hills West Khasi Hills

West Garo Hills

Champhai

Aizawl

Hnahthial

Khawzawl Kolasib Lawngtlai

Mizoram

114.00

Null

3

Aspirant (0-49) Performer (50-64) Pront Runner (65-99) Achiever (100) * Not included in ranking

TABLE XVI: PERFORMANCE OF DISTRICTS ON SDG 16

	"0	*						(0		*	~		*	*	01		-	~		~		01					(0)		01	_	(0	
	SDG 16		70					99										72	69	48	1.1		47	81	80	83	9/	97	72	74	9/	100
	Percentage of deaths registered	In	28	22	38	D	23	46	IInN	IInN	12	25	IInN	IInN	20	43	47	99	82	74	98	IInN	IInN	79	89	82	82	64	73	89	87	100
	Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar	= nN	100	38	62	29	45	38	IInN	IInN	12	43	IInN	IInN	59	17	43	100	100	88	100	IInN	IInN	100	Nu	Null	92	IInN	64	IInN	69	100
les)	Percentage of births registered	II N	59	43	52	33	70	41	IInN	IInN	26	39	IInN	IInN	30	26	0	92	92	96	93	IInN	IInN	88	82	89	87	06	83	83	88	100
rmalised Valu	Common Service Centres providing on- line services per 10,000 population	II N	28	39	18	55	10	38	IInN	IInN	20	18	IInN	IInN	47	17	13	8	14	10	6	7	9	49	61	56	44	52	52	20	35	100
INDEX SCORE (Normalised Values)	Ratio of working strength to sanctioned strength of Judges (District & Subordinate courts)	II N	19	20	100	20	29	29	IInN	IInN	20	20	InN	IInN	20	20	100	100	19	25	09	80	0	92	06	100	88	88	80	88	06	100
INDE	Number of missing children per 10,000 popu- lation	InN	93	100	15	100	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	26	91	100	11	06	92	100	92	88	100	88	98	20	77	9.2	100
	Cognizable crimes against children per 10,000 population	Nu	83	96	94	100	96	16	IInN	IInN	26	95	IInN	IInN	92	86	96	25	35	0	31	40	37	88	78	98	62	91	98	99	98	100
	Reported murders per 10,000 population	InN	40	100	92	85	96	100	IInN	IInN	84	100	IInN	IInN	100	100	100	86	09	82	100	06	06	56	88	69	58	62	69	83	62	100
	Percentage of deaths registered	IInN	61.6	28.1	42.8	12.7	29.7	50.9	IInN	IInN	19.3	31.2	IInN	IInN	26.5	47.5	51.0	68.4	83.1	76.3	87.2	IInN	IInN	81.0	70.8	83.9	85.9	67.4	75.2	71.1	88.1	100
	Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar	Null	116.00	64.00	78.00	76.00	08.00	64.00	IInN	Null	49.00	67.00	IInN	IInN	76.00	52.00	67.00	107.00	116.00	93.00	102.00	Null	IInN	117.00	Null	Null	86.00	Null	79.00	IInN	82.00	100
	Percentage of births registered	Null	80.2	72.3	78.3	67.5	85.6	71.4	IInN	IInN	78.7	70.3	IInN	IInN	0.99	78.9	51.6	95.9	97.6	98.1	8.96	IInN	IInN	94.2	92.9	94.8	93.5	95.3	91.7	91.7	94.9	100
ILUES	Common Service Centres providing on-line services per 10,000 population	Null	6.85	4.59	2.13	6.54	1.18	4.52	IInN	IInN	5.99	2.14	IInN	IInN	5.60	2.04	1.49	1.00	1.67	1.14	1.02	0.78	0.77	5.76	7.27	6.62	5.27	6.19	6.22	5.89	4.16	11.88
RAW VALUES	Ratio of working strength to sanctioned strength of Judges (District & Subordinate courts)	Null	0.67	0.50	1.00	0.50	0.67	0.67	IInN	IInN	0.50	0.50	IInN	IInN	0.50	0.50	1.00	1.00	0.67	0.25	09.0	0.80	0.00	0.92	06:0	1.00	0.89	0.89	0.80	0.88	0.90	1
	Number of missing children per 10,000 popu- lation	Nall	0.15	0.00	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	IInN	IInN	0.00	0.00	IInN	IInN	00:00	0.00	0.07	0.18	0.00	1.83	0.20	0.16	0.00	0.11	0.26	0.00	0.24	0.29	0.63	0.47	0.50	0
	Cognizable crimes against children per 10,000 population	II N	0.64	0.14	0.24	0.00	0.15	0.12	IInN	IInN	0.11	0.18	IInN	IInN	0.28	90.0	0.14	2.73	2.37	3.66	2.52	2.18	2.32	0.45	0.82	0.52	0.77	0.33	0.51	1.23	0.50	0
	Reported murders per 10,000 popu- lation	Inv	0.59	00:00	0.14	0.20	0.10	0.00	IInN	IInN	0.21	90.0	IInN	IInN	0.00	0.00	0.00	60.0	0.42	0.23	0.07	0.16	0.15	0.45	0.16	0.34	0.43	0.25	0.34	0.22	0.25	0.07
		Chumoukedima	Dimapur	Kiphire	Kohima	Longleng	Mokokchung	Mon	Noklak	Niuland	Peren	Phek	Shamator	Tseminyu	Tuensang	Wokha	Zunheboto	Gangtok	Gyalshing	Mangan	Namchi	Pakyong	Soreng	Dhalai	Gomati	Khowai	North Tripura	Sepahijala	South Tripura	Unakoti	West Tripura	Target
	District																															
									pueli	sgeN										mix	Siki						nra	q'nT				















